## KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş.

Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Notes for The Period Ended 1 January – 31 March 2023 with Independent Auditor's Review Report

(Convenience translation of unconsolidated financial statements and independent auditor's report originally issued in Turkish)

(Convenience translation of the auditor's report originally issued in Turkish)

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT ON UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the unconsolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the "Bank") at March 31, 2023 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the three-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation of these unconsolidated of interim financial statements in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these unconsolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the unconsolidated financial position of the Bank at March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its unconsolidated cash flows for the three-month-period then ended in all material aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

## Report on Other Regulatory Requirements Arising From Legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in section VIII, are not consistent, in all material respects, with the reviewed unconsolidated financial statements and disclosures.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A Member Firm of Ernst&Young Global Limited

Emre Çelik, SMMM Partner

15 May 2023 Istanbul, Turkey

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## THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Address of the head office : Büyükdere Cad. No: 129/1 34394 Esentepe-Şişli / ISTANBUL

Phone and facsimile number : 0.212.354.11.11 - 0.212.354.12.12

Web page : www.kuveytturk.com.tr

E-mail address : kuveytturk@kuveytturk.com.tr

The unconsolidated interim financial report for the three-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- General Information About the Bank
- Unconsolidated Financial Statements of The Bank
- Explanations on Accounting Policies Applied in The Period
- Information on Financial Structure and Risk Management of The Bank
- Disclosures and Explanations on Unconsolidated Financial Statements
- Other Explanations
- Independent Auditors' Limited Review Report
- Interim Activity Report

The unconsolidated financial statements for the three-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

Hamad Abdulmohsen AL-MARZOUQ Shadi Ahmed Yacoub Nadir ALPASLAN ZAHRAN Chairman of the Board of Directors Chairman of the Audit Member of the Audit Committee Committee Mohamed Hedi MEJAI Ufuk UYAN Ahmet KARACA Mehmed Tahir KAPLAN Member of the Audit General Manager Chief Financial Officer **Budget and Reporting Group** Committee Manager

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

Name-Surname/Position: Cemil AKBEBEK / Official and International Reporting Manager

Telephone: 0212 354 10 17 Facsimile: 0212 354 11 03

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### SECTION ONE GENERAL INFORMATION

1. History of the Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Bank belongs to:

As of 31 March 2023, 62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the bank:

Name	Title	Date of Assignment	Date of Audit Committee Assignments	Audit Committee End Date	Educational Degree	Ownership Percentage
Hamad A H D MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	25/06/2014			Master	-
Shadi Ahmed YACOUB ZAHRAN	Member of BOD and chairman of the Audit Committee	25/09/2020	04/11/2020		Master	-
Nadir ALPASLAN	Vice President of BOD and member of Audit Committee	15/04/2011	24/12/2019		Bachelor	-
Salah A E ALMUDHAF	Member of BOD	07/10/2019			Bachelor	-
Mohamed Hedi MEJAI	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	25/03/2021	04/05/2021		Master	-
Ahmad S A A ALKHARJI	Member of BOD	26/03/2014	24/09/2014	09/09/2020	Master	-
Gehad Mohamed ELBENDARY ANANY	Member of BOD	25/09/2020	09/09/2020	04/11/2020	Bachelor	-
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	10/05/1999			Master	0.057%
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Financial Control.	12/07/2006			Master	0.001%
Ahmet Süleyman KARAKAYA	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	14/01/2003			Bachelor	-
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	20/08/2003			Bachelor	0.004%
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	27/10/2005			Bachelor	0.020%
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking.	05/05/2005			Doctorate	0.008%
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	20/04/2010			Bachelor	0.001%
Aslan DEMİR	Assistant General Manager, Strategy	08/10/2012			Bachelor	0.006%
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	01/10/2012			Bachelor	0.005%
Abdurrahman DELİPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	09/01/2015			Bachelor	0.005%
Hüseyin Cevdet YILMAZ	Head of the Risk, Control and Compliance Group	16/12/2003			Bachelor	0.001%

Chairman and members of the Board of Directors, members of auditing committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0.11% of the Bank's share capital (31 December 2022 - 0.11%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 4. Information on qualified shareholders

Name / Commercial Name	Share amount (Nominal)	Shareholding percentage	Paid shares (Nominal)	Unpaid shares
Kuwait Finance House Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları	2,863,098 861,086	62.24% 18.72%	2,863,098 861,086	-
Total	3,724,184	80.96%	3,724,184	

As of 31 March 2023, the shareholding structure of Kuwait Finance House, the main shareholder of the Bank, is as follows:

Name / Commercial Name	Share Amount
Kuwait Investment Authority	16.80%
The Public Institution for Social Security & Group	9.19%
The Public Authority for Minors Affairs	7.32%
Kuwait Awqaf Public Foundation	5.09%
Public Shares	61.60%
Total	100.00%

#### 5. Explanations of the Bank's services and field of operations

The Bank's field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Bank's core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts and lending such funds to its customers.

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank is operating through 445 domestic branches (31 December 2022 – 444) with 5,880 employees (31 December 2022 – 5,834). Summary of some of the Bank's operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows:

- To collect funds through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts" and special fund pools in line with the regulations,
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of noninterest banking,
- To offer financial and operational leasing,
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travelers' checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services,
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking,
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary, lease or transfer ownership to other persons,
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies),
- To provide socially purposed assistance within the scope of the legislation within the principles of the Bank for the order and benefit of the society.

The Bank's activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association.

## 6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Bank and its subsidiaries:

None.

## **SECTION TWO**

## UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Unconsolidated Balance Sheet- Assets (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Unconsolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Unconsolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (Income Statement)
- IV. Unconsolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows

## KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1. BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

				Reviewed C	urrent Period 31.03.2023		Audited	Prior Period 31.12.2022
	ASSETS	Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I. 1.1 1.1.1 1.1.2	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net) Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Balances with Central Bank Banks	(5.1.1.) (5.1.3.)	<b>55,674,439 8,999,811</b> 8,750,756 23,404	<b>108,586,697 70,156,518</b> 57,283,345 12,875,163	164,261,136 79,156,329 66,034,101 12,898,567	<b>48,555,663</b> <b>8,576,220</b> 8,544,877 31,463	121,379,398 86,110,828 67,708,111 18,404,124	<b>169,935,061</b> <b>94,687,048</b> 76,252,988 18,435,587
1.1.3	Money Markets Placements	(3.1.3.)	225,734	-	225,734	-	-	-
1.1.4 1.2	Expected Credit Loss (-) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		6,153,298	1,990 <b>15,454,722</b>	2,073 <b>21,608,020</b>	3,464,353	1,407 <b>13,446,645</b>	1,527 <b>16,910,998</b>
1.2.1 1.2.2	Government Debt Securities Equity Instruments		421,014	14,262,904	14,683,918	449,467 -	12,760,756	13,210,223
1.2.3 1.3	Other Financial Assets Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.4.)	5,732,284 <b>40,046,551</b>	1,191,818 <b>22,068,511</b>	6,924,102 <b>62,115,062</b>	3,014,886 <b>35,960,597</b>	685,889 <b>21,604,612</b>	3,700,775 <b>57,565,209</b>
1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3	Government Debt Securities Equity Instruments Other Financial Assets		39,981,208 60,356 4,987	17,375,427 136,657 4,556,427	57,356,635 197,013 4,561,414	35,912,851 37,769 9,977	18,716,677 123,209 2,764,726	54,629,528 160,978 2,774,703
1.3.3 1.4. 1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.1.2.)	4,987 <b>474,779</b> 474,779	<b>906,946</b> 906,946	<b>1,381,725</b> 1,381,725	554,493 554,493	<b>217,313</b> 217,313	<b>771,806</b> 771,806
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.11.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)	(5.1.5.)	170,045,251	88,997,946	259,043,197	120,538,839	84,958,103	205,496,942
2.1	Loans	(7.4.40)	152,298,414	68,482,489	220,780,903	111,911,757	64,828,256	176,740,013
2.2 2.3	Leasing Receivables Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(5.1.10.)	11,116,680 16,494,987	13,372,279 12,992,731	24,488,959 29,487,718	7,312,649 8,902,045	13,550,753 12,776,690	20,863,402 21,678,735
2.3.1	Government Debt Securities	(5.1.6.)	16,494,987	12,992,731	29,487,718	8,902,045	12,776,690	21,678,735
2.3.2	Other Financial Assets		10,454,567	12,772,731	27,407,710	0,702,043	12,770,000	21,070,733
2.4	Expected Credit Loss (-)		9,864,830	5,849,553	15,714,383	7,587,612	6,197,596	13,785,208
III.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS(NET)	(5.1.16.)	218,993	-	218,993	117,719	-	117,719
3.1	Held for Sale		218,993	-	218,993	117,719	-	117,719
3.2 IV.	Related to Discontinued Operations INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES		2,962,925	-	2,962,925	2,462,925	-	2,462,925
<b>4.1</b> 4.1.1 4.1.2	Investments in Associates (Net) Associates Valued Based on Equity Method Unconsolidated Associates	(5.1.7.)	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
<b>4.2</b> 4.2.1 4.2.2	Investment in Subsidiaries (Net) Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries	(5.1.8.)	<b>2,942,925</b> 2,819,245 123,680	- - -	<b>2,942,925</b> 2,819,245 123,680	<b>2,442,925</b> 2,419,245 23,680	- - -	<b>2,442,925</b> 2,419,245 23,680
<b>4.3</b> 4.3.1 4.3.2	Investment in Joint Ventures (Net) Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method Unconsolidated Joint Ventures	(5.1.9.)	<b>20,000</b> 20,000	- - -	<b>20,000</b> 20,000	<b>20,000</b> 20,000	-	<b>20,000</b> 20,000
V. VI. 6.1	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net) INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net) Goodwill	(5.1.12.) (5.1.13.)	1,922,018 521,624	1,206 34	1,923,224 521,658	1,765,668 397,365	1,397 38	1,767,065 397,403
6.2 VII. VIII.	Other INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net) CURRENT TAX ASSETS	(5.1.14.)	521,624	34	521,658	397,365 -	38	397,403
IX. X.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS OTHER ASSETS	(5.1.15.) (5.1.17.)	1,171,939 4,643,563	305,582	1,171,939 4,949,145	1,083,223 2,285,717	1,084,725	1,083,223 3,370,442
	TOTAL ASSETS		237,160,752	197,891,465	435,052,217	177,207,119	207,423,661	384,630,780

## KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1. BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

				Reviewed	Current Period 31.03.2023		Audited	Prior Period 31.12.2022
	LIABILITIES	Notes	TL FC Total			TL	FC	Total
I.	FUNDS COLLECTED	(5.2.1.)	182,478,197	149,186,501	331,664,698	146,153,746	155,364,117	301,517,863
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(5.2.3.)	1,848,884	36,124,379	37,973,263	3,153,871	26,939,456	30,093,327
III.	MONEY MARKETS	(3.2.3.)	4,981,781	30,124,377	4,981,781	124,831	20,737,430	124,831
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		4,501,701	_	4,501,701	124,031		124,031
V.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR		_	_	_	_	_	_
	VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS							
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		7,503	341,742	349,245	32,369	167,551	199,920
6.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value	(5.2.2.)	7,503	341,742	349,245	32,369	167,551	199,920
	Through Profit or Loss			-				
6.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value	(5.2.6.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Through Other Comprehensive Income							
VII.	LEASE PAYABLES	(5.2.5.)	596,253	9,844	606,097	506,640	10,214	516,854
VIII.	PROVISIONS	(5.2.7.)	2,752,879	1,571,018	4,323,897	3,027,134	1,594,718	4,621,852
8.1	Restructuring Provision		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.2	Reserves for Employee Benefits		1,093,146	167,900	1,261,046	1,476,391	104,437	1,580,828
8.3	Insurance for Technical Provision (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.4	Other Provisions		1,659,733	1,403,118	3,062,851	1,550,743	1,490,281	3,041,024
IX.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	(5.2.8.1.)	3,327,810	-	3,327,810	1,965,386	-	1,965,386
Χ.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND	(5.2.9.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND							
	RELATED TO DISCONTINUED							
	OPERATIONS (Net)							
11.1	Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2 <b>XII.</b>	Related to Discontinued Operations SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(5.2.10.)	-	11 701 011	11 701 011	-	11 424 902	11 424 902
12.1	Loans Loans	(5.2.10.)	-	11,701,011	11,701,011	-	11,424,892	11,424,892
12.1	Other Debt Instruments		_	11,701,011	11,701,011	-	11,424,892	11,424,892
XIII.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(5.2.4.)	6,203,214	2,837,650	9,040,864	3,625,691	1,825,322	5,451,013
XIV.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(5.2.11.)	31,253,563	(170,012)	31,083,551	28,780,813	(65,971)	28,714,842
14.1	Paid-in Capital	(3.2.11.)	4,595,131	(170,012)	4,595,131	4,595,131	(03,771)	4,595,131
14.2	Capital Reserves		25,124	_	25,124	25,124	_	25,124
14.2.1	Share Premiums		23,250	_	23,250	23,250	_	23,250
14.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		1,874	_	1,874	1,874	_	1,874
14.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-,,,,	-,0,,	_	-,-,-
14.3	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or		(294,407)	-	(294,407)	(294,407)	_	(294,407)
	Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified Through							
	Profit or Loss							
14.4	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or		4,417,965	(170,012)	4,247,953	4,749,474	(65,971)	4,683,503
	Loss That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit							
	or Loss							
14.5	Profit Reserves		18,254,981	-	18,254,981	5,610,413	-	5,610,413
14.5.1	Legal Reserves		1,348,129	-	1,348,129	505,957	-	505,957
14.5.2	Statutory Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		16,494,214	-	16,494,214	4,872,338	-	4,872,338
14.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		412,638	-	412,638	232,118	-	232,118
14.6	Profit or Loss		4,254,769	-	4,254,769	14,095,078	-	14,095,078
14.6.1	Retained Earnings		60,618	-	60,618	51,631	-	51,631
14.6.2	Current Period's Net Profit / Loss	(5.2.12.)	4,194,151	-	4,194,151	14,043,447	-	14,043,447
14.7	Minority Shares	(5.2.12.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		222 450 00 :	201 (02 122	425.052.245	105 350 401	107.200.200	204 (20 500
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		233,450,084	201,602,133	435,052,217	187,370,481	19/,260,299	384,630,780

## KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AS OF 31 MARCH 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 2. STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

