

**KUVEYT TRK KATILIM BANKASI A..
INDEPENDENT REVIEW REPORT,
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 31 MARCH 2026**

**(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT
AUDITOR'S REPORT ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)**

**(CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REVIEW REPORT
ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)**

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REVIEW REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL
INFORMATION**

To the General Assembly of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (“the Bank”) and its consolidated subsidiaries (together will be referred as “the Group”) as at 31 March 2026, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders’ equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The Bank management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the accompanying consolidated interim financial information in accordance with “the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) Accounting and Financial Reporting Regulations” including the regulation on “The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks’ Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents” published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” principles for the matters not legislated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standard on Review Engagements 2410, “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity”. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit conducted in accordance with Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position as of 31 March 2026, and of the results of their operations and their cash flows for the three-month period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Regulations.

Report on Other Regulatory Requirements Arising from Legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the consolidated interim financial information provided in the Management's interim report included in section eight of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, is not presented fairly, in all material respects, and is not consistent with the reviewed consolidated interim financial statements and the explanatory notes.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

BRSA Accounting and Reporting Regulations explained in detail in Section 3 differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board with respect to the application of inflation accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group in accordance with IFRS.

DRT BAĞIMSIZ DENETİM VE SERBEST MUHASEBECİ MALİ MÜŞAVİRLİK A.Ş.
Member of **DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU LIMITED**

Sunay Anıktar
Partner

İstanbul, 13 May 2026

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**THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

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The Parent Bank's Phone and Fax Number : 0 212 354 11 11 – 0 212 354 12 12
The Parent Bank's Web page : www.kuveytturk.com.tr
Contact E-mail address : kuveytturk@kuveytturk.com.tr

The consolidated interim financial report for the three-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections.

- General Information About the Parent Bank
- Consolidated Financial Statements of The Parent Bank
- Explanations on Accounting Policies Applied in The Period
- Information on Financial Structure of the Group Which Is Under Consolidation
- Disclosures and Explanations on Consolidated Financial Statements
- Other Explanations
- Independent Auditors' Limited Review Report
- Consolidated Interim Activity Report

The subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled partners which are consolidated within the framework of this financial report are as follows.

	Subsidiaries	Associates	Jointly Controlled Partners	Mutual Funds
1.	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.		Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	Kuveyt Türk Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon
2.	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.			Kuveyt Türk Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest(TL) Fon
3.	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.			Kuveyt Türk Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest(Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon
4.	KT Bank AG.			Kuveyt Türk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu
5.	Kuveyt Türk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.			Kuveyt Türk Portföy Lonca Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu
6.	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.			Kuveyt Türk Portföy Neova Katılım Serbest Özel(TL) Fon
7.	Kuveyt Türk Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.			Kuveyt Türk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Neova Katılım Sigorta Özel Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu
8.	Sağlam Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş.			Kuveyt Türk Portföy NKS Katılım Serbest(TL) Özel Fon
9.				Kuveyt Türk Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest(Döviz-Abd Doları) Özel Fon
10.				Kuveyt Türk Portföy NKV Kısa Vadeli Katılım Serbest Özel Fon
11.				Kuveyt Türk Portföy KTYMD Kısa Vadeli Katılım Serbest Özel Fon

The consolidated financial statements and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

Hamad Abdulmohsen AL-MARZOUQ

Chairman of the Board of Directors

Dr. Shadi Ahmed Yacoub
ZAHARAN

Chairman of the Audit
Committee

Nadir ALPASLAN

Member of the Audit Committee

Boualem HAMMOUNI
Member of the Audit
Committee

Ufuk UYAN
General Manager

Ahmet KARACA
Vice General Manager
of Financial Affairs

Cemil AKBEBEK
Budget and Reporting Group
Manager

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report;

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KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT 31 MARCH 2026

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE
GENERAL INFORMATION

1. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (“The Parent Bank”) was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Parent Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Parent Bank’s equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through “Current Accounts” and “Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts” and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment. The Parent Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries are named together as “Group”.

2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the group that the Parent Bank belongs to

As of 31 March 2026, 57.81% of the Parent Bank’s shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 24.49% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 8.36% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 8.36% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 0.98% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the Parent Bank

Name	Title	Educational Degree
Hamad A H D MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	Master
Nadir ALPASLAN	Vice President of BOD and member of Audit Committee	Bachelor
Dr. Shadi Ahmed YACoub ZAHran	Member of BOD and chairman of the Audit Committee	PhD
Boualem HAMMOUNI	Member of BOD and member of Audit Committee	Master
Khaled Y E S ALSHAMLAN	Member of BOD	Bachelor
Jabr Shahein AL-JALAHMAH	Member of BOD	Bachelor
Gehad Mohamed ELBENDARY ANANY	Member of BOD	Bachelor
Sinan AKSU	Member of BOD	Bachelor
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	Master
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Financial Control	Master
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	Bachelor
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	Bachelor
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	PhD
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	Bachelor
Aslan DEMİR	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking	Bachelor
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	Bachelor
Abdurrahman DELİPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	Bachelor
Hüseyin Cevdet YILMAZ	Head of the Risk, Control and Compliance Group	Bachelor
Dr. Okan Acar	Assistant General Manager, Digital Banking and Payment Systems	PhD
Bahattin Akca	Head of the Inspection Board	Bachelor
Semih Sel	Assistant General Manager, Human Resources and Strategy	Bachelor

The shares held by the persons mentioned above in the Bank are of a negligible amount.

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT 31 MARCH 2026

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4. Information on qualified shareholders

Name / Commercial Name	Share amount (Nominal)	Shareholding percentage	Paid shares (Nominal)	Unpaid shares
Kuwait Finance House	4,625,169	57.81%	4,625,169	-
T.C. Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü	1,958,898	24.49%	1,958,898	-
Total	6,584,067	82.30%	6,584,067	-

As of 31 March 2026, the shareholding structure of Kuwait Finance House, the main shareholder of the Parent Bank, is as follows.

Name / Commercial Name	Share Amount
Kuwait Investment Authority	15.67%
The Public Institution for Social Security & Group	9.05%
The Public Authority for Minors Affairs	11.57%
Public Shares	63.71%
Total	100.00%

5. Explanations of the Parent Bank's services and field of operations

The Parent Bank's field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Parent Bank's core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts and lending such funds to its customers.

As of 31 March 2026, the Group is operating through 456 domestic branches (31 December 2025 – 458) with 7,652 employees (31 December 2025 – 7,565). Summary of some of the Parent Bank's operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows;

- To collect funds through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts" and special fund pools in line with the regulations,
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of non-interest banking,
- To offer financial and operational leasing,
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travellers' checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services,
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking,
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary, lease or transfer ownership to other persons,
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies),
- To provide socially purposed assistance within the scope of the legislation within the principles of the Parent Bank for the order and benefit of the society.

The Parent Bank's activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Parent Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly, and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association. Disclosures on the differences between the Communiqué on the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the consolidation transactions made in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and the entities subject to full or proportionate consolidation, deducted from equity or not included in these three methods: According to the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks, only While financial partnerships are included in the scope of consolidation, all financial and non-financial partnerships should be included in the scope of consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards.

6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Parent Bank and its subsidiaries

None.

SECTION TWO
THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Consolidated Balance Sheet- Assets (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (Income Statement)
- IV. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2026
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1. BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

			Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2026			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2025		
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
	ASSETS	Notes						
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		227,383,613	501,959,114	729,342,727	222,421,286	428,183,320	650,604,606
1.1.	Cash and Cash Equivalents		106,387,049	398,253,476	504,640,525	125,728,773	342,238,593	467,967,366
1.1.1.	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(5.1.1.)	82,804,110	253,946,718	336,750,828	91,446,305	265,290,072	356,736,377
1.1.2.	Banks	(5.1.3.)	21,043,675	144,310,963	165,354,638	17,390,961	76,951,504	94,342,465
1.1.3.	Money Markets Placements		2,540,523	-	2,540,523	16,893,053	-	16,893,053
1.1.4.	Expected Credit Loss (-)		1,259	4,205	5,464	1,546	2,983	4,529
1.2.	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		37,015,425	24,434,088	61,449,513	18,520,204	12,446,920	30,967,124
1.2.1.	Government Debt Securities		9,199,940	14,443,836	23,643,776	4,772,443	4,669,649	9,442,092
1.2.2.	Equity Instruments		2,149,593	798	2,150,391	1,739,581	2,822	1,742,403
1.2.3.	Other Financial Assets		25,665,892	9,989,454	35,655,346	12,008,180	7,774,449	19,782,629
1.3.	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.4.)	83,154,290	74,784,918	157,939,208	77,339,644	55,062,853	132,402,497
1.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		82,355,061	56,015,789	138,370,850	72,902,658	50,321,307	123,223,965
1.3.2.	Equity Instruments		144,233	485,701	629,934	143,859	542,291	686,150
1.3.3.	Other Financial Assets		654,996	18,283,428	18,938,424	4,293,127	4,199,255	8,492,382
1.4.	Derivative Financial Assets		826,849	4,486,632	5,313,481	832,665	18,434,954	19,267,619
1.4.1.	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.1.2.)	826,849	4,486,632	5,313,481	832,665	18,434,954	19,267,619
1.4.2.	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.11.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)	(5.1.5.)	424,581,984	368,381,434	792,963,418	389,647,559	343,463,231	733,110,790
2.1.	Loans		393,034,220	287,427,466	680,461,686	355,887,661	264,045,182	619,932,843
2.2.	Leasing Receivables	(5.1.10.)	16,982,710	57,475,214	74,457,924	15,038,663	55,549,084	70,587,747
2.3.	Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(5.1.6.)	32,642,672	28,524,294	61,166,966	32,362,327	28,013,731	60,376,058
2.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		32,642,672	26,938,591	59,581,263	32,362,327	26,478,079	58,840,406
2.3.2.	Other Financial Assets		-	1,585,703	1,585,703	-	1,535,652	1,535,652
2.4.	Expected Credit Loss (-)		18,077,618	5,045,540	23,123,158	13,641,092	4,144,766	17,785,858
III.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS(Net)	(5.1.16.)	2,076,922	-	2,076,922	2,011,387	-	2,011,387
3.1.	Held for Sale		2,076,922	-	2,076,922	2,011,387	-	2,011,387
3.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES		9,256,090	-	9,256,090	9,181,768	-	9,181,768
4.1.	Investments in Associates (Net)	(5.1.7.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.1.	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2.	Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.	Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)	(5.1.8.)	8,123,680	-	8,123,680	8,123,680	-	8,123,680
4.2.1.	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.2.	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		8,123,680	-	8,123,680	8,123,680	-	8,123,680
4.3.	Investment in Joint Ventures (Net)	(5.1.9.)	1,132,410	-	1,132,410	1,058,088	-	1,058,088
4.3.1.	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		1,132,410	-	1,132,410	1,058,088	-	1,058,088
4.3.2.	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(5.1.12.)	9,116,203	446,612	9,562,815	8,333,220	448,534	8,781,754
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(5.1.13.)	5,494,681	379,553	5,874,234	4,762,510	376,820	5,139,330
6.1.	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2.	Other		5,494,681	379,553	5,874,234	4,762,510	376,820	5,139,330
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)	(5.1.14.)	228,871	-	228,871	228,871	-	228,871
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSETS		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	(5.1.15.)	5,315,816	404,503	5,720,319	851,109	411,929	1,263,038
X.	OTHER ASSETS	(5.1.17.)	34,564,812	2,975,320	37,540,132	39,930,798	1,808,929	41,739,727
	TOTAL ASSETS		718,018,992	874,546,536	1,592,565,528	677,368,508	774,692,763	1,452,061,271

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2026

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1. BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

			Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2026			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2025		
	LIABILITIES	Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FUNDS COLLECTED	(5.2.1.)	367,962,552	659,739,651	1,027,702,203	365,051,239	569,457,996	934,509,235
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(5.2.3.)	8,992,306	179,278,660	188,270,966	13,517,469	183,696,886	197,214,355
III.	MONEY MARKETS		81,689,686	-	81,689,686	47,523,847	-	47,523,847
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(5.2.4.)	-	-	-	101,248	-	101,248
V.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		1,495,353	28,152,679	29,648,032	1,442,666	1,406,660	2,849,326
6.1.	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.2.2.)	1,495,353	28,152,679	29,648,032	1,442,666	1,406,660	2,849,326
6.2.	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.2.7.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	LEASE PAYABLES	(5.2.6.)	2,662,788	453,450	3,116,238	2,407,839	445,237	2,853,076
VIII.	PROVISIONS	(5.2.8.)	44,039,095	2,321,447	46,360,542	42,346,626	1,789,494	44,136,120
8.1.	Restructuring Provision		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.2.	Reserves for Employee Benefits		4,486,874	552,580	5,039,454	5,317,766	452,017	5,769,783
8.3.	Insurance for Technical Provision (Net)		36,330,509	746,605	37,077,114	33,936,863	309,578	34,246,441
8.4.	Other Provisions		3,221,712	1,022,262	4,243,974	3,091,997	1,027,899	4,119,896
IX.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	(5.2.9.1.)	7,759,387	-	7,759,387	1,757,547	-	1,757,547
X.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(5.2.10.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.1.	Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XII.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(5.2.11.)	-	15,827,672	15,827,672	-	15,048,512	15,048,512
12.1.	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2.	Other Debt Instruments		-	15,827,672	15,827,672	-	15,048,512	15,048,512
XIII.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(5.2.5.)	34,973,805	7,192,258	42,166,063	49,170,357	20,472,857	69,643,214
XIV.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(5.2.12.)	149,751,609	273,130	150,024,739	135,031,328	1,393,463	136,424,791
14.1.	Paid-in Capital		7,992,135	-	7,992,135	7,995,131	-	7,995,131
14.2.	Capital Reserves		6,379,274	-	6,379,274	6,376,278	-	6,376,278
14.2.1.	Share Premiums		6,376,278	-	6,376,278	6,376,278	-	6,376,278
14.2.2.	Share Cancellation Profits		2,996	-	2,996	-	-	-
14.2.3.	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.3.	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(393,546)	-	(393,546)	(402,260)	-	(402,260)
14.4.	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(3,552,747)	260,329	(3,292,418)	(2,723,864)	1,388,629	(1,335,235)
14.5.	Profit Reserves		72,771,319	-	72,771,319	72,796,575	-	72,796,575
14.5.1.	Legal Reserves		5,250,099	-	5,250,099	5,249,341	-	5,249,341
14.5.2.	Statutory Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.5.3.	Extraordinary Reserves		67,212,486	-	67,212,486	67,212,486	-	67,212,486
14.5.4.	Other Profit Reserves		308,734	-	308,734	334,748	-	334,748
14.6.	Profit or Loss		66,203,379	12,801	66,216,180	50,655,884	4,834	50,660,718
14.6.1.	Prior Years' Profit or Loss		50,692,170	4,834	50,697,004	4,139,930	(112,250)	4,027,680
14.6.2.	Net Profit or Loss for the Period		15,511,209	7,967	15,519,176	46,515,954	117,084	46,633,038
14.7.	Minority Shares	(5.2.13.)	351,795	-	351,795	333,584	-	333,584
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		699,326,581	893,238,947	1,592,565,528	658,350,166	793,711,105	1,452,061,271

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF 31 MARCH 2026
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

			Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2026			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2025		
		Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A.	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)		475,326,392	811,156,625	1,286,483,017	420,330,448	601,661,118	1,021,991,566
I.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	(5.3.1.)	120,763,681	76,113,312	196,876,993	111,699,397	60,666,054	172,365,451
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee		111,391,741	39,036,442	150,428,183	102,814,024	33,635,531	136,449,555
1.1.1.	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		1,337,207	46,250	1,383,457	1,188,844	40,251	1,229,095
1.1.2.	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		5,226,042	385,892	5,611,934	4,568,484	383,466	4,951,950
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee		104,828,492	38,604,300	143,432,792	97,056,696	33,211,814	130,268,510
1.2.	Bank Loans		347,740	1,171,242	1,518,982	358,629	1,024,244	1,382,873
1.2.1.	Import Letter of Acceptances		347,740	1,171,242	1,518,982	358,629	1,024,244	1,382,873
1.2.2.	Other Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.	Letters of Credit		19,621	35,645,533	35,665,154	22,189	25,782,625	25,804,814
1.3.1.	Documentary Letters of Credit		-	3,805,157	3,805,157	-	2,787,670	2,787,670
1.3.2.	Other Letters of Credit		19,621	31,840,376	31,859,997	22,189	22,994,955	23,017,144
1.4.	Guaranteed Refinancing		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Türkiye		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2.	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6.	Other Guarantees		9,004,579	260,095	9,264,674	8,504,555	223,654	8,728,209
1.7.	Other Warranties		-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	COMMITMENTS	(5.3.1.)	299,501,611	74,397,944	373,899,555	215,438,858	47,900,100	263,338,958
2.1.	Irrevocable Commitments		299,501,611	74,397,944	373,899,555	215,438,858	47,900,100	263,338,958
2.1.1.	Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments		8,181,622	74,102,342	82,283,964	11,704,988	47,742,848	59,447,836
2.1.2.	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3.	Loan Granting Commitments		9,639,583	-	9,639,583	7,941,429	-	7,941,429
2.1.4.	Securities Underwriting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5.	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6.	Payment Commitments for Checks		10,248,751	-	10,248,751	8,113,715	-	8,113,715
2.1.7.	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8.	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits		270,265,355	244,759	270,510,114	186,634,221	155,401	186,789,622
2.1.9.	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.10.	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11.	Payables For Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12.	Other Irrevocable Commitments		1,166,300	50,843	1,217,143	1,044,505	1,851	1,046,356
2.2.	Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.1.	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.2.	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	(5.3.2.)	55,061,100	660,645,369	715,706,469	93,192,193	493,094,964	586,287,157
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Risk Management		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Held For Trading Transactions		55,061,100	660,645,369	715,706,469	93,192,193	493,094,964	586,287,157
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		19,804,406	22,067,267	41,871,673	22,038,540	27,887,284	49,925,824
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions		14,844,219	7,199,293	22,043,512	15,936,049	9,945,802	25,881,851
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions		4,960,187	14,867,974	19,828,161	6,102,491	17,941,482	24,043,973
3.2.2	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions		35,256,694	638,578,102	673,834,796	71,153,653	465,207,680	536,361,333
3.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
B.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		7,084,277,240	17,130,802,000	24,215,079,240	6,439,848,775	15,488,183,921	21,928,032,696
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		371,945,663	16,026,075,187	16,398,020,850	357,113,748	13,875,334,232	14,232,447,980
4.1.	Customers’ Securities Held		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.	Investment Securities Held in Custody		135,334,669	15,907,897,660	16,043,232,329	136,739,393	13,788,077,221	13,924,816,614
4.3.	Checks Received for Collection		109,643,597	7,305,142	116,948,739	107,626,114	6,318,908	113,945,022
4.4.	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		11,880,237	3,763,493	15,643,730	11,175,985	3,526,301	14,702,286
4.5.	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6.	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7.	Other Items Under Custody		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8.	Custodians		115,087,160	107,108,892	222,196,052	101,572,256	77,411,802	178,984,058
V.	PLEDGED ITEMS		6,704,951,526	1,102,300,337	7,807,251,863	6,078,887,488	1,612,199,363	7,691,086,851
5.1.	Marketable Securities		7,739,458	6,688,807	14,428,265	9,173,719	7,661,581	16,835,300
5.2.	Guarantee Notes		100,916	18,925,411	19,026,327	100,916	18,265,513	18,366,429
5.3.	Commodity		205,485,726	128,840,862	334,326,588	187,139,333	658,876,902	846,016,235
5.4.	Warranty		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.5.	Properties		1,468,407,221	33,912,387	1,502,319,608	1,342,523,458	39,446,299	1,381,969,757
5.6.	Other Pledged Items		5,023,218,205	913,932,870	5,937,151,075	4,539,950,062	887,949,068	5,427,899,130
5.7.	Pledged Items-Depository		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES		7,380,051	2,426,476	9,806,527	3,847,539	650,326	4,497,865
	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)		7,559,603,632	17,941,958,625	25,501,562,257	6,860,179,223	16,089,845,039	22,950,024,262

