Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası Anonim Şirketi

Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Notes for The Period Ended 1 January – 31 March 2022 with Independent Auditor's Review Report

(Convenience translation of unconsolidated financial statements and independent auditor's report originally issued in Turkish)

(Convenience translation of the auditor's report originally issued in Turkish - See Note I of Section Three)

REVIEW REPORT ON UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the unconsolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the "Bank") at March 31, 2022 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the three-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated of interim financial information in accordance with the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency("BRSA") and circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority (together referred as BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation) and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" principles for those matters not regulated by BRSA Legislation; together referred as "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this unconsolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards of Turkey and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the unconsolidated financial position of the Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bank A.Ş. at March 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its unconsolidated cash flows for the three-month-period then ended in all material aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section VIII, are not consistent, in all material respects, with the reviewed unconsolidated financial statements and disclosures.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

As explained in detail in Note I of Section Three, the effects of differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Emre Çelik, SMMM Partner

11 May 2022 Istanbul, Turkey

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THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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The unconsolidated interim financial report for the three-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- General Information About the Bank
- Unconsolidated Financial Statements of The Bank
- Explanations on Accounting Policies Applied In The Period
- Information on Financial Structure and Risk Management of The Bank
- Disclosures and Explanations On Unconsolidated Financial Statements
- Other Explanations
- Independent Auditors' Limited Review Report
- Interim Activity Report

The unconsolidated financial statements for the three-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

Hamad Abdulmohsen AL-MA	RZOUQ	Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHRAN	Nadir ALPASLAN
Chairman of the Board of Di	rectors	Chairman of the Audit Committee	Member of the Audit Committee
Mohamed Hedi MEJAI Member of the Audit Committee	Ufuk UYAN General Manager	Ahmet KARACA Chief Financial Officer	Mehmed Tahir KAPLAN Budget and Reporting Group Manager

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

Name-Surname/Position: Cemil AKBEBEK / Official and International Reporting Manager

Telephone: 0212 354 10 17 Facsimile: 0212 354 11 03

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. History of the Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Bank belongs to:

As of 31 March 2022, 62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the bank:

Name	Title	Date of Assignment	Date of Audit Committee Assignments	Audit Committee End Date	Educational Degree	Ownership Percentage
Hamad Abdulmohsen AL MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	25/06/2014			Master	-
Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHRAN	Member of BOD and chairman of the Audit Committee	25/09/2020	04/11/2020		Master	-
Nadir ALPASLAN	Vice President of BOD and member of Audit Committee	15/04/2011	24/12/2019		Bachelor	-
Salah A E AL MUDHAF	Member of BOD	07/10/2019			Bachelor	-
Burhan ERSOY	Member of BOD	18/06/2020			Bachelor	-
Mohamad Hedi MEJAL	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	25/03/2021	04/05/2021		Master	-
Ahmad S A A AL KHARJİ	Member of BOD	26/03/2014	24/09/2014	09/09/2020	Master	-
Gehad Mohamed Elbendary ANANY	Member of BOD	25/09/2020	09/09/2020	04/11/2020	Bachelor	-
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	10/05/1999			Master	0.057%
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Financial Control.	12/07/2006			Master	0.001%
Ahmet Süleyman KARAKAYA	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	14/01/2003			Bachelor	-
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	20/08/2003			Bachelor	0.004%
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	27/10/2005			Bachelor	0.017%
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking.	05/05/2005			Doctorate	0.008%
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	20/04/2010			Bachelor	0.001%
Aslan DEMİR	Assistant General Manager, Strategy	08/10/2012			Bachelor	0.006%
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	01/10/2012			Bachelor	0.005%
Abdurrahman DELİPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	09/01/2015			Bachelor	0.005%
Hüseyin Cevdet YILMAZ	Head of the Risk, Control and Compliance Group	16/12/2003			Bachelor	0.001%

Chairman and members of the Board of Directors, members of auditing committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0.10% of the Parent Bank's share capital (31 December 2021-0.10%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4. Information on qualified shareholders

Name / Commercial Name	Share amount (Nominal)	Shareholding percentage	Paid shares (Nominal)	Unpaid shares
Kuwait Finance House Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları	2,863,098 861,086	62.24% 18.72%	2,863,098 861,086	-
Total	3,724,184	80.96%	3,724,184	

As of 31 March 2022, the shares of parent shareholder of Bank, Kuwait Finance House ("KFH") are 51.95% publicly traded; 24.08% of KFH belongs to Kuwait Investment Authority and 10.48% belongs to Public Authority for Minors Affairs.

5. Explanations of the Bank's services and field of operations

The Bank's field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Bank's core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts, and lending such funds to its customers.

As of 31 March 2022, the Bank is operating through 443 domestic branches (31 December 2021 - 442) with 6,069 employees (31 December 2021 - 6,133). Summary of some of the Bank's operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows:

- To collect funds through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts" and special fund pools in line with the regulations;
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of noninterest banking;
- To offer financial and operational leasing;
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travelers' checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services;
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking;
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary lease or transfer ownership to other persons;
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies);
- To provide socially responsible aid for the benefit of the community in the light of the legislations.

The Bank's activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association.

6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Bank and its subsidiaries:

None.

SECTION TWO

UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Unconsolidated Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Unconsolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Unconsolidated Statement of Income Statement (Profit and Loss Statement)
- IV. Unconsolidated Statement of Income/Expense and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1. BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

				Reviewed Cu	rrent Period 31.03.2022		Audited	Prior Period 31.12.2021
	ASSETS	Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
	EDMANIONAL ACCRETE (N. A.)		20 244 505	05 222 210	125 549 015	22.055.500	101 002 015	125 070 704
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		30,344,705	97,223,310	127,568,015	23,975,789	101,993,815	125,969,604
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	(5.1.1)	5,171,879	68,308,458	73,480,337	5,403,971	74,571,274	79,975,245
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(5.1.1.)	5,027,056	59,332,940	64,359,996	5,384,058	60,071,258	65,455,316
1.1.2	Banks	(5.1.3.)	23,539	8,976,789	9,000,328	20,571	14,502,373	14,522,944
1.1.3	Money Markets		121,971		121,971	-		
1.1.4	Expected Credit Loss (-)		687	1,271	1,958	658	2,357	3,015
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
	Profit or Loss		947,614	13,336,487	14,284,101	1,233,834	10,951,814	12,185,648
1.2.1	Government Debt Securities		477,848	13,003,978	13,481,826	395,925	10,639,682	11,035,607
1.2.2	Equity Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		469,766	332,509	802,275	837,909	312,132	1,150,041
1.3	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through							
	Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.4.)	22,986,363	15,021,218	38,007,581	16,287,493	15,877,864	32,165,357
1.3.1	Government Debt Securities		20,765,861	14,577,487	35,343,348	16,083,932	15,622,265	31,706,197
1.3.2	Equity Instruments		7,615	84,929	92,544	7,602	75,285	82,887
1.3.3	Other Financial Assets		2,212,887	358,802	2,571,689	195,959	180,314	376,273
1.4.	Derivative Financial Assets		1,238,849	557,147	1,795,996	1,050,491	592,863	1,643,354
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value		_,,	,	_,,,,,,,,	_,,,,,,,		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Through Profit or Loss	(5.1.2.)	1,238,849	557,147	1,795,996	1,050,491	592,863	1,643,354
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value		1,230,019	557,117	1,750,770	1,000,191	572,005	1,010,00
1.7.2	Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.11.)	_	_	_	_	_	_
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED		-	_	_	-	_	_
11.	WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)	(5.1.5.)	70,756,300	77,090,459	147,846,759	57,550,517	62,034,113	119,584,630
2.1	Loans (Net)	(5.1.5.)	72,334,461	62,675,614	135,010,075	59,228,283	52,212,308	111,440,591
		(5.1.10.)						
2.2	Leasing Receivables	(5.1.10.)	4,206,517	10,944,318	15,150,835	3,238,260	8,687,675	11,925,935
2.3	Financial Assets Measured At Amortized	(5.4.6)		= 004 000	= 024 202		4 200 444	4 200 444
	Cost	(5.1.6.)	-	7,924,283	7,924,283	-	4,798,614	4,798,614
2.3.1	Government Debt Securities		-	7,924,283	7,924,283	-	4,798,614	4,798,614
2.3.2	Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4	Expected Credit Loss (-)		5,784,678	4,453,756	10,238,434	4,916,026	3,664,484	8,580,510
III.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD							
	FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED							
	TO DISCONTINUED							
	OPERATIONS(NET)	(5.1.16.)	209,031	-	209,031	240,891	-	240,891
3.1	Held For Sale		209,031	-	209,031	240,891	-	240,891
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES,							
	SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT							
	VENTURES		1,481,015	_	1,481,015	1,481,015	_	1,481,015
4.1	Investments in Associates (Net)	(5.1.7.)	1,101,010	_	1,101,010	1,101,010	_	1,101,010
4.1.1	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method	(5.1.7.)	_	_	-	_	_	_
4.1.2	Unconsolidated Associates		_	_	1 -	_	_	
4.2	Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)	(5.1.8.)	1,461,015		1,461,015	1,461,015		1,461,015
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries	(3.1.6.)	1,437,335	_	1,437,335	1,437,335	_	1,437,335
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		23,680	_	23,680	23,680	_	23,680
4.2.2	Investment in Joint Ventures (Net)	(5.1.9.)	20,000 20,000	_	20,000	20,000	_	20,000
		(5.1.9.)	20,000	-	20,000	20,000	-	20,000
4.3.1	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity		20,000		20,000	20,000		20,000
	Method		20,000	-	20,000	20,000	-	20,000
4.3.2	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures							
V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(5.1.12.)	1,295,630	1,674	1,297,304	1,221,027	1,571	1,222,598
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	(5.1.13.)	258,884	42	258,926	248,173	14	248,187
6.1	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2	Other		258,884	42	258,926	248,173	14	248,187
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)	(5.1.14.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSETS		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	(5.1.15.)	612,539	-	612,539	1,713,575	-	1,713,575
X.	OTHER ASSETS	(5.1.17.)	2,878,499	2,505,998	5,384,497	1,321,031	2,286,729	3,607,760
		1	107,836,603	176,821,483	284,658,086	87,752,018		254,068,260

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1. BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