				Reviewed	Current Period 31.03.2023		Audit	ed Prior Period 31.12.2022
		Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A. I.	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III) GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	(5.3.1.)	108,938,905 22,959,918	110,208,538 15,126,347	219,147,443 38,086,265	107,189,200 18,291,092	96,208,431 12,533,961	203,397,631 30,825,053
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee		21,122,647	8,257,698	29,380,345	16,931,093	6,225,572	23,156,665
1.1.1	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		575,201	23,535	598,736	524,697	19,615	544,312 890,669
1.1.2 1.1.3	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations Other Letters of Guarantee		1,001,671 19,545,775	55,362 8,178,801	1,057,033 27,724,576	842,590 15,563,806	48,079 6,157,878	21,721,684
1.2	Bank Loans		68,019	133,739	201,758	19,680	116,401	136,081
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptances		68,019	133,739	201,758	19,680	116,401	136,081
1.2.2	Other Bank Acceptances				<del>-</del>			
1.3 1.3.1	Letters of Credit Documentary Letters of Credit		2,422	6,508,982 2,100,403	6,511,404 2,100,403	1,538 902	5,970,275 2,300,601	5,971,813 2,301,503
1.3.1	Other Letters of Credit		2,422	4,408,579	4,411,001	636	3,669,674	3,670,310
1.4	Guaranteed Refinancing		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1 1.5.2	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6	Other Guarantees		1,766,830	225,928	1,992,758	1,338,781	221,713	1,560,494
1.7	Other Warrantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	COMMITMENTS	(5.3.1.)	79,007,832	2,354,546	81,362,378	73,375,074	7,349,441	80,724,515
2.1 2.1.1	Irrevocable Commitments Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments		24,081,913 3,762	2,354,546 2,354,546	26,436,459 2,358,308	18,469,566 814,487	7,349,441 7,349,441	25,819,007 8,163,928
2.1.2	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		3,702	2,334,340	2,336,306	-	7,549,441	6,105,926
2.1.3	Loan Granting Commitments		2,388,822	-	2,388,822	2,156,966	-	2,156,966
2.1.4	Securities Underwriting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5 2.1.6	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements Payment Commitments for Checks		3,793,196	-	3,793,196	2,368,988	-	2,368,988
2.1.7	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		5,775,176	_	3,773,170	2,500,700	_	2,500,700
2.1.8	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits		17,710,773	-	17,710,773	12,943,765	-	12,943,765
2.1.9	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.10	Promotions Receivables From Short Sale Commitments							
2.1.10	Payables For Short Sale Commitments		_	-	-	-	_	_
2.1.12	Other Irrevocable Commitments		185,360	-	185,360	185,360	-	185,360
2.2	Revocable Commitments		54,925,919	-	54,925,919	54,905,508	-	54,905,508
2.2.1 2.2.2	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments Other Revocable Commitments		54,925,919	-	54,925,919	54,905,508	-	54,905,508
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	(5.3.2.)	6,971,155	92,727,645	99,698,800	15,523,034	76,325,029	91,848,063
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Risk		-		-	_ ´ ´ -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
2.1.1	Management							
3.1.1 3.1.2	Fair Value Hedges Cash Flow Hedges		_	_	_	_	_	_
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		_	_	_	_	_	_
3.2.	Held For Trading Transactions		6,971,155	92,727,645	99,698,800	15,523,034	76,325,029	91,848,063
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		2,521,976	8,033,038	10,555,014	3,992,893	5,727,899	9,720,792
3.2.1. 1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions		2,521,976	3,560,820	6,082,796	3,576,691	1,457,222	5,033,913
3.2.1.			-	4,472,218	4,472,218	416,202	4,270,677	4,686,879
2	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions		4 440 170	04.604.607	00 142 506	11.520.141	70 507 120	02 125 251
3.2.2 3.3	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions Other		4,449,179	84,694,607	89,143,786	11,530,141	70,597,130	82,127,271
B.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		1,607,348,159	1,477,923,174	3,085,271,333	1,312,038,282	1,068,954,968	2,380,993,250
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		47,699,374	1,033,422,486	1,081,121,860	39,623,059	627,887,032	667,510,091
4.1	Customers' Securities Held		0.750.610	995,445,951	1 005 205 570	- 057.422	501 521 705	500 200 210
4.2 4.3	Investment Securities Held in Custody Checks Received for Collection		9,759,619 34,322,144	980,054	1,005,205,570 35,302,198	6,857,433 29,772,990	591,531,785 1,200,703	598,389,218 30,973,693
4.4	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		3,617,611	930,845	4,548,456	2,992,636	942,241	3,934,877
4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering Other Items Under Custody		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7 4.8	Custodians		_	36,065,636	36,065,636	-	34,212,303	34,212,303
<b>V.</b>	PLEDGED ITEMS		1,559,439,030	444,267,798	2,003,706,828	1,272,403,584	440,847,619	1,713,251,203
5.1	Marketable Securities		3,206,692	153,471	3,360,163	3,206,824	149,703	3,356,527
5.2 5.3	Guarantee Notes Commodity		100,977	7,748,207	7,849,184 51,623,467	100,977 41 494 368	7,556,173 2,365,162	7,657,150 43,859,530
5.4	Warranty		49,176,750	2,446,717	51,025,40/	41,494,368	2,303,102	+3,639,330
5.5	Properties		369,861,679	9,095,956	378,957,635	304,239,836	8,876,771	313,116,607
5.6	Other Pledged Items		1,137,092,932	424,823,447	1,561,916,379	923,361,579	421,899,810	1,345,261,389
5.7 <b>VI.</b>	Pledged Items-Depository ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES		209,755	232,890	442,645	11,639	220,317	231,956
	TOTAL OFF RALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+P)		1,716,287,064	1,588,131,712	3,304,418,776	1,419,227,482	1,165,163,399	2,584,390,881
	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)	<u> </u>	1,/10,40/,004	1,000,101,/12	3,304,410,770	1,717,447,404	1,103,103,377	4,507,570,001

## KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AS OF 31 MARCH 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 3. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (INCOME STATEMENT)

			Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2023-31.03.2023	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01.2022-31.03.2022
	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Notes		
I.	PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(5.4.1.)	11,556,689	5,717,771
1.1.	Profit Share on Loans		6,836,401	3,327,354
1.2.	Profit Share on Reserve Deposits		129 422	80,625
1.3. 1.4.	Profit Share on Banks Profit Share on Money Market Placements		138,432	62,657
1.4.	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio		3,856,183	1,968,712
1.5.1.	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		120,416	138,928
1.5.2.	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		3,124,720	1,740,581
1.5.3.	Measured at Amortized Cost		611,047	89,203
1.6.	Finance Lease Income		704,290	259,172
1.7.	Other Profit Share Income		21,383	19,251
II.	PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE		4,206,410	1,915,940
2.1.	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)	3,578,460	1,479,092
2.2. 2.3.	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings	(5.4.2.)	556,463 44,184	355,042 64,367
2.4.	Expense on Securities Issued		44,164	04,307
2.5.	Profit Share Expense on Lease		27,303	17,439
2.6.	Other Profit Share Expense			
III.	NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)		7,350,279	3,801,831
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		216,888	123,817
4.1.	Fees and Commissions Received		970,759	431,561
4.1.1.	Non-Cash Loans		80,926	41,211
4.1.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	889,833	390,350
4.2.	Fees and Commissions Paid Non-Cash Loans		753,871	307,744
4.2.1. 4.2.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	497 753,374	307,740
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(5.4.13.) (5.4.3.)	33,374	307,740
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	(5.4.5.)	2,145,387	925,066
6.1.	Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses	(5.4.5.)	675.766	50,573
6.2.	Gains/Losses from Derivative Financial Instruments		68,605	367,774
6.3.	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		1,401,016	506,719
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(5.4.6.)	922,582	435,082
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING INCOME / LOSS (III+IV+V+VI+VII+		10,635,460	5,285,796
	VIII)			100105
IX.	EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	(5.4.7.)	2,697,590	1,994,367
X. XI.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-) DEDSONNEL EXPENSES ( )	(5.4.7.)	47,395 1,206,361	184,345 661,372
XII.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-) OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(5.4.8.) (5.4.8.)	1,062,087	518,915
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI)	(3.4.6.)	5,622,027	1,926,797
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER		-	-
	MERGER			
XV.	INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES		-	-
	CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD			
XVI.	INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION			-
XVII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE	(5.4.9.)	5,622,027	1,926,797
XVIII.	TAXES (XII++XV) TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(5.4.10)	(1,427,876)	(462,077)
18.1.	Current Tax Provision	(3.4.10)	1,362,424	(41,591)
18.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		190,751	809,249
18.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		125,299	305,581
XIX.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED	(5.4.11.)	4,194,151	1,464,720
	OPERATIONS (XV±XVI)			
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
20.1.	Income on Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		-	-
20.2.	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled		-	-
20.3.	Entities (Joint Vent.) Income on Other Discontinued Operations			
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)			
21.1.	Expenses from Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		- -	
21.2.	Expenses from Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled		-	-
	Entities (Joint Vent.)			
21.3.	Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED		-	-
	OPERATIONS			
vviii	(XVIII-XIX)			
<b>XXIII.</b> 23.1.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±) Current Tax Provision		-	-
23.1.	Deferred Tax Provision  Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-
23.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)  Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)			
XXIV.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED		- 1	_
	OPERATIONS (XX±XXI)			
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)	(5.4.12.)	4,194,151	1,464,720
25.1.	Group's Income/Loss		4,194,151	1,464,720
25.2.	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)		<u>-</u>	- 
	Earnings Per Share Income/Loss (Full TL)		0.9118	1.2750

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS OF 31 MARCH 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 4. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed	Reviewed
		Current Period	Prior Period
		01.01.2023-31.03.2023	01.01.2022-31.03.2022
I.	CURRENT PROFIT/LOSS	4,194,151	1,464,720
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(435,550)	2,017,888
2.1	Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	=
2.1.1	Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2	Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	-
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	(435,550)	2,017,888
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Difference	-	=
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets at	(580,714)	2,615,256
	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		
2.2.3	Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.4	Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	145,164	(597,368)
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)	3,758,601	3,482,608

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 5. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

							Inco Will No	umulated Ot me or Loss T t Be Reclassi to Profit or I	hat fied		nulated Other That Will Be R to Pro							
		Notes	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share cancellation profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Retained Earnings	Net Profit/Loss for the Period	Total Shareholders' Equity Less Minority Shares	Minority Shares)	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Prior Period (01/01/2022 – 31/03/2022)																	
I. II.	Prior Period Ending Balance Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made		4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	-	(25,323)	-	3,359,858	52,448	2,501,727	10,456,853	-	10,456,853
2.1 2.2	According to TAS 8 Effect of Corrections Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. IV.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)		4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	-	(25,323) 2,017,888	-	3,359,858	52,448	<b>2,501,727</b> 1,464,720	10,456,853 3,482,608	-	10,456,853 3,482,608
V. VI. VII.	Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-
VIII. IX.	Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
X. XI. 11.1	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes Profit Distribution Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	(94) 2,251,727	(250,000)	(2,501,727)	(94) (250,000) (250,000)	-	(94) (250,000) (250,000)
11.2 11.3	Transfers to Legal Reserves Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,251,727	(2,251,727) 2,501,727	(2,501,727)	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV++X+XI)	(5.2.11.)	4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	-	1,992,565	-	5,611,491	52,448	1,464,720	13,689,367	-	13,689,367
	Current Period (01/01/2023 – 31/03/2023)																	
I. II.	Prior Period Ending Balance Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8		4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(294,407)	-	-	4,683,503		5,610,413	51,631	14,043,447	28,714,842	-	28,714,842
2.1 2.2	Effect of Corrections Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	
III. IV. V.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) Capital Increase by Cash		4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(294,407)	-		<b>4,683,503</b> (435,550)	-	5,610,413	51,631	<b>14,043,447</b> 4,194,151	<b>28,714,842</b> 3,758,601	-	<b>28,714,842</b> 3,758,601
VI. VII.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	]	-	-	-
VIII. IX. X.	Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments Increase / Decrease by Other Changes		-	-	-	- -	-	- - -	- -	-	-	-	1,121	8,987	-	10,108	-	10,108
XI. 11.1 11.2	Profit Distribution Dividends Paid Transfers to Legal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,643,447 12,643,447	(1,400,000) (12,643,447)	(14,043,447)	(1,400,000) (1,400,000)	-	(1,400,000) (1,400,000)
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	,0.0,.17	14,043,447	(14,043,447)	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV++X+XI)	(5.2.11.)	4,595,131	23,250	1,874	_	_	(294,407)	-	-	4,247,953	<u> </u>	18,254,981	60,618	4,194,151	31,083,551	-	31,083,551

<sup>1.</sup> Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

<sup>2.</sup> Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<sup>3.</sup>Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

<sup>4.</sup> Foreign Currency Translation Differences

<sup>5.</sup>Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

<sup>6.</sup>Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income (Classified Through Profit or Loss)

## KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 31 MARCH 2023

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 6. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

			Reviewed	Reviewed
			Current Period	Prior Period
		Notes	01.01.2023- 31.03.2023	01.01.2022- 31.03.2022
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS	110103	0110012020	0110012022
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets and Liabilities from Banking Operations		1,905,315	2,341,667
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received		8,542,362	3,496,266
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid		(3,922,384)	(1,458,483)
1.1.3 1.1.4	Dividends Received Fees and Commissions Received		324 970,759	431,561
1.1.5	Other Income		2,296,515	1,287,924
1.1.6	Collections from Previously Written Off Loans		264,646	253,141
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers		(1,526,143)	(629,600)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid		(3,150,444)	(61,403)
1.1.9	Others		(1,570,320)	(977,739)
1.2	Changes in Assets and Liabilities from Banking Operations		(1,652,173)	(14,812,503)
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(4,159,114)	(1,511,105)
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due from Banks and Other Financial Institutions		4,198,540	(4,570,892)
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(46,558,159)	(23,803,813)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		1,005,875	(5,126,663)
1.2.5 1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits		891,915 26,097,971	309,079 23,150,814
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities Measured at Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or		20,097,971	23,130,614
1.2.7	Loss		_	_
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		6,903,935	(1,465,847)
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables		-	-
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		9,966,864	(1,794,076)
I.	Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Banking Operations		253,142	(12,470,836)
B.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net Cash Provided from / (Used in) Investing Activities		(10,998,153)	(5,934,691)
2.1	Cash Paid for Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates and Subsidiaries		(522,500)	-
2.2	Cash Obtained from Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases		(269,403)	(142,238)
2.4 2.5	Fixed Assets Sales Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		46,679 (10,297,031)	149,664 (3,418,667)
2.6	Cash Obtained from Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		7,876,844	518,491
2.7	Cash Paid for Purchase of Investment Securities		(7,675,000)	(7,328,786)
2.8	Cash Obtained from Sale of Investment Securities		-	4,310,722
2.9	Other		(157,742)	(23,877)
c.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net Cash Provided from / (Used in) Financing Activities		(1,301,303)	(267,439)
3.1	Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		-	_
3.2	Cash Used for Repayments of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		-	-
3.3	Equity Instruments Issued		-	-
3.4	Dividends Paid		(1,274,000)	(250,000)
3.5 3.6	Payments for Finance Leases Other		(27,303)	(17,439)
IV.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,522,298	3,285,237
v.	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(10,524,016)	(15,387,729)
VI.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period		45,273,121	43,693,232
VII.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period		34,749,105	28,305,503
V 11.	Cash and Cash Equivarents at the End of the Feriod	1	34,/49,105	40,303,303

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION THREE**

#### EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES IN THE RELATED PERIOD

#### 1. Explanations on basis of presentation

## 1.1. The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish accounting standards and regulation on accounting applications for banks and safeguarding of documents

The Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the "Regulation on The Procedures and Principles for Accounting Practices and Retention of Documents by Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

#### 1.2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Bank management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made, and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies requires entities whose functional currency is that of a hyperinflationary economy to prepare their financial statements in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. TAS 29 describes characteristics that may indicate that an economy is hyperinflationary, and it requires all entities that report in the currency of the same hyperinflationary economy apply this Standard from the same date. Therefore, it is expected that TAS 29 will start to be applied simultaneously by all entities with the announcement of Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority to ensure consistency of the application required by TAS 29 throughout the country. However, the Authority has not published any announcement that determines entities would restate their financial statements for the accounting period ending on 31 March 2023 in accordance with TAS 29. In this context, TAS 29 is not applied, and inflation adjustment has not been reflected in the financial statements as of March 31, 2023.

#### 1.3. Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Bank in the current year. Comparative information is rearranged when deemed necessary in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements.

#### 1.4. Preparation of the financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money

Until 31 December 2004, the financial statements of the Bank were subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29"). As per the BRSA decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and the BRSA circular dated 28 April 2005 it was stated that the indicators for the application of inflation accounting were no longer applicable. Consequently, as of 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting has not been applied.

## 1.5. Disclosures regarding TFRS 9 financial instruments

TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", which is effective as of 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced "TAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVTOCI"). All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment.

As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39.

During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

#### Classification and measurement of financial instruments

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent "solely payments of principal and profit share" (SPPI).

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

#### **Explanations on expected credit loss**

As of 1 January 2018, the Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Modeling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (PD) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9 Calculation on Default (LGD) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (EAD) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

Macroeconomic scenarios affect PD values. The expected credit loss amount is calculated by weighting 3 different scenarios as Base, Good and Bad scenarios. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank has been exposed to recession, geopolitical risks, inflation, unemployment, exchange rate risk, etc. with the effect of current internal and external conditions. in order to reflect the macroeconomic outlook and the upward risks that factors may pose on the bank's loan portfolio, it has revised its macroeconomic expectations and its calculations made considering the change in PD along with the update in the EDF model have been reflected in the financial statements. By its nature, the model effects are reflected in the financial statements with a delay due to the occurrence of the events and their effects at different times. For this reason, the Bank is establishing additional provisions for the Wholesale and Retail Trade, Build, Construction, Contracting and Tourism sectors, whose PD is more sensitive to the current macroeconomic and geopolitical conjuncture among the sectors that are declining. The Bank maintains this approach as of March 31, 2023. When deemed necessary, the future will review these assumptions according to the course of economic and geopolitical risks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecast of future economic conditions.