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2026
(INCOME STATEMENT)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

3. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (INCOME STATEMENT)

			Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2026-31.03.2026	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01.2025-31.03.2025
	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Notes		
I.	PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(5.4.1.)	53,347,165	38,994,449
1.1.	Profit Share on Loans		32,084,994	23,512,594
1.2.	Profit Share on Reserve Deposits		4,423,424	3,695,707
1.3.	Profit Share on Banks		1,800,639	1,539,429
1.4.	Profit Share on Money Market Placements		998,949	558,782
1.5.	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio		10,879,553	6,907,352
1.5.1.	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		2,074,866	804,801
1.5.2.	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		5,618,076	3,351,918
1.5.3.	Measured at Amortized Cost		3,186,611	2,750,633
1.6.	Finance Lease Income		2,692,370	2,461,393
1.7.	Other Profit Share Income		467,236	319,192
II.	PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE (-)		27,706,737	23,604,109
2.1.	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)	18,923,150	16,989,761
2.2.	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed	(5.4.2.)	3,049,781	1,957,694
2.3.	Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings		5,583,155	3,910,952
2.4.	Expense on Securities Issued	(5.4.2.)	1,335	653,585
2.5.	Profit Share Expense on Lease		149,316	92,117
2.6.	Other Profit Share Expense		-	-
III.	NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)		25,640,428	15,390,340
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		4,982,190	2,715,793
4.1.	Fees and Commissions Received		12,168,965	7,141,753
4.1.1.	Non-Cash Loans		375,558	256,196
4.1.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	11,793,407	6,885,557
4.2.	Fees and Commissions Paid (-)		7,186,775	4,425,960
4.2.1.	Non-Cash Loans		13,462	4,750
4.2.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	7,173,313	4,421,210
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(5.4.3.)	3,852	1,002
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	(5.4.5.)	6,549,089	6,580,754
6.1.	Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses		1,103,724	248,102
6.2.	Gains/Losses from Derivative Financial Instruments		(42,262,558)	4,644,145
6.3.	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		47,707,923	1,688,507
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(5.4.6.)	8,227,842	6,764,885
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING INCOME/LOSS (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		45,403,401	31,452,774
IX.	EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	(5.4.7.)	6,168,615	2,623,991
X.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-)	(5.4.7.)	2,914,955	1,927,246
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		7,367,014	5,111,661
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(5.4.8.)	10,252,314	6,200,408
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI-XII)		18,700,503	15,589,468
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER		-	-
XV.	INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD		74,322	64,454
XVI.	INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XIII+...+XVI)	(5.4.9.)	18,774,825	15,653,922
XVIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(5.4.10)	(3,232,802)	(3,837,359)
18.1.	Current Tax Provision		6,784,200	2,416,204
18.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		4,421,837	1,572,814
18.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		7,973,235	151,659
XIX.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)	(5.4.11.)	15,542,023	11,816,563
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
20.1.	Income on Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		-	-
20.2.	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-
20.3.	Income on Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1.	Expenses from Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		-	-
21.2.	Expenses from Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-
21.3.	Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX-XXI)		-	-
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-
23.1.	Current Tax Provision		-	-
23.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-
23.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-
XXIV.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)		-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	(5.4.12.)	15,542,023	11,816,563
25.1.	Group's Income/Loss		15,519,176	11,815,402
25.2.	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)		22,847	1,161
	Earnings Per Share Income/Loss (Full TL)		1.9428	2.3861

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE
INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2026-31.03.2026	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01.2025-31.03.2025
I.	CURRENT PROFIT/LOSS	15,542,023	11,816,563
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(1,948,469)	(976,466)
2.1	Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	8,714	(21,476)
2.1.1	Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2	Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	12,449	(30,680)
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(3,735)	9,204
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(1,957,183)	(954,990)
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Difference	122,788	639,119
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(2,863,167)	(1,633,381)
2.2.3	Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.4	Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	(108,220)	(643,917)
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	891,416	683,189
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	13,593,554	10,840,097

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

5. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

							Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss								
		Notes	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit / (Loss)	Net Profit/Loss for the Period	Total Shareholders' Equity Less Minority Shares	Minority Shares	Total Shareholders' Equity
I.	Prior Period (01/01/2025 – 31/03/2025)																	
II.	Prior Period Ending Balance		4,947,336	6,374,781	1,874	-	-	(543,859)	-	4,352,941	(5,469,698)	(3,147,805)	42,916,867	3,276,874	37,064,559	89,773,870	84,954	89,858,824
2.1	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		4,947,336	6,374,781	1,874	-	-	(543,859)	-	4,352,941	(5,469,698)	(3,147,805)	42,916,867	3,276,874	37,064,559	89,773,870	84,954	89,858,824
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	(21,476)	-	639,119	(1,143,366)	(450,743)	-	-	11,815,402	10,838,936	1,161	10,840,097
V.	Capital Increase by Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(359)	-	-	(359)	(3,942)	(4,301)
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,099,723	36,021,522	(37,064,559)	56,686	-	56,686
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Legal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,099,723	(1,099,723)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,121,245	(37,064,559)	56,686	-	56,686
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)	(5.2.12.)	4,947,336	6,374,781	1,874	-	-	(565,335)	-	4,992,060	(6,613,064)	(3,598,548)	44,016,231	39,298,396	11,815,402	100,669,133	82,173	100,751,306
I.	Current Period (01/01/2026 – 31/03/2026)																	
II.	Prior Period Ending Balance		7,995,131	6,376,278	-	-	-	(402,260)	-	6,515,801	(3,174,099)	(4,676,937)	72,796,575	4,027,680	46,633,038	136,091,207	333,584	136,424,791
2.1	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	New Balance (I+II)		7,995,131	6,376,278	-	-	-	(402,260)	-	6,515,801	(3,174,099)	(4,676,937)	72,796,575	4,027,680	46,633,038	136,091,207	333,584	136,424,791
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	8,714	-	122,788	(2,004,217)	(75,754)	-	-	15,519,176	13,570,707	22,847	13,593,554
V.	Capital Increase by Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes	(2,996)	-	-	2,996	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(359)	11,389	-	11,030	(4,636)	6,394
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24,897)	46,657,935	(46,633,038)	-	-	-
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Legal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24,897)	24,897	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,633,038	(46,633,038)	-	-	-
	Balances at End of the Period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)	(5.2.12.)	7,992,135	6,376,278	2,996	-	-	(393,546)	-	6,638,589	(5,178,316)	(4,752,691)	72,771,319	50,697,004	15,519,176	149,672,944	351,795	150,024,739

1. Accumulated revaluation increase / decrease of fixed assets,

2. Accumulated remeasurement gain / loss of defined benefit pension plan,

3. Other (shares of investments valued by equity method in other comprehensive income not classified through profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items not reclassified through other profit or loss)

4. Foreign currency translation differences

5. Accumulated revaluation and/or reclassification gains/losses of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income,

6. Other (cash flow hedge gains/losses, shares of other comprehensive income of investments accounted through equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss and accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income items that will be reclassified to other profit or loss.)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

6. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Notes	Reviewed Current Period	Reviewed Prior Period
			01.01.2026-31.03.2026	01.01.2025-31.03.2025
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets and Liabilities from Banking Operations		32,683,897	(762,995)
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received		51,324,114	38,607,887
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid		(28,085,767)	(25,305,180)
1.1.3	Dividends Received		3,852	1,002
1.1.4	Fees and Commissions Received		12,168,965	7,141,753
1.1.5	Other Income		8,302,164	6,829,339
1.1.6	Collections from Previously Written Off Loans		9,099,110	3,903,823
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers		(7,948,343)	(5,631,541)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid		(1,541,568)	(7,491,423)
1.1.9	Others		(10,638,630)	(18,818,655)
1.2	Changes in Assets and Liabilities from Banking Operations		5,054,072	(4,194,968)
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(32,335,591)	(3,735,565)
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due from Banks and Other Financial Institutions		(24,707,894)	(16,053,274)
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(96,873,151)	(40,536,024)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		(415,620)	(7,488,045)
1.2.5	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits		995,244	782,965
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits		138,690,207	42,880,432
1.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities Measured at Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		4,496,401	(1,049,973)
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables		-	-
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		15,204,476	21,004,516
I.	Net Cash Provided from Banking Operations		37,737,969	(4,957,963)
B.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net Cash Provided from Investing Activities		(33,187,092)	(3,503,366)
2.1	Cash Paid for Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates and Subsidiaries		-	(22,500)
2.2	Cash Obtained from Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases		(374,901)	(1,378,968)
2.4	Fixed Assets Sales		222,899	389,556
2.5	Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(32,686,487)	(1,696,156)
2.6	Cash Obtained from Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		701,503	600,821
2.7	Cash Paid for Purchase of Investment Securities		(1,965,175)	(804,027)
2.8	Cash Obtained from Sale of Investment Securities		2,002,324	-
2.9	Other		(1,087,255)	(592,092)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net Cash Provided from Financing Activities		(148,448)	12,717,951
3.1	Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		-	14,500,000
3.2	Cash Used for Repayments of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		-	(1,668,562)
3.3	Equity Instruments Issued		-	-
3.4	Dividends Paid		-	-
3.5	Payments for Finance Leases		(148,448)	(113,487)
3.6	Other		-	-
IV.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents		8,840,957	22,726,914
V.	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		13,243,386	26,983,536
VI.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period		260,368,588	148,500,260
VII.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period		273,611,974	175,483,796

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SECTION THREE

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Explanations on basis of presentation

1.1. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with The Turkish accounting standards and regulation on accounting applications for banks and safeguarding of documents

The Parent Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the “Regulation on The Procedures and Principles for Accounting Practices and Retention of Documents by Banks” published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

1.2 Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Group management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

POA, on 23 November 2023, published an announcement regarding that companies that apply Turkish Financial Reporting Standards should present their financial statements for the annual reporting period ending on or after 31 December 2023 in accordance with the relevant accounting principles in “Turkish Accounting Standard 29 Financial Reporting in Economies with High Inflation”, adjusted for the effect of inflation. However, institutions or organizations authorized to regulate and supervise their own fields may determine transition dates different from those foreseen above for the implementation of the provisions in TAS 29. Based on this announcement, BRSA, in accordance with its decision dated 12 December 2023 and numbered 10744, has decided that the financial statements of banks and financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings financing and asset management companies dated 31 December 2023 will not be subject to the inflation adjustment required within the scope of TAS 29. In accordance with the BRSA's decision dated 11 January 2024 and numbered 10825, it was decided that banks and financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings financing and asset management companies will apply inflation accounting as of 1 January 2025; however, it was announced that it was decided not to apply inflation accounting in 2025 in accordance with the BRSA's decision dated 5 December 2024 and numbered 11021. Therefore, no inflation adjustment has been made in accordance with TAS 29 in the preparation of the financial statements as of 31 March 2026. According to the provisional article added to the Tax Procedure Law (“TPL”) by Law No. 7571, published in the Official Gazette on 24 December 2025, even if the conditions are met, inflation adjustments based on the Producer Price Index (“PPI”) will not be applied to the 2025, 2026, and 2027 accounting periods. Therefore, inflation adjustments will not be applied to the TPL financial statements that will serve as the basis for corporate tax returns for these periods.

1.3 Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Group in the current year.

Comparative information is rearranged when deemed necessary in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements.

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1.4 Preparation of the financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money

The financial statements of the Group have been subject to inflation adjustment in accordance with TAS 29 ‘Turkish Accounting Standard for Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies’ until 31 December 2004.

In accordance with the BRSA Board decisions issued in 2023, 2024 and 2025 regarding the implementation of the provisions of TAS 29, the “TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies Standard” has not been applied in the Group’s financial statements for the interim accounting period ended 31 March 2026.

1.5 TFRS 3 explanations on business combinations standard

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Business combinations are accounted in accordance with TFRS 3 "Business Combinations" except for the assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that Standard.

The interests of non-controlling shareholders in the acquire is initially measured at the non-controlling’s proportion of the fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the ‘measurement period’ (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

- Explanations on the accounting policy applied due to the acquisition of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş:

Following the necessary legal permissions on 5 May 2020, the Parent Bank finalized the purchase of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. by completing the share transfer process. The Parent Bank purchased 78,864,212 shares by paying TL 745,860 and increased the partnership share in Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. from 7% to 100% by owning all the shares.

This acquisition has been evaluated as a merger of entities under common control and has been accounted for using the aggregation method (Pooling of interest). According to this method, the assets and liabilities of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. are included in the financial statements over the book values determined in accordance with TFRS at the merger date, and no goodwill has arisen in the financial statements as a result of the merger.

1.6 Disclosures regarding TFRS 9 financial instruments

TFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”, which is effective as of 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”) in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced “TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.” standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (“FVTOCI”). All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods.

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In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment. As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39. During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

Classification and measurement of financial instruments

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent solely payments of principal and profit share.

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”) amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

Explanations on expected credit loss

As of 1 January 2018, the Parent Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the “Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside” published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Modelling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (PD) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9 Calculation on Default (LGD) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (EAD) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

Macroeconomic scenarios affect PD values. The expected credit loss amount is calculated by weighting 3 different scenarios as Base, Good and Bad scenarios. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

As of 31 March 2026, the Group has been exposed to recession, geopolitical risks, inflation, unemployment, exchange rate risk, etc. with the effect of current internal and external conditions. In order to reflect the macroeconomic outlook and the upward risks that factors may pose on the bank's loan portfolio, it has revised its macroeconomic expectations and its calculations made considering the change in PD along with the update in the EDF model have been reflected in the financial statements. By its nature, the model effects are reflected in the financial statements with a delay due to the occurrence of the events and their effects at different times. For this reason, the Group is establishing additional provisions for the Wholesale and Retail Trade, Build, Construction, Contracting and Tourism sectors, whose PD is more sensitive to the current macroeconomic and geopolitical conjuncture among the sectors that are declining.

The Parent Bank maintains this approach as of 31 March 2026. When necessary, the future will review these assumptions according to the course of economic and geopolitical risks.

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecast of future economic conditions.

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The Group applies a ‘three-stage’ impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition:

Stage 1: Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.

Stage 2: Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

In this context, the basic considerations that are considered in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The definition of the deterioration in the rating is the comparison of the credit rating at the opening date and the rating date at the reporting date by using the Parent Bank's internal rating-based credit rating models. If the rating calculated for the loan at the reporting date exceeds the specified threshold values, the rating is deemed as deterioration.

Stage 3: Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

The Parent Bank periodically evaluates the provisions of loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 retrospectively on the basis of their results and, if deemed necessary, revises the basketing rules and the parameters used in the calculation of the related provision balances.

1.7 Revenue from TFRS 15 disclosures regarding the standard of revenue from customer contracts

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with income with TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts.

1.8 Explanations on TFRS 16 leases standard

The leasing transactions are presented by the lessees as assets (right-of-use assets) and liabilities from leasing transactions. TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model of leasing transactions on balance sheet and operational leasing transactions as direct expense except balance sheet.

Within the scope of TFRS 16, the Group reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Group measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Parent Bank. In addition, the Parent Bank measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

As of 31 March 2026, the right-of-use assets classified tangible assets gross amounting to TL 3,609,420 in the balance sheet of the Parent Bank and lease liabilities classified in the item of liabilities from lease transactions amounting to gross TL 3,977,696. In the three-month period that ended as of the same date, financial expenses amounting to TL 335,871 and depreciation expenses amounting to TL 528,773 were incurred.

2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions

The Group follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Parent Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Parent Bank's equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALC) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

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Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Türkiye converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Group.

3. Investments in associates and subsidiaries

Consolidated and Financial Statements "Türkiye Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (TFRS 10) has been prepared in accordance with the provisions.

The Parent Bank and Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. accounted for the mutual funds that Kuveyt Türk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., a subsidiary of the Parent Bank, is "the fund founder and that the Group controls according to the methods, procedures and principles stated in ("TFRS 10") "Turkish Financial Reporting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" are accounted as per full consolidation method.

Titles, locations of the headquarters, main operations and Group's shares relating the consolidated entities are as follows:

Title	Address (City/Country)	Main Operation	31.03.2026	31.12.2025	Consolidation method
KT Bank AG	Frankfurt/ Germany	Banking	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	74.00%	74.00%	Full consolidation
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	50.00%	50.00%	Accounted with equity pick-up
Kuveyt Türk Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Sağlam Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (TL) Fon	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Lonca Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Neova Katılım Serbest Özel (TL) Fon	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Neova Katılım Sigorta Özel Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Abd Dolan) Özel Fon	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy NKS Katılım Serbest (TL) Özel Fon	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy NKV Katılım Serbest (TL) Özel Fon	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Kuveyt Türk Portföy KTYMD Kısa Vadeli Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	İstanbul/Türkiye	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation

Parent Bank and the subsidiaries, the financial tables of which are consolidated along with the Parent Bank, are collectively referred as "the Group."