				Reviewed (Current Period 31.03.2022		Audited	Prior Period 31.12.2021
	LIABILITIES	Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I. II. III.	FUNDS COLLECTED FUNDS BORROWED MONEY MARKETS	(5.2.1.) (5.2.3.)	77,071,710 3,865,380 153,767	166,448,828 3,544,706	243,520,538 7,410,086 153,767	57,295,682 4,795,462	154,809,707 3,526,512	212,105,389 8,321,974 6,495,137
IV. V.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net) FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	155,767	6,495,137		0,495,137
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		97,980	413,473	511,453	192,898	65,015	257,913
6.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.2.2.)	97,980	413,473	511,453	192,898	65,015	257,913
6.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.2.6.)						
VII. VIII.	LEASE PAYABLES PROVISIONS	(5.2.5.) (5.2.7.)	387,993 1,679,086	10,389 1,064,997	398,382 2,744,083	342,556 1,443,840	9,819 998,535	352,375 2,442,375
8.1 8.2 8.3	Restructuring Provision Reserves For Employee Benefits Insurance For Technical Provision (Net)		584,182	19,894	604,076	570,937	1,367	572,304
8.4 IX.	Other Provisions CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	(5.2.8.1.)	1,094,904 3,958	1,045,103	2,140,007 3,958	872,903 1,158,997	997,168	1,870,071 1,158,997
X. XI.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED		-	-	-	-	-	-
11.1	OPERATIONS (Net) Held For Sale	(5.2.9.)	-	-	-	-		-
11.2 XII.	Related to Discontinued Operations SUBORDINATED DEBT		-	-	-	-	-	-
12.1	INSTRUMENTS Loans	(5.2.10.)	-	8,936,474	8,936,474	-	8,100,496	8,100,496
12.2 XIII. XIV.	Other Debt Instruments OTHER LIABILITIES SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(5.2.4.) (5.2.11.)	3,472,183 13,804,019	8,936,474 3,817,795 (114,652)	8,936,474 7,289,978 13,689,367	1,843,584 10,531,507	8,100,496 2,533,167 (74,654)	8,100,496 4,376,751 10,456,853
14.1 14.2	Paid-in Capital Capital Reserves	(3.2.11.)	4,595,131 25,124		4,595,131 25,124	4,595,131 25,124		4,595,131 25,124
14.2.1 14.2.2	Share Premiums Share Cancellation Profits		23,250 1,874		23,250 1,874	23,250 1,874	-	23,250 1,874
14.2.3 14.3	Other Capital Reserves Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss Other Accumulated Comprehensive		(52,112)	-	(52,112)	(52,112)	-	(52,112)
	Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		2,107,217	(114,652)	1,992,565	49,331	(74,654)	(25,323)
14.5 14.5.1 14.5.2	Profit Reserves Legal Reserves Statutory Reserves		5,611,491 505,957	-	5,611,491 505,957	3,359,858 355,870	-	3,359,858 355,870
14.5.2 14.5.3 14.5.4	Extraordinary Reserves Other Profit Reserves		4,872,779 232,755	-	4,872,779 232,755	2,936,850 67,138	-	2,936,850 67,138
14.6 14.6.1	Profit or Loss Retained Earnings		1,517,168 52,448	-	1,517,168 52,448	2,554,175 52,448	-	2,554,175 52,448
14.6.2 14.7	Current Period Net Profit or Loss Minority Shares	(5.2.12.)	1,464,720		1,464,720	2,501,727	-	2,501,727
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		100,536,076	184,122,010	284,658,086	84,099,663	169,968,597	254,068,260

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2. STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

				Reviewe	ed Current Period 31.03.2022		Au	dited Prior Period 31.12.2021
		Note	TL	FC	31.03.2022 Total	TL	FC	31.12.2021 Total
A.	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)		80,044,396	107,668,346	187,712,742	70,491,068	83,837,236	154,328,304
I.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	(5.3.1.)	10,561,145	9,813,161	20,374,306	8,925,813	8,467,832	17,393,645
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee	(3.3.1.)	9,436,797	4,120,150	13,556,947	8,069,532	3,777,053	11,846,585
1.1.1	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		267,981	19,254	287,235	267,372	19,827	287,199
1.1.2	Guarantees Given For Foreign Trade Operations		542,714	52,162	594,876	445,301	49,329	494,630
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee		8,626,102	4,048,734	12,674,836	7,356,859	3,707,897	11,064,756
1.2	Bank Loans		5,974	136,407	142,381	1,044	112,639	113,683
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptances		5,974	136,407	142,381	1,044	112,639	113,683
1.2.2	Other Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3	Letters of Credit		10,429	5,489,691	5,500,120	13,942	4,507,178	4,521,120
1.3.1	Documentary Letters of Credit		8,754	2,615,629	2,624,383	-	1,979,005	1,979,005
1.3.2	Other Letters of Credit		1,675	2,874,062	2,875,737	13,942	2,528,173	2,542,115
1.4	Guaranteed Refinancing		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Other Endorsements			-	-	-	-	
1.6	Other Guarantees		1,107,945	66,913	1,174,858	841,295	70,962	912,257
1.7 II.	Other Warrantees COMMITMENTS	(5.2.1.)	60,042,699	5,061,177	CE 102 07C	- - 50 402 240	4,958,958	(2.2(2.200
2.1	Irrevocable Commitments	(5.3.1.)	11,029,166	5,061,177	65,103,876 16,090,343	58,403,340 9,395,400	4,958,958	63,362,298 14,354,358
2.1.1	Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments		930,042	5,061,177	5,991,219	1,340,797	4,958,958	6,299,755
2.1.2	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		930,042	3,001,177	3,991,219	1,540,797	4,936,936	0,299,733
2.1.3	Loan Granting Commitments		1,272,822		1,272,822	1,007,332		1,007,332
2.1.4	Securities Underwriting Commitments		1,272,022	_	1,272,022	1,007,552	_	1,007,332
2.1.5	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements		_	_	_	_	_	_
2.1.6	Payment Commitments For Checks		2,313,540	_	2,313,540	1,750,116	_	1,750,116
2.1.7	Tax and Fund Liabilities From Export Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits		6,495,005	-	6,495,005	5,278,441	-	5,278,441
2.1.9	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services							
	Promotions		-	-	-	957	-	957
2.1.10	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11	Payables For Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12	Other Irrevocable Commitments		17,757	-	17,757	17,757	-	17,757
2.2	Revocable Commitments		49,013,533	-	49,013,533	49,007,940	-	49,007,940
2.2.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		49,013,533	-	49,013,533	49,007,940	-	49,007,940
2.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments	(5.0.0)		-	-	-	-	
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	(5.3.2.)	9,440,552	92,794,008	102,234,560	3,161,915	70,410,446	73,572,361
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held For Risk Management							
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedges		1 -	_	_	_	_	-
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges		1	1	_	_		_
3.1.2	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		_	_	_	_	_	_
3.2.	Held For Trading Transactions		9,440,552	92,794,008	102,234,560	3,161,915	70,410,446	73,572,361
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		1,833,543	3,348,522	5,182,065	2,116,860	3,507,510	5,624,370
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions		1,288,424	1,305,663	2,594,087	1,426,726	1,522,070	2,948,796
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions		545,119	2,042,859	2,587,978	690,134	1,985,440	2,675,574
3.2.2	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions		7,607,009	89,445,486	97,052,495	1,045,055	66,902,936	67,947,991
3.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
В.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES							
	(IV+V+VI)		817,776,908	380,322,840	1,198,099,748	667,226,247	348,895,558	1,016,121,805
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		24,111,963	35,614,109	59,726,072	20,834,179	34,556,759	55,390,938
4.1	Customers' Securities Held		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2	Investment Securities Held in Custody		6,134,654	3,763,803	9,898,457	5,719,656	4,866,680	10,586,336
4.3	Checks Received for Collection		15,869,325	3,414,994	19,284,319	13,271,444	2,766,870	16,038,314
4.4	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		2,107,984	646,365	2,754,349	1,843,079	545,230	2,388,309
4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7	Other Items Under Custody Custodians		_	27 700 047	27 700 047	-	26 277 070	26 277 070
4.8 V.	PLEDGED ITEMS		702 652 206	27,788,947 344,537,083	27,788,947	646,380,429	26,377,979	26,377,979
v. 5.1	Marketable Securities		793,653,306 1,285,151	344,337,083	1,138,190,389 1,285,151	401,159	314,183,181	960,563,610 401,159
5.2	Guarantee Notes		101,097	5,919,595	6,020,692	101,097	5,361,650	5,462,747
5.3	Commodity	1	26,852,958	1,058,831	27,911,789	22,137,974	669,993	22,807,967
5.4	Warranty		20,032,936	1,030,031	27,711,709	22,131,214	009,993	22,001,901
5.5	Properties	1	190,272,681	7,064,379	197,337,060	165,337,287	6,452,977	171,790,264
5.6	Other Pledged Items		575,141,419	330,494,278	905,635,697	458,402,912	301,698,561	760,101,473
5.7	Pledged Items-Depository	1	-			-	-	. 50,151,475
		1	11 620	171,648	183,287	11,639	155,618	167,257
VI.	ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES		11.039	1/1.040				
VI.	ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTEES		11,639	171,040	103,207	11,039	133,010	107,237

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AS OF 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

3. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (INCOME STATEMENT)

			Reviewed Current Period	Reviewed Current Period
			01.01.2022- 31.03.2022	01.01.2021- 31.03.2021
		Note	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
I.	PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(5.4.1.)	5,717,771	2,824,356
1.1.	Profit Share on Loans		3,327,354	1,796,510
1.2. 1.3.	Profit Share on Reserve Deposits Profit Share on Banks		80,625 62,657	28,580 19,469
1.3.	Profit Share on Money Market Placements		62,637	19,409
1.5.	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio		1,968,712	866,764
1.5.1.	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		138,928	68,101
1.5.2. 1.5.3.	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income Measured at Amortised Cost		1,740,581 89,203	779,237 19,426
1.5.5.	Finance Lease Income		259,172	106,804
1.7.	Other Profit Share Income		19,251	6,229
II.	PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE		1,915,940	1,071,305
2.1.	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)	1,479,092	620,334
2.2. 2.3.	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings	(5.4.2.)	355,042 64,367	275,506 163,202
2.4.	Expense on Securities Issued		-	-
2.5.	Profit Share Expense on Lease		17,439	12,263
2.6.	Other Profit Share Expense			- 4 = 50 0 54
III. IV.	NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II) NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		3,801,831 123,817	1,753,051 124,234
4.1.	Fees And Commissions Received		431,561	224,255
4.1.1.	Non-Cash Loans		41,211	33,842
4.1.2.	Other		390,350	190,413
4.2.	Fees And Commissions Paid		307,744	100,021
4.2.1. 4.2.2.	Non-Cash Loans Other	(5.4.13.)	4 307,740	5 100,016
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(5.4.3.)	307,740	756
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	(5.4.5.)	925,066	47,378
6.1.	Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses		50,573	29,444
6.2. 6.3.	Gains/Losses From Derivative Financial Instruments Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		367,774 506,719	1,271,763 (1,253,829)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(5.4.6.)	435,082	448,035
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING INCOME / LOSS (III+IV+V+VI+VII+ VIII)	(211101)	5,285,796	2,373,454
IX.	EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	(5.4.7.)	1,994,367	1,049,609
X.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-)	(5.4.7.)	184,345	50,259
XI. XII.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-) OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(5.4.8.) (5.4.8.)	661,372 518,915	370,171 328,319
XIII.	NET OPERATING EARLINGES (-)	(3.4.0.)	1,926,797	575,096
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER		-	· -
XV.	INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED			
XVI.	BASED ON EQUITY METHOD INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XII++XV)	(5.4.9.)	1,926,797	575,096
XVIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(5.4.10)	(462,077)	(115,849)
18.1.	Current Tax Provision		(41,591)	355,659
18.2.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		809,249	20,366
18.3. XIX.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-) CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XV±XVI)	(5.4.11.)	305,581 1,464,720	260,176 459,247
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	(611111)		-
20.1.	Income on Non-Current Assets Held For Sale		-	-
20.2.	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-
20.3. XXI.	Income on Other Discontinued Operations EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1.	Expenses From Non-Current Assets Held For Sale		-	-
21.2.	Expenses From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-
21.3.	Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (YVIII-YIY)			
XXIII.	(XVIII-XIX) TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-] []
23.1.	Current Tax Provision		-	-
23.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-
23.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-
XXIV.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX±XXI)		_	_
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)	(5.4.12.)	1,464,720	459,247
25.1.	Group's Income/Loss		1,464,720	459,247
25.2.	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)		-	-
	Earnings Per Share Income/Loss			-