The Bank applies a 'three-stage' impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition

**Stage 1:** Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.

**Stage 2:** Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

In this context, the basic considerations that are considered in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The definition of the deterioration in the rating is the comparison of the credit rating at the opening date and the rating date at the reporting date by using the Bank's internal rating-based credit rating models. If the rating calculated for the loan at the reporting date exceeds the specified threshold values, the rating is deemed as deterioration.

**Stage 3:** Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

The Bank periodically evaluates the provisions of loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 retrospectively on the basis of their results and, if deemed necessary, revises the basketing rules and the parameters used in the calculation of the related provision balances.

## 1.6 Revenue from TFRS 15 disclosures regarding the standard of revenue from customer contracts

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with income with TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts.

## 1.7 Explanations on TFRS 16 leases standard

The leasing transactions are presented by the lessess as assets (right-of-use assets) and liabilities from leasing transactions. TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model of leasing transactions on balance sheet and operational leasing transactions as direct expense except balance sheet.

Within the scope of TFRS 16, the Bank reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Bank measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Bank. In addition, the Bank measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

As of March 31, 2023, the right-of-use assets classified tangible assets gross amounting to TL 864,636 in the balance sheet of the Bank and lease liabilities classified in the item of liabilities from lease transactions amounting to gross TL 924,860. In the three-month period that ended as of the same date, financial expenses amounting to TL 27,303 and depreciation expenses amounting to TL 51,659 were incurred.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### 2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions

The Bank follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Bank's equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALC) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Turkey converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Bank.

#### 3. Investments in associates and subsidiaries

Turkish currency denominated associates and subsidiaries are measured at cost value in accordance with the "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" ("TAS 27") and then deducted by provisions for impairment losses, if any, reflected to the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements.

### 4. Explanations on forward transactions and option contracts and derivative instruments

The Parent Bank engages in foreign currency futures transactions in order to reduce foreign currency position risk and manage foreign currency liquidity. The Bank's derivatives are classified as "Hedging Purposes" and "Financial Asset with Fair Value (GUD) Reflected in Profit/Loss". Accordingly, although some derivative transactions provide effective protection against risks for the Bank economically, those that cannot be defined accountably for hedging purposes are recognized as "Financial Assets Reflected in Fair Value (GUD) Profit/Loss" and tracked in the "Derivative Financial Assets/Liabilities" account on the balance sheet with their fair value.

Obligations and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in the accounts based on the contract amounts. The fair value of currency futures and swaps is calculated using the discounted cash flow model. Differences in the fair value of derivative transactions for trading purposes are recognized in the "Trading Income/Loss" item in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TFRS 9. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank has no cash flow hedging transaction.

Benchmark Rate Reform - Stage 2, which introduces amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from January 2021, was published in December 2020 and early application of the changes is permitted. With the amendments made, certain exceptions are provided in the basis used in determining the contractual cash flows and in the hedge accounting provisions. The changes came into effect from 1 January 2021. Loans given from items indexed to benchmark interest rates in the Bank's financial statements and securities assets; Securities issued, derivative transactions and loans obtained through repo constitute liabilities. These changes do not have a significant impact on the Bank's financial position or performance. As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has no hedging transactions based on the benchmark interest rate.

### 5. Explanations on profit share income and expense

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Bank amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculations for these customers within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Bank calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in "Funds Collected" account on the balance sheet.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 6. Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period.

In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the "Unearned Revenues" account under "Other Liabilities" on the balance sheet

#### 7. Explanations on financial assets

The Bank classifies and accounts for its financial assets as 'Fair Value Through Profit/Loss', 'Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,' or 'Amortized Cost.' Such financial assets are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of "Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements" under the section three of the "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the "Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss".

The Bank recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Bank management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments are made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

## 7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 7.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. "Unrealized gains and losses," which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. "Unrealized gains and losses" are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

#### 7.3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement.

#### 7.4 Derivative financial assets

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Bank are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by considering the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 7.5 Loans

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

#### 8. Explanations on offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 9. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") made some changes on orders for open market transactions ("OMT") and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement, a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they need funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this context, OMT were carried out with the CBRT for the first time on 14 June 2013, by subjecting the Treasury Lease Certificates, which were include in assets, to the repurchase transactions. From this date, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury lease certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has repurchased agreement amounting to TL 5,013,845 (31 December 2022: TL 133,844)

#### 10. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 "banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors' obligations to the bank are determined by the board."

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable, and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also, the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Bank has no discontinued operations.

#### 11. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Bank comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years. The amortization period of the licenses is determined on the basis of the duration of the license agreements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 12. Explanations on tangible assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property	2%	
Movables, leased assets	6.67% - 20%	

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than it is carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

#### 13. Explanations on leasing transactions

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Bank assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction.

- (a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,
- (b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

The Bank has started implementing the TFRS 16 - Leases standard from 1 January 2019, the first date of the TFRS 16 standard. At the commencement date of the lease, the Bank recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments are discounted by using the Bank's alternative borrowing profit rate.

#### The right of the use asset

The Bank reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental.

When the Bank applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Bank applies the depreciation liabilities in TAS 16 Tangible Fixed Assets while depreciating the right of use asset.

The Bank determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **Lease Obligation**

At the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Bank's alternative borrowing profit share rate.

The profit share on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic profit share rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic profit share rate is the Bank's borrowing profit share rate.

After the beginning of a contract, the Bank remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Bank reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

#### 14. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the "Matching Principle," a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a "Contingent" liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

#### 15. Explanations on liabilities relating to employee benefits

#### 15.1 Defined benefit plans

In accordance with existing social legislation, the Bank is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the Bank and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfill the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to "Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits" ("TAS 19") is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm.

Bank is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Bank's employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

#### 15.2 Defined contribution plans

The Bank pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

#### 15.3 Short term benefits to employees

In accordance with "TAS 19", vacation pay liabilities are defined as "Short Term Benefits to Employees" and accrued as earned.

Bank management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 16. Explanations on taxation

#### Current Tax

With the Law No. 7394 on the Assessment of Immovable Properties Belonging to the Treasury and the Amendment of the Value Added Tax Law, which was published in the Official Gazette dated April 15, 2022 and numbered 31810 and entered into force, and the Article 26 of the Law on the Amendment of Some Laws and Decree Laws and the paragraph added to the provisional Article 13 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, The Corporate Tax rate will be applied as 25% for corporate earnings the taxation period of 2022.

This rate shall be applied to the tax base to be found because of adding expenses that are not accepted as deductions in accordance with the tax laws to the commercial earnings of the corporations and deducting the exemptions and deductions in the tax laws. If the profit is not distributed, no further tax is paid. In accordance with the tax legislation, as of July 1, 2022, the provisional tax rate will be paid at the rate of 25% on the quarterly bases, and the provisional taxes paid during the year are deducted from the corporate tax calculated on the annual corporate tax return of that year.

Withholding taxes is not applied to dividends distributed to companies' resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey. With the Council of Minister's decision numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 which are published in official gazette numbered 27130 and dated 3 February 2009, some deduction rates in 15<sup>th</sup> and 30<sup>th</sup> articles of the corporate tax law numbered 5520 were re-determined. In accordance with this, dividends distributed to companies other than companies' resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey are subject to 10% withholding taxes. Double tax treaty agreements are also taken into consideration during the application of withholding taxes on dividends distributed to real persons and to foreign-based taxpayers. Addition of profit to share capital is not considered as dividend distributed therefore no withholding taxes is applied.

With the Communiqué Amending the General Communiqué on Tax Procedure Law (order no. 537) published in the Official Gazette numbered 32073 on 14 January 2023, the procedures and principles of the articles allowing the revaluation of real estates and depreciation units have been redrawn. By taking into consideration aforementioned Communiqué, the Bank, has been revaluated real estate and depreciation units within its balance sheet by providing conditions in the provisions of Tax Procedure Law's provisional Article 32 and duplicated Article 298/ç. Accordingly, corporate income tax has calculated with respect to revaluated real estate and depreciation units.

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable's; except in case of failure to fulfill the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable's with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the thirty days of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one installment by the end of that month.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from prior periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments.

On January 20, 2022, the implementation of inflation accounting with the "Law on The Amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law" adopted on the agenda of the Turkish Grand National Assembly has been postponed starting from the balance sheet dated December 31, 2023.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **Deferred Tax**

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of "Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"), the Bank calculates deferred tax asset or liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions related to participation accounts Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and due to the participation accounts Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. Updated tax rates in the upcoming periods will be considered in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

## 17. Explanations on additional disclosures on borrowings

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Bank does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Bank has not issued convertible bonds.

#### 18. Explanations on share certificates issued

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on Bank about share certificates.

#### 19. Explanations on acceptances and availed drafts

Acceptances and availed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers, and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

#### 20. Explanations on government grants

There are no government grants received by the Bank.

#### 21. Explanations on segment reporting

The Bank conducts its activities in three separate segments: Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, Treasury and International Banking. Each department serves with its own products and the results of the activities are monitored on the basis of these departments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 14.

#### 22. Explanations on other matters

The Bank has no disclosures on other matters.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FOUR**

## INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK

### 1. Explanations on Equity Items

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of March 31, 2023, Bank's total capital has been calculated as TL 44,119,874 (31 December 2022: TL 41,123,085), capital adequacy ratio is 21.25% (31 December 2022: 27.48%).

On March 23, 2020, the BRSA issued a press release stating that there were fluctuations in financial markets due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, in accordance with the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy, as per the BRSA's Decision No. 9795 dated September 16, 2021, when calculating credit risk based amounts, the amounts of non-monetary assets, excluding items denominated in foreign currency measured at historical cost and in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards, and their related specific provision amounts shall be calculated using the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey's (CBRT) foreign currency buying rate as of December 31, 2021, unless otherwise decided by the Board, and in accordance with the decision of 31 January 2023 using the CBRT's foreign currency buying rate as of December 30, 2022, until a contrary Board decision is made.

Furthermore, within the scope of the regulations announced by the BRSA on December 21, 2021, if the net valuation differences of the securities in the portfolio of marketable securities accounted for in other comprehensive income are negative, the possibility has been granted to not take into account these differences in the equity amount to be used for the capital adequacy ratio.

The Bank's legal capital adequacy ratio calculation has been made by taking into account the regulation changes mentioned above as of March 31, 2023.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.1 Components of Total Capital:

	Current Period Amount	Prior Period Amount
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Paid-In Capital to Be Entitled for Compensation After All Creditors	4,600,000	4,600,000
Share Premium	23,250	23,250
Reserves	18,254,981	5,610,413
Other Comprehensive Income According to TAS	4,530,511	4,966,525
Profit	4,254,769	14,095,078
Current Period Profit	4,194,151	14,043,447
Prior Period Profit	60,618	51,631
Bonus Shares from Associates, Affiliates and Joint-Ventures Not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	-	-
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	31,663,511	29,295,266
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	-	-
Valuation Adjustments Calculated as Per the Article 9. (I) Of The Regulation on Bank Capital	_	_
Current And Prior Periods' Losses Not Covered by Reserves, And Losses Accounted Under Equity According to		
TAS (-)	16,115	25,400
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	144,689	135,849
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities		
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	493,798	384,671
Remaining after deducting from the related deferred tax liability with the deferred tax asset based on future taxable	,	
income, except for deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Differences Arise When Assets and Liabilities Not Held at Fair Value, Are Subjected to Cash Flow Hedge Accounting	-	-
Total Credit Losses That Exceed Total Expected Loss Calculated According to The Regulation on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	=	-
Securitization Gains	-	-
Unrealized Gains and Losses from Changes in Bank's Liabilities' Fair Values Due to Changes in Creditworthiness	-	-
Net Amount of Defined Benefit Plans	294,407	294,407
Direct And Indirect Investments of The Bank on Its Own Tier I Capital (-)	4,869	4,869
Shares Obtained Against Article 56, Paragraph 4 Of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or More of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	=	-
Amount Exceeding The 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as Per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or More of the Issued Share Capital Not Deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount Arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions From Tier I Capital in Cases Where There Are No Adequate Additional Tier I Or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital	953,878	845,196
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	30,709,633	28,450,070

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Privileged stocks not included in common equity and share premiums	-	-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	4,795,970	4,678,228
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	=
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	4,795,970	4,678,228
Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Direct And Indirect Investments of the Bank on Its Own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued by Banks or Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Additional Tier		
I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in The Article 7 of the Regulation	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of	-	-
Above Tier I Capital (-)		
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% of the Issued Share	-	-
Capital (-)		
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
Items To Be Deducted from Tier I Capital During the Transition Period		
Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes Not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the		
Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of	-	-
Banks (-)		
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability Not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of	_	_
the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)		
Deduction From Additional Tier I Capital When There Is Not Enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	4,795,970	4,678,228
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)	35,505,603	33,128,298
Tier II Capital		
Debt Instruments and The Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	6,714,358	6,549,519
Debt Instruments and The Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Amounts Explained in the First Paragraph of the Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital)	1,906,616	1,453,789
Tier II Capital before deductions	8,620,974	8,003,308
Deductions From Tier II Capital		
Direct and Indirect Investments of The Bank on Its Own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital		
and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of	-	-
Above Tier I Capital (-)		
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II		
Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or More of the Issued	-	-
Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)		
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	8,620,974	8,003,308
Total Equity (Total Tier I And Tier II Capital)	44,126,577	41,131,606

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Total Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital (Total Equity)		
Loans Granted Against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-)	_	_
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article		
57, Clause 1 Of the Banking Law and The Assets Acquired Against Overdue Receivables and	6,094	7,898
Held for Sale but Retained More Than Five Years (-)	0,071	7,070
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	609	623
Items to be Deducted from The Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) During the		V-0
Transition Period	-	
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of the		
Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted	-	-
from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as Per the Temporary Article		
2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)		
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% of		
the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted	-	-
from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of		
The Regulation (-)		
The Portion of Net Long Position of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks		
and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the issued Share Capital, of		
the Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences and of the Mortgage	-	-
Servicing Rights Not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2,		
Paragraph (1) And (2) and Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)		
Capital  Tatal Capital (Tatal of Time I Capital and Time II Capital)	44 110 974	41 122 005
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital) Total Risk Weighted Assets	44,119,874 207,631,226	41,123,085 149,639,158
Capital Adequacy Ratios	207,031,220	149,039,138
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	14.79	19.01
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	17.10	22.14
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	21.25	27.48
Buffers	21.23	27.40
Bank-Specific Total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.52	2.52
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	2.50
Systemic Significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	0.02	0.02
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the		
Article 4 Of Capital Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	10.29	14.51
Amounts Lower Than Excesses as Per Deduction Rules	-	
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated		
Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or Less of the Issued Share	=	-
Capital		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated		
Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% or Less of the Issued	-	-
Share Capital		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	=
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences	-	=
Limits For Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation	=	
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (Before Limit of One Hundred	6,830,208	6,500,534
and twenty-five Per Ten Thousand)	0,030,200	0,300,334
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% of Risk	1,906,616	1,453,789
Weighted Assets	1,500,010	1,433,767
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to	_	_
Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach		
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to		
Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By	-	-
0.6% Risk Weighted Assets  Debt Instruments Covered by Tempovery Article 4 (Effective Petrycon 1 1 2018 1 1 2022)		
Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4		
Amount Of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds	-	-
Upper Limit	-	-
Opper Damit		