Consolidation basis of subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities whose capital and management are directly or indirectly controlled by the Parent Bank. Subsidiaries are consolidated by the full consolidation method, within the framework of significance on the basis of operational outcomes, assets sizes and equity sizes. The financial statements of the relevant subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements as of the date that control is transferred to Parent Bank.

Control denotes any of the following circumstances the Parent Bank directly or indirectly through subsidiaries has over 50% of the voting rights or, dominance over the voting rights as described afore does not exist but the Parent Bank owns the preferred shares, or; the Parent Bank has voting rights appropriating more than 50% percent of all voting rights due to the agreements signed with other shareholders, or; the Parent Bank has the authority to manage the operational and financial policies of the entity due to certain arrangements or agreements, or; the Parent Bank has the

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power to influence the majority of the votes within the Board of Directors or any other executive organ vested with similar rights, or; the Parent Bank by any means has the power to appoint or dismiss the majority of the Board of Directors.

In accordance with the full consolidation, all of the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the subsidiaries are consolidated with the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the Parent Bank. The carrying value of the Group's investment in each subsidiary is offset with the cost value of the subsidiary's capital owned by the Group. Balances regarding the transactions between the subsidiaries in the scope of the consolidation and the unrealized gains/losses are reciprocally offset. Minority shares within the net income of the consolidated subsidiaries are determined provided that the net income of the Group shall be calculated, and these minority shares are presented as a separate item in the income statement. Minority shares are presented under the equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

In the case where the accounting policies implemented by the subsidiary are different than the Parent Bank, the accounting policies are reconciled.

4. Explanations on forward transactions and option contracts and derivative instruments

The Group engages in foreign currency futures transactions in order to reduce foreign currency position risk and manage foreign currency liquidity. The Group's derivatives are classified as "Hedging Purposes" and "Financial Asset with Fair Value (GUD) Reflected in Profit/Loss". Accordingly, although some derivative transactions provide effective protection against risks for the Group economically, those that cannot be defined accountably for hedging purposes are recognized as "Financial Assets Reflected in Fair Value (GUD) Profit/Loss" and tracked in the "Derivative Financial Assets/Liabilities" account on the balance sheet with their fair value.

Obligations and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in the accounts based on the contract amounts. The fair value of currency futures and swaps is calculated using the discounted cash flow model. Differences in the fair value of derivative transactions for trading purposes are recognized in the " Trading Income/Loss " item in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TFRS 9. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

As of 31 March 2026, the Group's has no cash flow hedging transaction.

Benchmark Rate Reform - Stage 2, which introduces amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from January 2021, was published in December 2020 and early application of the changes is permitted. With the amendments made, certain exceptions are provided in the basis used in determining the contractual cash flows and in the hedge accounting provisions. The changes came into effect from 1 January 2021. Loans given from items indexed to benchmark interest rates in the Parent Bank's financial statements and securities assets; Securities issued, derivative transactions and loans obtained through repo constitute liabilities. These changes do not have a significant impact on the Parent Bank's financial position or performance. As of 31 March 2026, the Group has no hedging transactions based on the benchmark interest rate.

5. Explanations on profit share income and expense

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Group amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculations for these customers within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Group calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in "Funds Collected" account on the balance sheet.

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6. Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period.

In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans used by the Group granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the “Unearned Revenues” account under “Other Liabilities” on the balance sheet.

7. Explanations on financial assets

The Group classifies and accounts for its financial assets as ‘Fair Value Through Profit/Loss’, ‘Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,’ or ‘Amortized Cost.’ Such financial assets are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of “Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements” under the section three of the “TFRS 9 Financial Instruments” regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the “Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss”.

The Group recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Parent Bank management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments are made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently remeasured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from the valuation are recognised in profit or loss.

7.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. “Unrealized gains and losses,” which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. “Unrealized gains and losses” are accounted under the “Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss” under shareholders’ equity.

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Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

7.3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement.

7.4 Derivative financial assets

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Group are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by considering the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

7.5 Loans

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

8. Explanations on offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Parent Bank's has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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9. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities

Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (“CBRT”) made some changes on orders for open market transactions (“OMT”) and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement, a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they need funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this context, OMT were carried out with the CBRT for the first time on 14 June 2013, by subjecting the Treasury Lease Certificates, which were include in assets, to the repurchase transactions. From this date, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury lease certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 31 March 2026, the Group has repurchased agreement amounting to TL 81,689,686 (31 December 2025 – TL 47,523,847).

10. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 “banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors’ obligations to the bank are determined by the board.”

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also, the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Group’s that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Group’s has no discontinued operations.

11. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Group comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years. The amortization period of the licenses is determined on the basis of the duration of the license agreements.

There is no goodwill related to associates and subsidiaries.

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12. Explanations on tangible assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property	2%
Movables, leased assets	6.67% - 20%

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than it is carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

13. Explanations on leasing transactions

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Group assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or includes a lease transaction.

(a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,

(b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

The Group has started implementing the TFRS 16 - Leases standard from 1 January 2019, the first date of the TFRS 16 standard. At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments are discounted by using the Parent Bank's alternative borrowing profit rate. The Parent Bank recognizes right-of-use assets equal to the lease liability, adjusted for any prepaid or accrued lease payments.

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The right-of-use asset

The Group reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental,

When the Group applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Group applies the depreciation liabilities in TAS 16 Tangible Fixed Assets while depreciating the right of use asset.

The Group determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

Lease Obligation

At the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Group's alternative borrowing profit share rate.

The profit share on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic profit share rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic profit share rate is the Group's borrowing profit share rate.

After the beginning of a contract, the Group remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Group reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

14. Explanations related to insurance technical provisions

TFRS 4 specifies that all contracts issued by insurance companies must be classified as insurance contracts or investment contracts. Contracts that carry a significant insurance risk are classified as insurance contracts. Insurance risk is defined as the risks that the party holding the insurance contract (insured) transfers to the insured party, other than the financial risk. Contracts that do not carry a significant insurance risk are classified as investment contracts. Investment contracts are accounted for within the framework of TAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

In the consolidated financial statements, insurance technical provisions consist of the provision for unearned premiums and the provision for outstanding compensation.

The provision for unearned premiums consists of the portion of accrued premiums for insurance contracts in force that are grossly deducted for the next accounting period or accounting periods on a daily basis, without any commission or other discount.

The provision for outstanding compensation is reserved for compensation amounts that have been accrued and determined on an account but have not actually been paid in previous accounting periods or current accounting periods, or, if this amount has not been calculated, for compensation amounts that have been realized but not reported with their estimated costs.

The actuarial chain ladder method is used to estimate the amount of reserves that should be allocated in the current period according to the damage data that have been realized in the past. The amount of compensation found as a result of the method is added to the amount of compensation for outstanding compensation or subtracted from the amount of compensation for outstanding compensation.

Reinsurance companies allocate provisions according to their participation shares based on the actual compensation amounts reported, accrued and determined by the companies.

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The insurance company affiliated to the Group pays premiums and risks in order to reduce its losses arising from the projected risks it is transferred as part of its operations. Insurance premiums transferred to reinsurers related to contracts that transfer significant insurance risks are expensed by spreading over the duration of the relevant policies in parallel with the accrual of insurance premium income arising from possible risks secured.

Variable costs directly related to insurance and reinsurance contracts, such as brokerage, commission, consortium expenses and other acquisition costs, are amortised in parallel with the recognition of premium earnings during the contract period.

15. Explanations related to insurance technical income and expenses

Premium income in insurance companies after deducting the shares transferred to reinsurers from the policy income issued consists of.

Expenses are recorded as the damages are realized, and at the end of the period, the reported and not yet paid damages and the provision for pending damages are allocated for the realized but not reported damages. The reinsurer's shares of outstanding and paid damages are clarified within these provisions.

16. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with “Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets” (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the “Matching Principle,” a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of the Group resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a “Contingent” liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

17. Explanations on liabilities relating to employee benefits

17.1 Defined benefit plans

In accordance with existing social legislation, the Group is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the group and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfil the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to “Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits” (“TAS 19”) is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm. The Group is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Group’s employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

17.2 Defined contribution plans

The Group pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

17.3 Short-term benefits to employees

In accordance with “TAS 19”, vacation pay liabilities are defined as “Short Term Benefits to Employees” and accrued as earned.

The Group management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

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18. Explanations on taxation

Current Tax

According to Article 21 of the Law No. 7456 published in the Official Gazette dated 15 July 2023 and numbered 32249, starting from the declarations to be submitted as of 1 October 2023, the corporate tax rate of 25% on the corporate earnings of banks, companies within the scope of Law No. 6361, electronic payment and money institutions, authorised foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies has been increased from 25% to 30% to be applied to the earnings of the institutions in 2023 and the following taxation periods.

This rate is applied to the tax base to be found as a result of adding expenses that are not accepted as deductible in accordance with the tax laws to the commercial earnings of the corporations and deducting the exemptions and deductions in the tax laws. If the profit is not distributed, no other tax is paid. Starting from the declarations that must be submitted as of 1 October 2023 in accordance with the tax legislation; It entered into force on 15 July 2023 to be applied to the corporate income in 2023 and subsequent taxation periods, and to the earnings of corporations subject to the special accounting period starting in the 2023 calendar year and the following taxation periods. The provisional tax rate will be paid at the rate of 30% on the bases formed as of quarterly periods, and the provisional taxes paid during the year are deducted from the corporate tax calculated on the annual corporate tax return of that year.

The exemption provided for the income obtained by institutions from other investment funds, except for the exception provided for the income obtained from the participation shares of venture capital investment funds and the shares of venture capital investment trusts, has been abolished. This regulation has entered into force to be applied to mutual fund participation shares acquired as of 15 July 2023.

With the Presidential Decision No. 9286 published in the Official Gazette on 22 December 2024, and as a result of the amendments made in the relevant articles of the Ministerial Decisions annexed to the decision concerning the withholding tax rates in Article 94 of the Income Tax Law No. 193 and the tax withholding rates in Articles 15 and 30 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, the withholding tax rate applied by full taxpayer corporations on profit shares distributed to full taxpayer individuals, individuals who are not subject to income or corporate tax, and those exempt from income tax, as well as on profit shares distributed to limited taxpayer individuals and limited taxpayers exempt from income tax, has been increased from 10% to 15%. Additionally, the withholding tax rate applies to the profit shares distributed to tax-exempt institutions, as well as to the profit shares distributed by full taxpayer corporations to limited taxpayer institutions or limited taxpayers exempt from corporate tax, except for those earning profit shares through a permanent establishment or a representative in Türkiye. The withholding tax rate increase also applies to the amount transferred to the head office by limited taxpayer institutions making annual or special declarations, after the corporate tax has been deducted from their corporate income, before applying any discounts or exemptions. This Decision came into effect on 22 December 2024. In the application of withholding tax rates on profit distributions to limited taxpayer institutions and individuals, the provisions of the relevant double taxation treaties are also taken into consideration. The addition of profit to the capital is not considered a profit distribution and therefore is not subject to withholding tax.

Pursuant to Article 298/A repeated of the Tax Procedure Law ("TPL"), non-monetary assets included in the financial statements are required to be subject to inflation adjustment. In accordance with Provisional Article 33 of the TPL, inflation adjustment was envisaged to be applied to the financial statements of corporations dated 31 December 2023; however, pursuant to Law No. 7491 published on 28 December 2023, it was stipulated that banks, insurance companies, and other financial institutions would not take into consideration the profit/loss differences arising from inflation adjustment performed in the 2024 and 2025 accounting periods in the determination of taxable income. The financial statements dated 31 December 2023 prepared within the scope of the TPL were subjected to inflation adjustment. The profit/loss difference arising from inflation adjustment was presented under retained earnings/losses accounts; however, it did not affect the corporate tax base. In the 2024 accounting period, including the provisional tax periods, the profit/loss differences arising from the inflation adjustment were not taken into consideration in the determination of taxable income. Pursuant to Provisional Article 37 added to the TPL by Law No. 7571 published in the Official Gazette dated 25 December 2025 and numbered 33118, corporations shall not subject their financial statements to inflation adjustment in the 2025, 2026, and 2027 accounting periods, regardless of whether the conditions for inflation adjustment are met. Corporations may apply revaluation to the assets falling within the scope of paragraph (Ç) of repeated Article 298 for the accounting periods in which inflation adjustment is not applied.

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing

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companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable's; except in case of failure to fulfil the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable's with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the thirty days of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one instalment by the end of that month. Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Türkiye, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments. Profit/loss difference arising from inflation adjustment made by banks, companies within the scope of the Financial Leasing, Factoring, Financing and Savings Finance Companies Law dated 21 November 2021 and numbered 6361, payment and electronic money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies in the 2025 and 2026 accounting periods, including temporary tax periods, will not be taken into account in the determination of earnings.

Global Tax

Pursuant to Law No. 7524 on Amendments to Tax Laws and Certain Other Laws and Decree Law No. 375, which entered into force upon its publication in the Official Gazette dated 2 August 2024 and numbered 32620, "Domestic and Global Minimum Top-up Corporate Tax" was introduced through Additional Article 11 added to the Corporate Tax Law ("CTL"). As a result of the assessments performed in relation to the relevant regulations, the Bank's management continues to evaluate the matter of an additional tax liability that may arise for the Parent Bank due to the subsidiaries of the Bank's parent shareholder, KFH (Kuwait Finance House), in other jurisdictions. In addition, legislative amendments in Türkiye and in the other countries in which Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. operates are being monitored.

The tax applied to corporate earnings in Bahrain has been determined as 15% pursuant to the Domestic Minimum Top-up Tax ("DMTT") Law, which entered into force as of 1 January 2025. The DMTT covers branches, subsidiaries, and similar entities operating in Bahrain that belong to multinational enterprises with consolidated revenue exceeding EUR 750 million. The relevant law, enacted in line with the OECD Pillar Two rules, aims to eliminate any favorable difference between the local tax rate and the global minimum tax rate and requires corporations to pay an additional tax over the commercial profit balance calculated by also taking into consideration the exemptions and deductions stipulated under local legislation. Considering the Parent Bank's consolidated revenue level, the Bahrain Branch falls within the scope of the relevant tax legislation, and accordingly, a Domestic Minimum Top-up Tax liability has arisen at the Bahrain Branch level.

Deferred Tax

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of "Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"), the Parent Bank calculates deferred tax liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions for due to participation accounts Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and for due to participation accounts Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. Updated tax rates in the upcoming periods will be taken into account in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Pursuant to Article 298/A repeated of the Tax Procedure Law ("TPL"), non-monetary assets included in the financial statements are required to be subject to inflation adjustment. In accordance with Provisional Article 33 of the TPL, inflation adjustment was envisaged to be applied to the financial statements of corporations dated 31 December 2023; however, pursuant to Law No. 7491 published on 28 December 2023, it was stipulated that banks, insurance companies, and other financial institutions would not take into consideration the profit/loss differences arising from inflation adjustment performed in the 2024 and 2025 accounting periods in the determination of taxable income. The financial statements dated 31 December 2023 prepared within the scope of the TPL were subjected to inflation adjustment. The

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profit/loss difference arising from inflation adjustment was presented under retained earnings/losses accounts; however, it did not affect the corporate tax base. In the 2024 accounting period, including the provisional tax periods, the profit/loss differences arising from the inflation adjustment were not taken into consideration in the determination of taxable income. Pursuant to Provisional Article 37 added to the TPL by Law No. 7571 published in the Official Gazette dated 25 December 2025 and numbered 33118, corporations shall not subject their financial statements to inflation adjustment in the 2025, 2026, and 2027 accounting periods, regardless of whether the conditions for inflation adjustment are met. Corporations may apply revaluation to the assets falling within the scope of paragraph (Ç) of repeated Article 298 for the accounting periods in which inflation adjustment is not applied.

Under the provisions of Article 32 of the Tax Procedure Law and Duplicated Article 298/ç, the revaluation of immovables and depreciable economic assets has been subject to deferred taxation.

The Public Oversight Authority (POA) revised TAS 12 Income Taxes within the scope of the OECD Pillar Two model rules through the regulation published in September 2023. Through this revision, a temporary and mandatory exception was introduced regarding the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from global minimum tax regulations in the financial statements. Pursuant to the relevant amendment, the financial effects of Pillar Two tax legislation that has entered into force or for which the legislative process is substantially enacted shall not be reported as deferred tax items. Corporations are required to disclose in the footnotes that they have applied this exception, and the relevant practice entered into force as of the date of its publication.

19. Explanations on additional disclosures on borrowings

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Group does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Group has not issued convertible bonds.

20. Explanations on share certificates issued

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on Bank about share certificates.

21. Explanations on acceptances and availed drafts

Acceptances and availed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers, and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

22. Explanations on government grants

There are no government grants received by the Group.

23. Explanations on segment reporting

The Group conducts its activities in three separate segments: Corporate and Commercial Banking, Retail Banking, Treasury and International Banking. Each department serves with its own products and the results of the activities are monitored on the basis of these departments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 14.

24. Explanations on other matters

The Group has no disclosures on other matters.

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SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

1. Explanations on consolidated equity items

Shareholders' equity and capital adequacy ratio were calculated within the framework of "Regulation on Banks' Equity" and "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of 31 March 2026, the Group's total shareholders' equity is calculated as TL 164,669,988 (31 December 2025: TL 150,186,817), and the capital adequacy ratio is 17.34% (31 December 2025: 22.55%).

Pursuant to the Board Resolution dated 19 December 2024 and numbered 11038, within the scope of the calculation of the amounts subject to credit risk in accordance with the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks published in the Official Gazette dated 23 October 2015 and numbered 29511, the practice allowing the use of the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) foreign exchange buying rates as of 28 June 2024 in the calculation of the valuation amounts of monetary assets and non-monetary assets, excluding foreign currency-denominated items measured at historical cost, in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards, and the related specific provision amounts, was abolished effective from 1 January 2026 pursuant to the BRSA Board Resolution dated 13 November 2025 and numbered 11286. The Bank utilized this facility in its Capital Adequacy calculations dated 31 December 2025.