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS OF 31 MARCH 2022

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed	Reviewed
		Current Period	Prior Period
		31.03.2022	31.03.2021
I.	CURRENT PROFIT (LOSS)	1,464,720	459,247
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	2,017,888	(260,264)
2.1	Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	-	-
2.1.1	Property And Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2	Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	-
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	2,017,888	(260,264)
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Difference	-	-
2.2.2	Valuation And/Or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial		
	Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2,615,256	(325,330)
2.2.3	Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.4	Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	(597,368)	65,066
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)	3,482,608	198,983

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

5. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

							Inco Will No	umulated Ot me or Loss T t Be Reclassi to Profit or I	That fied		nulated Other Fhat Will Be F to Pro							
		Note	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share cancellation profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Retained Earnings	Net Prfit/Loss for the Period	Total Shareholders' Equity Less Minority Shares	Minority Shares)	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Prior Period (01/01/2021 – 31/03/2021)																	
I. II.	Prior Period Ending Balance Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made		4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(51,258)	-	-	3,225	-	1,970,146	52,448	1,400,281	7,995,097	-	7,995,097
2.1	According to TAS 8 Effect Of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
2.2 III. IV.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)		4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(51,258)	-	-	3,225 (260,264)	-	1,970,146	52,448	1,400,281 459,247	7,995,097 198,983	-	7,995,097 198,983
V. VI.	Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
VII. VIII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	-	-
IX. X. XI.	Subordinated Debt Instruments Increase / Decrease by Other Changes Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	(359) 1,391,149	-	(1,400,281)	(359) (9,132)		(359) (9,132)
11.1 11.2	Dividends Paid Transfers To Legal Reserves		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,391,149	(9,132) (1,391,149)	(1,400,201)	(9,132)	-	(9,132)
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,400,281	(1,400,281)	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV++X+XI)	(5.2.11.)	4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(51,258)	-	-	(257,039)	-	3,360,936	52,448	459,247	8,184,589	-	8,184,589
	Current Period (01/01/2022 – 31/03/2022)																	
I. II.	Prior Period Ending Balance Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made		4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	-	(25,323)	-	3,359,858	52,448	2,501,727	10,456,853	-	10,456,853
2.1	According to TAS 8(*) Effect Of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 III. IV.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	-	(25,323) 2.017.888	-	3,359,858	52,448	2,501,727	10,456,853 3,482,608	-	10,456,853 3,482,608
V. VI.	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves			-	-		-	-	-		2,017,888	-			1,464,720	3,482,008	-	3,482,608
VII. VIII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share		-	-		-		-	-		-	-			-	-	-	-
IX. X.	Subordinated Debt Instruments Increase / Decrease by Other Changes		:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(94)	-	-	(94)	-	(94)
XI. 11.1	Profit Distribution Dividends Paid		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,251,727	(250,000)	(2,501,727)	(250,000) (250,000)	-	(250,000) (250,000)
11.2 11.3	Transfers To Legal Reserves Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,251,727	(2,251,727) 2,501,727	(2,501,727)	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV++X+XI)	(5.2.11.)	4,595,131	23,250	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-		1,992,565	-	5,611,491	52,448	1,464,720	13,689,367	-	13,689,367

^{1.} Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

^{2.} Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

^{3.}Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

^{4.} Foreign Currency Translition Differences

^{5.}Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

^{6.}Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

6. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Note	Reviewed Current Period	Reviewed Prior Period
		Note		
			01.01.2022- 31.03.2022	01.01.2021- 31.03.2021
1.1	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
	Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations		2,341,667	1,555,691
	Profit Share Income Received		3,496,266	2,095,995
	Profit Share Expense Paid Dividends Received		(1,458,483)	(1,101,072)
	Dividends Received Fees And Commissions Received		431,561	756 224.255
	Other Income		1,287,924	692,718
1.1.6	Collections From Previously Written Off Loans		253,141	183.821
	Payments to Personnel And Service Suppliers		(629,600)	(303,445)
	Taxes Paid		(61,403)	(77,487)
1.1.9	Others		(977,739)	(159,850)
1.2	Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations		(14,812,503)	3,144,230
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(1,511,105)	19,825
	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due From Banks And Other Financial Institutions		(4,570,892)	(1,773,176)
	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(23,803,813)	(7,765,940)
	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		(5,126,663)	5,687,018
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits		309,079	324,607
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits		23,150,814	3,134,590
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities Measured at Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(1.465.947)	(72.700)
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables		(1,465,847)	(72,798)
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		(1,794,076)	3,590,104
	Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Banking Operations		(12,470,836)	4,699,921
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		. , , ,	, ,
II.	Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Investing Activities		(5,934,691)	228,621
	Cash Paid For Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries		-	-
	Cash Obtained From Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries Fixed Assets Purchases		(142,238)	(23,489)
	Fixed Assets Sales		149,664	26,291
	Cash Paid For Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(3,418,667)	(3,975,429)
	Cash Obtained From Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		518,491	742,636
2.7	Cash Paid For Purchase of Investment Securities		(7,328,786)	-
	Cash Obtained From Sale of Investment Securities		4,310,722	3,426,958
2.9	Other		(23,877)	31,654
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Financing Activities		(267,439)	(2,472,198)
3.1	Cash Obtained From Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued		_	-
3.2	Cash Used For Repayment of Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued		-	-
3.3	Capital Increase		-	(2,450,802)
	Dividends Paid		(250,000)	(9,132)
	Payments For Finance Leases Other		(17,439)	(12,264)
	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash And Cash Equivalents		3,285,237	1,277,009
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash And Cash Equivalents		(15,387,729)	3,733,353
VI.	Cash And Cash Equivalents at The Beginning of The Period		43,693,232	11,971,283
VII.	Cash And Cash Equivalents at The End of The Period		28,305,503	15,704,636

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES IN THE RELATED PERIOD

1. Explanations on Basis of Presentation

1.1. The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the turkish accounting standards and regulation on accounting applications for banks and safeguarding of documents

The Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the "Regulation On The Procedures And Principles For Accounting Practices And Retention Of Documents By Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation

The differences between the standards set out by BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have not been quantified in the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

1.2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Bank management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made, and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

COVID-19 pandemic, which has recently emerged in China, has spread to various countries in the world, cousing potentially fatal respiratory infections, negatively effects both regional and global economic conditions, as well as it causes disruptions in operations, especially countries that are exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 around the world, several measures are still being taken in our country as well as in the world in order to prevent the spread of the virus and measures are still being taken. In addition to the measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in our country and worldwide.

Since it is aimed to update the most recent financial information in the financial statements prepared as of March 31, 2022, considering the magnitude of the economic changes due to COVID-19, the Bank made certain estimates in the calculation of expected credit losses and disclosed them in third section footnote numbered 1.5 "Explanations on Expected Credit Loss". In the upcoming periods, the Bank will update its revelant assumptions are necessary and revise the realizations of past estimates.

In the announcement published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority on January 20, 2022, it is stated that TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies does not apply to the TFRS financial statements as of December 31, 2021, since the cumulative change in the general purchasing power of the last three years according to Consumer Price Index (CPI) is 74.41%. As of March 31,2022, are not new disclosure has been made by the POA in accordance with TAS 29 and financial statements as of March 31, 2022 are not adjusted for inflation in accordance with TAS 29.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Since January 2022, the tension between Russia and Ukraine has turned into a crisis and a hot conflict. The Bank does not carry out any activity in the two countries that are subject to the crisis. Considering the geographies in which the Bank conducts its activities, the economic effects of the crisis are closely monitored by the Bank and are considered when preparing its financial statements using the best forecasting method.

1.3. Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Bank in the current year. Comparative information is rearranged when deemed necessary in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements. The Bank has rearranged the prior period's statement of changes in shareholders' equity and statement of cash flow in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements.

1.4. Preparation of the financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money

Until 31 December 2004, the financial statements of the Bank were subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29"). As per the BRSA decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and the BRSA circular dated 28 April 2005 it was stated that the indicators for the application of inflation accounting were no longer applicable. Consequently, as of 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting has not been applied.

1.5. Disclosures regarding TFRS 9 financial instruments

TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", which is effective as at 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced "TAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVTOCI"). All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment.

As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39.

During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

Classification and measurement of financial instruments

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent "solely payments of principal and profit share" (SPPI).

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Explanations on expected credit loss

As of 1 January 2018, the Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Modeling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (PD) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9 Calculation on Default (LGD) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (EAD) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

Macroeconomic scenarios affect PD values. The expected credit loss amount is calculated by weighting 3 different scenarios as Base, Good and Bad scenarios. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

The Bank has calculated the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak as of 31 March 2022 with the best estimate method, which it obtained on the principle of maximum effort to estimate and reasoning used in the calculation of expected credit losses. In the light of the aforementioned data, during the pandemic, the Bank revised its macroeconomic expectations in the calculation of expected credit loss, and the calculation made taking into account the change in PD with the update in the EDF model was reflected in the financial statements. By its nature, the model effects are reflected in the financial statements with a delay due to the occurrence of the events and their effects at different times. For this reason, the Bank is establishing additional provisions for the Wholesale and Retail Trade, Build, Construction, Contracting and Tourism sectors, whose PD is more sensitive to the current macroeconomic and geopolitical conjuncture among the sectors that are declining. The Bank maintains this approach as of March 31, 2022. When deemed necessary, the future will review these assumptions according to the course of the pandemic.

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecast of future economic conditions.

The Bank applies a 'three-stage' impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition

Stage 1: Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.

Stage 2: Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized life-time expected credit losses for such financial assets.

In this context, The basic considerations that are taken into account in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The definition of the deterioration in the rating is the comparison of the credit rating at the opening date and the rating date at the reporting date by using the Bank's internal rating-based credit rating models. If the rating calculated for the loan at the reporting date exceeds the specified threshold values, the rating is deemed as deterioration.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Stage 3: Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

The Bank periodically evaluates the provisions of loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 retrospectively on the basis of their results and, if deemed necessary, revises the basketing rules and the parameters used in the calculation of the related provision balances.

1.6 Revenue from TFRS 15 customer contracts

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with income with TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts

1.7 Explanations on TFRS 16 leases standard

The leasing transactions are presented by the lessess as assets (right-of-use assets) and liabilities from leasing transactions. TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model of leasing transactions on balance sheet and operational leasing transactions as direct expense except balance sheet.

Within the scope of TFRS 16, the Bank reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Bank measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Bank. In addition, the Bank measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

As of March 31, 2022, the right-of-use assets classified tangible assets amounting to gross TL 626,215 in the balance sheet of the Bank and a lease obligation classified in the item of liabilities from leasing transactions amounting to gross TL 589,117. In the three-month period that ended as of the same date, financial expenses amounting to TL 17,439 and depreciation expenses amounting to TL 32,640 were incurred.