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Information on debt instruments to be included in equity calculation:			
Issuer	KT One Company Limited	KT AT One Company Limited	KT21 T2 Company Limited
Mean Code (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS2028862998	XS2227803819	XS2384355520
Legislation to which the mean is subject	BRSA regulation on	BRSA regulation on	BRSA regulation on
	Shareholders ' Equity	Shareholders ' Equity	Shareholders ' Equity
Consideration In Equity Calculation Subject to consideration application reduced by 10% from 1/1/2015	Not being subject	Not being subject	Not being subject
Subject to consideration application reduced by 1076 from 1/1/2013			
Validity on a consolidated or unconsolidated basis or both consolidated	Current on both	Current on both	Current on both
and unconsolidated basis	consolidated and unconsolidated basis	consolidated and unconsolidated basis	consolidated and unconsolidated basis
			unconsolidated basis
	Subordinated Sukuk	Subordinated Sukuk	Subordinated Sukuk
Means Type	(Additional Tier I	(Additional Tier I	(Tier II Capital)
Amount considered in equity calculation (as of last reporting date-TL	Capital)	Capital)	
million)	3,837	959	6,714
Nominal value of the mean (TL million))	3,837	959	6,714
The account in which the mean is followed accounting	3470003	3470003	3470003
Export date of the mean	16/07/2019	28/09/2020	16/09/2021
Maturity structure of the mean (demand/term))	Demand	Demand	10 years and 3 months
Training structure of the moun (defination term))	Demand	Demand	term
T ::: 1	5 Years (Due Date :	5 Years (Due Date :	5 Years and 3 months
Initial maturity of the mean	16/07/2024)	29/09/2025)	(Due Date: 16/12/2026)
Whether the issuer has the right to refund subject to BRSA approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date of repayment option, contingent repayment options and amount to be	16/07/2024 -	29/09/2025 -	16/12/2026 -
paid back	Complete	Complete	Complete
Subsequent repayment option dates	16/07/2024	29/09/2025	16/12/2026
Dividend payments			
Fixed or variable dividend payments	Fixed dividend	Fixed dividend	Fixed dividend
1 1	payments	payments	payments
Dividend ratio and index value for dividend ratio	9.13%	9.95%	6.125%
Whether there are any restrictions that stop paying dividends  The ability to be completely optional, partially optional or mandatory	None Mandatory	None Mandatory	None Mandatory
Whether there is an element to encourage repayment, such as a dividend		-	-
rate hike	None	None	None
Non-accumulative or cumulative property	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Ability to convert to stock			
Trigger events/events that would cause conversion if converted to stock	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted
ringger events/events that would eause conversion if converted to stock	into stock	into stock	into stock
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted
	into stock Cannot be converted	into stock Cannot be converted	into stock Cannot be converted
If it can be converted to stock, the conversion rate	into stock	into stock	into stock
	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted
Forced or optional conversion property if it can be converted to stock	into stock	into stock	into stock
Types of convertibles means if convertible to stock	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted
Types of convertibles means it convertible to stock	into stock	into stock	into stock
Issuer of the debt instrument to be converted if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted	Cannot be converted
	into stock	into stock	into stock
Value reduction feature  Trigger events/events to course reduction if value reduction is enabled	No Value Peduction	No Value Peduction	No Value Reduction
Trigger events/events to cause reduction if value reduction is enabled  If it has a value reduction feature, it has a total or partial value reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	
feature	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value reduction property is continuous or transient	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value can be temporarily reduced, the value increment mechanism	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
In the case of liquidation, which is in the order in respect of the right of			
receivables (the instrument which is located just above this instrument of	Tier - 1	Tier - 1	Tier - 2
			ı
borrowing))			
Whether or not the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the	None	None	None
Whether or not the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders 'equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None
Whether or not the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the	None None	None None	None None

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, components and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the bank, and to provide the availability of adequate capital to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Banks' growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Bank is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

#### 2. Explanations and disclosures related to credit risk

It has not been prepared in the interim period in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced by Banks and the Related Explanations and Footnotes.

#### 3. Explanations on currency risk

Foreign currency risk represents the Banks's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method. "Standard Method" and "Value at Risk Method" used in legal reporting are used to measure the currency risk that the Bank is exposed to. Measurements made under the Standard Method are made on a monthly basis, and measurements made under the Value at Risk Method are made on a daily basis.

The Bank monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross-exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has a balance sheet open position of TL 1,354,961 (31 December 2022 – TL 13,213,144 closed) and off-balance sheet position of TL 1,362,919 (31 December 2022 – TL 13,977,882 open) with a short position of TL 127,267 (31 December 2022 – TL 764,738 open)

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Bank as of 31 March 2023 and the prior five working days are as follows (full TL):

	24/03/2023	27/03/2023	28/03/2023	29/03/2023	30/03/2023	<b>Balance Sheet Valuation Rate</b>
USD	19.06676	19.09057	19.10579	19.13065	19.16215	19.18388
EURO	20.51706	20.56239	20.68424	20.74502	20.84558	20.88186
GBP	23.31278	23.39405	23.52379	23.58654	23.6702	23.74797
CHF	20.75052	20.81729	20.82223	20.80522	20.93275	20.96532
JPY	0.14657	0.14527	0.14592	0.14481	0.1445	0.1441

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL):

	Monthly average FC purchase rate
USD	18.99606
EURO	20.31280
GBP	23.03307
CHF	20.50959
JPY	0.14209

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### Currency risk of the Bank

	Euro	USD	Other FC	Total
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (****)	10,846,631	24,166,087	22,270,323	57,283,041
Banks (*****)	3,466,389	2,878,531	6,528,557	12,873,477
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	102,706	1,131,005	14,221,011	15,454,722
Money market placements	´ -		, , , <u>-</u>	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	7,645,645	14,422,866	-	22,068,511
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	32,684,490	45,004,286	35,578	77,724,354
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (**)	1,592,030			1,592,030
Financial assets at amortized cost	, , , <u>-</u>	12,988,627	-	12,988,627
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-		-	
Tangible assets	-	1,206	-	1,206
Intangible assets	_	34	_	34
Other assets	22,707	275,404	6,000	304,111
Total assets	56,360,598	100,868,046	43,061,469	200,290,113
Liabilities				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	40,454	396,798	710,109	1,147,361
Current and profit-sharing accounts FC (****)	21,854,248	66,609,126	59,575,766	148,039,140
Money market borrowings	21,034,240	00,009,120	39,373,700	140,039,140
Funds provided from other financial institutions	8,504,775	38,093,171	1,227,444	47,825,390
Marketable securities issued	0,304,773	36,093,171	1,227,444	47,623,390
Miscellaneous payables	1,165,089	1,277,729	90,718	2,533,536
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	1,105,009	1,277,729	90,716	2,333,330
Other liabilities (*****)	524,892	1,388,104	186,651	2,099,647
Total liabilities	32.089.458	107,764,928	61,790,688	201,645,074
1 Otal Habilities	32,009,430	107,704,920	01,770,000	201,043,074
Net balance sheet position	24,271,140	(6,896,882)	(18,729,219)	(1,354,961)
Net off-balance sheet position	(25,571,014)	7,522,506	19,411,427	1,362,919
Financial derivative assets	3,843,413	20,328,192	24,050,950	48,222,555
Financial derivative liabilities	29,414,427	12,805,686	4,639,523	46,859,636
Non-cash loans (***)	4,126,046	9,966,265	1,034,036	15,126,347
Prior Period				
Total assets	55,057,837	99,363,430	56,173,817	210,595,084
Total liabilities	29,794,902	109,290,575	58,296,463	197,381,940
Net balance sheet position	25,262,935	(9,927,145)	(2,122,646)	13,213,144
Net off-balance sheet position	(26,517,215)	10,096,859	2,442,474	(13,977,882)
Financial derivative assets	2,581,986	25,828,843	6,437,465	34,848,294
Financial derivative liabilities	29,099,201	15,731,984	3,994,991	48,826,176
Non-cash loans (***)	4,385,300	7,471,331	677,328	12,533,959
INOII-Casii Ioalis ( · · · )	4,303,300	/,4/1,331	077,328	12,333,939

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 1, 715,037 (31 December 2022 – TL 1,798,529) and includes expected loss provision amounting to TL 5, 845,451 followed as TL on the balance sheet.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> TL 2,942,925 (31 December 2022 - TL 1,592,030) of the subsidiaries amounting to TL 1,592,030 in the balance sheet includes foreign currency subsidiary and subsidiary.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

<sup>(\*\*\*\*)</sup> Precious metals are included in "Other FC" column. The balance sheet includes provisions for expected losses in the amount of TL 109.

<sup>(\*\*\*\*\*)</sup> Other liabilities at fair value through TL5,587 in the calculation of profit / loss of securities are not included in the foreign currency risk of impairment provisions. It also includes a provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 220,258.

<sup>(\*\*\*\*\*\*)</sup> Includes provisions for expected losses amounting to TL 1,990 were deducted from the cash values and the relevant lines from the Central Bank and Banks accounts

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below;

- Derivative financial assets held for trading TL 906,946 (31 December 2022 TL 217,313)
- Prepaid expenses: TL 1,471 (31 December 2022 TL 1,823)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading: TL 341,742 (31 December 2022 TL 167,551)
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: TL 164,158 (31 December 2022 TL 56,643)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging: None (31 December 2022 None).

Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions that are amounting to.

- Forward foreign currency purchase transactions TL 1,176,000 (31 December 2022 TL 3,511,852)
- Forward foreign currency sale transactions: TL 1,178,546 (31 December 2022 TL 3,837,590)
- Precious metals purchase transactions TL 21,852,176 (31 December 2022 TL 4,086,434)
- Precious metals sale transactions TL 3,809,062 (31 December 2022 TL 2,111,460)

#### Sensitivity to exchange rate risk

The bank is largely exposed to exchange rate risk in Euros, US dollars and Gold.

The following table shows the bank's sensitivity to a 10% increase in US Dollar, Euro and gold exchange rates.

	Change in exchange rate (%)	Effect on profit / loss		nge in exchange rate (%) Effect on profit / loss Effect o		Effect on	Equity
		<b>Current Period</b>	Prior Period	<b>Current Period</b>	Prior Period		
US Dollar	10%	62,562	16,971	230,653	79,064		
Euro	10%	(129,987)	(125,428)	(128,065)	(121,550)		
Gold	10%	236,734	57,443	236,734	57,443		

#### 4. Explanations related to stock position risk

4.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analyzing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes

The Bank's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 4.2 Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value

Current Period	Comparison		
Equity Securities (shares) investments	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value
Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	197,013	_	197,013
Quoted Securities		-	· -
Investments in Associates	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investment in Subsidiaries	2,942,925	1,015,080	1,015,080
Quoted Securities	53,418	1,015,080	1,015,080
Other	20,000	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-

Prior Period	Comparison			
Equity Securities (shares) investments	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value	
Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	160,978	-	160,978	
Quoted Securities	· -	-	-	
Investments in Associates	-	-	-	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	
Investment in Subsidiaries	2,442,925	618,420	618,420	
Quoted Securities	53,418	618,420	618,420	
Other	20,000	-	-	
Quoted Securities	-	-		

## 4.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals:

-

### 5. Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio

The liquidity risk of the Bank is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

Funding Liquidity Risk: It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

Market Liquidity Risk: It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

Liquidity risk is managed by the Asset-Liability Committee (ALC) and related business units within the framework of the Liquidity Risk Policy and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors. In liquidity risk management, the measures to be taken and the practices to be carried out are determined by taking into account normal economic conditions and stress conditions. The Bank defines liquidity risk, measures risks with liquidity risk measurement methods in accordance with international standards, monitors them and periodically presents them to the interested parties. Liquidity risk stress tests are performed during monthly periods. An emergency funding plan (liquidity contingency plan) has been created to regulate the procedures and principles for the bank to maintain and maintain adequate liquidity levels under stress conditions.

The Bank's liquidity risk ratios are well above the legal limits. The Bank maintains its liquidity buffer at high levels, taking into account periods when liquidity risk may increase. Due to this approach, it is evaluated that the negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global level do not have a significant impact on The Bank's liquidity needs.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

# 5.1 Information on risk capacity of the Bank, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determined according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Bank's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Bank.

The Bank has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and participation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Bank has a high risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Bank which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets is deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Turkey and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analyzed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALC meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Bank in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Bank. The Treasury Group Management manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. Official and International Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

## 5.2. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Bank and the Bank's subsidiaries

The Bank's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

#### 5.3 Information on the Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities

Bank spread to the base of current and participation accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

## 5.4. Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Bank's total liabilities

Almost all liabilities of the Bank are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Bank is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilities denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantially.

#### 5.5. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 5.6. Information on the use of stress tests

In order to analyze the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether comformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relevant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Bank, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both of the situations. Stress tests related with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

## 5.7. General information on emergency funding plan

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Emergency Funding Plan, which is approved by Board of Directors. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Emergency Funding Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. Asset-Liability Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

# 5.8. Presentation of financial liabilities according to contractual maturities

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 5.9 Liquidity coverage ratio

	Current Period	Total Unweig (Averag	hted Value ge) <sup>(*)</sup>	Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)		
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HIC	GH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	87,050,757	70,483,872	82,699,622	66,132,737	
CAS	SH OUTFLOWS					
	Retail deposits and deposits from small business	104,513,216	17,606,792	9,433,527	1,760,679	
2	customers, of which:	104,313,210	17,000,792	9,433,327	1,700,079	
3	Stable deposits	20,355,881	-	1,017,794	-	
4	Less stable deposits	84,157,335	17,606,792	8,415,733	1,760,679	
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	48,728,849	25,919,159	24,168,990	12,617,973	
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	
7	Non-operational deposits	43,532,342	23,778,289	18,972,483	10,477,103	
8	Unsecured funding	5,196,507	2,140,870	5,196,507	2,140,870	
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-	
10	Other cash outflows of which:	59,192,493	55,889,578	59,192,493	55,889,578	
	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other	42 022 242	20.516.227	42 022 242	20.517.227	
11	collateral requirements	42,032,243	39,516,237	42,032,243	39,516,237	
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	17,160,250	16,373,341	17,160,250	16,373,341	
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet					
13	commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-		
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and					
14	contractual obligations	-	_	-		
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance	55,006,837	13,661,132	5,195,552	849,785	
13	sheet obligations	33,000,837	13,001,132	3,193,332	049,703	
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			97,990,562	71,118,015	
	SH INFLOWS					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-	
18	Unsecured receivables	37,837,506	22,188,145	28,018,258	19,281,957	
19	Other cash inflows	42,351,863	38,722,199	42,351,863	38,722,199	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	80,189,369	60,910,344	70,370,121	58,004,156	
					Applied Value	
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK			82,699,622	66,132,737	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			27,620,441	17,779,504	
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			299.41	371.96	

<sup>(\*)</sup> The simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of the values calculated by taking the weekly simple arithmetic average

1 January - 31 March 2023 The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated by weekly periods are included in the table below:

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
TL+FC	367.73	01/2022	213.28	03/2022	284.56
FC	423.03	02/2022	300.59	03/2022	370.05

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high-quality liquid assets held by the bank to its one-month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the CBRT, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Prior Period		Total Unweig (Averag		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
HI	GH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS				
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	91,247,904	74,596,045	85,246,515	68,594,656
CA	SH OUTFLOWS				
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	99,249,925	23,221,174	8,995,808	2,322,117
3	Stable deposits	18,583,668	-	929,183	-
4	Less stable deposits	80,666,257	23,221,174	8,066,625	2,322,117
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	55,277,686	38,154,538	28,788,802	19,993,230
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	50,864,798	36,266,108	24,375,914	18,104,800
8	Unsecured funding	4,412,888	1,888,430	4,412,888	1,888,430
9	Secured wholesale funding				-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	42,909,922	38,746,945	42,909,922	38,746,945
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	40,440,199	37,376,161	40,440,199	37,376,161
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	2,469,723	1,370,784	2,469,723	1,370,784
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	ı	1	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	44,661,940	11,799,795	4,430,562	826,622
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			85,125,094	61,888,914
CA	SH INFLOWS				
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	42,563,233	30,250,661	34,328,314	27,658,282
19	Other cash inflows	40,848,205	36,814,638	40,848,205	36,814,638
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	83,411,438	67,065,299	75,176,519	64,472,920
				Upper Limit	Applied Value
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK			85,246,515	68,594,656
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			21,281,274	15,472,229
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			400.57	443.34

<sup>(\*)</sup> The average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio calculated by taking the weekly simple arithmetic average

## **Prior Period:**

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
TL+FC	436.15	10/2022	367.71	12/2022	400.48
FC	494.52	10/2022	395.97	12/2022	445.15

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high-quality liquid assets of the bank to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the aforementioned ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher, and they may show variability over time.