1.1 Explanations on the consolidated components of shareholder's equity

	Current Period Amount	Prior Period Amount
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank	8,000,000	8,000,000
Share issue premiums	6,376,278	6,376,278
Reserves	72,771,319	72,796,575
Gains recognized in equity as per Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS)	2,278,922	3,474,553
Profit	66,216,180	50,660,718
Current Period Profit	15,519,176	46,633,038
Prior Periods' Profit	50,697,004	4,027,680
Minority Shares	-	333,584
Shares acquired free of charge from associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures and cannot be recognized within profit for the period	351,795	-
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	155,994,494	141,641,708
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Common Equity as per the (i) clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	-
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in equity in accordance with TAS	5,571,340	3,375,149
Improvement costs for operating leasing	667,643	654,311
Goodwill remaining after offsetting with the relevant deferred tax liability	-	-
Other intangible assets remaining after offsetting with the related deferred tax liability, excluding the rights to provide mortgage service	5,874,234	5,139,330
The remaining part of the deferred tax asset based on taxable income to be obtained in future periods, excluding the deferred tax assets based on temporary differences, after deducting with the related deferred tax liability	404,503	411,929
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	-
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	393,546	402,260
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	7,865	4,869
Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns more than 10% of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-

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Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	-
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	-
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	-
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns more than 10% of the issued common share capital	-	-
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Other items to be Defined by the BRSA	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	12,919,131	9,987,848
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	143,075,363	131,653,860
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred stock not included in common equity Tier I Capital and the related share premiums	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	-	-
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7.	-	-
Total of net long positions of the investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I Capital	-	-
The total of net long position of the direct or indirect investments in Additional Tier I Capital of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the Bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital	-	-
Other Items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)	143,075,363	131,653,860
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA	15,552,026	15,008,658
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	6,242,255	5,581,969
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	21,794,281	20,590,627
Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Direct and indirect investments of the bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8.	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank (-)	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	21,794,281	20,590,627
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	164,869,644	152,244,487

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Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)		
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51st Article of the Law	-	-
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years	16,421	19,644
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	183,235	2,038,026
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Download Components		
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first and second sub-paragraph of the first paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
CAPITAL		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	164,669,988	150,186,817
Total Risk Weighted Assets	949,888,575	666,122,708
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
CET 1 Capital Ratio (%)	15.06	19.76
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	15.06	19.76
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	17.34	22.55
BUFFERS		
Total additional core capital requirement ratio	2.55	2.56
Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2.50	2.50
Bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	0.05	0.06
Additional CET 1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 of Capital Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	9.06	13.76
Amounts Lower than Excesses as per Deduction Rules		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets arising from Temporary Differences	-	-
Limits for Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (before limit of one hundred and twenty five per the thousand	6,242,255	5,581,969
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited by 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	6,242,255	5,581,969
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communique on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Total Loan Provision that Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communique on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited by 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	-
Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4 (effective between 1 January 2018-1 January 2022)		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 that Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-

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Information on debt instruments to be included in equity calculation:	
Issuer	KT21 T2 Company Limited
Instrument Code (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS2384355520
Legislation to which the Instrument is subject	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity
Consideration In Equity Calculation	
Subject to consideration application reduced by 10% from 1/1/2015	Not Being Subject
Validity on a consolidated or unconsolidated basis or both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis
Instruments Type	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier 1 Capital)
Amount taken into account in equity calculation (as of last reporting date-TL million)	15,552
Nominal value of the Instrument (TL million)	15,552
The account in which the Instrument is followed accounting	3470003
Export date of the Instrument	16/09/2021
Maturity structure of the Instrument (demand/term)	10 Years and 3 Months Term
Initial maturity of the Instrument	5 Years and 3 Months (Due Date:16/12/2026)
Whether the issuer has the right to refund subject to BRSA approval	Yes
Date of repayment option, contingent repayment options and amount to be paid back	16/12/2026 - Complete
Subsequent repayment option dates	16/12/2026
Dividend payments	
Fixed or variable dividend payments	Fixed Dividend payments
Dividend ratio and index value for dividend ratio	6.125%
Whether there are any restrictions that stop paying dividends	None
The ability to be completely optional, partially optional or mandatory	Mandatory
Whether there is an element to encourage repayment, such as a dividend rate hike	None
Non-accumulative or cumulative property	Noncumulative
Ability to convert to stock	
Trigger events/events that would cause conversion if converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.
If it can be converted to stock, the conversion rate	Cannot be converted into stock.
Forced or optional conversion property, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.
Types of convertible Instruments if convertible to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.
Issuer of the debt instrument to be converted if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.
Value reduction feature	
Trigger events/events to cause reduction if value reduction is enabled	No Value Reduction
If it has a value reduction feature, it has a total or partial value reduction feature	No Value Reduction
If the value reduction property is continuous or transient	No Value Reduction
If the value can be temporarily reduced, the value increment mechanism	No Value Reduction
In the case of liquidation, which is in the order in respect of the right of receivables (the instrument which is located just above this instrument of borrowing))	Senior Unsecured
Whether or not the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders ' equity of the banks are not met	None
Which of the conditions contained in Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders ' equity of the banks are not met	None

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1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, components and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the Parent Bank, and to provide the availability of adequate capital in order to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Parent Banks' growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Group is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

2. Explanations and disclosures related to consolidated credit risk

Not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

3. Explanations on consolidated currency risk

Foreign currency risk represents the Group's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method. The "standard method" and the "value at risk method" used in legal reporting are used to measure the exchange rate risk of the Group. Measurements made under the standard method are carried out on a monthly basis and measurements made under the risk-exposed Value Method are carried out on a daily basis.

The Parent Bank monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross-exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 31 March 2026, the Group has an open position of TL 3,255,065 (31 December 2025 - TL 1,632,877 open) consisting of TL 5,653,180 balance sheet closed position (31 December 2025 - TL 34,048,029 open) and TL 8,908,245 off-balance sheet open position (31 December 2025 - TL 32,415,152 closed).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank on the date of the financial statements and the previous five working days are as follows (full TL)

	24/03/2026	25/03/2026	26/03/2026	27/03/2026	30/03/2026	Balance sheet valuation rate
USD	44.30291	44.31163	44.32181	44.32667	44.42317	44.43436
EUR	51.33916	51.38957	51.18915	51.06363	51.05055	51.00723
GBP	59.36068	59.36574	59.15942	58.97782	58.80288	58.72509
CHF	56.20702	56.10947	55.92332	55.63353	55.56017	55.54158
JPY	0.27915	0.27878	0.27784	0.27729	0.27837	0.27847

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL)

	FC Purchase Rate
USD	44.12363
EUR	50.95862
GBP	58.80864
CHF	56.06789
JPY	0.27799

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Consolidated currency risk of the Group

Current Period	EUR	USD	Other FC	Total
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye. (**)	43,671,464	65,674,525	144,599,262	253,945,251
Banks (****)	13,163,261	35,736,243	95,408,721	144,308,225
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	9,689	7,997,547	16,426,852	24,434,088
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	12,111	74,772,807	-	74,784,918
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	165,016,235	175,044,638	155,182	340,216,055
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortized cost (*****)	1,031,662	27,482,758	-	28,514,420
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	443,256	3,356	-	446,612
Intangible assets	379,403	150	-	379,553
Other assets	616,434	1,714,667	1,040,117	3,371,218
Total Assets	224,343,515	388,426,691	257,630,134	870,400,340
Liabilities				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	3,630,729	1,314,818	3,238,704	8,184,251
Current and profit-sharing accounts FC (***)	95,104,366	137,499,081	418,951,953	651,555,400
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions	30,766,499	140,599,891	23,739,942	195,106,332
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	1,551,224	2,070,093	1,043,081	4,664,398
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (****)	1,697,246	3,376,086	163,447	5,236,779
Total Liabilities	132,750,064	284,859,969	447,137,127	864,747,160
Net balance sheet position	91,593,451	103,566,722	(189,506,993)	5,653,180
Net off-balance sheet position	(91,942,000)	(108,190,621)	191,224,376	(8,908,245)
Financial derivative assets	16,008,643	93,873,439	253,037,651	362,919,733
Financial derivative liabilities	107,950,643	202,064,060	61,813,275	371,827,978
Non-cash loans (**)	19,113,977	48,638,122	8,361,213	76,113,312
Prior Period				
Total assets	198,834,936	336,128,989	221,771,763	756,735,688
Total liabilities	131,454,400	308,100,583	351,228,734	790,783,717
Net balance sheet position	67,380,536	28,028,406	(129,456,971)	(34,048,029)
Net off-balance sheet position	(69,414,881)	(29,574,661)	131,404,694	32,415,152
Financial derivative assets	9,353,925	86,518,077	190,754,480	286,626,482
Financial derivative liabilities	78,768,806	116,092,738	59,349,786	254,211,330
Non-cash loans (**)	16,385,248	35,998,974	8,281,832	60,666,054

(*) Includes foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 349,041 (31 December 2025 - TL 487,897) and expected loss provisions amounting to TL 5,035,666.

(**) Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

(***) Precious metals are included in "Other FC" column.

(****) Provision for impairment of marketable securities at fair value through profit or loss amounting to TL 73,516 in other liabilities is not included in foreign currency risk. It also includes provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 7,538.

(*****) In the balance sheet, expected loss provisions amounting to TL 4,205 have been deducted from the Cash and Cash equivalents and Central Bank and Banks accounts.

(*****) Provisions are included in the related amounts.

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Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below.

- Derivative financial assets held for trading: TL 4,486,632 (31 December 2025 - TL 18,434,954)
- Prepaid expenses: TL 8,605 (31 December 2025 - TL 10,018)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading: TL 28,152,679 (31 December 2025 - TL 1,406,660)
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: TL (305,478) (31 December 2025 - TL (1,417,016))

Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions and forward precious metal purchases that are amounting to.

- Foreign exchange buying transactions with value date: TL 36,345,834 (31 December 2025 – TL 26,368,792)
- Foreign exchange sales transactions with value date: TL 37,756,508 (31 December 2025 – TL 21,374,056)
- Precious metal purchase transactions: TL 239,721,073 (31 December 2025 – TL 171,957,203)
- Precious metal sales transactions: TL 17,001,201 (31 December 2025 – TL 38,777,712)

Currency risk sensitivity

The Group is mainly exposed to foreign currency risk in EURO, USD and Gold.

The following table shows the Group's sensitivity to 10% change in both USD, Euro and Gold exchange rate.

	% changes on foreign currency	Effects on Profit / Loss		Effects on equity	
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
USD	10%	(462,390)	(154,626)	(683,607)	(818,693)
EURO	10%	(34,855)	(203,435)	194,109	106,010
Gold	10%	2,641,980	2,312,008	2,641,980	2,312,008

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4. Explanations related to stock position risk

4.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analysing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes

The Group's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

4.2 Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value

Current Period		Comparison	
Equity Securities Investments	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value
Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	629,934	-	629,934
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investment in Subsidiaries	8,123,680	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Other	1,132,410	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Prior Period		Comparison	
Equity Securities Investments	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value
Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	686,150	-	686,150
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investment in Subsidiaries	8,123,680	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Other	1,058,088	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-

4.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals

None.

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5. Consolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio

The liquidity risk of the Parent Bank is the risk of being unable to fulfil its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

Funding Liquidity Risk: It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

Market Liquidity Risk: It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

Liquidity risk is managed by the Asset - Liability Committee (ALCO) and related business units within the framework of the Liquidity Risk Policy and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors. In liquidity risk management, the measures to be taken and the practices to be carried out are determined by taking into account normal economic conditions and stress conditions. The Parent Bank defines liquidity risk, measures risks with liquidity risk measurement methods in accordance with international standards, monitors them and periodically presents them to the interested parties. Liquidity risk stress tests are performed during monthly periods. An emergency funding plan (liquidity contingency plan) has been created to regulate the procedures and principles for the Parent Bank to maintain and maintain adequate liquidity levels under stress conditions.

5.1 Information on risk capacity of the Group, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determined according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Group's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Bank.

The Group has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and participation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Bank has a high-risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Group which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets are deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Türkiye and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analysed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALCO meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Group in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Group. The Treasury Group Management manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. Official and International Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

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5.2 Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Group and the Group's subsidiaries

The Group's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Parent Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

5.3 Information on the Group's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities

Group spread to the base of current and participation accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

5.4 Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Group's total liabilities

Almost all liabilities of the Group are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Group is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilities denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange-based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantially.

5.5 Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

5.6 Information on the use of stress tests

In order to analyse the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether conformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relevant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types of liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Group, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both situations. Stress tests related with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

5.7 General information about the contingency funding plan

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Contingency Funding Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the Executive Risk Committee. The actions to be taken favour the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Contingency Funding Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

5.8 Presentation of financial liabilities according to contractual maturities

Not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

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5.9 Liquidity coverage ratio

Current Period		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*)		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	High quality liquid assets			401,497,597	296,260,247
CASH OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail and small business customers, of which;	700,004,572	487,633,097	64,476,463	48,763,310
3	Stable deposits	110,479,878	-	5,523,994	-
4	Less stable deposits	589,524,694	487,633,097	58,952,469	48,763,310
5	Unsecured debts other than real person deposits and retail deposits	260,928,766	159,597,202	148,876,415	98,744,425
6	Operational deposit	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	195,506,460	105,055,993	83,454,109	44,203,216
8	Other unsecured funding	65,422,306	54,541,209	65,422,306	54,541,209
9	Secured funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows	315,738,994	279,301,141	315,738,994	279,301,141
11	Derivative liabilities and collateral fulfilment obligations	200,055,733	172,902,786	200,055,733	172,902,786
12	Obligations related to structured financial products	115,683,261	106,398,355	115,683,261	106,398,355
13	Commitments related to debts to financial markets and other off-balance sheet obligations	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	451,093,574	66,254,688	31,212,774	3,595,985
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			560,304,646	430,404,861
CASH INFLOWS					
17	Secured lending	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured lending	235,414,005	173,241,819	185,620,783	142,092,342
19	Other cash inflows	241,185,700	179,365,488	241,185,700	179,365,488
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	476,599,705	352,607,307	426,806,483	321,457,830
				Upper Limit Applied Value	
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK			401,497,597	296,260,247
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			140,076,162	108,947,031
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			286.63	271.93

(*) The simple arithmetic average of the values calculated by taking the weekly simple arithmetic average for the last three months.

For the period 1 January - 31 March 2026, the lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated on a monthly basis are presented in the table below.

Current Period

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date
TL+FC	336.13	21/02/2026	222.79	29/01/2026
FC	320.73	01/03/2026	182.94	13/01/2026

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high-quality liquid assets held by the Group to its one-month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the CBRT, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.

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Prior Period	Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*)		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS				
1	High quality liquid assets		357,949,344	268,527,767
CASH OUTFLOWS				
2	Retail and small business customers, of which;	585,448,062	393,159,355	53,592,558
3	Stable deposits	99,044,948	-	4,952,247
4	Less stable deposits	486,403,114	393,159,355	48,640,311
5	Unsecured debts other than real person deposits and retail deposits	206,687,201	121,377,465	121,667,944
6	Operational deposit	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	148,947,944	74,645,942	63,928,687
8	Other unsecured funding	57,739,257	46,731,523	57,739,257
9	Secured funding			-
10	Other cash outflows	317,358,103	286,702,017	317,358,103
11	Derivative liabilities and collateral fulfilment obligations	197,181,656	174,555,843	197,181,656
12	Obligations related to structured financial products	120,176,447	112,146,174	120,176,447
13	Commitments related to debts to financial markets and other off-balance sheet obligations	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	343,282,475	55,468,327	24,721,040
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		517,339,645	407,223,527
CASH INFLOWS				
17	Secured lending	-	-	-
18	Unsecured lending	191,799,805	139,140,538	147,574,722
19	Other cash inflows	233,629,839	157,636,144	233,629,839
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	425,429,644	296,776,682	381,204,561
			Upper Limit Applied Value	
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK		357,949,344	268,527,767
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		136,135,084	138,106,351
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		262.94	194.44

(*) The simple arithmetic average of the values calculated by taking the weekly simple arithmetic average for the last three months.

For the period 1 October – 31 December 2025, the lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated on a monthly basis are presented in the table below.

Prior Period

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date
TL+FC	302.54	24/10/2025	222.46	01/11/2025
FC	230.21	09/10/2025	171.09	05/11/2025

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high-quality liquid assets of the Group to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher, and they may show variability over time.

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Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities

End of Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 Months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	Over 5 years	Undistributed (****)	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye	165,011,764	171,739,064	-	-	-	-	(1,250)	336,749,578
Banks (*)	165,350,810	3,828	-	-	-	-	(4,214)	165,350,424
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	33,654,984	28,018	3,418,207	2,582,544	21,463,138	8,013	294,609	61,449,513
Money market placements	-	-	-	-	2,540,523	-	-	2,540,523
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	629,925	59,302,348	12,724,320	13,365,486	66,689,332	4,756,652	471,145	157,939,208
Loans (**)	-	186,850,804	96,619,176	258,033,748	177,477,430	16,173,460	(3,335,727)	731,818,891
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	15,627,366	44,997	22,380,396	16,484,482	6,629,725	(22,439)	61,144,527
Other assets (***)	2,877,487	13,402,894	1,628	-	5,720,319	-	53,570,536	75,572,864
Total Assets	367,524,970	446,954,322	112,808,328	296,362,174	290,375,224	27,567,850	50,972,660	1,592,565,528
Liabilities								
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	8,388,342	68	233	-	-	-	-	8,388,643
Current and profit-sharing accounts	640,860,157	297,010,920	54,223,654	24,207,120	2,984,761	26,948	-	1,019,313,560
Funds provided from other financial institutions	-	108,060,993	24,190,216	22,094,395	33,925,362	15,827,672	-	204,098,638
Money market borrowings	-	81,579,686	110,000	-	-	-	-	81,689,686
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	8,319,790	4,646,323	-	-	-	-	-	12,966,113
Other liabilities (****)	-	36,737,008	22,726,912	877,102	1,473,066	112,257	204,182,544	266,108,889
Total Liabilities	657,568,288	528,034,998	101,251,015	47,178,617	38,383,189	15,966,877	204,182,544	1,592,565,528
Net liquidity gap	(290,043,318)	(81,080,676)	11,557,313	249,183,557	251,992,035	11,600,973	(153,209,884)	-
Prior Period								
Total assets	327,237,012	401,928,679	103,697,553	258,589,413	286,548,065	29,451,507	44,609,042	1,452,061,271
Total liabilities	593,042,322	470,993,857	106,995,663	46,532,570	37,426,813	15,193,302	181,876,744	1,452,061,271
Net liquidity gap	(265,805,310)	(69,065,178)	(3,298,110)	212,056,843	249,121,252	14,258,205	(137,267,702)	-

(*) Expected losses are netted off with provision.