On 5 June 2020, Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") has changed to TFRS 16 "Leases" standard by publishing Privileges Granted in Lease Payments -"Amendments to TFRS 16 Leases" concerning Covid-19. With this change, tenants are exempted from whether there has been a change in the rental privileges in lease payments due to Covid-19. This change did not have a significant impact on the financial status or performance of the Bank.

2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions

The Bank follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Bank's equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALC) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Turkey converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Bank.

3. Investments in associates and subsidiaries

Turkish currency denominated associates and subsidiaries are measured at cost value in accordance with the "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" ("TAS 27") and then deducted by provisions for impairment losses, if any, reflected to the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4. Explanations on forward transactions and option contracts and derivative instruments

The Bank enters into forward agreements to decrease its currency risk and to manage its foreign currency liquidity. In accordance derivative instruments are classified as 'hedging derivative financial asset' and 'derivative financial assets/liabilities at fair value profit/loss'. The Bank classifies its derivative instruments as "Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Hedging Purposes" and "Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Trading" even though some derivative transactions economically hedge risk, since all necessary conditions for hedge accounting are not met, they are accounted for as "held for trading" and are reflected in the "Derivative Financial Assets/liabilities at fair value profit/loss" account in the balance sheet.

The payables and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet accounts at their notional amounts.

Fair values of foreign currency forward transactions and swaps are calculated by using the discounted cash flow model. Differences resulting from the changes in the fair values of derivatives held for trading are accounted under 'Trading Income/Loss' line in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TAS 39. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

As of March 31, 2022, the Bank has no cash flow hedging transaction.

Benchmark Rate Reform - Stage 2, which introduces amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from January 2021, was published in December 2020 and early application of the changes is permitted. With the amendments made, certain exceptions are provided in the basis used in determining the contractual cash flows and in the hedge accounting provisions. The changes came into effect from 1 January 2021. Loans given from items indexed to benchmark interest rates in the Bank's financial statements and securities assets; Securities issued, derivative transactions and loans obtained through repo constitute liabilities. These changes do not have a significant impact on the Bank's financial position or performance. As of 31 March 2022, the Bank has no hedging transactions based on the benchmark interest rate.

5. Explanations on profit share income and expense

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Bank amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculate for these customers within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Bank calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in "Funds Collected" account on the balance sheet.

6. Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period.

In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the "Unearned Revenues" account under "Other Liabilities" on the balance sheet

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

7. Explanations on financial assets

The Bank classifies and accounts for its financial assets as 'Fair Value Through Profit/Loss', 'Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,' or 'Amortized Cost.' Such financial assets are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of "Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements" under the section three of the "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the "Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss".

The Bank recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Bank management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments are made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

7.1 Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit/Loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition.

7.2 Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. "Unrealized gains and losses," which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. "Unrealized gains and losses" are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

The Bank's financial assets with a difference in fair value reflected in other comprehensive income have government sukuks indexed to consumer prices ("CPI") in their securities portfolios, whose real coupon rates for 6 months remain constant throughout the maturity period. These assets are evaluated and accounted for according to the effective dividend method based on real coupon rates and the index calculated taking into account the reference inflation index and the estimated inflation rate at the date of issuance. The estimated inflation rate used is updated as necessary during the year.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

7.3 Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement.

7.4 Derivative Financial Assets

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Bank are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

7.5 Loans

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

8. Explanations on offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

9. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") made some changes on orders for open market transactions ("OMT") and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement, a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they are in need of funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this context, OMT were carried out with the CBRT for the first time on 14 June 2013, by subjecting the Treasury Lease Certificates, which were include in assets, to the repurchase transactions. From this date, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury lease certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 31 March 2022, the Bank has repurchased agreement amounting to TL 154,342 (31 December 2021: TL 6,495,137).

10. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 "banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors' obligations to the bank are determined by the board."

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also, the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Bank has no discontinued operations.

11. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Bank comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years. The amortization period of the licenses is determined on the basis of the duration of the license agreements.

12. Explanations on tangible assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property	2%
Movables, leased assets	6.67% - 20%

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than its carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

13. Explanations on leasing transactions

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Bank assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction.

- (a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,
- (b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

The Bank has started to apply the TFRS 16 - Leases standard as of January 1, 2019, the first date of implementation of the TFRS 16 standard. As of January 1, 2019, the date of transition to TFRS 16 "Leases" standard, the lease obligation was measured at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted by using alternative borrowing profit-share rate of the Bank. The Bank recognized the righ of use assets equal to the lease payables by adjusting the prepaid or accrued lease payments.

The right of the use asset

The Bank reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental.

When the Bank applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Bank applies depreciation provisions in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment standard while depreciating in the right of use.

The Bank determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

Lease obligation

At the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Bank's alternative borrowing profit share rate.

The profit share on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic profit share rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic profit share rate is the Bank's borrowing profit share rate.

After the beginning of a contract, the Bank remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Bank reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

14. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the "Matching Principle," a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a "Contingent" liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

15. Explanations on Liabilities Relating to Employee Benefits

15.1 Defined benefit plans

In accordance with existing social legislation, the Bank is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the Bank and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfill the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to "Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits" ("TAS 19") is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm.

Bank is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Bank's employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

15.2 Defined contribution plans

The Bank pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

15.3 Short term benefits to employees

In accordance with "TAS 19", vacation pay liabilities are defined as "Short Term Benefits to Employees" and accrued as earned.

Bank management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

16. Explanations on Taxation

Current Tax

As per the terms of the provisional article 11 added to the Law No. 5520 by the Article 91 of the Law No. 7316, it was established that the rate of 20%, as disclosed in the first paragraph of the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, shall be applied as 23% over the corporation income for the tax period of the years 2022, 20% for the taxation period of 2023. (and for entities that are appointed with special accounting period, for the accounting periods beginning within the relevant year).

In this context, corporate tax will be collected at the rate of 23% for the 2022 period and 20% for the year 2023 for corporate taxpayers. In addition, in the said periods, temporary tax will be paid by the corporate taxpayers at the rate and 23% for 2022, 20% for the year 2023, according to the principles specified in the Income Tax Law, to be deducted from the corporate tax of the aforementioned tax periods.

This rate is applied on taxable income which is calculated by adjusting the income before tax for certain disallowable expenses, tax exempt income and other allowances. No further tax is applicable unless the profit is distributed. In accordance with the tax legislation, the temporary tax rate for 2022 will be paid at the rate of 23% and 20% for the year 2023 over the tax bases formed quarterly, and the temporary taxes paid within the year are deducted from the corporate tax calculated over the annual corporate tax return of that year.

Withholding taxes is not applied to dividends distributed to companies' resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey. With the Council of Minister's decision numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 which are published in official gazette numbered 27130 and dated 3 February 2009, some deduction rates in 15th and 30th articles of the corporate tax law numbered 5520 were re-determined. In accordance with this, dividends distributed to companies other than companies' resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey are subject to 10% withholding taxes. Double tax treaty agreements are also taken into consideration during the application of withholding taxes on dividends distributed to real persons and to foreign-based taxpayers. Addition of profit to share capital is not considered as dividend distributed therefore no withholding taxes is applied.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable's; except in case of failure to fulfill the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable's with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the thirty day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one installment by the end of that month.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments.

On January 20, 2022, the implementation of inflation accounting with the "Law on The Amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law" adopted on the agenda of the Turkish Grand National Assembly has been postponed to start from the balance sheet dated December 31, 2023.

Deferred Tax

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of "Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"), the Bank calculates deferred tax asset or liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions for Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and for Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. Updated tax rates in the upcoming periods will be taken into account in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

17. Explanations on Additional Disclosures on Borrowings

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Bank does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Bank has not issued convertible bonds.

18. Explanations on Share Certificates Issued

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on Bank about share certificates.

19. Explanations on Acceptances and Availed Drafts

Acceptances and availed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

20. Explanations on Government Grants

There are no government grants received by the Bank.

21. Explanations on Segment Reporting

The Bank conducts its activities in three separate segments: Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, Treasury and International Banking. Each department serves with its own products and the results of the activities are monitored on the basis of these departments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 13.

22. Explanations on Other Matters

The Bank has no disclosures on other matters.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK

1. Explanations on Equity Items

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of 31 March 2022 Bank's total capital has been calculated as TL 23,367,213 (31 December 2021: TL 19,096,524), capital adequacy ratio is 23.70% (31 December 2021: 23.05%).

Fluctuations are experienced in the financial markets mainly as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak, in the press statement made by the BRSA on March 23, 2020. Therefore, in accordance with the BRSA's Decision No. 9795 dated 16 September 2021; In the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk in accordance with the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy; To be able to use the simple arithmetic average of the Central Bank foreign exchange buying rates of the last 252 business days before the calculation date, when calculating the amounts valued in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and the relevant special provision amounts for monetary assets and non-monetary assets other than items in foreign currency measured in terms of historical cost, to continue the application until a Board Decision is taken to the contrary,

In addition, in accordance with the BRSA's decision dated April 16, 2020 and numbered 8999; Within the scope of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks, it is enabled to apply 0% risk weight in the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk to the receivables of banks from the Central Government of the Republic of Turkey and arranged in FX.

The Bank used these opportunities in its Capital Adequacy calculations as of March 31, 2022.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.1 Components of Total Capital:

	Current Period Amount	Prior Period Amount
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Paid-In Capital To Be Entitled For Compensation After All Creditors	4,600,000	4,600,000
Share Premium	23,250	23,250
Reserves	5,611,491	3,359,858
Other Comprehensive Income According to TAS	2,256,862	251,492
Profit	1,517,168	2,554,175
Current Period Profit	1,464,720	2,501,727
Prior Period Profit	52,448	52,448
Bonus Shares From Associates, Affiliates And Joint-Ventures Not Accounted In Current Period's Profit	-	-
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	14,008,771	10,788,775
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	-	
Valuation Adjustments Calculated As Per The Article 9. (I) Of The Regulation On Bank Capital	-	-
Current And Prior Periods' Losses Not Covered By Reserves, And Losses Accounted Under Equity According To TAS (-)	32,416	16,538
Leasehold Improvements On Operational Leases (-)	80,701	73,968
Goodwill Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	244,619	233,519
Remaining after deducting from the related deferred tax liability with the deferred tax asset based on future taxable income, except for deffered tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Differences Arise When Assets And Liabilities Not Held At Fair Value, Are Subjected To Cash Flow Hedge Accounting	-	-
Total Credit Losses That Exceed Total Expected Loss Calculated According To The Regulation On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization Gains	-	-
Unrealized Gains And Losses From Changes In Bank's Liabilities' Fair Values Due To Changes In Creditworthiness	-	-
Net Amount Of Defined Benefit Plans	52,112	52,112
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier I Capital (-)	4,869	4,869
Shares Obtained Against Article 56, Paragraph 4 Of The Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding The 15% Threshold Of Tier I Capital As Per The Article 2, Clause 2 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount Arising From Deferred Tax Assets From Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions From Tier I Capital In Cases Where There Are No Adequate Additional Tier I Or Tier II Capitals (-)	- 1	
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	414,717	381,006
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	13,594,054	10,407,769