<sup>1</sup> October – 31 December 2022 The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated by weekly periods are included in the table below:

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	Over 5 years	Unallocated (***)	Total
Assets						•	` ` `	
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	24,095,489	41,938,612	-	-	-	-	(159)	66,033,942
Banks (*)	12,898,567	-	-	-	-	-	(1,914)	12,896,653
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	16,756	-	12,962,238	2,552,312	-	6,076,714	21,608,020
Money market placements	-	225,734	-	-	-	-	-	225,734
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	8,356,777	1,712,105	23,119,843	18,375,255	10,369,945	181,137	62,115,062
Loans (**)	-	37,149,452	36,771,999	106,826,675	55,473,751	5,631,909	(12,288,761)	229,565,025
Financial assets measured with amortized cost	-	683,969	-	-	21,927,165	6,876,584	(9,546)	29,478,172
Other assets (***)	1,545,780	3,354,949	11,903	-	1,171,939	-	7,045,038	13,129,609
Total assets	38,539,836	91,726,249	38,496,007	142,908,756	99,500,422	22,878,438	1,002,509	435,052,217
Liabilities								
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	2,112,956	28	-	-	-	-	-	2,112,984
Current and profit-sharing accounts	162,730,789	70,860,424	50,708,180	43,415,333	1,833,697	3,291	-	329,551,714
Funds provided from other financial institutions	-	30,414,246	1,206,869	3,423,567	7,796,228	6,833,364	-	49,674,274
Money market borrowings	-	4,981,781	-	-	-	-	-	4,981,781
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	5,116,874	443,963	-	-	-	-	-	5,560,837
Other Liabilities (****)	-	3,766,087	3,399,175	173,452	324,791	46,170	35,460,952	43,170,627
Total Liabilities	169,960,619	110,466,529	55,314,224	47,012,352	9,954,716	6,882,825	35,460,952	435,052,217
Net liquidity gap	(131,420,783)	(18,740,280)	(16,818,217)	95,896,404	89,545,706	15,995,613	(34,458,443)	-
Prior Period								
Total assets Total liabilities Net liquidity gap	50,344,476 161,799,367 (111,454,891)	77,932,042 86,744,783 (8,812,741)	34,910,985 64,816,002 (29,905,017)	95,140,660 22,474,599 72,666,061	108,198,173 8,800,057 99,398,116	19,559,257 6,609,541 12,949,716	(1,454,813) 33,386,431 (34,841,244)	384,630,780 384,630,780

Presented with netting off expected credit losses.

Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets.

The other unallocated liabilities column consists mainly of equity and provision balances.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 6. Explanations on leverage ratio

## Disclosure of leverage ratio template

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

	On-balance sheet assets (*)	Current Period	Prior Period
	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
1	but including collateral)	419,823,593	380,806,639
2	(Assets amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier I Capital)	(904,501)	(638,065)
3	Total amount on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	418,919,092	380,168,574
	Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	925,973	658,533
5	The potential amount of credit risk with derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	623,879	449,251
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	1,549,852	1,107,784
	Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)		
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	8,236,919	5,199,746
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	8,236,919	5,199,746
	Other off-balance sheet transactions		
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	117,677,218	107,900,561
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(49,422,564)	(49,406,445)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	68,254,654	58,494,116
	Capital and total risks		
13	Tier I Capital	35,243,844	31,510,784
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	496,960,517	444,970,220
	Leverage ratio		
15	Leverage ratio	7.09	7.08

<sup>(\*)</sup> Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

The leverage ratio calculated on the basis of the arithmetic average of the amounts realized at the end of each month for the past three-month period as of the Group's consolidated balance sheet date was 7.09% (31 December 2022 – 7.08%). The main reason for the change compared to the previous period is that the increase in capital, onbalance sheet assets and derivative financial assets and credit derivatives items is higher than other items. Accordingly, main capital increased by 12% on profit for the period, while on-balance sheet risk increased by 10% and offbalance sheet items increased by 17%. Accordingly, there is an increase of 1 basis points in the current period leverage ratio compared to the prior period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 7. Explanations on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

# 8. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

#### 9. Explanations on hedge accounting practices

None (31 December 2022 – None).

#### 10. Explanations on risk management

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee ("ALC") and the Risk Management Department ("RMD") which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Bank is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Bank's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank's future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

## 10.1. GB1 - Overview of risk weighted amounts

		Risk Weighte	ed Amounts	Minimum Capital Requirements
		<b>Current Period</b>	Prior Period	Current Period
		31/03/2023	31/12/2022	31/03/2023
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	151,291,745	115,302,300	12,103,340
2	Standardized approach (SA)	151,291,745	115,302,300	12,103,340
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	1,237,541	1,000,806	99,003
5	Standardized approach for counterparty credit	1,237,541	1,000,806	99,003
	risk (SA-CCR)			
6	Internal model method (IMM)	-	1	1
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models' equity position in the	-	-	-
	banking account			
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-through	-	-	-
	approach			
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-	-	-	-
	based approach			
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% risk	-	-	-
	weighting Approach			
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	1	1
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	ı	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	ı	ı
16	Market risk	25,552,791	19,197,181	2,044,223
17	Standardized approach (SA)	25,552,791	19,197,181	2,044,223
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	29,549,149	14,138,871	2,363,932
20	Basic indicator approach	29,549,149	14,138,871	2,363,932
21	Standardized approach	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital	-	-	-
	(subject to 250% risk weight)			
24	Floor adjustment		-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	207,631,226	149,639,158	16,610,498

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 11. Securitization Positions

None.

# 12. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions

The Bank does not perform purchases, sales and custody services in the name of others. The Bank has no fiduciary-based transaction agreements

#### 13. Qualitative explanations on market risk

Not prepared in accordance with the Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks.

#### 14. Explanations on Business Segments

The Bank operates in Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking: to meet the financial needs of the customers', unique cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail and Enterprise Banking includes fund collection, installment commercial loans, business loans, non-cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, Trade Finance, Checks, POS services, Credit Cards, ATM services, Online Banking and Mobile Banking in these fields.

In International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified "corporate" customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long-term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the Sukuk for the Bank, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Turkey. The Treasury in addition to monitoring foreign currency position and liquidity of the Bank, also conducts spot and forward transactions in TL or foreign currencies, performs derivative transactions (forward, swap) with banks and customers, trades of gold within the context of membership of Istanbul Gold Exchange, trades share certificates in BIST and international markets and conducts Murabaha transactions with foreign banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

# Specific balance sheet and income statement items according to segments

Current Period 1 January 2023-31 March 2023	Retail Banking	Corporate and Commercial banking	Treasury and international banking	Unallocated	Bank's total operation
Operating income	5,895,143	7,689,940	1,963,263	_	15,548,346
Operating expenses (-)	6,448,202	1,304,312	157,245	2,016,560	9,926,319
Transfers between segments	3,189,501	(2,484,794)	(704,707)	· -	-
Net operating income(loss)	2,636,442	3,900,834	1,101,311	(2,016,560)	5,622,027
Income from associates	-	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) before tax	2,636,442	3,900,834	1,101,311	(2,016,560)	5,622,027
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	1,427,876	1,427,876
Net income for the period	2,636,442	3,900,834	1,101,311	(3,444,436)	4,194,151
Current Period 31 March 2023					
Segment assets	84,026,252	145,863,602	193,633,472	-	423,523,326
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	2,962,925	2,962,925
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	8,565,966	8,565,966
Total assets	84,026,252	145,863,602	193,633,472	11,528,891	435,052,217
Segment liabilities	273,360,836	58,303,862	55,611,397	_	387,276,095
Undistributed liabilities			-	16,692,571	16,692,571
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	31,083,551	31,083,551
Total liabilities	273,360,836	58,303,862	55,611,397	47,776,122	435,052,217
1111	- / /		/- /	, -,	,,
Prior Period 1 January 2022 – 31 March 2022	Retail Banking	Corporate and Commercial banking	Treasury and international banking	Unallocated	Bank's total operation
Operating income	3,150,185	1,697,242	2,477,708	_	7,325,135
Operating expenses (-)	3,124,187	527,063	711,228	1,035,860	5,398,338
Transfers between segments	1,365,246	(1,231,336)	(133,910)	-	-
Net operating income(loss)	1,391,244	(61,157)	1,632,570	(1,035,860)	1,926,797
Income from associates	-,	-	-,,	-	-,,
Income (loss) before tax	1,391,244	(61,157)	1,632,570	(1,035,860)	1,926,797
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	· -	462,077	462,077
Net income for the period	1,391,244	(61157)	1,632,570	(1,497,937)	1,464,720
Prior Period					
31 December 2022					
Segment assets					
e	63,362,805	120,864,395	191,322,522	-	375,549,722
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	63,362,805	120,864,395	191,322,522	2,462,925	2,462,925
e			- -	6,618,133	2,462,925 6,618,133
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	63,362,805 - 63,362,805	120,864,395 - - 120,864,395	191,322,522 - - 191,322,522		2,462,925
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets			- -	6,618,133	2,462,925 6,618,133
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets  Total assets  Prior Period 31 December 2022			- -	6,618,133	2,462,925 6,618,133
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets  Total assets  Prior Period			- -	6,618,133	2,462,925 6,618,133
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets  Total assets  Prior Period 31 December 2022 Segment liabilities Undistributed liabilities	63,362,805	120,864,395	191,322,522	6,618,133 9,081,058 12,038,251	2,462,925 6,618,133 <b>384,630,780</b> 343,877,687 12,038,251
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets  Total assets  Prior Period 31 December 2022 Segment liabilities	63,362,805	120,864,395	191,322,522	6,618,133 9,081,058	2,462,925 6,618,133 <b>384,630,780</b> 343,877,687

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION FIVE**

## EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets

## 1.1. Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey

## 1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey

_	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Cash/foreign currency	1,883,558	4,702,761	2,216,128	6,028,918	
The Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	6,621,166	49,772,679	6,272,849	58,400,892	
Other (*)	246,032	2,807,905	55,900	3,278,301	
Total	8,750,756	57,283,345	8,544,877	67,708,111	

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of 31 March 2023, precious metal account amounting to TL 2,470,684 (31 December 2022 - TL 3,278,301) and money in transit amounting to TL 583,253 (31 December 2022 - TL 55,900) are presented in this line.

#### 1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey

		Current period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	6,621,166	7,834,068	6,272,849	12,263,740
Unrestricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposit	-	41,938,611	-	46,137,152
Total	6,621,166	49,772,679	6,272,849	58,400,892

According to the CBRT's Communiqué on Required Reserves No. 2005/1, banks operating in Turkey; Required reserve ratios for Turkish lira and foreign currency liabilities are determined between 0% and 26% by differentiating according to the maturity of liabilities, and these rates are applied by banks as of the date of the report.

# 1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

As of 31 March 2023, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase transactions, given as a collateral or blocked (31 December 2022 – None).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets:

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward transactions	119,664	77,098	242,868	59,408	
Swap transactions	355,115	829,848	311,625	157,905	
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-	
Options	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-		
Total	474,779	906,946	554,493	217,313	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 1.3 Information on Banks

#### 1.3.1. Information on Banks

	Cu	Current period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks	23,404	12,875,163	31,463	18,404,124	
Domestic	23,404	1,802,754	31,463	1,243,934	
Foreign	-	11,072,409	-	17,160,190	
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-	
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-	
Total	23,404	12,875,163	31,463	18,404,124	

## 1.3.2 Information on foreign banks account

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

## 1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Current period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	62,507,285	57,840,042
Quoted on stock exchange	62,507,285	57,840,042
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	-
Share certificates/Investment Funds Quoted on stock exchange	92,561	69,179
Not quoted on stock exchange	92,561	69,179
Impairment provision (-)	484,784	344,012
Total	62,115,062	57,565,209

## 1.4.1. Information on given collateral or blocked financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

As of the balance sheet date, there is given collateral financial assets amounting to TL 66,817,013 (31 December 2022: TL 39,231,073) at fair value through to other comprehensive income

# 1.4.2. Information on subject to repurchase agreement financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

As of the balance sheet date, there is a repurchase agreement financial assets amounting to TL 5,013,845 (31 December 2022 – 133,844) at fair value through other comprehensive income.

## 1.5. Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost

## 1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank

	C	Current period		<b>Prior period</b>	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	
Direct loans granted to shareholders	34,380	45,111	26,634	45,210	
Corporate shareholders	13,973	44,612	10,779	45,163	
Real person shareholders	20,407	499	15,855	47	
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	1,268,395	13,115	2,176,543	1,849	
Loans granted to employees	105,995	3,383	74,237	1,494	
Total	1,408,770	61,609	2,277,414	48,553	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.5.2 Information on standard loans, loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring:

	Loans and other		r receivables under c	lose monitoring
	Standard Loans	Loans and	Restructured Loan	ns and Receivables
Current Period-Cash Loans	and Other Receivables	Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Loans	203,031,990	11,669,202	2,669,450	-
Export Loans	23,259,598	467,387	-	-
Import Loans	12,348,601	475,974	-	-
Corporation Loans	113,635,225	8,932,027	2,648,248	-
Consumer Loans	15,999,771	434,530	13,768	-
Credit Cards	14,133,461	943,235	7,434	-
Loans given to financial sector	6,716,535	-	-	-
Other	16,938,799	416,049	-	-
Other Receivables	398	3,333	-	-
Total	203,032,388	11,672,535	2,669,450	-

		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
	Standard Loans	Loans and	Restructured Loan	ns and Receivables
Prior Period-Cash Loans	and Other	Receivables Not	Loans and	
Thorrest Cash Edans	Receivables	Subject to	Receivables with	Refinance
	receivables	Restructuring	Revised Contract	Remance
		restructuring	Terms	
Loans	161,594,311	9,010,781	2,888,282	-
Export Loans	18,434,765	215,570	-	-
Import Loans	10,128,793	317,949	1	-
Corporation Loans	85,220,866	7,050,651	2,868,223	-
Consumer Loans	14,339,543	380,413	14,112	-
Credit Cards	9,890,607	601,507	5,947	-
Loans given to financial sector	7,986,475	-	1	-
Other	15,593,262	444,691	-	-
Other Receivables	228	364	ı	-
Total	161,594,539	9,011,145	2,888,282	-

Information on provisions for standard qualified and close monitored loans and restructured close monitored loans:

	Standard Loans	Loans under close	Standard Loans	Loans under close
		monitoring		monitoring
	Current Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Prior Period
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	7,344,866	-	5,843,771	-
Other Financial Assets Measured at				
Amortized Cost Expected Credit	9,546	-	10,210	-
Losses				
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	5,098,108	-	4,842,716
Total	7,354,412	5,098,108	5,853,981	4,842,716

## 1.5.3 Distribution of cash loans and other receivables according to their maturities

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

# 1.5.4 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards

Current Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	504,583	15,840,023	16,344,606
Real Estate Loans	77,335	10,615,867	10,693,202
Vehicle Loans	131,116	3,874,097	4,005,213
Consumer Loans	116,224	443,811	560,035
Other	179,908	906,248	1,086,156
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	_	_	-
Vehicle Loans	_	_	_
Consumer Loans	_	_	-
Other	_	_	_
Consumer Loans-FC	_	53,991	53,991
Real Estate Loans	_	53,991	53,991
Vehicle Loans	_	-	_
Consumer Loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Retail Credit Cards-TL	3,328,800	25	3,328,825
With Installment	986,501	25	986,526
Without Installment	2,342,299		2,342,299
Retail Credit Cards-FC	=,s .=,=>> =	_	_,;,_,
With Installment	_	_	_
Without Installment	_	_	_
Personnel Loans-TL	2,784	46,688	49,472
Real Estate Loans	2,701	6,251	6,251
Vehicle Loans	1,460	28,778	30,238
Consumer Loans	1,303	11,659	12,962
Other	21	-	21
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed	21	_	21
Real Estate Loans	_	_	_
Vehicle Loans	_	_	_
Consumer Loans	_	_	_
Other	_		_
Personnel Loans-FC			_
Real Estate Loans	_	_	_
Vehicle Loans		_	_
Consumer Loans			_
Other	<del>-</del>	_	_
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	68,034	2	68,036
With Installment	33,829	2	33,831
Without Installment	34,205	2	34,205
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	34,203	-	34,203
Installment based	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person) Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)	- -	-	-
Total	3,904,201	15,940,729	19,844,930