(**) Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

(***) Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash soon, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets,

(****) The unallocated other liabilities consist of equity and provisions balances.

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5.10 Net stable funding ratio

The net stable funding ratio (NSFR) is calculated by dividing the available stable funding amount by the required stable funding amount. Available stable funding is the portion of banks' liabilities and equity expected to be permanent, while required stable funding is the portion of banks' on-balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet liabilities expected to be refinanced.

The amount of available stable funds is calculated by adding the amounts to be found after applying the relevant consideration rates determined in accordance with the legislation to the amounts of the banks' liabilities and equity components valued in accordance with TFRS. The required amount of stable funds is calculated by adding the amounts calculated by deducting the specific provisions set aside in accordance with the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles Regarding the Classification of Loans and the Provisions to be set aside from the amounts of banks' on-balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet liabilities valued in accordance with TFRS, after applying the relevant consideration rates determined in accordance with the legislation.

The three-month simple arithmetic average of the consolidated and unconsolidated NSFR calculated monthly as of the equity calculation periods cannot be less than 100% as of March, June, September and December.

As of 31 March 2026, the Consolidated Net Stable Funding Ratio was 125.40% (31 December 2025 - 135.09%). As of 31 March 2026, the amount of available stable funds in the consolidated Net Stable Funding Table of our Bank is TL 1,186,688,281 (31 December 2025 - TL 1,079,415,809), while the required amount of stable funds is TL 946,330,756 (31 December 2025 - TL 799,061,092) and our Consolidated Net Stable Funding Ratio is 130.53% (31 December 2025 - 133.54%).

In the first 3 months of 2026, consolidated NSFR development is presented in the table below.

Period	Ratio
31/01/2026	132.93%
28/02/2026	133.25%
31/03/2026	125.40%
3 Months Average	130.53%

Current Period		a	b	c	ç	d
		Unadjusted Amount According to Remaining Maturity				Total Amount Applied Consideration Rate
		Demand*	Less than 6 Months	6 Months and Longer than 6 Months Less than 1 Year	1 Year and Longer than 1 Year	
Available Stable Fund						
1	Equity Items	177,186,998	-	-	-	177,186,998
2	Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital	177,186,998	-	-	-	177,186,998
3	Other equity items	-	-	-	-	-
4	Real person and retail customer deposits/participation funds	624,579,903	344,023,305	48,145,429	272,083	959,886,307
5	Stable deposit/participation fund	563,021,712	318,218,585	9,849,417	263,449	846,785,505
6	Low stable deposit/participation fund	61,558,191	25,804,720	38,296,012	8,634	113,100,802
7	Payables to other persons	-	-	-	-	-
8	Operational deposits/participation funds	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other payables	-	-	-	-	-
10	Liabilities equivalent to linked assets					
11	Other liabilities	12,944,423	221,122,420	31,379,231	-	15,689,618

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12	Derivative liabilities				24,334,551	
13	Other equity items and liabilities not included above	117,348,020	-	-	33,925,358	33,925,358
14	Available Stable Fund					1,186,688,281
	Required Stable Funding					
15	High-quality liquid assets					6,582,421
16	Operational deposits/participation funds deposited with credit institutions or financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-
17	Performing loans and securities	38,518,164	209,769,486	228,954,754	340,715,975	522,261,447
18	Receivables from credit institutions or financial institutions with first quality liquid assets as collateral	-	-	-	-	-
19	Unsecured receivables from credit institutions or financial institutions or secured receivables whose collateral is not first quality liquid assets	57,453	18,283,396	-	-	2,751,127
20	Receivables from corporate customers, institutions, real persons and retail customers, central governments, central banks and public institutions other than credit institutions or financial institutions	10,703,557	191,465,020	228,760,361	245,567,591	433,501,069
21	<i>Receivables subject to risk weighting of 35% or less</i>	-	-	-	92,142,475	59,892,609
22	Receivables collateralized by mortgages on residential real estate	-	-	-	-	-
23	<i>Receivables subject to risk weighting of 35% or less</i>	-	-	-	-	-
24	Quoted equities and debt instruments that do not qualify as high quality liquid assets	27,757,154	21,070	194,393	3,005,909	26,116,642
25	Assets equivalent to interconnected liabilities					
26	Other assets	341,928,153	70,185,997	-	11,972,521	407,620,055
27	Commodities with physical delivery including gold	28,222,332				23,988,982
28	Initial margin for derivative contracts or guarantee fund given to central counterparty				-	-
29	Derivative assets				-	-
30	Derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin				69,925,252	69,925,252
31	Other assets not included above	313,705,821	260,745	-	11,972,521	313,705,821
32	Off-balance sheet payables		197,336,640	-	-	9,866,832
33	Required Stable Funding					946,330,756
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					125.40

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In the last 3 months of 2025, consolidated NSFR development is presented in the table below.

Period	Ratio
31 October 2025	133.09%
30 November 2025	132.43%
31 December 2025	135.09%
3 Months Average	133.54%

Prior Period		a	b	c	ç	d
		Unadjusted Amount According to Remaining Maturity				Total Amount Applied Consideration Rate
		Demand*	Less than 6 Months	6 Months and Longer than 6 Months Less than 1 Year	1 Year and Longer than 1 Year	
Available Stable Fund						
1	Equity Items	161,825,206	-	-	-	161,825,206
2	Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital	161,825,206	-	-	-	161,825,206
3	Other equity items	-	-	-	-	-
4	Real person and retail customer deposits/participation funds	549,256,630	322,506,007	54,444,117	269,155	874,297,197
5	Stable deposit/participation fund	493,607,674	297,085,999	18,424,044	259,837	768,908,676
6	Low stable deposit/participation fund	55,648,956	25,420,008	36,020,073	9,318	105,388,521
7	Payables to other persons	-	-	-	-	-
8	Operational deposits/participation funds	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other payables	-	-	-	-	-
10	Liabilities equivalent to linked assets					
11	Other liabilities	35,174,147	207,403,882	18,516,594	-	9,258,299
12	Derivative liabilities					
13	Other equity items and liabilities not included above	115,181,858	-	-	34,035,107	34,035,107
14	Available Stable Fund					1,079,415,809
Required Stable Funding		Required Stable Funding				
15	High-quality liquid assets					5,402,226
16	Operational deposits/participation funds deposited with credit institutions or financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-
17	Performing loans and securities	32,823,764	192,125,031	199,617,558	326,624,870	484,237,299
18	Receivables from credit institutions or financial institutions with first quality liquid assets as collateral	-	-	-	-	-
19	Unsecured receivables from credit institutions or financial institutions or secured receivables whose collateral is not first quality liquid assets	53,603	7,435,654	-	-	1,123,389

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20	Receivables from corporate customers, institutions, real persons and retail customers, central governments, central banks and public institutions other than credit institutions or financial institutions	10,138,697	184,689,377	199,431,216	226,517,404	398,753,138
21	<i>Receivables subject to risk weighting of 35% or less</i>	-	-	-	99,450,447	64,642,791
22	Receivables collateralized by mortgages on residential real estate	-	-	-	-	-
23	<i>Receivables subject to risk weighting of 35% or less</i>	-	-	-	-	-
24	Quoted equities and debt instruments that do not qualify as high-quality liquid assets	22,631,464	-	186,342	657,019	19,717,981
25	Assets equivalent to interconnected liabilities					
26	Other assets	231,802,394	72,817,063	354,598	11,817,868	300,782,801
27	Commodities with physical delivery including gold	25,577,705				21,741,049
28	Initial margin for derivative contracts or guarantee fund given to central counterparty				-	-
29	Derivative assets				16,418,293	16,418,293
30	Derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin				56,398,770	56,398,770
31	Other assets not included above	206,224,689	-	354,598	11,817,868	206,224,689
32	Off-balance sheet payables		172,775,311	-	-	8,638,766
33	Required Stable Funding					799,061,092
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					135.09

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6. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio

6.1 Disclosure of leverage ratio template

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks” published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below.

		Current Period (***)	Prior Period (***)
1	Total asset amount in the consolidated financial statements prepared as per TAS (*) (**)	1,577,985,022	1,386,440,067
2	The difference between the total asset amount in the consolidated financial statements prepared as per TAS (*) and the asset amount in the consolidated financial statements prepared as per the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks (**)	15,956,870	12,772,094
3	The difference between the derivative financial instruments and the loan derivatives amount in the consolidated financial statements prepared as per the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the Risk Amounts	-	-
4	The difference between the financial transactions with securities or goods warranty amounts in the consolidated financial statements prepared as per the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the Risk Amounts	83,514,054	63,199,640
5	The difference between the off-balance sheet transactions amount in the consolidated financial statements prepared as per the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the Risk Amounts	-	-
6	Other differences between the amount in the consolidated financial statements prepared as per the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the Risk Amounts	-	-
7	Total risk amount	2,125,125,279	1,774,637,654S

(*) Other Differences between the Amount in the Consolidated Financial Statements Prepared as per the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the Risk Amounts.

(**) Financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS as of 31 March 2026 for the current period and 31 December 2025 for the previous period have been used.

(***) The three-month average of the amounts in the table is taken.

On-balance sheet assets (*)		Current Period	Prior Period
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	1,560,178,201	1,381,771,563
2	(Assets deducted in determining Tier I Capital)	(11,972,754)	(10,013,811)
3	Total on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	1,548,205,447	1,371,757,752
Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	20,233,099	4,863,484
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	6,413,552	1,847,890
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	26,646,651	6,711,374
Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)			
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	(18,992,721)	(10,852,931)
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	(18,992,721)	(10,852,931)
Other off-balance sheet transactions			
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	569,265,902	407,021,459
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	-	-
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	569,265,902	407,021,459
Capital and total risks			
13	Tier I Capital	138,655,778	128,053,601
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	2,125,125,279	1,774,637,654
Leverage ratio			
15	Leverage ratio	6.51	7.22

(*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

As of the Group's consolidated balance sheet date, the leverage ratio calculated based on the arithmetic average of the values found at the end of the month in the previous three months was 6.51% (31 December 2025 - 7.22%). The main reason for the change compared to the previous period is that the increase in capital, on-balance sheet assets and derivative financial assets and credit derivatives items is higher than other items.

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Accordingly, capital increased by 8% from profit for the period, while on-balance sheet risk increased by 13%, off-balance sheet items increased by 40%. Accordingly, there is a decrease of 71 basis points in the leverage ratio in the current period compared to the previous period.

7. Explanations on consolidated fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

8. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons

Not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

9. Explanations on hedge accounting practices

None (31 December 2025 – None).

10. Explanations on consolidated risk management

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee (“ALCO”) and the Risk Management Department (“RMD”) which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Parent Bank is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Parent Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Parent Bank's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Parent Bank's future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

10.1. GB1 - Overview of risk weighted amounts

		Risk Weighted Amounts		Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period 31/03/2026	Prior Period 31/12/2025	Current Period 31/03/2026
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	664,905,850	489,506,497	53,192,468
2	Standardised approach	664,905,850	489,506,497	53,192,468
3	Internal rating-based approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	5,900,701	6,837,561	472,056
5	Standardised approach for counterparty credit risk	5,900,701	6,837,561	472,056
6	Internal model method	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal model's equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% risk weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
16	Market risk	115,709,405	61,812,048	9,256,752
17	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach	115,709,405	61,812,048	9,256,752
18	Market risk	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	163,372,619	107,966,602	13,069,810
20	Basic indicator approach	163,372,619	107,966,602	13,069,810
21	Standardised approach	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	949,888,575	666,122,708	75,991,086

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11. Securitization positions

None.

12. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions

The Group does not perform purchases, sales and custody services in the name of others. The Group has no fiduciary-based transaction agreements.

13. Qualitative explanations on market risk

Not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

14. Explanations on consolidated operating segments

The Parent Bank operates in Corporate and Commercial Banking, Retail Banking, Treasury and International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking; Special cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products to meet the financial needs of the customers. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail Banking includes fund collection, instalment commercial loans, business loans, non-cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, trade finance, checks, POS services, credit cards, ATM services, online banking and mobile banking in these fields.

In Treasury and International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified “corporate” customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long-term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the Sukuk for the Bank, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Türkiye. The project finance function is also performed by Investment Banking. In addition to monitoring the foreign currency position and cash flows on behalf of the Parent Bank, the Treasury carries out spot and forward TL and foreign currency trading, derivative transactions (Forward, Swap) with banks and customers, stock trading within the scope of BIST membership, murabaha transactions with foreign banks and gold trading transactions.

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Selected balance sheet and income statement items according to segments

Current Period					
1 January 2026 - 31 March 2026	Retail Banking	Corporate and Commercial Banking	Treasury and international Banking	Unallocated	Group's total operation
Operating income	38,973,573	21,776,230	16,632,155	-	77,381,958
Operating expenses (-)	26,054,411	7,912,343	7,839,472	16,875,229	58,681,455
Transfers between segments	15,554,028	(5,454,818)	(10,099,210)	-	-
Net operating income / loss	28,473,190	8,409,069	(1,306,527)	(16,875,229)	18,700,503
Income from associates using equity method	-	-	-	74,322	74,322
Profit before tax	28,473,190	8,409,069	(1,306,527)	(16,800,907)	18,774,825
Tax Provision (-)	-	-	-	3,232,802	3,232,802
Net profit for the period	28,473,190	8,409,069	(1,306,527)	(20,033,709)	15,542,023
Current Period					
31 March 2026					
Segment assets	270,940,372	478,449,259	774,993,436	-	1,524,383,067
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	9,256,090	9,256,090
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	58,926,371	58,926,371
Total assets	270,940,372	478,449,259	774,993,436	68,182,461	1,592,565,528
Segment liabilities	850,176,365	259,215,524	236,862,908	-	1,346,254,797
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	96,285,992	96,285,992
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	150,024,739	150,024,739
Total liabilities	850,176,365	259,215,524	236,862,908	246,310,731	1,592,565,528
Prior Period					
1 January 2025 - 31 March 2025					
Operating income	29,458,783	20,059,242	9,552,067	-	59,070,092
Operating expenses (-)	16,561,910	7,722,820	6,899,092	12,296,802	43,480,624
Transfers between segments	16,826,839	(7,853,258)	(8,973,581)	-	-
Net operating income / loss	29,723,712	4,483,164	(6,320,606)	(12,296,802)	15,589,468
Income from associates using equity method	-	-	-	64,454	64,454
Profit before tax	29,723,712	4,483,164	(6,320,606)	(12,232,348)	15,653,922
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	3,837,359	3,837,359
Net profit for the period	29,723,712	4,483,164	(6,320,606)	(16,069,707)	11,816,563
Prior Period					
31 December 2025					
Segment assets	251,875,707	440,742,681	693,108,395	-	1,385,726,783
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	9,181,768	9,181,768
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	57,152,720	57,152,720
Total assets	251,875,707	440,742,681	693,108,395	66,334,488	1,452,061,271
Prior Period					
31 December 2025					
Segment liabilities	745,777,603	236,255,479	225,037,329	-	1,207,070,411
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	108,566,069	108,566,069
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	136,424,791	136,424,791
Total liabilities	745,777,603	236,255,479	225,037,329	244,990,860	1,452,061,271

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SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets

1.1 Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Türkiye

1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Türkiye

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/foreign currency	2,967,414	18,037,886	4,578,039	20,378,720
The Central Bank of Republic of Türkiye	79,164,785	208,358,412	86,855,241	219,346,673
Other (*)	671,911	27,550,420	13,025	25,564,679
Total	82,804,110	253,946,718	91,446,305	265,290,072

(*) As of 31 March 2026, precious metal deposit account amounting to TL 24,299,259 (31 December 2025 - TL 25,564,357) and cash in transit account amounting to TL 3,923,072 (31 December 2025 - TL 13,347) are shown here.

1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted Demand Deposit	44,575,926	36,619,348	54,483,732	70,032,187
Restricted Time Deposit	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted Time Deposit	34,588,859	171,739,064	32,371,509	149,314,486
Total	79,164,785	208,358,412	86,855,241	219,346,673

1.1.3 Explanations on required reserves

The Bank establishes reserve requirements for Turkish Lira and foreign currency liabilities at the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) in accordance with the CBRT's "Communiqué No: 2013/15 on Reserve Requirements". Reserve deposits can be held at the CBRT in Turkish Lira, US Dollars and/or Euro and standard gold in accordance with the "Communiqué on Reserve Requirements".

As of 31 March 2026, the Bank maintains reserve requirements of 0% to 20% for Turkish currency participation funds and other liabilities (22% to 40% for accounts with currency hedging support), 0% to 30% for foreign currency participation funds and other liabilities, and 26% to 30% for precious metal deposit accounts. The additional reserve requirement ratio for foreign currency participation funds (excluding participation funds of foreign banks and precious metal deposit accounts) is 4%.

1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

As of 31 March 2026, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss subject to repurchase agreements (31 December 2025 - None). The amount given as collateral and blocked is TL 3,380,927 (31 December 2025 - TL 2,802,969).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Futures transactions	187,025	192,330	111,732	279,482
Swap transactions	639,824	4,294,302	720,933	18,155,472
Total	826,849	4,486,632	832,665	18,434,954

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1.3 Information on Banks

1.3.1. Information on Banks

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	21,043,675	144,310,963	17,390,961	76,951,504
Domestic	21,043,675	1,334,137	17,390,961	1,012,351
Foreign	-	142,976,826	-	75,939,153
Headquarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	21,043,675	144,310,963	17,390,961	76,951,504

1.3.2. Information on foreign banks account

Not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	163,469,816	137,513,167
Quoted on stock exchange	163,469,816	137,513,167
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	-
Share certificates/Investment Funds	630,863	687,047
Quoted on stock exchange	489,736	546,111
Not quoted on stock exchange	141,127	140,936
Impairment provision (-)	6,161,471	5,797,717
Total	157,939,208	132,402,497

1.4.1. Information on financial assets given as collateral or blocked at fair value reflected in other comprehensive income

As of the balance sheet date, there are financial assets given TL 51,113,669 (31 December 2025: TL 50,337,420) as collateral whose fair value difference is reflected to other comprehensive income.