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Privileged stocks not included in common equity and share premiums	_	-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	3,663,153	3,317,165
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	_	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	3,663,153	3,317,165
Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks Or Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Additional Tier I Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 7 Of The Regulation	_	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
Items To Be Deducted From Tier I Capital During The Transition Period	-	
Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets And Related Deferred Taxes Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	_	
Deduction From Additional Tier I Capital When There Is Not Enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier I Capital	3,663,153	3,317,165
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)	17,257,207	13,724,934
Tier II Capital	-	
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA	5,128,414	4,644,031
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA (Covered By Temporary Article 4)	_	
Provisions (Amounts Explained In The First Paragraph Of The Article 8 Of The Regulation On Bank Capital)	997,029	845,934
Tier II Capital before deductions	6,125,443	5,489,965
Deductions From Tier II Capital	-	-
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier II Capital (-)	_	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks And Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Tier II Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 8 Of The Regulation	_	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions From Tier II Capital	_	
Total Tier II Capital	6,125,443	5,489,965
Total Equity (Total Tier I And Tier II Capital)	23,382,650	19,214,899

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Total Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital (Total Equity) Loans Granted Against The Articles 50 And 51 Of The Banking Law (-)	_	_
Net Book Values Of Movables And Immovables Exceeding The Limit Defined In The Article 57, Clause 1 Of The	_	
Banking Law And The Assets Acquired Against Overdue Receivables And Held For Sale But Retained More		
Than Five Years (-)	10,230	11,607
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	5,206	106,768
Items To Be Deducted From The Sum Of Tier I And Tier II Capital (Capital) During The Transition	- ,	,
Period	_	
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And		
Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10%		
Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital		
As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And		
Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10%		
Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)		
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial	-	
Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital, Of The Net Deferred Tax Assets		
Arising From Temporary Differences And Of The Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted From Tier I Capital		
As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) And (2) And Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The		
Regulation (-)	-	
Capital	-	
Total Capital (Total Of Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital)	23,367,214	19,096,524
Total Risk Weighted Assets	98,609,781	82,840,995
Capital Adequacy Ratios	-	
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	13.79	12.56
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	17.50	16.57
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	23.70	23.05
Buffers	-	
Bank-Specific Total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.50	2.50
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	2.50
Systemic Significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	-	
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According To The Article 4 Of Capital		
Conservation And Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	9.29	8.06
Amounts Lower Than Excesses As Per Deduction Rules	-	
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And		
Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital	-	
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And		
	-	
Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital	-	
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences	-	
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation	-	
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences	4,539,052	6,298,549
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per	4,539,052 997,029	
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand) General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand) General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand) General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand) General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand) General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand) General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets Debt Instruments Covered By Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand) General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets Debt Instruments Covered By Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022) Upper Limit For Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4		6,298,54 <u>5</u> 845,934

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Information on debt instruments to be included in equity calculation:			
Issuer	KT One Company Limited	KT AT One Company Limited	KT21 T2 Company Limited
Mean Code (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS2028862998	XS2227803819	XS2384355520
Legislation to which the mean is subject	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity
Consideration In Equity Calculation			. ,
Subject to consideration application reduced by 10% from $1/1/2015$	Not being subject	Not being subject	Not being subject
Validity on a consolidated or unconsolidated basis or both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis
Means Type	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier I Capital)	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier I Capital)	Subordinated Sukuk (Tier II Capital)
Amount taken into account in equity calculation (as of last reporting date-TL million)	2,931	733	5,128
Nominal value of the mean (TL million))	2,931	733	5,128
The account in which the mean is followed accounting	3470003 16/07/2019	3470003	3470003 16/09/2021
Export date of the mean		28/09/2020	10 years and 3 months
Maturity structure of the mean (demand/term))	Demand	Demand	term
Initial maturity of the mean	5 Years (Due Date : 16/07/2024)	5 Years (Due Date : 29/09/2025)	5 Years and 3 months (Due Date: 16/12/2026)
Whether the issuer has the right to refund subject to BRSA approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date of repayment option, contingent repayment options and amount to be paid back	16/07/2024 - Complete	29/09/2025 - Tamamı	16/12/2026 -Tamamı
Subsequent repayment option dates	16/07/2024	29/09/2025	16/12/2026
Dividend payments			
Fixed or variable dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments
Dividend ratio and index value for dividend ratio	9.13%	9.95%	6.125%
Whether there are any restrictions that stop paying dividends	None	None	None
The ability to be completely optional, partially optional or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Whether there is an element to encourage repayment, such as a dividend rate hike	None	None	None
Non-accumulative or cumulative property	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Ability to convert to stock			
Trigger events/events that would cause conversion if converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Trigger events/events that would cause conversion if converted to stock Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock			into stock Cannot be converted into stock
	into stock Cannot be converted	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock	into stock Cannot be converted
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock into stock	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock into stock	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock If it can be converted to stock, the conversion rate	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock If it can be converted to stock, the conversion rate Forced or optional conversion property, if it can be converted to stock	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted cannot be converted	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted cannot be converted	into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted into stock Cannot be converted cannot be converted
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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, components and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the bank, and to provide the availability od adequate capital in order to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Banks' growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Bank is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

2. Explanations and disclosures related to credit risk

It has not been prepared in the interim period in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced by Banks and the Related Explanations and Footnotes.

3. Explanations on currency risk

Foreign currency risk represents the Bank's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method. The "standard method" and the "value at risk method" used in legal reporting are used to measure the exchange rate risk of the bank. Measurements made under the standard method are carried out on a monthly basis and measurements made under the risk-exposed value method are carried out on a daily basis.

The Bank monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross-exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 31 March 2022, the Bank has a balance sheet open position of TL 5,222,022 (December 31, 2021 – TL 1,811,076 open) and off-balance sheet position of TL 3,800,091 (December 31, 2021 – TL 424,526 closed) with a short position of TL 1,421,931 (December 31, 2021 – TL 1,386.550 open)

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Bank as of 31 March 2022 and the previous five working days are as follows (full TL):

	24/03/2022	27/03/2022	28/03/2022	29/03/2022	30/03/2022	Balance Sheet Valuation Rate
USD	14.83919	14.81644	14.83463	14.71664	14.65930	14.65261
EURO	16.30041	16.31663	16.26759	16.29105	16.32086	16.29667
GBP	19.57174	19.54066	19.48007	19.31593	19.26740	19.24078
CHF	15.92541	15.97877	15.86297	15.76031	15.82306	15.85430
JPY	0.12196	0.12167	0.11973	0.11943	0.12034	0.12036

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL):

	Monthly average FC purchase rate
USD	14.62032
EURO	16.11016
GBP	19.26287
CHF	15.73239
JPY	0.12341

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Currency risk of the Bank

	Euro	USD	Other FC	Total
Current period				
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased)				
and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	21,171,343	25,495,541	12,665,874	59,332,758
Banks (****)	1,908,775	1,258,359	5,808,566	8,975,700
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	750,305	12,586,182	13,336,487
Money market placements	_	-	,	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6,731,538	8,289,680	_	15,021,218
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	29,031,456	42,040,883	31,105	71,103,444
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (**)	610,120	-	-	610,120
Financial assets at amortized cost	· -	7,919,148	-	7,919,148
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	_	· · · · -	_	
Tangible assets	_	1,674	-	1,674
Intangible assets	_	42	-	42
Other assets	2,484,388	16,151	4,295	2,504,834
Total assets	61,937,620	85,771,783	31,096,022	178,805,425
Liabilities				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	103,860	390,605	530,891	1,025,356
Current and profit-sharing accounts FC (****)	25,524,436	81,623,027	58,276,009	165,423,472
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions	566,972	11,914,208	-	12,481,180
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	1,381,631	1,902,978	44,213	3,328,822
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (*****)	436,528	1,236,273	95,816	1,768,617
Total liabilities	28,013,427	97,067,091	58,946,929	184,027,447
Net balance sheet position	33,924,193	(11,295,308)	(27,850,907)	(5,222,022)
Net off-balance sheet position	(35,234,414)	11,143,388	27,891,117	3,800,091
Financial derivative assets	1,167,686	21,499,916	28,160,036	50,827,638
Financial derivative liabilities	36,402,100	10,356,528	268,919	47,027,547
Non-cash loans (***)	3,453,679	6,120,581	238,901	9,813,161
TO 1 1 1				
Prior period	56 174 704	74.512.510	27.652.054	160 241 266
Total assets	56,174,794	74,513,518	37,652,954	168,341,266
Total liabilities	26,348,995	92,629,257	51,174,090	170,152,342
Net balance sheet position	29,825,799	(18,115,739)	(13,521,136)	(1,811,076)
Net off-balance sheet position	(30,985,951)	17,881,028	13,529,449	424,526
	528,075	23,015,573	14,353,317	37,896,965
Financial derivative assets	,	5 124 545	000 000	27 472 420
Financial derivative assets Financial derivative liabilities Non-cash loans (***)	31,514,026 3,257,093	5,134,545 4,935,753	823,868 274,987	37,472,439 8,467,833

Includes foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 1,932,133 (31 December 2021 - TL 2,009,070) and includes expected loss provision amounting (*) to TL 4,453,756 followed as TL on the balance sheet.

Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below;

- Derivative financial assets held for trading TL 557,147 (31 December 2021 TL 592,863)
- Prepaid expenses: TL 1,164 (31 December 2021 1,303 TL)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading: TL 413,473 (31 December 2021 TL 65,015)
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: 104,776 (31 December 2021 TL 65,917)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging: None (31 December 2021 TL None).

TL 610,120 (31 December 2021 - TL 610,120) of the subsidiaries amounting to TL 1,461,015 in the balance sheet includes foreign currency subsidiary and subsidiary.

Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

^(****) Precious metals are included in "Other FC" column.

(****) Other liabilities at fair value through TL 2,742 in the calculation of profit / loss of securities are not included in the foreign currency risk of impairment provisions. It also includes a provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 207,000.

^(******) Includes provisions for expected losses amounting to TL 1,271 in the balance sheet.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions that are amounting to.

- Forward foreign currency purchase transactions TL 2,337,617 (31 December 2021 TL 1,864,837)
- Forward foreign currency sale transactions: TL 2,723,560 (31 December 2021 TL 3,094,121)
- Precious metals purchase transactions TL 26,310,804 (31 December 2021 TL 13,177,082)
- Precious metals sale transactions TL 53,906 (31 December 2021 TL 52,347)

Sensitivity to exchange rate risk

The bank is largely exposed to currency risk in Euros, US dollars and Gold.

The table below shows the bank's sensitivity to a 10% increase in US Dollar, Euro and gold exchange rates.

	Change in exchange rate (%)	Effect on profit / loss		Effect on	Equity
		Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
US Dollar	10%	(15,192)	(23,471)	(120,351)	47,244
Euro	10%	(131,022)	(116,015)	(130,639)	(112,076)
Gold	10%	17,123	16,064	17,123	16,064

4. Explanations related to stock position risk

Current Period

4.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analyzing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes

The Bank's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

Comparison

4.2 Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value

Equity Securities (shares) investments	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value
Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	92,544	-	92,544
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investment in Subsidiaries	1,461,015	369,600	369,600
Quoted Securities	53,418	369,600	369,600
Other	20,000	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Prior Period		Comparison	
Equity Securities (shares) investments	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value
Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	82,887	-	82,887
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-
Investment in Subsidiaries	1,461,015	519,420	519,420
Quoted Securities	53,418	519,420	519,420
Other	20,000	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals: None

5. Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio

The liquidity risk of the Bank is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

Funding Liquidity Risk: It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

Market Liquidity Risk: It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

Liquidity risk is managed by the Asset-Liability Committee (ALC) and related business units within the framework of the Liquidity Risk Policy and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors. In liquidity risk management, the measures to be taken and the practices to be carried out are determined by taking into account normal economic conditions and stress conditions. The Bank defines liquidity risk, measures risks with liquidity risk measurement methods in accordance with international standards, monitors them and periodically presents them to the interested parties. Liquidity risk stress tests are performed during monthly periods. An emergency funding plan (liquidity contingency plan) has been created to regulate the procedures and principles for the bank to maintain and maintain adequate liquidity levels under stress conditions.