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards: (continued)

Prior Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	315,884	14,332,601	14,648,485
Real Estate Loans	54,319	10,456,951	10,511,270
Vehicle Loans	105,743	2,919,962	3,025,705
Consumer Loans	91,397	418,177	509,574
Other	64,425	537,511	601,936
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	,	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	_	_
Vehicle Loans	<u>-</u>	_	_
Consumer Loans	<u>-</u>	_	_
Other	<u>-</u>	_	_
Consumer Loans-FC	_	53,330	53,330
Real Estate Loans	_	53,330	53,330
Vehicle Loans	_	-	-
Consumer Loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Retail Credit Cards-TL	2,489,352	25	2,489,377
With Installment	724,471	25	724,496
Without Installment	1,764,881	-	1,764,881
Retail Credit Cards-FC	-	_	1,701,001
With Installment	_	_	_
Without Installment	_	_	_
Personnel Loans-TL	2,783	29,470	32,253
Real Estate Loans	2,765	4,264	4,264
Vehicle Loans	1,253	12,971	14,224
Consumer Loans	1,506	12,235	13,741
Other	24	12,233	24
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed			2-7
Real Estate Loans		_	_
Vehicle Loans	_		_
Consumer Loans	<u>-</u>	_	_
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	48,957	2	49.050
	,	2	48,959
With Installment	24,282	2	24,284
Without Installment	24,675	-	24,675
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)	4.05/.05/	14 415 420	15 252 404
Total	2,856,976	14,415,428	17,272,404

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

# 1.5.5 Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards

Current Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Commercial Installment Loans-TL	10,489,113	17,250,369	27,739,482
Business Loans	206,891	1,958,744	2,165,635
Vehicle Loans	8,411,372	10,531,234	18,942,606
Consumer Loans	1,870,850	4,760,391	6,631,241
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed	21,724	425,182	446,906
Business Loans	21,724	1,228	22,952
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	423,954	423,954
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC	42,766	1,938,137	1,980,903
Business Loans	-	371,149	371,149
Vehicle Loans	42,766	1,566,988	1,609,754
Consumer Loans	-		-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	11,687,269	-	11,687,269
With Installment	7,212,676	-	7,212,676
Without Installment	4,474,593	-	4,474,593
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Total	22,240,872	19,613,688	41,854,560

Prior Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Commercial Installment Loans-TL	8,579,186	15,698,855	24,278,041
Business Loans	220,671	1,792,159	2,012,830
Vehicle Loans	7,015,444	9,173,167	16,188,611
Consumer Loans	1,343,071	4,733,529	6,076,600
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed	10,521	459,633	470,154
Business Loans	10,521	2,399	12,920
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	457,234	457,234
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC	62,520	1,961,768	2,024,288
Business Loans	-	479,246	479,246
Vehicle Loans	62,520	1,482,522	1,545,042
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	7,959,725	-	7,959,725
With Installment	4,467,414	-	4,467,414
Without Installment	3,492,311	-	3,492,311
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)	_	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Total	16,611,952	18,120,256	34,732,208

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.5.6 Breakdown of loans by users

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

## 1.5.7 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans

	Current period	Prior period
Domestic loans	209,861,428	164,463,609
Foreign loans	7,512,945	9,030,357
Total	217,374,373	173,493,966

## **1.5.8** Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates	486,872	471,573
Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
Total	486,872	471,573

## **1.5.9** Specific provisions for loans or default (third stage) provisions:

	Current period	Prior period
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	258,858	92,491
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	274,370	253,089
Uncollectible loans and receivables	2,728,635	2,742,931
Total	3,261,863	3,088,511

## 1.5.10 Information on non-performing loans (Net)

# **1.5.10.1** Information on loans and other receivables included in loans under follow-up account, which are restructured or rescheduled

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability	Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability	Uncollectible Loans and Receivables
<b>Current Period:</b>			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	-	-	666,209
Restructured Loans and Receivables	-	-	666,209
Prior Period:			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	-	-	672,696
Restructured Loans and Receivables	-	-	672,696

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

# 1.5.10.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Current Period	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2022	131,936	304,959	2,809,152
Additions in the current period (+)	260,379	113,857	50,893
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	106,090	192,589
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	106,090	192,589	-
Collections in the current period (-)	9,275	8,512	246,859
Write offs (-)	-	-	-
Sold Portfolio (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Ending balance of the current period	276,950	323,805	2,805,775
Specific provisions (-)	258,858	274,370	2,728,635
Net balances on balance sheet	18,092	49,435	77,140

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Prior Period	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2021	187,806	163,079	2,724,524
Additions in the current period (+)	230,659	198,624	1,298,304
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	163,214	197,695
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	163,214	197,695	-
Collections in the current period (-)	123,315	22,263	1,411,371
Write offs (-)	-	-	-
Sold Portfolio (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Ending balance of the current period	131,936	304,959	2,809,152
Specific Provisions (-)	92,491	253,089	2,742,931
Net balance at the balance sheet	39,445	51,870	66,221

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.5.10.3 Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Current Period:			
Ending balance of the current period	1,536	7,822	655,849
Provision amount (-)	1,019	4,147	643,299
Net balance at the balance sheet	517	3,675	12,550
Prior Period:			
Ending balance of the current period	892	58,375	590,898
Provision amount (-)	624	50,744	579,101
Net balance at the balance sheet	268	7,631	11,797

## 1.5.10.4 Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and	Loans and	Uncollectible
	receivables with	receivables with	loans and
	limited collectability	doubtful collectability	receivables
Current Period (Net)	18,092	49,435	77,140
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	276,950	323,805	2,805,775
Specific provision (-)	258,858	274,370	2,728,635
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)	18,092	49,435	77,140
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (Net)	39,445	51,870	66,221
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	131,936	304,959	2,809,152
Specific provision (-)	92,491	253,089	2,742,931
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)	39,445	51,870	66,221
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.10.5 In terms of financial instrument classes, the aging analysis of past due but not impaired financial assets is as follows

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of The Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

# **1.5.10.6** Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	Uncollectible
	Receivables with	Receivables with	Loans
	Limited	Doubtful	and Other
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
Current Period (Net)	1,326	3,612	2,674
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	20,694	21,609	352,390
Provision (-)	19,368	17,997	349,716

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful	Uncollectible Loans and Other
	Collectability	Collectability	Receivables
Prior Period (Net)	2,561	2,457	4,199
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	9,953	13,184	365,861
Provision (-)	7,392	10,727	361,662

## 1.5.11 Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

#### **1.5.12** Information on the write-off policy

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

#### 1.6. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost

#### 1.6.1 Information on other financial assets measured at amortized cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	29,487,718	21,678,735
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	29,487,718	21,678,735
Not Quoted	<u>-</u>	-
<b>Expected Loss Provision (-)</b>	9,546	10,210
Total	29,478,172	21,668,525

## 1.6.2 Movements of Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost During the Year

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	21,678,735	4,798,614
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	133,983	4,535,700
Purchases During the Year	7,675,000	18,269,087
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	-	5,924,666
Expected Loss Provision (-)	9,546	10,210
Total	29,478,172	21,668,525

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net)

- 1.7.1 The 1.49% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 7,659 (31 December 2022 TL 7,659), 1.15% ownership of the shares of Islamic International Rating Agency amounting to TL 401 (31 December 2022 TL 391), ownership of the shares of Katılım Finans Kefalet A.Ş amounting to TL 22,500, which corresponds to 15% in (31 December 2022 None), Swift shares amounting to TL 4,958 (31 December 2022 TL 4,739) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa Istanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2022 TL 15), 2.86% ownership of the shares of JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 2,755 (31 December 2022 TL 2,755), The 0.82% ownership of the shares of İhracatı Geliştirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 30,420 (31 December 2022 TL 30,420), VISA shares amounting to TL 26,615 (31 December 2022 TL 25,962) are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the Bank's ownership in these entities is less than 10% and the Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.
- 1.7.2 Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2022 None).
- 1.7.3 Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2022 None).

## 1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net)

1.8.1 Although the Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş and Architecht Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with "Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated.

#### **1.8.2** Information on subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City/Country)		Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	KT Bank AG (*)	Frankfurt/Germany	100	100
2	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. (***)	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
3	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
4	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
5	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
6	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	75	75.56
7	Architecht Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş. (**)	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
8	Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş. (**)	Istanbul/ Turkey	99.99	99.99

Information on subsidiaries in the order listed above

	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss	Fair value
1(*)	16,413,143	3,340,745	188,983	-	-	13,636	2,805	1
2(***)	9,170,771	1,642,816	94,826	ı	-	151,527	37,288	ı
3	1,666,553	558	-		-	61	27	1
4	784	738	-	-	-	2	10	
5	136,425	99,673	5,762		-	25,243	5,953	1
6	311,455	274,011	166,630	-	-	1,549	711	
7(**)	337,227	228,962	12,151	609	130	(8,299)	509,909	-
8(**)	74,798	57,849	6,001	-	-	5,373	(2,682)	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of 31 March 2023, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> These are the amounts in the statutory financial statements dated March 31, 2023, regulated according to the Turkish Commercial Code.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> According to Article 10 of the Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Insurance and Reinsurance and Pension Companies, Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. calculates a minimum required equity capital twice a year, in June and December periods, and the capital deficiency on March 31, 2023, is none (December 31, 2022: Capital deficiency TL 226,650. In addition, the shareholder of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. has the financial power and management understanding to eliminate any financial risk.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## Movement regarding the subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,442,925	1,461,015
Movements during the year	500,000	981,910
Purchases (*)	500,000	981,910
Transfers from subsidiaries(net)	-	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	-	-
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	2,942,925	2,442,925
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Neova Katılım Sigorta, a subsidiary of the Bank, the capital of the company, which was TL 500,000,000 (full amount), was increased by TL 400,000,000 (full amount) to TL 900,000,000 (full amount) on February 2, 2023. Architecht Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A, a subsidiary of the Bank, the capital of the company, which was TL 83,000,000 (full amount), was increased by TL 100,000,000 (full amount) to TL 183,000,000 (full amount) on March 28, 2023.

#### Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	1,592,030	1,592,030
Insurance Companies	1,151,796	751,796
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Subsidiaries	75,419	75,419
Total	2,819,245	2,419,245

## Subsidiaries that are quoted on the stock exchange

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	53,418	53,418
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-
Total	53,418	53,418

## **1.8.3** Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries

The shareholder's equity of KT Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of March 31, 2023, is EUR 160,889,514.73 (Full EUR amount) and the capital adequacy ratio is 30.5%.

## 1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*)	50%	12,750,287	348,939	74,219	24,924	16,203

<sup>(\*)</sup> In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş, and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by Istanbul Ticaret Sicil Müdürlüğü.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)

## 1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases

		Current Period				
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net		
Less than 1 year	13,619,401	11,441,637	10,776,102	9,201,436		
1 to 4 years	13,190,599	12,178,206	11,386,627	10,649,655		
More than 4 years	893,187	869,116	1,038,646	1,012,311		
Total	27,703,187	24,488,959	23,201,375	20,863,402		

#### **1.10.2** Net investments in finance leases

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases	27,703,187	23,201,375
Unearned finance lease income (-)	3,214,228	2,337,973
Unearned finance lease income (-)	-	-
Net Leasing Investment	24,488,959	20,863,402

## 1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts

The Bank determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Bank gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfill its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the Bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non-performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 77,673 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2022 – TL 72,248).

#### 1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes

None (31 December 2022 – None).

## 1.12 Information on tangible assets

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

## 1.13 Explanations on intangible assets

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.14 Explanations on investment properties

None (31 December 2022 - None)

#### 1.15 Information on deferred tax asset

As of 31 March 2023, deferred tax is offset as TL 1,171,939 in the balance sheet. The deferred tax asset is TL 2,977,716 (31 December 2022 – TL 3,222,649) and the deferred tax liability is TL 1,805,777 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,139,426)

	Current period	Prior period
TFRS 9 Provisions	1,824,147	1,873,759
Derivative transactions valuation differences	381,862	660,879
Deferred income	255,689	197,178
Severance pays liability	162,381	153,514
Reserve for employee benefits	152,723	241,539
Financial assets valuation difference	69,578	33,242
Precious metals valuation difference	32,532	-
Impairment provision for subsidiaries, fixed assets and assets held for sale	-	-
Other	98,804	62,538
Deferred tax asset	2,977,716	3,222,649
Financial assets valuation differences	(1,490,192)	(1,599,034)
Tangible assets valuation differences	(43,080)	(12,732)
Derivative transactions valuation differences	(257,484)	(143,407)
Precious metal valuation difference	· · · · · · · · ·	(377,242)
Other	(15,021)	(7,011)
Deferred tax liability	(1,805,777)	(2,139,426)
Net deferred tax asset	1,171,939	1,083,223

#### Table of deferred tax asset movement:

	Current period	Prior period
As of 1 January,	1,083,223	1,713,575
Deferred tax (expense)/income	(65,452)	(503,668)
Deferred tax accounted under equity	154,168	(597,368)
Deferred tax asset	1,171,939	612,539

## 1.16 Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations

	Current period	Prior period
Opening Balance	117,719	240,891
Additions	106,899	92,069
Transfers from Tangible Asset	-	
Disposals (-), Net	5,625	215,241
Transfer to Tangible Assets	-	-
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Provision for Impairment (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	218,993	117,719

#### 1.17 Information on other assets

As of balance sheet date, the Bank's other assets amount to TL 4,949,145 (31 December 2022 – TL 3,370,442). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **SECTION FIVE**

## 2. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities

# 2.1 Information on funds collected

#### **2.1.1** Information on maturity structure of funds collected:

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
I. Real persons current accounts-TL	31,611,854							_	31,611,854
II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL		12 186 615	60,504,547	6,156,763	_	10,192,169	1,488,168	13,629	90,541,891
III. Another current accounts-TL	21,494,415	12,100,015	-	-	_	10,172,107	1,100,100	10,025	21,494,415
Public sector	864,260	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	864,260
Commercial sector	19,477,180	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	19,477,180
Other institutions	187,380	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	187,380
Commercial and other institutions	107,500	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	107,500
Banks and participation banks	965,595	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	965,595
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	,00,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	,00,000
Domestic banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Foreign banks	965,595	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	965,595
Participation banks		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	- 00,000
Others	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL	_	1,228,279	7,676,654	2,707,554	_	3,351,034	165,154	68	15,128,743
Public sector	_	520	3,903	2,707,554	_	88,800	100,101	-	93,223
Commercial sector	_	1,028,537	7,034,232	2,325,801	_	3,129,565	164,784	68	13,682,987
Other institutions	_	197,064	460,016	45,418	_	76,978	370	-	779,846
Commercial and other institutions	_	2.158	178,475	336,335	_	55,691	-	_	572,659
Banks and participation banks	_	2,130	28	-	_	55,071	_	_	28
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	48,866,972	_		_	_	_	_	_	48,866,972
VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC		11,464,026	9,098,446	1,283,246	_	2,101,871	1,931,482	12,638	25,891,709
VII. Another current accounts-FC	15,638,674	-	-,070,110	1,200,210	_	2,101,071	1,701,102	12,000	15,638,674
Commercial residents in Turkey	12,448,578	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,448,578
Commercial residents in Abroad	2,649,619	_		_	_	_	_	_	2,649,619
Banks and participation banks	540,477	_		_		_		_	540,477
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	510,177	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	510,177
Domestic banks	64	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	64
Foreign banks	535,547	_		_		_		_	535,547
Participation banks	4,866	_		_	_	_	_	_	4,866
Others	4,000						_	-	4,800
VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC	-	490,450	616,405	78,978	_	66,138	7,600	192	1,259,763
Public sector	-	21	61,167	70,770	_	00,130	7,000	1)2	61,188
Commercial sector	_	354,592	321,744	77,522	_	59,883	7,600	192	821,533
Other institutions	_	13,827	19,065	1,428	_	28	7,000	192	34,348
Commercial and other institutions	_	122,010	214,429	28	_	6,227	_	_	342,694
Banks and participation banks	_	122,010	217,729	26	_	0,227			342,094
IX. Precious metal funds	47,231,830	6,098,823	3,266,211	505,341	_	405,602	21,576	_	57,529,383
X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL	47,231,030	0,070,025	212,370	1,660,716		21,584,697	243,511	_	23,701,294
Residents in Turkey	_	_	208,942	1,660,716		21,491,685	233,540	_	23,594,883
Residents Abroad	_	_	3,428	-,000,710		93,012	9,971	=	106,411
XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC	_	-	3,420	_	_	75,012	,,,,,,	_	100,411
Residents in Turkey	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	- -	_
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (**)	151012 = 12	21 100 102	81,374,633	12 202 500		37,701,511	3,857,491	26,527	331,664,698