1.4.2. Information on financial assets whose fair value difference subject to repo transaction is reflected to other comprehensive income

As of the balance sheet date, there are financial assets subject to sale transactions with the promise of repurchase, of which TL 47,674,381 (31 December 2025 – TL 32,152,367) is reflected to other comprehensive income.

1.5 Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost

1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	141,152	109,418	119,911	2,522
Corporate shareholders	76,934	106,887	51,719	-
Real person shareholders	64,218	2,531	68,192	2,522
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	5,866	124,824	4,934	120,482
Loans granted to employees	603,952	23,873	524,031	11,248
Total	750,970	258,115	648,876	134,252

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1.5.2 Information on standard loans, loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring

Current Period - Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring		
		Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans	
			Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Loans	604,252,912	46,850,307	9,150,273	-
Export Loans	91,786,108	2,566,731	-	-
Import Loans	14,257,771	604,374	-	-
Corporation Loans	270,295,862	27,363,429	6,246,496	-
Consumer Loans	45,922,684	1,923,223	9,939	-
Credit Cards	102,371,242	12,125,631	523,044	-
Loans given to financial sector	20,269,807	-	-	-
Other	59,349,438	2,266,919	2,370,794	-
Other Receivables	3,837	182,725	-	-
Total	604,256,749	47,033,032	9,150,273	-

Prior Period - Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring		
		Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans	
			Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Loans	559,470,690	38,967,073	7,882,392	-
Export Loans	82,365,966	1,779,312	-	-
Import Loans	17,069,833	628,003	-	-
Corporation Loans	264,366,542	24,155,539	5,270,611	-
Consumer Loans	43,045,257	1,554,922	8,335	-
Credit Cards	84,483,940	9,914,451	537,639	-
Loans given to financial sector	8,678,950	-	-	-
Other	59,460,202	934,846	2,065,807	-
Other Receivables	12,731	231,077	-	-
Total	559,483,421	39,198,150	7,882,392	-

Information on standard loans and loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring regarding provision

	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring
	Current Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Prior Period
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	3,087,617	-	2,656,404	-
Expected Loss Provision for Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	22,439	-	24,836	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	5,781,393	-	5,427,020
Total	3,110,056	5,781,393	2,681,240	5,427,020

1.5.3 Distribution of cash loans and other receivables according to their maturities

Not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

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1.5.4 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards

Current Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	3,342,113	30,497,167	33,839,280
Housing Loans	39,833	24,452,757	24,492,590
Vehicle Loans	1,418,466	3,948,959	5,367,425
Consumer Loans	1,875,041	1,757,794	3,632,835
Other	8,773	337,657	346,430
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	512,367	13,133,134	13,645,501
Housing Loans	459,001	11,387,648	11,846,649
Vehicle Loans	44,203	1,264,304	1,308,507
Consumer Loans	9,163	481,182	490,345
Other	-	-	-
Retail Credit Cards-TL	50,726,019	22	50,726,041
With Instalment	14,061,847	22	14,061,869
Without Instalment	36,664,172	-	36,664,172
Retail Credit Cards-FC	10,045	22,296	32,341
With Instalment	-	22,296	22,296
Without Instalment	10,045	-	10,045
Personnel Loans-TL	142,446	228,619	371,065
Housing Loans	139	23,931	24,070
Vehicle Loans	24,010	54,493	78,503
Consumer Loans	118,297	150,195	268,492
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-TL	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	280,242	2	280,244
With Instalment	107,873	2	107,875
Without Instalment	172,369	-	172,369
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Instalment	-	-	-
Without-instalment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	-
Total	55,013,232	43,881,240	98,894,472

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Prior Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	3,331,699	28,406,803	31,738,502
Housing Loans	61,108	23,513,731	23,574,839
Vehicle Loans	1,740,954	3,451,526	5,192,480
Consumer Loans	1,522,541	1,082,194	2,604,735
Other	7,096	359,352	366,448
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	520,571	12,026,292	12,546,863
Housing Loans	473,640	10,423,828	10,897,468
Vehicle Loans	38,593	1,187,429	1,226,022
Consumer Loans	8,338	415,035	423,373
Other	-	-	-
Retail Credit Cards-TL	37,396,482	22	37,396,504
With Instalment	9,703,142	22	9,703,164
Without Instalment	27,693,340	-	27,693,340
Retail Credit Cards-FC	10,416	18,777	29,193
With Instalment	-	18,777	18,777
Without Instalment	10,416	-	10,416
Personnel Loans-TL	161,642	161,507	323,149
Housing Loans	752	19,912	20,664
Vehicle Loans	28,899	57,859	86,758
Consumer Loans	131,991	83,736	215,727
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	253,532	2	253,534
With Instalment	86,915	2	86,917
Without Instalment	166,617	-	166,617
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Instalment	-	-	-
Without-instalment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	-
Total	41,674,342	40,613,403	82,287,745

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1.5.5 Information on commercial instalment loans and corporate credit cards

Current Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Commercial Instalment Loans-TL	6,774,890	85,420,789	92,195,679
Business Loans	131,480	5,996,896	6,128,376
Vehicle Loans	5,192,354	61,931,415	67,123,769
Consumer Loans	1,451,056	17,492,478	18,943,534
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Instalment Loans-FC Indexed	3,010	55,794	58,804
Business Loans	3,010	-	3,010
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	55,794	55,794
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Instalment Loans-FC	12,625,144	29,789,014	42,414,158
Business Loans	1,754,440	4,077,857	5,832,297
Vehicle Loans	212,061	15,580,880	15,792,941
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	10,658,643	10,130,277	20,788,920
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	63,948,027	-	63,948,027
With Instalment	26,700,015	-	26,700,015
Without Instalment	37,248,012	-	37,248,012
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	18,314	14,950	33,264
With Instalment	-	-	-
Without Instalment	18,314	14,950	33,264
Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Total	83,369,385	115,280,547	198,649,932

Prior Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Commercial Instalment Loans-TL	6,999,374	78,634,287	85,633,661
Business Loans	90,473	5,597,764	5,688,237
Vehicle Loans	5,272,527	59,060,626	64,333,153
Consumer Loans	1,636,374	13,975,897	15,612,271
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Instalment Loans-FC Indexed	12,643	74,398	87,041
Business Loans	12,643	-	12,643
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	74,398	74,398
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Instalment Loans-FC	12,671,877	29,387,450	42,059,327
Business Loans	992,987	4,429,505	5,422,492
Vehicle Loans	251,186	15,272,807	15,523,993
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	11,427,704	9,685,138	21,112,842
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	57,231,371	-	57,231,371
With Instalment	21,381,169	-	21,381,169
Without Instalment	35,850,202	-	35,850,202
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	7,179	18,249	25,428
With Instalment	-	-	-
Without Instalment	7,179	18,249	25,428
Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Total	76,922,444	108,114,384	185,036,828

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1.5.6. Breakdown of loans by users

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1.5.7 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic loans	599,807,154	554,131,783
Foreign loans	60,632,900	52,432,180
Total	660,440,054	606,563,963

1.5.8 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates	14,409	318
Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
Total	14,409	318

1.5.9 Specific provisions for loans or default (third stage) provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	4,284,893	1,360,043
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	3,336,259	3,178,863
Uncollectible loans and receivables	6,610,557	5,138,692
Total	14,231,709	9,677,598

1.5.10 Information on non-performing loans (Net)

1.5.10.1 Information on loans and other receivables included in loans under follow-up account, which are restructured or rescheduled

	III. Group Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability	IV. Group Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	V. Group Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
Current Period			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	12,196	321,371	796
Restructured Loans and Receivables	12,196	321,371	796
Prior Period			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	12,196	-	1,020
Restructured Loans and Receivables	12,196	-	1,020

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1.5.10.2. Information on the movement of total non-performing loans

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Current Period			
Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2025	2,477,298	4,679,512	6,212,070
Additions in the current period (+)	6,310,226	3,817,488	5,624,147
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	834,887	500,562
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	834,887	500,562	-
Collections in the current period (-)	890,414	3,743,714	4,464,981
Write offs (-) (*)	-	-	-
Sold Portfolio (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Ending balance of the current period	7,062,223	5,087,611	7,871,798
Specific provisions (-)	4,284,893	3,336,259	6,610,557
Net balances on balance sheet	2,777,330	1,751,352	1,261,241

(*) The bank has no receivables to write off from its assets in 2026.

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Prior Period			
Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2024	1,727,694	1,685,255	4,175,904
Additions in the current period (+)	3,612,622	4,385,191	10,950,498
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	1,417,003	1,072,121
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	1,417,003	1,072,365	-
Collections in the current period (-)	1,445,959	1,735,572	4,709,878
Write offs (-) (*)	56	-	5,276,575
Sold Portfolio (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Ending balance of the current period	2,477,298	4,679,512	6,212,070
Specific provisions (-)	1,360,043	3,178,863	5,138,692
Net balances on balance sheet	1,117,255	1,500,649	1,073,378

(*) In 2025, the Parent Bank has written off TL 5,276,631 of its receivables from its assets. As a result of this transaction, there was an effect of 30 basis points on the defaulted conversion rate.

1.5.10.3 Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Current Period			
Ending balance of the current period	894,466	1,000,405	1,023,375
Provision amount (-)	633,645	555,072	767,524
Net balance at the balance sheet	260,821	445,333	255,851
Prior Period			
Ending balance of the current period	244,272	802,104	836,424
Provision amount (-)	136,776	502,682	614,440
Net balance at the balance sheet	107,496	299,422	221,984

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1.5.10.4 Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Current Period (Net)	2,761,100	1,765,233	1,263,590
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	7,045,993	5,101,492	7,874,147
Specific provision (-)	4,284,893	3,336,259	6,610,557
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)	2,761,100	1,765,233	1,263,590
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)	1,117,255	1,500,649	1,073,378
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	2,477,298	4,679,512	6,212,070
Specific provision (-)	1,360,043	3,178,863	5,138,692
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)	1,117,255	1,500,649	1,073,378
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

1.5.10.5. In terms of financial instrument classes, the aging analysis of past due but not impaired financial assets is as follows

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

1.5.10.6 Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision

The Parent Bank	III. Group Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability	IV. Group Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	V. Group Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Current Period (Net)	107,420	179,092	662,749
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	270,715	323,389	799,930
Provision (-)	163,295	144,297	137,181

The Parent Bank	III. Group Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability	IV. Group Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	V. Group Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
Prior Period (Net)	65,539	161,365	131,207
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	175,461	601,107	793,578
Provision (-)	109,922	439,742	662,371

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1.5.11 Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

1.5.12 Information on the write-off policy

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

1.6 Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost

1.6.1 Information on other financial assets measured at amortized cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	61,166,966	60,376,058
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	61,166,966	60,376,058
Not Quoted	-	-
Total	61,166,966	60,376,058

1.6.2 Movements of other financial assets measured at amortized cost during the year

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	60,376,058	58,614,422
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	996,116	5,861,072
Purchases During the Year	1,965,175	1,722,460
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	2,002,324	7,768,913
Transfers	-	1,791,226
Income Accrual and Rediscounts	(168,059)	155,791
Total	61,166,966	60,376,058

1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net)

1.7.1 The 1.49% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 4,897 (31 December 2025 – TL 4,897), ownership of the shares of Katılım Finans Kefalet A.Ş amounting to TL 90,000, which corresponds to 15% in (31 December 2025 – TL 90,000), Swift shares amounting to TL 12,111 (31 December 2025 – TL 11,952) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa Istanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2025 – TL 15), 2.86% ownership of the shares of JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 2,755 (31 December 2025 – TL 2,755), the 0.31% ownership of the shares of İhracatı Geliştirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 30,420 (31 December 2025 – TL 30,420), VISA shares amounting to TL 473,590 (31 December 2025 – TL 530,339) and other shares amounting to TL 16,146 (31 December 2025 – TL 16,132) are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the share percentages in these partnerships are below 10% and the Parent Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.

1.7.2 Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2025 – None).

1.7.3 Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2025 – None).

1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net)

1.8.1 Although the Parent Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş and Architech Bilgi Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş and KT Sağlık Gayrimenkul A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with “Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks” published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated.

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1.8.2 Information on subsidiaries

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	KT Bank AG(*)	Frankfurt/ Germany	100	100
2	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.(***)	İstanbul/Türkiye	100	100
3	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100	100
4	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100	100
5	Kuveyt Türk Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100	100
6	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	74	74
7	Architect Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş.(**)	İstanbul/Türkiye	100	100
8	Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş.(**)	İstanbul/Türkiye	99.99	99.99
9	Kuveyt Türk Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100	100
10	Sağlam Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100	100
11	KT Sağlam Gayrimenkul A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100	100

Information on subsidiaries in the order listed above

	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss	Fair value
1 (*)	52,043,884	8,243,872	822,659	453,390	40,186	7,967	5,745	-
2 (***)	53,346,717	10,165,773	1,526,402	2,734,930	2,730,900	2,263,327	473,519	-
3	1,489	1,329	-	-	-	66	133	-
4	10,896,257	1,749	-	-	-	47	72	-
5	2,995,587	2,701,842	57,626	-	-	505,936	287,002	-
6	1,662,869	1,407,181	123,236	57,393	56,690	68,540	4,645	-
7 (**)	2,048,876	1,608,252	342,988	85,257	30,923	207,029	319,563	-
8 (**)	408,368	246,306	242,592	-	-	(9,145)	1,702	-
9	2,663,870	1,364,201	45,433	41,165	39,324	162,117	27,087	-
10	462,086	459,203	10,863	-	-	327	11,124	-
11	8,316,353	8,152,209	7,917	-	-	49,631	(392)	-

(*) As of 31 March 2026, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

(**) These are the amounts in the statutory financial statements dated 31 March 2026, regulated according to the Turkish Commercial Code.

(***) According to Article 10 of the Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Insurance and Reinsurance and Pension Companies, Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. calculates a minimum required equity capital twice a year, in June and December periods, and there is no capital deficiency on 31 March 2026 (31 December 2025: None).

Information on the investment funds that were consolidated according to the full consolidation method with the Parent Bank as of 31 March 2026

	Title	The Parent Bank's share ratio (%)	Group's share ratio (%)	Net Asset Value
1	KT Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	100	100	468
2	KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (TL) Fon	100	100	21,408,738
3	KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon	100	100	3,469
4	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	100	100	658,447
5	KT Portföy Lonca Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	100	100	372,748
6	KT Portföy Neova Katılım Serbest Özel (TL) Fon	-	100	664,003
7	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Neova Katılım Sigorta Özel Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	-	100	14,371
8	KT Portföy NKS Katılım Serbest (TL) Özel Fon	-	100	4,327,980
9	KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Abd Doları) Özel Fon	-	100	912
10	Kuveyt Türk Portföy NKV Kısa Vadeli Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	-	100	12,870,725

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11	Kuveyt Trk Portfy KTYMD Kısa Vadeli Katılım Serbest zel Fon	-	100	558,183
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Movement regarding the subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,123,680	123,680
Movements during the year		8,000,000
Purchases (*)	-	8,000,000
Transfers from subsidiaries (net)	-	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	-	-
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	8,123,680	8,123,680
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	-

(*) None. (The Parent Bank established the subsidiary KT Sağlam Gayrimenkul A.Ş. with a capital of TL 8,000,000,000 (full amount) on 24 February 2025.)

Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	1,592,030	1,592,030
Insurance Companies	3,401,796	2,401,796
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Subsidiaries	1,793,106	1,243,106
Total	6,786,932	5,236,932

Consolidated subsidiaries listed on the stock exchange:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	541,106	541,106
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-
Total	541,106	541,106

1.8.3 Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries

The Partner Bank's equity of KT Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of 31 March 2026, is EUR 161,998,282 (Full EUR amount) and the capital adequacy ratio is 21.7%.

1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit/loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*)	50%	79,351,240	2,237,216	134,101	163,086	128,907

(*) In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. The Parent Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by Istanbul Trade Registry Office.

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1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)

1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	49,616,335	39,141,285	47,829,897	37,587,055
1 to 4 years	37,693,032	33,925,795	34,153,287	31,726,725
More than 4 years	1,468,096	1,390,844	1,286,809	1,273,967
Total	88,777,463	74,457,924	83,269,993	70,587,747

1.10.2 Net investments in finance leases

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases	88,777,463	83,269,993
Unearned finance lease income (-)	14,319,539	12,682,246
Unearned finance lease income (-)	-	-
Net Leasing Investment	74,457,924	70,587,747

1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts

The Parent Bank determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Parent Bank gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfil its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the Bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non-performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 1,977,704 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2025 – TL 1,184,821).

1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes

None (31 December 2025 – None).

1.12. Information on tangible asset

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

1.13. Information on tangible asset

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

1.14. Explanations on investment properties

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	228,871	317,050
Additions	-	11,176
Disposals (-), Net	-	(99,355)
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	228,871	228,871

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1.15 Information on deferred tax asset

As of 31 March 2026, deferred tax is offset as TL 5,720,319 in the balance sheet. The deferred tax asset is TL 8,123,701 (31 December 2025 – TL 7,865,516) and the deferred tax liability is TL 2,403,382 (31 December 2025 – TL 6,602,478).

	Current Period	Prior Period
TFRS 9 Provisions	1,845,117	1,640,136
Property, Plant and Equipment Valuation Differences	2,807,769	2,634,141
Employee Rights Liability	932,016	1,178,597
Deferred Income	792,932	754,996
Employment Termination Benefit Liability	546,405	497,029
Derivative Financial Instruments Rediscounts	(1,157,742)	(4,934,221)
Precious metal valuation differences	200,851	(875,589)
Securities Valuation Difference	(1,115,225)	(426,764)
Provision for litigation and late payment penalties	535,114	546,681
Transferred Financial Losses (*)	404,503	411,929
Other	(71,421)	(163,897)
Net Deferred Tax Asset	5,720,319	1,263,038

(*) The Group has recognised deferred tax assets amounting to TL 404,503 (31 December 2025: TL 411,929) since it is expected that sufficient taxable income will be available to offset tax losses in the coming periods.