The bank's liquidity risk ratios are well above the legal limits. The bank maintains its liquidity buffer at high levels, taking into account periods when liquidity risk may increase. Due to this approach, it is evaluated that the negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global level do not have a significant impact on the bank's liquidity needs.

5.1 Information on risk capacity of the Bank, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determied according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Bank's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Bank.

The Bank has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and paticipation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Bank has a high risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Bank which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets is deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Turkey and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analyzed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALC meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Bank in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Bank. The Treasury Group Managemant manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. Official and International Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

5.2. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Bank and the Bank's subsidiaries

The Bank's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

5.3 Information on the Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities

Bank spread to the base of current and partipication accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

5.4. Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Bank's total liabilities

Almost all liabilities of the Bank are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Bank is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilites denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantialy.

5.5. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

5.6. Information on the use of stress tests

In order to analyze the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether comformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relavant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Bank, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both of the situations. Stress tests telated with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

5.7. General information on emergency funding plan

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Emergency Funding Plan, which is approved by Board of Directors. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Emergency Funding Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. Asset-Liability Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

5.8. Presentation of financial liabilities according to contractual maturities

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

5.9 Liquidity coverage ratio

Current Period		Total Unweig (Averag		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)		
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HIC	GH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	77,087,497	61,392,958	73,707,712	58,013,173	
CAS	SH OUTFLOWS					
	Retail deposits and deposits from small business					
2	customers, of which:	78,207,407	20,314,303	6,987,063	2,031,430	
3	Stable deposits	16,673,558	-	833,678	-	
4	Less stable deposits	61,533,849	20,314,303	6,153,385	2,031,430	
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	42,217,404	32,355,673	20,883,826	15,584,360	
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	
7	Non-operational deposits	37,360,056	29,178,357	16,026,478	12,407,044	
8	Unsecured funding	4,857,348	3,177,316	4,857,348	3,177,316	
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-	
10	Other cash outflows of which:	34,829,227	31,638,252	34,829,227	31,638,252	
	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other					
11	collateral requirements	33,390,454	31,638,252	33,390,454	31,638,252	
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	1,438,773	-	1,438,773	-	
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet					
13	commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-	
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and					
14	contractual obligations	-	-	-	-	
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance					
13	sheet obligations	26,986,247	9,065,426	2,539,782	574,696	
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			65,239,898	49,828,738	
CAS	SH INFLOWS					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-	
18	Unsecured receivables	28,441,241	19,990,670	23,152,474	18,167,513	
19	Other cash inflows	34,173,929	31,760,848	34,173,929	31,760,848	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	62,615,170	51,751,518	57,326,403	49,928,361	
				Upper Limi	t Applied Value	
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK			73,707,712	58,013,173	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			16,309,975	12,457,185	
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			451.92	465.70	

^(*) The average calculated for the last three months of the values calculated by taking the weekly simple arithmetic average. The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated in the by weekly periods 1 January-31 March of 2022 are given in the table below.

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
TL+FC	502.37	14/01/2022	399.17	25/02/2022	456.73
FC	545.14	14/01/2022	406.84	25/02/2022	470.90

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high-quality liquid assets held by the bank to its one-month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the CBRT, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows, because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Prior Period		Total Unweig (Averaș		Total Weighted Value (Average) ^(*)		
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HI	GH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	64,135,407	51,618,219	62,047,076	49,527,121	
CA	SH OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	71,354,474	15,890,007	6,612,449	1,647,562	
3	Stable deposits	16,313,868	-	857,744	-	
4	Less stable deposits	55,040,606	15,890,007	5,754,705	1,647,562	
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	35,009,977	25,635,623	17,253,337	12,176,783	
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	
7	Non-operational deposits	31,329,312	23,556,794	13,592,650	10,111,219	
8	Unsecured funding	3,680,665	2,078,829	3,660,687	2,065,564	
9	Secured wholesale funding					
10	Other cash outflows of which:	33,541,312	29,408,292	33,356,957	29,330,487	
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	30,030,487	27,916,225	29,889,681	27,838,420	
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	3,510,825	1,492,067	3,467,276	1,492,067	
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-	
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-	
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	21,478,301	6,659,025	2,009,766	372,243	
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			59,232,509	43,527,075	
CA	SH INFLOWS					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-	
18	Unsecured receivables	23,198,611	17,994,662	19,160,744	16,105,357	
19	Other cash inflows	30,908,665	27,198,914	30,798,615	26,938,870	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	54,107,276	45,193,576	49,959,359	43,044,227	
				Upper Limit	Applied Value	
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK			62,047,076	49,527,121	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			14,808,127	10,881,769	
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			419.01	455.14	

^(*) The average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio calculated by taking the weekly simple arithmetic average

The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated in the by weekly periods 1 January-31 March of 2022 are given in the table below.

Prior Period:

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
TL+FC	480.94	01/10/2021	366.24	29/10/2021	423.97
FC	524.29	01/10/2021	404.10	29/10/2021	460.19

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high-quality liquid assets of the bank to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the aforementioned ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher, and they may show variability over time.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities

		Up to 1	1-3	3-12	1-5	Over	Unallocated	
Current period	Demand	months	months	months	Years	5 years	(***)	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	23,584,500	40,775,295						64,359,795
Banks (*)	8,998,571	40,773,293	_	-	-	_	-	8,998,571
Financial assets at fair value through profit	6,996,371	-	-	-	-	-	-	0,990,371
and loss	-	195,644	283,172	15,783	13,472,086	-	317,416	14,284,101
Money market placements	-	121,971	_	-	_	_	-	121,971
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	154,342	4,388,669	458,670	30,553,519	-	2,452,381	38,007,581
Loans (**)	-	17,132,250	26,159,214	48,912,437	50,620,126	4,202,050	(7,098,466)	139,927,611
Financial assets evalued at amortised cost	-	-	-	-	7,924,283	-	(5,135)	7,919,148
Other assets (***)	3,603,558	1,746,049	11,675	-	612,539	-	5,065,487	11,039,308
Total assets	36,186,629	60,125,551	30,842,730	49,386,890	103,182,553	4,202,050	731,683	284,658,086
Liabilities								
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	1,097,660	25	_	-	-	-	-	1,097,685
Current and profit-sharing accounts	138,252,055	70,053,821	19,062,322	14,926,326	125,280	3,049	-	242,422,853
Funds provided from other financial institutions	-	2,744,865	932,634	1,476,542	5,973,209	5,219,310	-	16,346,560
Money market borrowings	-	153,767	-	-	-	-	-	153,767
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	4,735,765	212,419	-	-	-	-	-	4,948,184
Other Liabilities (****)	_	2,555,214	313,754	136,277	218,536	31,806	16,433,450	19,689,037
Total Liabilities	144,085,480	75,720,111	20,308,710	16,539,145	6,317,025	5,254,165	16,433,450	284,658,086
Net liquidity gap	(107,898,851)	(15,594,560)	10,534,020	32,847,745	96,865,528	(1,052,115)	(15,701,767)	-
Prior period								
Total assets	46,186,250	56,104,913	24,794,722	45,573,807	77,536,816	4,099,982	(228,230)	254,068,260
Total liabilities	130,572,202	76,111,257	16,088,738	7,698,635	6,003,439	4,689,464	12,904,525	254,068,260
Net liquidity gap	(84,385,952)	(20,006,344)	8,695,477	37,875,172	71,533,377	(589,482)	(13,122,248)	

Presented with netting off expected credit losses.

Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets.

(****) The unallocated other liabilities consist of equity and provisions balances.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

6. Explanations on leverage ratio

Disclosure of leverage ratio template

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

	On-balance sheet assets (*)	Current Period	Prior Period
	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
1	but including collateral)	267,308,472	231,176,465
2	(Assets amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier I Capital)	(401,587)	(412,452)
3	Total on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	266,906,885	230,764,013
	Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	1,245,542	1,374,232
5	The potential amount of credit risk with all and credit derivatives	627,018	624,826
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	1,872,560	1,999,058
	Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)		
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	1,071,806	2,231,136
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	1,071,806	2,231,136
	Other off-balance sheet transactions		
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	84,689,038	80,442,507
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(44,348,814)	(44,108,586)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	40,340,224	36,333,921
	Capital and total risks		
13	Tier I Capital	16,041,971	12,759,904
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	310,191,475	271,328,128
	Leverage ratio		
15	Leverage ratio	5.17	4.70

^(*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

The leverage ratio calculated on the basis of the arithmetic average of the amounts realized at the end of each month for the past three-month period as of the Group's consolidated balance sheet date was 5.17% (31 December 2021 - 4.70%). The main reason for the changes from the previous period is that the increase in the items related to the capital compared to the increase in other items. Accordingly, main capital increased by 26% on profit for the period, while on-balance sheet risk increased by 16% and off-balance sheet increased by 11%. Accordingly, there is a increase of 47 basis points in the current period leverage ratio compared to the previous period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

7. Explanations on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

8. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

9. Explanations on hedge accounting practices

None (31 December 2021 – None).

10. Explanations on risk management

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee ("ALC") and the Risk Management Department ("RMD") which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Bank is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Bank's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank's future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

10.1. GB1 Overview of risk weighted amounts

		Risk Weighte	Minimum Capital Requirements	
		Current Period 31/03/2022	Prior Period 31/12/2021	Current Period 31/03/2022
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	78,569,169	66,866,125	6,285,534
2	Standardised approach (SA)	79,057,651	66,885,604	6,324,612
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	704,704	789,083	56,376
5	Standardised approach for counterpary credit			
	risk (SA-CCR)	704,704	789,083	56,376
6	Internal model method (IMM)	1	ı	-
	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-			
	through approach	488,482	19,479	39,079
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-			
	based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% risk			
	weighting Approach	-	-	-
	Settlement risk	ī	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	1	1	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	ı	ı	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	1	ı	-
16	Market risk	4,708,555	4,998,996	376,684
17	Standardised approach (SA)	4,708,555	4,998,996	376,684
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	1	1	-
19	Operational risk	14,138,871	10,167,312	1,131,110
20	Basic indicator approach	14,138,871	10,167,312	1,131,110
21	Standardised approach			
22	Advanced measurement approach			
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital			
	(subject to 250% risk weight)			
24	Floor adjustment			
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	98,609,781	82,840,995	7,888,783

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

11. Securitization Positions

None.

12. Qualitative explanations on market risk

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

13. Explanations on Business Segments

The Bank operates in Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking: to meet the financial needs of the customers', unique cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail and Enterprise Banking includes fund collection, installment commercial loans, business loans, non cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, Trade Finance, Checks, POS services, Credit Cards, ATM services, Online Banking and Mobile Banking in these fields.