<sup>(\*)</sup> There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Bank.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has a total of TL 65,492,511 (31 December 2022: TL 44,232,985) foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument of which TL 36,721,075 (31 December 2022: 23,423,914 TL) opened within the scope of the "Communique oo Supporting the Conversion of Turkish lira Deposit and Participation Accounts" published by the CBRT in the Official Gazette dated 21 December 2021 and numbered 31696, TL 102,213,587 (31 December 2022: TL 67,656,899) opened within the scope of the announcement of the Ministry of Treasury and Finance ("Treasury") dated 24 December 2021. Foreign exchange revaluation differences amounting to TL 1,431,162 (31 December 2022: TL 681,794) regarding the foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument calculated as of the balance sheet date are presented in other assets wider assets and included in deposits under liabilities.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Prior Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months		Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
I. Real persons current accounts-TL II. Real persons profit sharing	28,581,579	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,581,579
accounts-TL	_	11,844,756	53,871,241	3,455,298	_	7,619,222	1,161,534	15,311	77,967,362
III. Another current accounts-TL	18,292,741	, , , <u>-</u>	-	· · · -	-	· · · -	· · · -	´ -	18,292,741
Public sector	309,957	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	309,957
Commercial sector	17,711,130	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	17,711,130
Other institutions	204,496	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	204,496
Commercial and other institutions		-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Banks and participation banks	67,158	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	67,158
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Domestic banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Foreign banks	67,158	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	67,158
Participation banks		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Others	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL	_	1.039,535	7,650,459	2,594,915	_	2,928,479	195,171	47	14,408,606
Public sector	_	411	4,123	-,0,,,,,,	_	83,085		-	87,619
Commercial sector	_	869,626		2,445,215	_	2,750,155	194,800	47	13,215,650
Other institutions	_	168,930	585,212	51,182	_	50,651	371	.,	856,346
Commercial and other institutions	_	568	105,292	98,518	_	44,588	5,1	_	248,966
Banks and participation banks	_	-	25	,0,010	_	,,,,,,,,	_	_	25
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	50,763,268	_		_	_	_	_	_	50,763,268
VI. Real persons profit sharing	30,703,200	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	30,703,200
accounts-FC	_	12,942,398	11,389,112	1,454,545	_	2,322,104	2,457,240	12,554	30,577,953
VII. Another current accounts-FC	17,070,838	12,742,576	11,505,112	1,454,545	_	2,322,104	2,437,240	12,554	17,070,838
Commercial residents in Turkey	13,811,053				_		_	_	13,811,053
Commercial residents in Abroad	2,712,783	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,712,783
Banks and participation banks	547,002	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	547,002
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	213,395		_	_	_	_	_	_	213,395
Domestic banks	213,373	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	213,373
Foreign banks	328,879	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	328,879
Participation banks	4.728	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	4,728
Others	7,720	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,720
VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC	-	547,701	996,362	78,134		81,929	12,205	-	1,716,331
Public sector	-	47	59,539	76,134	_	01,727	12,203	-	59,586
Commercial sector	-	430,370	611,884	76,533	-	75,656	12,205	-	1,206,648
Other institutions	-	16,790	35,074	1,574	_	313	12,203	-	53,751
Commercial and other institutions	-	100,494	289,865	27	-	5,960	-	-	396,346
Banks and participation banks	-	100,494	209,003	21	-	3,900	-	-	390,340
IX. Precious metal funds	44,330,959	6,521,360	3,425,381	540,213	-	400,669	17,145	-	55,235,727
X. Profit sharing accounts special	44,330,939	0,521,500	3,423,361	540,215	-	400,009	17,145	-	55,255,727
8 1		_	110 654	747 404		5 014 062	222 527		6 002 459
funds - TL Residents in Turkey	-	-	118,654 118,654	747,404 747,404	-	5,814,863	222,537 222,537	-	6,903,458
-	-	-	110,034	/4/,404	-	5,814,863	222,337	-	6,903,458
Residents Abroad  XI. Profit sharing accounts special	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e .									
funds - FC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

 $<sup>(\</sup>mbox{*})\mbox{There}$  are no 7 days notification accounts of the Bank.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

- **2.1.2** Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund
- **2.1.2.1** Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real and Legal Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund

	Under the guaran deposit ins	U	Exceeding the limit of saving Deposit		
	Current period	Prior period	Current period		
Real and legal persons current and profit-sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities					
TL accounts	67,766,523	46,974,148	114,524,949	99,081,497	
FC accounts	72,151,233	52,436,738	76,362,860	102,497,446	
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	
Off-shore banking regions' under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real and legal persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 400 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

**2.1.2.2** If the headquarters of the Bank is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained:

The headquarters of the Bank is in Turkey.

**2.1.2.3** Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund:

The Bank has no current or profit-sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit-sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first-degree relatives.

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Foreign branches' profit-sharing accounts and other accounts Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit	-	-
sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	_	_
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit-sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	18,856	15,340
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Turkey in order to engage in offshore banking activities solely	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward transactions	5,373	119,120	24,290	21,777	
Swap transactions	2,130	222,622	8,079	145,774	
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-	
Options	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	7,503	341,742	32,369	167,551	

#### 2.3. Information on funds borrowed

#### **2.3.1** Information on banks and other financial institutions

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	1,792,857	28,453,435	3,106,571	21,592,120	
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	56,027	7,670,944	47,300	5,347,336	
Total	1,848,884	36,124,379	3,153,871	26,939,456	

#### **2.3.2** Information on maturity structure of borrowings

	Current Period			<b>Prior Period</b>
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	1,848,884	33,195,798	3,153,871	24,038,905
Medium and Long-Term	-	2,928,581	-	2,900,551
Total	1,848,884	36,124,379	3,153,871	26,939,456

## 2.3.3 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Bank's major liabilities

Most of the bank's loans consist of foreign currency loans. There is no risk concentration of the Bank's current and profit-sharing accounts.

## 2.4 Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables

As of 31 March 2023, other liabilities amount to TL 3, 480,027 (31 December 2022 - TL 2,366,817), sundry creditors amount to TL 5,560,837 (31 December 2022 - TL 3,084,196), both do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

## 2.5 Information on finance lease payables (net):

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	
Less than 1 year	24,165	22,845	16,807	15,997	
1 to 4 years	19,397	15,437	19,188	14,740	
More than 4 years	881,298	567,815	754,681	486,117	
Total	924,860	606,097	790,676	516,854	

Bank used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit on 1 January 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 1 January 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee used a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 2.5.1. Explanations on contract changes and the new obligations these changes bring to the Bank

None (31 December 2022 – None).

## 2.5.1.1. Explanations on financial leasing obligations

None (31 December 2022 – None).

## 2.5.1.2. Explanations on operating lease

Leasing is classified as an operating lease in which the lessor holds all the risks and benefits of that asset. Such transactions include lease agreements belonging to branches, which can be cancelled with prior notice.

There are no significant obligations imposed by the changes in the contract related to the operating lease to the Bank.

The bank registers its lease payments based on operating lease agreements with equal amounts of expenses during the lease term.

#### 2.6 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities

None (31 December 2022 – None).

## 2.7 Information on provisions

**2.7.1** Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans: As of 31 March 2023, there are no loans (December 31, 2022 – 0) and there are no financial leasing receivables (December 31, 2022 – TL 0).

## 2.7.2 Information on other provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Specific provisions for non-cash loans that are not indemnified converted into cash	625,946	604,898
General Provisions for non-cash loans	836,965	787,896
Provision for profits will be allocated to participation accounts	1,243,174	1,315,157
Credit cards of banking services applications	8,814	8,337
Other (*)	347,952	324,736
Total	3,062,851	3,041,024

<sup>(\*)</sup> The other item is mainly collected from customers in the current period in case of TL 261,203 (31 December 2022 – TL 248,250) litigation provision, TL 12,889 (31 December 2022 – TL 12,547) expense provision, TL 68,266 (31 December 2022 – TL 60,034) for collected late fines that may be subject to refund and the other equivalent of TL 5,594 (31 December 2022 – TL 3,635).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## **2.7.3** Information on provisions for employee benefits

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 649,521 (31 December 2022 – TL 614,054), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 115,213 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,315), performance premium amounting to TL 129,324 (31 December 2022 – TL 612,291), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 270,313 (31 December 2022 – TL 272,860), committee fee amounting to TL 76,858 (31 December 2022 – TL 59,977) and other fees amounting to TL 19,817 (31 December 2022 – TL 19,331).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The compensation to be paid is up to one month's salary for each service year and this amount is limited to TL 19,982.83 (full TL amount) (31 December 2022 – TL 15,371.40 (full TL amount)). The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	12.72	12.72
Inflation rate (%)	9.90	9.90
Salary increases rate (%)	10.40	10.40

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	614,054	221,639
Provisions recognized during the period	53,486	85,600
Paid during the period	(18,019)	(20,588)
Actuarial loss	-	327,403
Balances at the end of the period	649,521	614,054

#### 2.8 Explanations on tax liability

## **2.8.1** Explanations on current tax liability

**2.8.1.1** Information on tax provisions: TL 3,327,810 (31 December 2022 - TL 1,965,386).

## **2.8.1.2** Information on taxes payable

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	116,623	110,425
Income tax deducted from wages	48,763	35,648
Taxation of marketable securities	33,946	32,333
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	29,320	31,950
Value Added Tax Payable	9,516	14,448
Taxation of immovable property	4,805	3,336
Other	119,129	3,223
Total	362,102	231,363

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 2.8.1.3 Information on premiums (\*)

	<b>Current Period</b>	Prior Period
Social Insurance Premiums-Employee	35,198	39,861
Social Insurance Premiums-Employer	38,817	44,003
Unemployment insurance-Employee	2,513	2,845
Unemployment insurance-Employer	5,333	6,145
Other	-	-
Total	81,861	92,854

<sup>(\*)</sup> Included in Other Liabilities/Various Debts in the balance sheet.

#### **2.8.1.4** Information on deferred tax liability

As of 31 March 2023, deferred tax has been netted off as TL 1,171,939 in the balance sheet within the scope of the relevant regulations. Deferred tax asset is calculated as TL 2,692,168 (December 31, 2022 – TL 3,222,649) and deferred tax liability is TL 1,520,229 (December 31, 2022 – TL 2,139,426).

#### 2.9 Information on payables related to assets held for sale

None (31 December 2022 – None).

#### 2.10 Information on subordinated loans

Not prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Announced to Public by Banks and Related Disclosures and Footnotes.

#### 2.11 Information on shareholders' equity

## 2.11.1 Presentation of paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common shares	4,600,000	4,600,000
Preference shares	-	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(4,869)	(4,869)
Total	4,595,131	4,595,131

<sup>(\*)</sup> It represents the Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

**2.11.2** Amount of paid-in capital, disclosure on whether the Bank applies the registered share capital system, and, if so, the ceiling amount of the registered share capital:

Registered capital system is not applied in the Bank.

**2.11.3** Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources, other information on increased capital shares in the current period

None.

2.11.4 Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period

None.

**2.11.5** Possible effect of estimations made for the Bank's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties

Based on the evaluation made considering the Bank's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

2.11.6 Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital

None (31 December 2022 - None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 2.11.7 Information on marketable securities value increase fund

	Cu	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control					
(Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-	
Valuation Difference (*)	4,428,226	(164,158)	4,765,546	(56,643)	
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-		
Total	4,428,226	(164,158)	4,765,546	(56,643)	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet.

#### 2.12 Information on minority shares

None (31 December 2022 – None).

## 3. Explanations and Notes Related to Off-Balance Sheet Contingencies and Commitments

#### 3.1. Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts

- **3.1.1** Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments: Commitment for credit card limits, as of 31 March 2023 amounts to TL 17,710,773 (31 December 2022 TL 12,943,765); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 3,793,196 (31 December 2022 TL 2,368,988).
- 3.1.2 Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items
- **3.1.2.1** Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits

As of 31 March 2023, the Bank has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 29,380,345 (31 December 2022 – TL 23,156,665) of letters of guarantee; TL 201,758 (31 December 2022 – TL 136,081) of acceptances and TL 6,511,404 (31 December 2022 – TL 5,971,813) of letters of credit. Also, the Bank has other acceptances amounting to TL 1,992,758 (31 December 2022 – TL 1,560,494).

3.1.2.2 Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies

There are no other than those explained in 2.i.).

## **3.1.3** Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	124,670	108,671
With original maturity of 1 year or less	124,670	108,671
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	37,961,595	30,716,382
Total	38,086,265	30,825,053

#### 3.1.4 Information on sector-based risk concentration in non-cash loans

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

#### 3.1.5 Information on non-cash loans classified in Stage I and II

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

## 3.2 Explanations on derivative transactions

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 3.3 Explanations on credit derivatives and their risks

None.

#### 3.4 Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

## 3.5 Explanations on services provided to other names and accounts

None.

## 3.6 Summary information on the rating of the bank to international rating agencies

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

## 4. Explanations and Notes Related to The Statement of Income

## 4.1 Information on profit share income

#### 4.1.1 Information on profit share received from loans

	Cu	<b>Prior Period</b>		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Profit share on loans	5,898,727	937,674	2,747,646	579,708
Short term loans	3,464,315	337,014	1,162,511	234,074
Medium and long-term loans	2,375,644	581,649	1,486,660	321,121
Profit share on non-performing loans	58,768	19,011	98,475	24,513
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	_
Total	5,898,727	937,674	2,747,646	579,708

## 4.1.2 Information on profit share received from banks

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	35,603	-	-	-	
Domestic Banks	21	-	2,482	-	
Foreign Banks	-	102,808	19,889	40,286	
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-	
Total	35,624	102,808	22,371	40,286	

## 4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio:

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	26,537	93,879	43,070	95,858	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2,844,912	279,808	1,574,509	166,072	
Financial Assets valued at Amortized Cost	367,142	243,905	-	89,203	
Total	3,238,591	617,592	1,617,579	351,133	

# 4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	8,259	15,720

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 4.2 Information on profit share given to loans used

	C	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	17,251	82,120	10,886	28,388
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	15,621	2,983	9,551	1,083
Foreign banks	1,630	79,137	1,335	27,305
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	101,376	355,716	150,267	165,501
Total	118,627	437,836	161,153	193,889

## 4.2.1 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share expenses given to associates and subsidiaries	655,525	167,651

## 4.2.2 Profit share expense paid to securities issued

None (1 January – 31 March 2022 None).