Table of deferred tax asset movement

	Current Period	Prior Period
As of 1 January	1,263,038	8,456,578
Deferred tax (expense)/income	3,551,398	(6,896,979)
Deferred tax accounted under equity	887,681	(384,948)
Other	18,202	88,387
Deferred tax asset	5,720,319	1,263,038

1.16. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	2,011,387	522,743
Additions	261,275	1,679,811
Transfers from Tangible Asset	-	-
Disposals (-), Net	195,740	191,167
Transfer to Tangible Assets	-	-
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Provision for Impairment (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	2,076,922	2,011,387

1.17 Information on other assets

As of balance sheet date, the Group's other assets amount to TL 37,540,132 (31 December 2025 – TL 41,739,727). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

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2. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Liabilities

2.1 Information on funds collected

2.1.1 Information on maturity structure of funds collected

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total (*)
I. Real persons current accounts-TL	54,182,728	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,182,728
II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL	-	48,298,930	113,090,313	3,815,218	-	3,963,010	2,435,369	19,143	171,621,983
III. Another current accounts-TL	48,629,801	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,629,801
Public sector	2,041,320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,041,320
Commercial sector	45,480,626	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,480,626
Other institutions	903,764	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	903,764
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	204,091	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	204,091
Central Bank of Republic of Türkiye	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	199,042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	199,042
Participation banks	479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	479
Other	4,570	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,570
IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL	-	25,793,722	42,838,030	365,834	-	24,209,551	172,429	57	93,379,623
Public sector	-	784,769	56,965	22,425	-	3,036,984	-	-	3,901,143
Commercial sector	-	23,985,056	40,763,495	294,532	-	20,788,356	171,848	57	86,003,344
Other institutions	-	891,137	1,875,461	48,877	-	382,653	511	-	3,198,639
Commercial and other institutions	-	132,760	141,808	-	-	1,558	70	-	276,196
Banks and participation banks	-	-	301	-	-	-	-	-	301
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	119,118,683	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	119,118,683
VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC	-	15,833,683	20,920,192	2,787,842	-	10,679,387	4,506,594	45,104	54,772,802
VII. Another current accounts-FC	67,035,471	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67,035,471
Commercial residents in Türkiye	50,913,446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,913,446
Commercial residents in Abroad	11,600,054	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,600,054
Banks and participation banks	4,521,971	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,521,971
Central Bank of Republic of Türkiye	898,148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	898,148
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	3,617,513	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,617,513
Participation banks	6,310	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,310
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC	-	2,023,780	3,029,253	902,337	-	889,614	245,463	1,237	7,091,684
Public sector	-	22	9,719	-	-	-	-	-	9,741
Commercial sector	-	1,520,040	1,083,354	38,052	-	191,210	27,767	1,237	2,861,660
Other institutions	-	21,563	1,831,055	864,215	-	698,404	217,696	-	3,632,933
Commercial and other institutions	-	482,155	105,125	70	-	-	-	-	587,350
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Precious metal funds	360,281,816	33,642,932	13,299,692	2,748,951	-	1,596,547	151,073	-	411,721,011
X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL	-	-	849	-	-	147,568	-	-	148,417
Residents in Türkiye	-	-	849	-	-	147,568	-	-	148,417
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Türkiye	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (**)	649,248,499	125,593,047	193,178,329	10,620,182	-	41,485,677	7,510,928	65,541	1,027,702,203

(*) There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Group.

(**) As of 31 March 2026, the Parent Bank has a total of 13,870,467 (31 December 2025: TL 12,773,039) currency protected TL time deposit accounts amounting to TL 13,870,467 (31 December 2025: TL 12,773,039) opened within the scope of the "Communiqué on Supporting Conversion to Turkish Lira Deposit and Participation Accounts" published by the CBRT in the Official Gazette dated 21 December 2021 and numbered 31696.

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Prior Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total (*)
I. Real persons current accounts-TL	56,931,577	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,931,577
II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL	-	43,867,032	116,390,386	3,377,657	-	4,297,573	2,998,551	22,162	170,953,361
III. Another current accounts-TL	52,348,371	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,348,371
Public sector	4,253,932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,253,932
Commercial sector	46,957,498	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,957,498
Other institutions	949,146	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	949,146
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	187,795	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	187,795
Central Bank of Republic of Türkiye	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	183,892	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	183,892
Participation banks	3,854	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,854
Other	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49
IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL	-	8,546,818	53,921,182	401,290	-	21,092,273	194,153	53	84,155,769
Public sector	-	345,023	113,705	-	-	2,426,043	-	-	2,884,771
Commercial sector	-	7,423,958	52,290,079	344,924	-	18,527,936	193,546	53	78,780,496
Other institutions	-	620,803	1,487,404	56,366	-	134,367	537	-	2,299,477
Commercial and other institutions	-	157,034	29,713	-	-	3,927	70	-	190,744
Banks and participation banks	-	-	281	-	-	-	-	-	281
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	121,313,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121,313,999
VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC	-	16,539,006	21,543,084	2,990,687	-	10,650,458	3,702,579	40,484	55,466,298
VII. Another current accounts-FC	64,319,530	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,319,530
Commercial residents in Türkiye	49,924,411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,924,411
Commercial residents in Abroad	10,852,076	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,852,076
Banks and participation banks	3,543,043	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,543,043
Central Bank of Republic of Türkiye	685,365	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	685,365
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	2,851,503	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,851,503
Participation banks	6,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,175
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC	-	1,900,445	2,659,779	769,128	-	885,840	242,197	515	6,457,904
Public sector	-	21	16,614	-	-	-	-	-	16,635
Commercial sector	-	1,541,757	948,730	37,348	-	214,284	29,908	515	2,772,542
Other institutions	-	20,950	1,585,003	731,711	-	671,556	212,289	-	3,221,509
Commercial and other institutions	-	337,717	109,432	69	-	-	-	-	447,218
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Precious metal funds	275,429,437	30,048,846	12,338,998	2,554,026	-	1,380,755	148,203	-	321,900,265
X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL	-	-	-	-	-	310,261	351,900	-	662,161
Residents in Türkiye	-	-	-	-	-	310,261	151,900	-	462,161
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,000	-	200,000
XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Türkiye	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	570,342,914	100,902,147	206,853,429	10,092,788	-	38,617,160	7,637,583	63,214	934,509,235

(*) There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Group.

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2.1.2 Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund

2.1.2.1 Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real and Legal Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund

	Under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance		Exceeding the limit of saving Deposit	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Real and legal persons current and profit-sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities				
TL accounts	145,516,261	137,558,118	223,136,561	227,869,225
FC accounts	267,943,295	212,260,066	353,634,346	321,711,481
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions' under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real and legal persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 1,200 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

2.1.2.2 If the headquarters of the Parent Bank's is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained

The headquarters of the Parent Bank is in Türkiye.

2.1.2.3 Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund

The Parent Bank has no current or profit-sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit-sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first-degree relatives.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' profit-sharing accounts and other accounts	-	-
Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit-sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	47,657	31,894
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No 5237 dated 26 September 2004	3,725	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Türkiye in order to engage in offshore banking activities solely	-	-

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2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	232,337	72,152	185,009	164,897
Swap transactions	1,263,016	28,080,527	1,257,657	1,241,763
Total	1,495,353	28,152,679	1,442,666	1,406,660

2.3 Information on funds borrowed

2.3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	8,992,306	120,087,907	13,517,469	123,755,890
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	59,190,753	-	59,940,996
Total	8,992,306	179,278,660	13,517,469	183,696,886

2.3.2 Presentation of loans received according to the remaining maturity

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	8,720,429	145,625,175	13,204,861	149,974,383
Medium and Long-Term	271,877	33,653,485	312,608	33,722,503
Total	8,992,306	179,278,660	13,517,469	183,696,886

2.3.4 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Parent Bank's major liabilities

A large part of the loans received by the Parent Bank consists of foreign currency loans. There is no risk concentration of the Parent Bank's current and profit-sharing accounts.

2.4. Information on securities issued

None.

Current Period	TL		FC	
	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	-	-	-	-
Remaining Income Distribution	-	-	-	-
Book Value	-	-	-	-
Prior Period	TL		FC	
	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short-Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	101,248	-	-	-
Remaining Income Distribution	-	-	-	-
Book Value	101,248	-	-	-

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2.5. Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables

As of 31 March 2026, other liabilities amount to TL 29,199,951 (31 December 2025 – TL 43,169,797), sundry creditors amount to TL 12,966,112 (31 December 2025 – TL 26,473,417). These items are included under “Other Liabilities” in the balance sheet and do not exceed 10% of the total.

2.6 Information on finance lease payables (net)

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	127,527	131,517	95,532	102,422
1 to 4 years	407,343	213,429	550,093	517,176
More than 4 years	4,044,352	2,771,292	3,663,862	2,233,478
Total	4,579,222	3,116,238	4,309,487	2,853,076

The Group used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit on 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee uses a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

2.6.1. Explanations on contract changes and the new obligations these changes bring to the Group

None (31 December 2025 – None).

2.6.1.1. Explanations on financial leasing obligations

None (31 December 2025 – None).

2.6.1.2. Explanations on operating lease

Leasing is classified as an operating lease in which the lessor holds all the risks and benefits of that asset. Such transactions include lease agreements belonging to branches, which can be cancelled with prior notice. There are no significant obligations imposed by the changes in the contract related to the operating lease to the Group. The Group registers its lease payments based on operating lease agreements with equal amounts of expenses during the lease term.

2.7 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities

None (31 December 2025 - None).

2.8 Information on provisions

2.8.1 Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans

None.

2.8.2 Information on other provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Specific provisions for non-cash loans that are not indemnified converted into cash	250,795	240,698
General Provisions for non-cash loans	763,025	574,219
Provision for profits will be allocated to participation accounts	657,261	663,502
Credit cards of banking services applications	11,797	11,289
Other (*)	2,561,096	2,630,188
Total	4,243,974	4,119,896

(*) The other item mainly consists of litigation provision amounting to TL 533,784 (31 December 2025 - TL 621,679), expense provision amounting to TL 5,888 (31 December 2025 - TL 5,888) and other provisions amounting to TL 1,232,248 (31 December 2025 - TL 1,183,412).

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2.8.3 Information on provisions for employee benefits

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 1,827,787 (31 December 2025 – TL 1,662,975), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 660,720 (31 December 2025 – TL 73,766), performance premium amounting to TL 687,797 (31 December 2025 – TL 2,360,075), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 1,501,798 (31 December 2025 – TL 1,328,505), committee fee amounting to TL 211,968 (31 December 2025 – TL 165,051) and other fees amounting to TL 149,384 (31 December 2025 – TL 179,411).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Parent Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The compensation to be paid is up to one month's salary for each service year and this amount is limited to TL 64,948.77 (full TL amount) (31 December 2025 – TL 53,919.68 (full TL amount)). The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Parent Bank arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	29.20	29.20
Inflation rate (%)	24.66	24.66
Salary increases rate (%)	25.16	25.16

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	1,662,975	1,466,260
Provisions recognized during the period	208,630	458,902
Paid during the period	(31,369)	(59,903)
Actuarial loss	(12,449)	(202,284)
Balances at the end of the period	1,827,787	1,662,975

2.9 Explanations on tax liability

2.9.1 Explanations on current tax liability

2.9.1.1 Information on tax provisions

As of the balance sheet date, the Group has corporate tax liability amounting to TL 7,759,387 (31 December 2025: TL 9,174,180) and has no prepaid tax (31 December 2025: TL 7,416,633). The Bank has presented the corporate tax liability and prepaid tax as net in the financial statements.

2.9.1.2 Information on taxes payable

	Current Period	Prior Period
Taxation of marketable securities	2,406,250	2,278,443
Taxation of immovable property	18,503	14,893
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	681,494	672,102
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	166,596	123,001
Value Added Tax Payable	65,499	91,488
Income tax deducted from wages	359,024	271,459
Other	21,577	19,174
Total	3,718,943	3,470,560

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2.9.1.3 Information on premiums (*)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Insurance Premiums-Employee	353,281	125,686
Social Insurance Premiums-Employer	496,617	150,065
Unemployment insurance-Employee	25,227	8,976
Unemployment insurance-Employer	52,255	18,723
Total	927,380	303,450

(*) Included in Other Liabilities/Various Debts in the Balance Sheet.

2.9.1.4 Information on deferred tax liability

Within the scope of the relevant regulations, as of 31 March 2026, the deferred tax was netted as TL 5,720,319 (31 December 2025 – TL 1,263,038) in the balance sheet. The deferred tax asset was calculated as TL 8,123,701 (31 December 2025 – TL 7,865,516) and the deferred tax liability as TL 2,403,382 (31 December 2025 – TL 6,602,478).

2.10 Information on payables related to assets held for sale

None (31 December 2025 – None).

2.11 Information on subordinated loans

It has not been prepared in the interim period in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Disclosed to the Public by Banks and on Disclosures and Footnotes Related to Them.

2.12 Information on shareholders' equity

2.12.1 Presentation of paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common shares	8,000,000	8,000,000
Preference shares	-	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(7,865)	(4,869)
Total	7,992,135	7,995,131

(*) It represents the Parent Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

2.12.2 Amount of Paid-in Capital, Disclosure on whether the Bank Applies the Registered Share Capital System, and, if so, the Ceiling Amount of the Registered Share Capital

Registered capital system is not applied in the Parent Bank.

2.12.3 Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period

None (31 December 2025 – None).

2.12.4 Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period

None (31 December 2025 – None).

2.12.5 Possible effect of estimations made for the Group's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties

Based on the evaluation made considering the Group's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

2.12.6 Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital

None (31 December 2025 – None).

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2.12.7 Information on marketable securities value increase fund

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference (*)	(5,496,085)	305,478	(4,750,951)	1,417,016
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
Total	(5,496,085)	305,478	(4,750,951)	1,417,016

(*) Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet.

2.13 Information on minority shares

31 March 2026 – TL 351,795 (31 December 2025 – TL 333,584).

3. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Off-balance Sheet Contingencies and Commitments

3.1 Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts

3.1.1 Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments

Commitment for credit card limits, as of 31 March 2026 amounts to TL 270,510,114 (31 December 2025 – TL 186,789,622); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 10,248,751 (31 December 2025 – TL 8,113,715).

3.1.2 Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items

3.1.2.1 Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits

As of 31 March 2026, the Group's has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 150,428,183 (31 December 2025 – TL 136,449,555) of letters of guarantee; TL 1,518,982 (31 December 2025 – TL 1,382,873) of acceptances and TL 35,665,154 (31 December 2025 – TL 25,804,814) of letters of credit. Also, the Parent Bank has other acceptances amounting to TL 9,264,674 (31 December 2025 – TL 8,728,209).

3.1.2.2 Final guarantees, provisional guarantees, sureties and similar transactions

There are no other than those explained in 2.i.).

3.1.3 Total amount of non-cash loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	2,338,522	2,000,508
With original maturity of 1 year or less	2,338,522	2,000,508
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	194,538,471	170,364,943
Total	196,876,993	172,365,451

3.1.4. Information on sector-based risk concentration in non-cash loans

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

3.1.5. Information on non-cash loans classified in Stage I and II

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

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3.2. Explanations on derivative transactions

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

3.3. Explanations on credit derivatives and their risks

None.

3.4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

3.5. Explanations on services provided to other names and accounts

None.

3.6. Summary information on the rating of the Parent Bank to international rating agencies

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

4. Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income

4.1 Information on profit share income

4.1.1 Information on profit share received from loans

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Profit share on loans	27,102,242	4,982,752	19,841,158	3,671,436
Short term loans	11,071,129	2,048,722	10,142,596	1,591,390
Medium- and long-term loans	15,442,569	2,885,266	9,475,170	2,053,596
Profit share on non-performing loans	588,544	48,764	223,392	26,450
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-
Total	27,102,242	4,982,752	19,841,158	3,671,436

4.1.2 Information on profit share received from banks

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye	1,662	-	22	-
Domestic Banks	1,614,564	-	1,457,432	-
Foreign Banks	-	184,413	-	81,975
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	1,616,226	184,413	1,457,454	81,975

4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	1,987,880	86,986	569,055	235,746
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	4,742,165	875,911	2,995,409	356,509
Financial Assets valued at Amortized Cost	2,663,509	523,102	2,177,202	573,431
Total	9,393,554	1,485,999	5,741,666	1,165,686

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4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	536	532

4.2. Information on profit share expenses

4.2.1 Information on profit share given to loans used

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	192,516	773,787	480,848	586,560
The Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	192,516	36,444	191,572	22,713
Foreign banks	-	737,343	289,276	563,847
Other Institutions	860,300	1,223,178	8,809	881,477
Total	1,052,816	1,996,965	489,657	1,468,037

4.2.2 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Dividends paid to associates and subsidiaries	15,832	5,034

4.2.3 Profit share expense paid to securities issued

31 March 2026 – TL 1,335 (1 January - 31 March 2025 – TL 653,585).

4.3 Information on dividend income

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

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4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds

Current Period		Profit Sharing Accounts						
Account name	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	23
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	3,626,750	8,934,991	217,972	-	266,444	220,519	1,595	13,268,271
Public-sector profit-sharing account	61,668	7,877	1,649	-	12,862	-	-	84,056
Commercial sector profit sharing account	815,028	4,263,307	3,429	-	10,534	9,559	6	5,101,863
Other institutions profit sharing account	62,760	166,772	4,506	-	4,589	37	-	238,664
Total	4,566,206	13,372,970	227,556	-	294,429	230,115	1,601	18,692,877
FC								
Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	39,206	56,171	10,271	-	60,684	20,194	121	186,647
Public-sector profit-sharing account	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	37
Commercial sector profit sharing account	3,548	6,323	869	-	1,270	660	-	12,670
Other institutions profit sharing account	933	4,346	3,825	-	3,219	671	-	12,994
Precious metal accounts.	11,531	4,846	974	-	574	-	-	17,925
Total	55,218	71,723	15,939	-	65,747	21,525	121	230,273
Grand Total	4,621,424	13,444,693	243,495	-	360,176	251,640	1,722	18,923,150

Prior Period		Profit Sharing Accounts						
Account name	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	1,796,184	8,626,757	621,221	-	1,947,299	640,454	1,002	13,632,917
Public-sector profit-sharing account	925	5,410	-	-	5,780	-	-	12,115
Commercial sector profit sharing account	385,488	2,365,349	57,913	-	171,536	14,269	-	2,994,555
Other institutions profit sharing account	26,893	125,541	6,123	-	19,074	40	-	177,671
Total	2,209,490	11,123,061	685,257	-	2,143,689	654,763	1,002	16,817,262
FC								
Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	31,918	41,129	9,685	-	49,897	13,040	89	145,758
Public-sector profit-sharing account	-	276	-	-	-	-	-	276
Commercial sector profit sharing account	913	2,913	364	-	5,952	576	-	10,718
Other institutions profit sharing account	149	886	2,308	-	2,455	653	-	6,451
Precious metal accounts.	5,782	2,642	517	-	355	-	-	9,296
Total	38,762	47,846	12,874	-	58,659	14,269	89	172,499
Grand Total	2,248,252	11,170,907	698,131	-	2,202,348	669,032	1,091	16,989,761

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4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Trading profit / loss (net)	6,549,089	6,580,754
Profit	234,386,273	61,458,357
Gain on capital market transactions	1,321,061	275,402
Gain on derivative financial instruments	23,475,081	24,067,980
Foreign exchange profit	209,590,131	37,114,975
Losses (-)	227,837,184	54,877,603
Losses on capital market transactions	217,337	27,300
Losses on derivative financial instruments	65,737,639	19,423,835
Foreign exchange losses	161,882,208	35,426,468

4.6 Information on other operating income

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Group.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Insurance Premium Income	6,472,704	3,753,412
Reversal of prior period provisions	1,070,738	1,796,620
Income from sales of assets	51,920	165,423
Cancellations of Provisions from Profits to be Distributed to Participation Accounts	87,732	900,249
Rental income	8,773	6,171
Other Income	535,975	143,010
Total	8,227,842	6,764,885

4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank

	Current Period (*)	Prior Period (*)
Expected Credit Loss	6,168,615	2,623,991
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	493,583	38,612
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	563,231	244,824
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	5,111,801	2,340,555
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	212,273	89,785
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	212,273	89,785
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (**)	2,702,682	1,837,461
Total	9,083,570	4,551,237

(*) Includes the provisions in the "Other Provision Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

(**) Also includes provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation.