In International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified "corporate" customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long-term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the Sukuk for the Bank, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Turkey. The Treasury in addition to monitoring foreign currency position and liquidity of the Bank, also conducts spot and forward transactions in TL or foreign currencies, performs derivative transactions (forward, swap) with banks and customers, trades of gold within the context of membership of Istanbul Gold Exchange, trades share certificates in BIST and international markets and conducts Murabaha transactions with foreign banks.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

Selected balance sheet and income statement items according to segments

Current Period 1 January 2022-31 March 2022	Retail and enterprise Banking	Corporate and Commercial banking	Treasury and international banking	Unallocated	Bank's total operation
1 January 2022-31 March 2022	Danking	banking	banking	Chanocateu	орстаноп
Operating income	3,150,185	1,697,242	2,477,708	-	7,325,135
Operating expenses (-)	3,124,187	527,063	711,228	1,035,860	5,398,338
Transfers between segments	1,365,246	(1,231,336)	(133,910)	-	-
Net operating income(loss)	1,391,244	(61,157)	1,632,570	(1,035,860)	1,926,797
Income from associates	-	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) before tax	1,391,244	(61,157)	1,632,570	(1,035,860)	1,926,797
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	462,077	462,077
Net income for the period	1,391,244	(61157)	1,632,570	(1,497,937)	1,464,720
Current Period 31 March 2022					
Segment assets	43,094,578	97,012,133	135,517,094	-	275,623,805
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	1,481,015	1,481,015
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	7,553,266	7,553,266
Total assets	43,094,578	97,012,133	135,517,094	9,034,281	284,658,086
Segment liabilities	200,002,427	43,518,111	17,410,162	-	260,930,700
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	10,038,019	10,038,019
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	13,689,367	13,689,367
Total liabilities	200,002,427	43,518,111	17,410,162	23,727,386	284,658,086
	Retail and	~	Corporate and		
Prior Period	enterprise	Commercial	international	II II	Bank's total
Prior Period 1 January 2021 – 31 March 2021		Commercial banking		Unallocated	Bank's total Operation
1 January 2021 – 31 March 2021	enterprise Banking	banking	international banking	Unallocated	Operation
1 January 2021 – 31 March 2021 Operating income	enterprise Banking 1,729,360	1,705,037	international banking 60,124	-	Operation 3,494,521
1 January 2021 – 31 March 2021 Operating income Operating expenses (-)	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547	1,705,037 202,636	international banking 60,124 452,942	Unallocated - 596,300	Operation
1 January 2021 – 31 March 2021 Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326)	60,124 452,942 (682,524)	596,300 -	3,494,521 2,919,425
1 January 2021 – 31 March 2021 Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss)	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547	1,705,037 202,636	international banking 60,124 452,942	-	Operation 3,494,521
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates	1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342)	596,300 - (596,300)	3,494,521 2,919,425 - 575,096
1 January 2021 – 31 March 2021 Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss)	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326)	60,124 452,942 (682,524)	596,300 -	3,494,521 2,919,425
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax	1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342)	596,300 - (596,300) - (596,300)	3,494,521 2,919,425 - 575,096
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-)	1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) - (596,300) 115,849	3,494,521 2,919,425 - 575,096 - 575,096 115,849
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period	1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) - (596,300) 115,849	3,494,521 2,919,425 - 575,096 - 575,096 115,849
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets	1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149)	3,494,521 2,919,425 - 575,096 - 575,096 115,849
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 1,338,075	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149)	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 115,849 459,247 245,795,125 1,481,015
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets	1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 1,338,075	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149)	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 575,096 115,849 459,247
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 1,338,075	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149)	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 115,849 459,247 245,795,125 1,481,015
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets Total assets	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663 - 908,663 37,357,906	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 77,548,111	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149) 1,481,015 6,792,120	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 115,849 459,247 245,795,125 1,481,015 6,792,120
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663 - 908,663 37,357,906	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 77,548,111	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149) 1,481,015 6,792,120	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 115,849 459,247 245,795,125 1,481,015 6,792,120
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets Prior Period 31 December 2021	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663 - 908,663 37,357,906 - 37,357,906	banking 1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 77,548,111 - 77,548,111	(1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149) 1,481,015 6,792,120	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 15,849 459,247 245,795,125 1,481,015 6,792,120 254,068,260
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets Total assets Prior Period	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663 - 908,663 37,357,906	1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 77,548,111	60,124 452,942 (682,524) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149) 1,481,015 6,792,120 8,273,135	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 15,849 459,247 245,795,125 1,481,015 6,792,120 254,068,260
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment liabilities	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663 - 908,663 37,357,906 - 37,357,906	banking 1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 77,548,111 - 77,548,111	(1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149) 1,481,015 6,792,120	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 15,849 459,247 245,795,125 1,481,015 6,792,120 254,068,260
Operating income Operating expenses (-) Transfers between segments Net operating income(loss) Income from associates Income (loss) before tax Provision for taxation (-) Net income for the period Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment assets Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Undistributed assets Prior Period 31 December 2021 Segment liabilities Undistributed liabilities	enterprise Banking 1,729,360 1,667,547 846,850 908,663 - 908,663 - 908,663 37,357,906 - 37,357,906	banking 1,705,037 202,636 (164,326) 1,338,075 - 1,338,075 - 77,548,111 - 77,548,111	(1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342) (1,075,342)	596,300 (596,300) (596,300) 115,849 (712,149) 1,481,015 6,792,120 8,273,135	3,494,521 2,919,425 575,096 15,849 459,247 245,795,125 1,481,015 6,792,120 254,068,260 235,633,284 7,978,123

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets

1.1. Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey

1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey

	(Current period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/foreign currency	635,889	4,374,308	734,131	5,330,133
The Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	4,181,420	48,861,877	4,620,318	47,690,909
Other (*)	209,747	6,096,755	29,609	7,050,216
Total	5,027,056	59,332,940	5,384,058	60,071,258

^(*) As of 31 March 2022, precious metal account amounting to TL 4,320,874 (31 December 2021 - TL 7,050,216) and money in transit amounting to TL 1,985,629 (31 December 2021 - TL 29,609) are presented in this line.

1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey

		Current period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	4,100,795	7,970,840	4,540,821	11,485,379
Unrestricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposit	80,625	40,891,037	79,497	36,205,530
Total	4,181,420	48,861,877	4,620,318	47,690,909

According to the CBRT's Communiqué on Required Reserves No. 2005/1, banks operating in Turkey; Required reserve ratios for Turkish lira and foreign currency liabilities are determined between 3% and 22% by differentiating according to the maturity of liabilities, and these rates are applied by banks as of the date of the report.

1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

As of 31 March 2022, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase transactions, given as a collateral or blocked (31 December 2021 – None).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets:

	Curr	ent period	Prior period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward transactions	82,495	11,099	356,312	1,984	
Swap transactions	1,156,354	546,048	694,179	590,879	
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-	
Options	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	1,238,849	557,147	1,050,491	592,863	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.3 Information on Banks

1.3.1. Information on Banks

	Cu	Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	23,539	8,976,789	20,571	14,502,373
Domestic	23,539	1,910,749	20,571	2,723,650
Foreign (*)	-	7,066,040	-	11,778,723
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	23,539	20,571	14,502,373	

^(*) As a result of the changes in the Uniform Chart of Accounts implemented by the BRSA as of January 1, 2021, the foreign currency collaterals given for the derivative transactions made by the Bank with foreign banks, which were monitored in the other assets account in the bank balance sheet in the previous periods, started to be monitored in the banks account as of the current period. As of 31 March 2022, the relevant amount is TL 376,333.

1.3.2 Information on foreign banks account

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Current period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	35,856,557	32,344,629
Quoted on stock exchange	35,856,557	32,344,629
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	-
Share certificates	2,417,641	129,187
Quoted on stock exchange	2,228,837	105,003
Not quoted on stock exchange	188,804	24,184
Impairment provision	266,617	308,459
Total	38,007,581	32,165,357

1.4.1. Information on Given Collateral or Blocked Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

As of the balance sheet date, there is given colleteral financial assets amounting to TL 12,704,756 (31 December 2021: TL 11,410,139) at fair value through other comprehensive income.

1.4.2. Information on Subject to Repurchase Agreement Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

As of the balance sheet date, there is a repurchase agreement financial assets amounting to TL 154,342 (31 December 2021: 6,495,137) at fair value through other comprehensive income.

1.4.2. Information on subject to repurchase agreement financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

1.5. Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost

1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank

	Current period			Prior period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	
Direct loans granted to shareholders	7,601	19,686	6,955	21,246	
Corporate shareholders	-	19,586	-	21,228	
Real person shareholders	7,601	100	6,955	18	
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	801,668	7,320	64,316	2,297	
Loans granted to employees	44,350	1,607	40,564	1,320	
Total	853,619	28,613	111,835	24,863	

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.5.2 Information on Standart Loans, Loans Underclose monitoring and restructured Loans Under Close monitoring:

		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Restructured Loans and Receivable		ns and Receivables
Current Period-Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
Loans	123,343,212	5,216,212	3,214,299	-
Export Loans	15,281,921	181,075	-	-
Import Loans	5,972,046	184,875	-	-
Corporation Loans	62,446,503	3,898,720	3,181,688	-
Consumer Loans	12,847,570	328,697	13,395	-
Credit Cards	3,297,778	273,295	18,101	-
Loans given to financial sector	10,160,954	1	-	-
Other	13,336,440	349,550	1,115	-
Other Receivables	281	101,238	-	-
Total	123,343,493	5,317,450	3,214,299	-

		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring			
Prior Period			Restructured Loan	ns and Receivables	
riioi reiiou		Loans and	Loans and		
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Receivables Not	Receivables with	Refinance	
Cash Loans	and Other	Subject to	Revised Contract	Keimance	
	Receivables	Restructuring	Terms		
Loans	100,546,026	4,601,981	3,215,853	-	
Export Loans	10,658,321	167,651	-	-	
Import Loans	4,064,392	238,568	-	-	
Corporation Loans	49,306,746	3,336,152	3,176,331	-	
Consumer Loans	12,780,928	351,932	17,082	-	
Credit Cards	2,352,871	212,270	21,267	-	
Loans given to financial sector	10,112,109	-	-	-	
Other	11,270,659	295,408	1,173	-	
Other Receivables	339	983	-	-	
Total	100,546,365	4,602,964	3,215,853	-	

Information on provisions for Standard Qualified and Close Monitored loans and restructured Close Monitored loans:

	Standard Loans Current Period	Loans under close monitoring	Standard Loans	Loans under close monitoring
	(*)	Current Period (*)	Prior Period	Prior Period
12-Month Expected Loss Provision (*)	3,502,550	-	2,289,434	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	3,843,244	-	3,503,181
Total	3,502,550	3,843,244	2,289,434	3,503,181

^(*) Includes expected credit loss of other financial assets measured at amortized cost amounting TL 5,135 (31 December 2021: 621 TL).