## 4.3 Information on dividend income

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds

Current period Profit Sharing Accounts								
Account name	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	415,158	2,019,529	165,208	-	340,860	46,090	458	2,987,303
Public-sector profit-sharing account	15	150	-	-	77	-	-	242
Commercial sector profit sharing account	32,932	245,644	88,775	-	106,954	1,250	-	475,555
Other institutions profit sharing account	6,906	22,459	9,536	-	2,726	14	-	41,641
Total	455,011	2,287,783	263,519	-	450,617	47,354	458	3,504,742
FC								
Banks	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	28,273	22,826	3,154	-	6,361	6,183	42	66,839
Public-sector profit-sharing account	-	166	-	-	-	-	-	166
Commercial sector profit sharing account	865	1,122	194	-	61	20	-	2,262
Other institutions profit sharing account	306	590	4	-	28	-	-	928
Precious metal accounts	2,102	1,118	166	-	137	-	-	3,523
Total	31,546	25,822	3,518	-	6,587	6,203	42	73,718
Grand Total	486,557	2,313,605	267,037	_	457,204	53,557	500	3,578,460

Prior period		Pr	ofit Sharing A	Accounts				
Account name	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through								
current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person's non-trading profit								
sharing account	387,268	737,407	55,741	-	37,292	27,741	557	1,246,006
Public sector profit-sharing account	10	40	30	-	100	-	-	180
Commercial sector profit sharing account	22,218	38,441	88,881	-	1,972	482	-	151,994
Other institutions profit sharing account	4,960	7,330	2,010	-	107	18	-	14,425
Total	414,456	783,218	146,662	-	39,471	28,241	557	1,412,605
FC								
Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	20,400	24,848	2,624	-	4,459	4,916	32	57,279
Public sector profit-sharing account.	· -	· -	· -	_	_	· -	-	· -
Commercial sector profit								
sharing account	1,199	2,495	124	-	51	5	-	3,874
Other institutions profit sharing account	178	579	2	-	_	_	-	759
Precious metal accounts	2,709	1,440	255	-	171	-	-	4,575
Total	24,486	29,362	3,005	-	4,681	4,921	32	66,487
Grand Total	438,942	812,580	149,667	-	44,152	33,162	589	1,479,092

# 4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net)

	Current period	<b>Prior period</b>
Trading profit / loss (net)	2,145,387	925,066
Profit	19,184,640	30,969,832
Gain on capital market transactions	677,887	51,058
Gain on derivative financial instruments	3,011,584	3,406,882
Foreign exchange profit	15,495,169	27,511,892
Losses (-)	(17,039,253)	(30,044,766)
Losses on capital market transactions	(2,121)	(485)
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(2,942,979)	(3,039,108)
Foreign exchange losses	(14,094,153)	(27,005,173)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 4.6 Information on other operating income

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Bank.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reversal of prior period provisions	733,598	292,409
Income from sales of assets	19,900	103,073
Cancellations of Provisions from Profits to be Distributed to Participation Accounts	149,159	33,959
Rental income	2,984	19
Other Income	16,941	5,622
Total	922,582	435,082

#### 4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank

	Current Period (*)	Prior Period (*)
Expected Credit Loss	2,697,590	1,994,367
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	1,754,164	1,314,612
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	564,211	374,487
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	379,215	305,268
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	23,261	18,499
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	23,261	18,499
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled		
Entities	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (**)	24,134	165,846
Total	2,744,985	2,178,712

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes the provisions in the "Other Provision Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

#### 4.8 Information on other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for retirement pay liability	35,467	17,477
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	<u>-</u>	-
Depreciation expenses of tangible assets	113,238	67,529
Impairment Expenses of intangible fixed assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	34,734	18,723
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	1	-
Other operating expenses	445,180	189,269
Lease Expenses Regarding TFRS 16 Exemptions	667	162
Maintenance expenses	66,701	35,833
Advertisement expenses	22,384	9,318
Communication expenses	47,179	26,736
Heating, electricity and water expenses	45,132	19,053
Cleaning expenses	8,934	2,869
Vehicle expenses	8,491	6,035
Stationery expenses	12,782	7,685
Other expenses (*)	232,910	81,578
Losses on sales of assets	3,557	1,482
Deposit insurance fund expenses	251,888	144,427
Other	178,022	80,008
Total	1,062,087	518,915

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of March 31, 2023, "Promotional Application Expenses for Credit Cards" amounting to TL 74,778 (31 March 2022-TL 35,958) and "Outsourced Service Expense" amounting to TL 60,987 are classified here (31 March 2022-TL 19,435.)

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Also includes provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

#### 4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

Current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL 1,362,424 (1 January-31 March 2022 - TL 41,591), deferred tax income of TL 125,299 (1 January-31 March 2022 - TL 305,581) and TL 190,751 (1 January-31 March 2022 - TL 809,249) deferred tax expense is recognized.

## 4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations

There is no profit/loss arising from discontinued operations within the operating profit/loss after tax.

#### 4.12 Information on net income/loss

**4.12.1** The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Bank's performance for the period:

As of 31 March 2023, net profit share income is TL 7,350,279 (1 January-31 March 2022 – TL 3,801,831), net fees and commission income is TL 216,888 (1 January-31 March 2022 – TL 123,817).

**4.12.2** Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods:

None (1 January – 31 March 2022 – None).

**4.12.3** Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest:

None (31 March 2022 – None).

# 4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statement:

As of 31 March 2023, other fees and commissions received is TL 889,833 (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 390,350), TL 262,611 of this amount is related with credit card fees and commissions (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 123,049) and TL 205,833 of this amount is related with POS machine commissions (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 72,288).

As of 31 March 2023, other fees and commissions given is TL 753,374 (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 307,740), TL 205,938 (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 92,384) of this amount is related with POS clearing commissions and installation expenses, TL 102,831 (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 36,269) of this amount is related with fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

# 5. Explanations and Notes Related to Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

## 6. Explanations and Notes Related to Statement of Cash Flows

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 7. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Bank

# 7.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Bank, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period

Current period:

	Investment	in associates,			Other real or	legal persons
	subsidiaries and j	oint ventures	Direc	et and indirect		included in
Risk group of the Bank (*)	(business	(business partnerships shareholders of the Bank		the risk group		
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						_
Balance at beginning of period	367,216	43,728	7,601	19,686	801,669	7,320
Balance at end of period	486,872	53,761	34,380	45,111	1,268,395	13,115
Profit share and commission income	1,098	29	923	111	214	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

Prior period:

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	482,838	40,601	6,955	21,246	64,316	2,297
Balance at end of period	367,216	43,728	7,601	19,686	801,669	7,320
Profit share and commission income	26	219	194	90	1,462	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

## 7.2 Information on current and profit-sharing accounts of the Bank's risk group

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
<b>C 1</b> ( )	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Current and profit-sharing accounts						
Balance at beginning of period	386,651	137,443	219,676	104,748	454,287	348,052
Balance at end of period	1,480,267	386,651	250,619	219,676	485,690	454,287
Profit share expense	2,538	469	2,149	593	290	51

<sup>(\*)</sup> Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411

## 7.3 Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Bank

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Transactions at Fair Value through						
Profit or Loss						
Balance at beginning of period	2,697,940	758,268	842,005	1,992,498	-	-
Balance at end of period	1,193,160	2,697,940	318,812	842,005	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	(443)	32,606	20,951	956	-	-
Hedging Transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	_

<sup>(\*)</sup> Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 7.4 Information on loans received from the Bank's risk group

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in subsidiaries and jo (business p		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank			Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Current Period</b>	Prior Period Curr	ent Period	Prior Period	
Borrowings							
Balance at beginning of period	10,068,825	13,143,066	957,272	270,055	-	-	
Balance at end of period	9,408,799	10,068,825	2,359,823	957,272	-	-	
Profit share expense	652,987	167,182	2,171	1,293	-	-	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

## 7.5 Information on subordinated loans used by the Bank's from its risk group

The entire additional capital-like capital (Tier-I) sukuk of USD 200,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Bank on July 16, 2019, and the entire equity-like additional principal capital (Tier-I) sukuk of USD 50,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Bank on September 28, 2020, belong to Kuwait Finance House. Of the USD 350,000,000 (full amount) of the capital-like contribution capital (Tier-II) of USD 35,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Bank on 16 September 2021, Kuwait Finance House owns it.

## 7.6 Information on remunerations provided to top management

As of 1 January - 31 March 2023, the Bank has paid TL 148,925 to top management (1 January - 31 March 2022- TL 50,724).

# 8. Information about the branches of the Bank in domestic, foreign and coastal banking regions and their representative offices abroad

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by The Banks.

# 9. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date

With the decision of the board of directors dated April 27, 2023, the Bank has written off its receivables amounting to TL 265,624 from its assets.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### **SECTION SIX**

#### OTHER EXPLANATIONS

1. Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet:

None.

#### SECTION SEVEN

#### LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

1. Explanations on the limited review report:

The unconsolidated financial statements have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 15 May 2023 is presented preceding the financial statements.

2. Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor: None.

# SECTION EIGHT INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

- 1. Explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager:
- 1.1 About Kuveyt Türk

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

As of 31 March 2023, 62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

# 1.2 Financial Informations Summary:

UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	66,034,101	76,252,988
BANKS	12,898,567	18,435,587
SECURITIES	113,210,800	96,154,942
LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	220,780,903	176,740,013
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	24,488,959	20,863,402
EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	15,714,383	13,785,208
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	1,923,224	1,767,065
OTHER ASSETS	11,430,046	8,201,991
TOTAL ASSETS	435,052,217	384,630,780
FUND COLLECTED	331,664,698	301,517,863
FUNDS BORROWED	37,973,263	30,093,327
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	606,097	516,854
SUBORDINATED LOANS	11,701,011	11,424,892
OTHER LIABILITIES	22,023,597	12,363,002
EQUITY	31,083,551	28,714,842
TOTAL LIABILITIES	435,052,217	384,630,780
UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	11,556,689	5,717,771
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	4,206,410	1,915,940
NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	7,350,279	3,801,831
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	216,888	123,817
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	1,206,361	661,372
DIVIDEND INCOME	324	-
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	2,145,387	925,066
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	922,582	435,082
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	2,697,590	1,994,367
OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	47,395	184,345
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	1,062,087	518,915
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX	5,622,027	1,926,797
TAX CHARGE	1,427,876	462,077
CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSSES	4,194,151	1,464,720
RATIOS	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
Total Loans/Total Assets*	56.38%	51.37%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	73.95%	65.54%
Average Equity Profit **	56.11%	76.51%
Average Assets Profit **	4.09%	5.23%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	21.25%	23.05%

f \* Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Related ratios calculated by included in interim periods' profit amounts to year-end balances.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

#### 1.3 Message from the Chairman

Dear Shareholders,

On February 6, 2023, we experienced one of the greatest natural disasters in the history of Türkiye. We wish God's mercy on those who lost their lives due to the earthquake in Turkey and Syria, our condolences to their families, and a speedy recovery to the injured. As Kuwait Finance House and Kuveyt Türk Finance Group, we will continue to support with all our means and continue to work with all our strength in order to heal the wounds of the earthquake and reach those in need.

The negative effects of the epidemic and the Russia-Ukraine War on the global economy are gradually improving. On the one hand, the Chinese economy normalized, while the energy and food markets returned to their relatively normal levels. Inflation rates, which are at historically high levels all over the world, are decreasing with the tightening monetary and fiscal policies and the normalization in the supply chain. On the other hand, in addition to all these positive economic developments, as of 2023, we have not been able to get rid of all the uncertainties and risks in the global economy. The events in the world financial sector and the slowing economies show that the markets are quite fragile and macroeconomic threats still continue. Global interest rate hikes, which have effects especially on developing countries as capital outflows, depreciation of local currencies, decrease in consumer confidence and increase in country risk premiums, affect the economies of developing countries more deeply.

Although the high interest rate hikes and monetary tightening steps implemented by the central banks slowed down the pace of price increases, we see that the inertia in inflation continues, and that serious levels of core inflation, excluding energy and food, have not disappeared yet. Rapid interest rate hikes and tightening policies, which we have not yet come to an end, bring together recession risks, the results of which we feel in the labor markets. Parallel to global economic research institutions, we will keep our cautious optimism regarding global economic growth figures for this year, while closely following political and economic developments in our strategic decisions.

The rapid interest rate hikes and monetary tightening that started last year, after historically low interest rates and abundant foreign exchange spread all over the world, had serious side effects on the financial sector as well. While sudden and high price changes in long-term fixed income assets cause some financial institutions to experience high losses, 2023 will be an important year in which the resilience of the global financial system will be tested. On the other hand, while the banking sector in Turkey is the sector with the highest financial strength, we know that participation banks are highly resistant to financial and non-financial risks due to their structure and participation finance principles that they must comply with. As Kuveyt Türk, we continue to support the real economy without compromising our sound banking principles.

In the activity period of 2023, our expert, well-educated, self-sacrificing, young and dynamic employees will be the carrier of our success. I would like to express my gratitude to all our employees who contributed to our success and to our shareholders for their unwavering support.

Regards,

Hamad Abdulmohsen ALMARZOUQ Head of the BOD Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.4 Message from the General Manager

Dear Shareholders,

While we started 2023 with hope, the earthquakes in Kahramanmaraş Pazarcık and Elbistan that took place on Monday, February 6, 2023, sent us all to deep sadness and grief as a country. We wish Allah's mercy on our citizens who lost their lives in the earthquake disaster that caused destruction in 11 provinces, our condolences to their relatives and our nation, and a speedy recovery to our injured people. From the first moment of the earthquake, we acted together with AFAD, the Türk Kızılay and the Turkish Scouting Federation, and delivered our in-kind and cash aid to the disaster-affected areas. In order to contribute to healing the wounds of our nation, we will continue to contribute as our main partner Kuwait Finance House and Kuveyt Türk Finance Group. Together, we will overcome this difficult process together.

Kuveyt Türk, which has been providing interest-free financial services to its customers for 34 years with the products and services it has developed in line with the principles of participation finance, continued its steady growth by increasing its profitability in the first quarter of 2023 and increased its net profit by 68% compared to the same period last year to TL 4,194,151. Kuveyt Türk's collected fund size increased by 10% to TL 331,664,698 compared to 2022, while the size of funds disbursed increased by 24 percent to TL 245,269,862. Having increased its shareholders' equity to TL 31,083,551 and its asset size to TL 435,052,217, Kuveyt Türk maintained its 10th place in the banking sector while consolidating its first place among participation financial institutions in terms of asset size.

The participation finance sector and Kuveyt Türk, which have adopted the motto of using its resources in a way that will make the highest contribution to the real economy, will continue to support investment, production and exports in 2023, as in the past. As Kuveyt Türk, we will continue to provide all the products and services our customers need in the best way, with our understanding that puts the customer experience at the center. While realizing all these, we will increase the market share we receive from the banking sector, while contributing to the increase in the share of participation finance in the banking sector. We will maintain our prudent approach in terms of asset quality and liquidity in the new year, and we will continue to differentiate ourselves positively from the sector in this area.

Kuveyt Türk aims to remain to be leading institution of the participation finance sector in Turkey in the coming period, with its strong capital and liquidity structure, high asset quality, dynamic corporate management approach, customer service model focused on continuous development, ongoing investments in technology, accelerated digital transformation efforts and international expansion.

Regards,

Ufuk UYAN Member of BOD and General Manager Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

## 1.5 Financial Position, Performance and Assessment of the Prospects for the Future

As of 31 March 2023, unconsolidated financial statements asset size is TL 435 billion 52 million, amount of the utilization of funds is TL 245 billion 270 million and funds collected amount is TL 331 billion 665 million. Due to the effect of the first three months 'profit of TL 4 billion 194 million thousand, the ratio of shareholder equity increased 8.25% by reaching TL 31 billion 84 million. As of 31 March 2023, unconsolidated capital adequacy ratio has been realized as 21.25%.

The expectations for growth and profitability will continue in the development line.

#### 1.6 Announcement Regarding Important Developments within 3 Months

Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. through four separate transactions, has issued sukuk with a total nominal value of 1 billion 50 million TL, with a minimum 16.96% and a maximum 17.31% cost in different maturity brackets in four separate transactions.

## 1.7 Assessment of the Expectations Related to the Subsequent Interim Period

When evaluating both global and domestic macroeconomic conditions, it is observed that there is an inflation-driven risk environment and uncertainties about the duration of this situation come to the fore. The increase in commodity prices due to the Russia-Ukraine conflict and the supply shortages observed in critical sectors cause producer and consumer prices to rise more than expected. During this period when developed and developing country central banks have begun to implement contractionary monetary policy actions, the effects of these risks on the markets will continue to be closely monitored.