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4.8 Information on other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for retirement pay liability	177,261	101,123
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of tangible assets	621,696	362,365
Impairment Expenses of intangible fixed assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	216,163	74,259
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Other operating expenses	2,861,847	1,882,437
Lease Expenses Regarding TFRS 16 Exemptions	(5,452)	1,458
Maintenance expenses	623,430	473,013
Advertisement expenses	190,941	272,930
Communication expenses	249,600	137,357
Heating, electricity and water expenses	51,008	45,012
Cleaning expenses	27,810	27,113
Vehicle expenses	44,002	29,166
Stationery expenses	185,089	121,020
Other expenses	1,495,420	775,369
Losses on sales of assets	30	58
Deposit insurance fund expenses	744,099	529,761
Other (*)	5,631,218	3,250,405
Total	10,252,314	6,200,408

(*) As of 31 March 2026, the other line item primarily consists of Banking and Insurance Transactions Tax amounting to TL 515,985 (31 March 2025: TL 336,795), Contracted Attorney and Legal Consultancy expenses amounting to TL 474,119 (31 March 2025: TL 45,495), Financial Activity Fees amounting to TL 360,023 (31 March 2025: TL 194,949), and Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency Participation of TL 62,861 (31 March 2025: TL 49,291). It also includes Gross Claims Paid of TL 3,724,881 related to Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. (31 March 2025: TL 2,383,425).

4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

The Group's, current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL 6,784,200 (1 January - 31 March 2025 – TL 2,416,204), deferred tax expense of TL 4,421,837 (1 January - 31 March 2025 – TL 1,572,814), deferred tax income of TL 7,973,235 (1 January - 31 March 2025 – TL 151,659).

4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations

There is no profit/loss arising from discontinued operations within the operating profit/loss after tax.

4.12 Information on net income/loss

4.12.1 The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period

As of 31 March 2026, net profit share income is TL 25,640,428 (1 January - 31 March 2025 – TL 15,390,340) net fees and commission income is TL 4,982,190 (1 January - 31 March 2025 – TL 2,715,793).

4.12.2 Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods

None (1 January - 31 March 2025 – None).

4.12.3 Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit / (Loss) of Minority Shares	22,847	1,161

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4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statements

As of 31 March 2026, other fees and commissions received amounting to TL 11,793,407 (1 January - 31 March 2025 - TL 6,885,557) consist of credit card fees and commissions amounting to TL 4,989,766 (1 January - 31 March 2025 - TL 2,608,242), merchant POS transaction commissions amounting to TL 3,959,711 (1 January - 31 March 2025 - TL 2,379,181) and other commissions amounting to TL 2,843,930 (1 January - 31 March 2025 - TL 1,898,134).

As of 31 March 2026, other fees and commissions amounting to TL 7,173,313 (1 January - 31 March 2025 - TL 4,421,210) consist of POS commissions and installation expenses amounting to TL 4,553,613 (1 January - 31 March 2025 - TL 2,917,539), fees and commissions paid for credit cards amounting to TL 467,728 (1 January - 31 March 2025 - TL 337,935) and other commissions amounting to TL 2,151,972 (1 January - 31 March 2025 - TL 1,165,736).

5. Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

6. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

7. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Group

7.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Group, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period

Current Period

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	318	117,914	119,911	2,522	4,934	120,482
Balance at end of period	14,409	121,174	141,152	109,418	5,866	124,824
Profit share and commission income	-	536	2,960	780	301	-

(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

Prior Period

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	535	77,288	31,373	104,629	1,117	3,505
Balance at end of period	318	117,914	119,911	2,522	4,934	120,482
Profit share and commission income	-	532	1,231	229	-	-

(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

7.2. Information on current and profit-sharing accounts of the Group's risk group

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Current and profit-sharing accounts						
Balance at beginning of period	453,431	470,920	861,208	777,817	2,206,251	946,678
Balance at end of period	700,872	453,431	919,037	861,208	1,984,458	2,206,251
Profit share expense	15,832	5,034	16,060	28,116	32,796	977

(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

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7.3 Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Group

Risk group of the Group	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Transactions at Fair Value through Profit or Loss						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	8,418,306	1,459,578	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	10,698,301	8,418,306	-	-
Total Profit / (Loss)	-	-	437	(4,926)	-	-
Hedging Transactions						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-

7.4 Information on loans received from the Group's risk group

Risk group of the Group	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Borrowings						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	17,446,977	14,649,976	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	17,876,863	17,446,977	-	-
Profit share expense	-	-	103,119	62,452	-	-

7.5 Information on subordinated loans used by the Group's from its risk group

USD 35,000,000 (full amount) of the USD 350,000,000 (full amount) subordinated Tier-II sukuk issued by the Parent Bank on 16 September 2021 was allocated to Kuwait Finance House.

7.6 Information on remunerations provided to top management

As of 1 January - 31 March 2026, the Group has paid TL 894,818 to top management (1 January – 31 March 2025- TL 650,665).

8. Information about the branches of the Group in domestic, foreign and coastal banking regions and their representative offices abroad

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

9. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date

None.

SECTION SIX

OTHER EXPLANATIONS

- 1. Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet**

None.

SECTION SEVEN

LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

- 1. Explanations on the limited review report**

The consolidated financial statements have been reviewed by DRT Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 13 May 2026 is presented preceding the consolidated financial statements.

- 1. Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor:**

None.

SECTION EIGHT

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED ACTIVITY REPORT

- 1. The Parent Bank explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager**

- 1.1 About Kuveyt Türk**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank's has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

As of 31 March 2026, 57.81% of the Parent Bank shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 24.49% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 8.36% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 8.36% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 0.98% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

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1.2 Financial Information Summary

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (SELECTED ITEMS)	31.03.2026	31.12.2025
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	336,750,828	356,736,377
BANKS	165,354,638	94,342,465
SECURITIES	280,555,687	223,745,679
LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	680,461,686	619,932,843
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	74,457,924	70,587,747
EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	23,128,622	17,790,387
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	9,562,815	8,781,754
OTHER ASSETS	68,550,572	95,724,793
TOTAL ASSETS	1,592,565,528	1,452,061,271
FUNDS COLLECTED	1,027,702,203	934,509,235
FUNDS BORROWED	188,270,966	197,214,355
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED	-	101,248
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES	3,116,238	2,853,076
SUBORDINATED LOANS	15,827,672	15,048,512
OTHER LIABILITIES	207,623,710	165,910,054
EQUITY	150,024,739	136,424,791
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,592,565,528	1,452,061,271
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT	31.03.2026	31.03.2025
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	53,347,165	38,994,449
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	27,706,737	23,604,109
NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	25,640,428	15,390,340
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	4,982,190	2,715,793
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	7,367,014	5,111,661
DIVIDEND INCOME	3,852	1,002
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	6,549,089	6,580,754
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	8,227,842	6,764,885
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	6,168,615	2,623,991
OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	2,914,955	1,927,246
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	10,252,314	6,200,408
PROFIT / LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING	74,322	64,454
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX	18,774,825	15,653,922
TAX PROVISION (-)	3,232,802	3,837,359
NET PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	15,542,023	11,816,563
RATIOS	31.03.2026	31.12.2025
Total Loans/Total Assets*	47.40%	47.55%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	73.46%	73.89%
Average Equity Profit **	43.41%	55.78%
Average Assets Profit **	4.08%	5.02%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	17.34%	22.55%

* Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

** Related ratios calculated by included in interim periods' profit amounts to year-end balances.

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1.3 Message from the Chairman

Dear Shareholders,

In the first quarter of 2026, the global growth outlook was adversely affected by escalating geopolitical tensions in the Middle East and volatility in energy prices. In its March 2026 report, the OECD maintained its global growth forecast at 2.9%, while revising its 2027 projection downward. The primary driver of this outlook was the significant disruption of transit through the Strait of Hormuz and the damage to regional energy infrastructure, which resulted in price increases across global markets. Downside risks to the global economy, particularly policy uncertainty and elevated energy costs, remain pronounced, while geopolitical developments continue to sustain vulnerabilities in supply chains and inflationary pressures.

In the United States, the economic outlook exhibited a mixed trajectory over the quarter. Annual inflation, which stood at 2.4% in January and February, rose to 3.3% in March 2026, reaching its highest level since May 2024, driven by increased energy costs stemming from geopolitical tensions in the Middle East. The labor market remained relatively resilient, with the unemployment rate declining to 4.3%. The Federal Reserve maintained its policy rate within the 3.50%–3.75% range, in line with market expectations. Federal Reserve officials emphasized that a data-dependent and cautious approach would be maintained going forward. The inflationary impact of rising energy prices has delayed expectations for potential interest rate cuts.

In the Euro Area, growth momentum remained weak, while the contraction in industrial production raised concerns over stagflation. Inflation, which stood at 1.9% in February, slightly below the European Central Bank's target, rose to 2.6% in March 2026 amid an energy shock triggered by the Iran conflict. At its March meeting, the European Central Bank maintained a cautious stance in the face of heightened uncertainty stemming from geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, keeping the deposit facility rate at 2.00% and the refinancing rate at 2.15%. The ECB projected GDP growth at 0.9% for 2026 and revised its inflation forecast upward to 2.6%. The risk of higher energy prices feeding into consumer prices and wages has necessitated a more prudent approach to monetary easing in the region.

While Asian economies continue to contribute to global growth, downward revisions to regional growth expectations have become more prevalent. The OECD projects that China's economy will grow by 4.4% in 2026, which is notably below the 5% growth recorded in 2025. Structural weaknesses in the real estate sector, the reemergence of trade tensions with the United States, and rising global energy costs continue to pose downside risks to regional growth prospects.

In the Turkish economy, the disinflation process has continued with determination, albeit with some volatility. Annual inflation declined to 30.87% in March 2026, decreasing by 0.66 percentage points compared to the previous month. On the GDP side, the Turkish economy completed 2025 with growth of 3.6%, while in the final quarter of the year, growth was recorded at 3.4%, supported by domestic demand and investment activity. At its first Monetary Policy Committee meeting of the year on 22 January, the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) reduced the policy rate by 100 basis points from 38% to 37%, thereby maintaining a cautious easing cycle. At the March meeting, however, the policy rate was kept unchanged at 37%, with geopolitical developments in the Middle East and their associated risks to the inflation outlook highlighted as key considerations. Ensuring a sustained and lasting decline in inflation continues to depend on effective expectations management and the maintenance of a tight monetary policy stance.

Our Bank continued to make strong contributions to the Turkish economy and the participation finance sector as it entered the second quarter of the year. Total funding base increased by 47.8% year-on-year to TL 1.2 trillion, while total financing extended rose by 48.6% to TL 717.1 billion. Kuveyt Türk increased its net profit by 15.7% compared to the same period last year, reaching TL 12.1 billion. In addition, the Bank expanded its shareholders' equity to TL 131.6 billion and its total assets to TL 1.5 trillion, maintaining its leadership among participation banks in terms of asset size and preserving its 10th position in the banking sector.

As Kuveyt Türk, we continue to further strengthen our leading position in the sector with our strong technological infrastructure, customer-centric service approach, and uninterrupted support for the real economy. Through innovative solutions offered via our digital channels and sustainable financing products, we remain committed to creating value for all our stakeholders.

Regards,

Hamad Abdulmohsen ALMARZOUQ

Head of the BOD

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

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1.4 Message from the General Manager

Dear Shareholders,

In the first quarter of 2026, the global economy entered a period of heightened uncertainty amid escalating geopolitical tensions in the Middle East and increasing threats to energy supply security. In an environment characterized by deepening uncertainty in global trade policy, major central banks maintained a cautious stance by keeping policy rates unchanged.

Turning to the Turkish economy, 2025 was completed with growth of 3.6%, while an increasing contribution from investments in the growth composition has strengthened signals of a more balanced economic structure. The Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) reduced the policy rate by 100 basis points in January to 37%, but kept the rate unchanged at its March meeting in order to limit the risks posed by the ongoing conflict in the Middle East on energy prices and the inflation outlook. Annual CPI inflation stood at 30.87% in March, indicating that the disinflation process continues to follow a volatile path, while cumulative inflation in the first quarter reached 10.04%. Although core inflation at 29.68% remaining below headline inflation provides a positive signal, the structural rigidity in services inflation, recorded at 40.26%, remains a significant risk factor. The unemployment rate stood at 8.1% in March, while the rise in the broad underutilization of labor to 31.5% points to continued structural weaknesses in the labor market.

In this period marked by rising global risks and pronounced domestic macroeconomic challenges, Kuveyt Türk continued to support the real sector. Thanks to our strong capital base, robust liquidity position, and proactive risk management approach, we strengthened our financial resilience in an environment of uncertainty and maintained uninterrupted asset growth. While adhering to participation banking principles in delivering reliable and high-quality services to our customers, we further advanced our digital transformation initiatives. With our AI-powered new applications, we accelerated our processes and intensified our efforts to provide a more personalized and efficient banking experience for our customers.

Going forward, we aim to further strengthen our profitability on a sustainable basis and to play a leading role in the development of the participation finance sector. We will continue to respond to the needs of the real economy through innovative financial solutions, while adding value to the national economy with our expert workforce and technological infrastructure. By further enhancing our capabilities in digital platforms and our customer-centric service approach, we will strengthen our leadership position in the sector, and we will increase our support for environmentally responsible projects through our green financing instruments and sustainability-focused investment products. As Kuveyt Türk, we will continue to maintain a stance that closely monitors global and local dynamics, prudently manages financial and non-financial risks, and effectively capitalizes on opportunities as they arise at the right time. With our strong balance sheet structure, effective risk management approach, and technology-driven transformation vision, we will adapt swiftly and accurately to changing economic conditions.

I would like to thank our valued colleagues for their dedicated contributions throughout this journey, as well as our esteemed stakeholders whose support we always feel by our side.

Regards,

Ufuk UYAN

General Manager

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

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1.5 Financial Position, Performance and Assessment of the Prospects for the Future

Based on the consolidated financial statements prepared as of 31 March 2026, our asset size reached TL 1 trillion 593 million, while our fund disbursement was TL 754 billion 920 million and the funds we collected were TL 1 trillion 28 billion. In the first three months of 2026, our shareholders' equity increased by 9.97% to TL 150 billion 25 million with the effect of TL 15 billion 542 million profit. Our consolidated capital adequacy ratio was 17.34% as of 31 March 2026.

1.6 Announcement Regarding Important Developments within 3 Months

In line with the resolutions of the Ordinary General Assembly Meeting held on 27 March 2026, and following the approvals of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA) and the Ministry of Trade, it was resolved to amend the Capital clause of the Articles of Association. Accordingly, the Parent Bank's paid-in capital of TL 8,000,000 was increased by TL 3,100,000 to TL 11,100,000. The relevant General Assembly resolution was registered on 6 April 2026.

1.7 Assessment of the Expectations Related to the Subsequent Interim Period

In the first quarter of 2026, progress in the disinflation process slowed. Although annual inflation declined to 30.87% in March, cumulative inflation in the first quarter reaching 10.04%, together with services inflation at 40.26%, which is significantly above headline inflation, indicates that rigidity in pricing behavior persists.

Geopolitical tensions in the Middle East continue to create upside risks to the inflation outlook. In this context, the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) paused the cautious easing cycle initiated with a 100-basis-point rate cut at its January meeting and kept the policy rate unchanged at 37% in March, further reinforcing its data-dependent and meeting-by-meeting decision making approach.

The Turkish economy completed 2025 with growth of 3.6%. However, rising tensions in the Middle East have pushed up commodity costs, while disruptions in the Strait of Hormuz have affected trade routes, both of which have increased pressures on the external balance.

Looking ahead, the trajectory of geopolitical risks, the pass-through of energy costs into inflation and production expenses, the effectiveness of CBRT reserve management under exchange rate pressures, and the continuation of fiscal discipline will be key determinants. The impact of rising bond yields on credit conditions and prudent balance sheet management by banks will also remain critical factors in maintaining financial stability and sustaining the disinflation process.