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.5.3 Distribution of cash loans and other receivables according to their maturities

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.5.4 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards

		Medium and	
Current Period	Short term	long term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	136,094	12,963,503	13,099,597
Real Estate Loans	35,558	10,534,698	10,570,256
Vehicle Loans	40,900	1,843,763	1,884,663
Consumer Loans	32,677	259,699	292,376
Other	26,959	325,343	352,302
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	_	-	-
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	51,545	51,545
Real Estate Loans	_	51,540	51,540
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	5	5
Other	_	<u>-</u>	_
Retail Credit Cards-TL	1,205,155	24	1,205,179
With Installment	310,473	24	310,497
Without Installment	894,682	-	894,682
Retail Credit Cards-FC	-	-	- 0,1,002
With Installment	_	_	_
Without Installment	_	_	_
Personnel Loans-TL	1,994	36,526	38,520
Real Estate Loans	25	3,169	3,194
Vehicle Loans	913	17,890	18.803
Consumer Loans	1,056	15,467	16,523
Other	1,030	13,407	10,525
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed	_	_	_
Real Estate Loans	_		_
Vehicle Loans	_	_	_
Consumer Loans	-	-	_
Other		_	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
	20061	-	20.072
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	29961	2	29,963
With Installment	13,948	2	13,950
Without Installment	16,013	-	16,013
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	
Total	1,373,204	13,051,600	14,424,804

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards: (continued)

		Medium and	
Prior Period	Short term	long term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	132,770	12,927,445	13,060,215
Real Estate Loans	32,641	10,534,935	10,567,576
Vehicle Loans	42,993	1,845,143	1,888,136
Consumer Loans	32,401	235,966	268,367
Other	24,735	311,401	336,136
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed		-	· -
Real Estate Loans	-	_	_
Vehicle Loans	-	_	-
Consumer Loans	-	_	_
Other	<u>-</u>	_	_
Consumer Loans-FC	<u>-</u>	48,656	48,656
Real Estate Loans	_	48,265	48,265
Vehicle Loans	_	-	-
Consumer Loans	_	391	391
Other	_	-	-
Retail Credit Cards-TL	936,138	70	936,208
With Installment	247,995	70	248,065
Without Installment	688,143	-	688,143
Retail Credit Cards-FC	-	_	000,145
With Installment	_	_	_
Without Installment		_	_
Personnel Loans-TL	2,100	38,971	41,071
Real Estate Loans	49	3,730	3,779
Vehicle Loans	724	18,725	19,449
Consumer Loans	1,327	16,516	17,843
Other	1,327	10,510	17,043
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed			_
Real Estate Loans			_
Vehicle Loans	_		_
Consumer Loans	_		_
Other	-		_
Personnel Loans-FC			_
Real Estate Loans	-	-	_
Vehicle Loans	-		_
Consumer Loans	-	_	_
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	24,701	21	24,722
With Installment	10,286	21	10,307
Without Installment	14,415	21	14,415
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	14,413	-	14,413
Installment based	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Without-installment Overlynt Aggerent TI (Bool Borgen)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account FC (Real Person)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)	1 005 700	12.015.162	14 110 072
Total	1,095,709	13,015,163	14,110,872

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.5.5 Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards

		Medium and	
Current Period	Short term	long term	Total
Commercial Installment Loans-TL	1,875,510	14,220,895	16,096,405
Business Loans	35,445	1,841,114	1,876,559
Vehicle Loans	1,543,783	8,405,706	9,949,489
Consumer Loans	296,282	3,974,075	4,270,357
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed	7,837	509,167	517,004
Business Loans	7,837	7,082	14,919
Vehicle Loans	-	287	287
Consumer Loans	-	501,798	501,798
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC	3,607	1,375,818	1,379,425
Business Loans	-	413,333	413,333
Vehicle Loans	3,607	962,485	966,092
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	2,354,032	-	2,354,032
With Installment	1,076,271	-	1,076,271
Without Installment	1,277,761	-	1,277,761
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Total	4,240,986	16,105,880	20,346,866

		Medium and	
Prior Period	Short term	long term	Total
Commercial Installment Loans-TL	994,450	11,754,294	12,748,744
Business Loans	32,149	1,793,796	1,825,945
Vehicle Loans	788,312	6,813,277	7,601,589
Consumer Loans	173,989	3,147,221	3,321,210
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed	8,187	515,770	523,957
Business Loans	8,187	17,567	25,754
Vehicle Loans	-	1,028	1,028
Consumer Loans	-	497,175	497,175
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC	3,602	1,115,576	1,119,178
Business Loans	-	267,948	267,948
Vehicle Loans	3,602	847,628	851,230
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	1,625,478	-	1,625,478
With Installment	681,084	-	681,084
Without Installment	944,394	-	944,394
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)		<u>-</u>	
Total	2,631,717	13,385,640	16,017,357

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.6 Breakdown of credits by users

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.5.7 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans

	Current period	Prior period
Domestic loans	128,872,409	106,647,336
Foreign loans	3,002,833	1,717,846
Total	131,875,242	108,365,182

1.5.8 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

	Current period	Prior period
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates	367,216	482,838
Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
Total	367,216	482,838

1.5.9 Specific provisions for loans or default (Third Stage) provisions:

	Current period	Prior period
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	3,693	145,257
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	9,574	99,884
Uncollectible loans and receivables	2,879,373	2,542,754
Total	2,892,640	2,787,895

1.5.10 Information on non-performing loans (Net)

1.5.10.1 Information on Loans and Other Receivables Included in Loans under Follow-Up Account, which are Restructured or Rescheduled

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Receivables	Loans and Receivables	
	with Limited	with Doubtful	Uncollectible Loans
	Collectibility	Collectibility	and Receivables
Current Period:	·		
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	-	124	692,162
Restructured Loans and Receivables	-	124	692,162
Prior Period:			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	-	216	616,947
Restructured Loans and Receivables	-	216	616,947

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.5.10.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and	Loans and	Uncollectible
Current Period	receivables with	receivables with	loans and
	limited collectability	doubtful collectability	receivables
Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2021	187,806	163,079	2,724,524
Additions in the current period (+)	3,156	3,091	306,318
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	179,650	329,102
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	179,650	329,102	-
Collections in the current period (-)	1,863	1,884	249,394
Write offs (-)	-	-	-
Sold Portfolio (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Ending balance of the current period	9,449	14,834	3,110,550
Specific provisions (-)	3,693	9,574	2,879,373
Net balances on balance sheet	5,756	5,260	231,177

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and	Loans and	
	receivables with	receivables with	Uncollectible
	limited	doubtful	loans and
Prior Period	collectability	collectability	receivables
Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2020	514,908	11,192	2,408,491
Additions in the current period (+)	225,629	174,719	949,711
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	2	534,984	538,167
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	534,984	538,167	2
Collections in the current period (-)	17,749	19,649	774,057
Write offs (-)	-	-	397,786
Sold Portfolio (-)(*)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Ending balance of the current period	187,806	163,079	2,724,524
Provisions (-)	145,257	99,884	2,542,754
Net balance at the balance sheet	42,549	63,195	181,770

^(*) The group has sold a portion of its non-performing loan portfolio which 100% provision is provided and amounting to TL 110,353 to the asset management company at a cost of TL 28,800.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.10.3 Information on non-performing loans arising from foreign currency loans

	III. Grup	IV. Grup	V. Grup
Current period:			
Ending balance of the current period (*)	-	1,795	613,197
Provision amount (-)	-	327	554,729
Net Balance at the balance sheet	-	1,468	58,468
Prior period:			
Ending balance of the current period	4,079	75,537	481,745
Provision amount (-)	2,701	42,827	444,417
Net balance at the balance sheet	1,378	32,710	37,328

^(*) III. Since the customers in the group have no foreign currency risks left, the balance does not appear in the current period.

1.5.10.4 Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and	Loans and	Uncollectible
	receivables with	receivables with	loans and
	limited collectability	doubtful collectability	receivables
Current period (Net)	5,756	5,260	231,177
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	9,449	14,834	3,110,550
Specific provision (-)	3,693	9,574	2,879,373
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)	5,756	5,260	231,177
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior period (Net)	42,549	63,195	181,770
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	187,806	163,079	2,724,524
Specific provision (-)	145,257	99,884	2,542,754
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)	42,549	63,195	181,770
Banks (Gross)	-	-	_
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

1.5.10.5 In terms of financial instrument classes, the aging analysis of past due but not impaired financial assets is as follows

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.10.6 Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	Uncollectible
	Receivables with	Receivables with	Loans
	Limited	Doubtful	and Other
	Collectibility	Collectibility	Receivables
Current Period (Net)	102,602	367,078	24,383,672
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	221,193	1,005,713	432,722,147
Provision (-)	118,591	638,635	408,338,475

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	Uncollectible
	Receivables with	Receivables with	Loans
	Limited	Doubtful	and Other
	Collectibility	Collectibility	Receivables
Prior Period (Net)	5,926	5,709	19,648
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	42,160	15,327	377,087
Provision (-)	36,234	9,618	357,439

1.5.11 Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.5.12 Information on the write-off policy

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.6. Information on other financial assets measured at amortised cost

1.6.1 Information on other financial assets measured at amortized cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	7,924,283	4,798,614
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	7,924,283	4,798,614
Not Quoted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Impairment provision (-)	5,135	621
Total	7,919,148	4,797,993

1.6.2 Movements of other financial assets measured at amortized cost during the year

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	4,798,614	5,931,297
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	107,605	1,958,263
Purchases During the Year	7,328,786	548,922
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	4,310,722	3,639,868
Impairment provision (-)	5,135	621
Total	7,919,148	4,797,993

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net)

- 1.7.1 The 1.49% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 7,659 (31 December 2021 TL 7,659), 1.15% ownership of the shares of Islamic International Rating Agency amounting to TL 306 (31 December 2021 TL 277), Swift shares amounting to TL 3,869 (31 December 2021 TL 3,567) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa İstanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2021 TL 15), 2.86% ownership of the shares of Ulusal Derecelendirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 2,755 (31 December 2021 TL 2,755), VISA shares amounting to TL 13,864 (December 31, 2021 TL 12,555) are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the Bank's ownership in these entities is less than 10% and the Parent Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.
- **1.7.2** Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2021 None).
- **1.7.3** Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2021 None).

1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net)

1.8.1 Although the Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş and Architecht Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with "Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated.

1.8.2 Information on subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	KT Bank AG (*)	Frankfurt/Germany	100	100
2	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100	100
3	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100	100
4	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/ Turkey	100	100
5	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	İstanbul/ Turkey	100	100
6	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/ Turkey	75	77.85
7	Architecht Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/ Turkey	100	100
8	Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/ Turkey	99.99	99.99

			Total fixed	Profit share	Income from marketable	Current period	Prior period	
	Total assets	Equity	assets	income	securities	profit/loss	profit /loss	Fair value
1	14,179,396	1,780,881	181,299			2,805	(207)	=
2	4,487,991	700,350	34,269			37,288	71,642	-
3	3,620,173	386				27	36	=
4	726	683				10	12	-
5	46,085	37,343	5,404			5,953	263	-
6	186,774	145,335	64,772			711	1,339	-
7	107,258	92,441	10,278	39	1,905	509,909	9,348	-
8	56,323	51,048	6,027			(2,682)	2,706	-

^(*) As of 31 March 2022, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

^(**) These are the amounts in the statutory financial statements dated March 31, 2022 regulated according to the Turkish Commercial Code.

^(***) KT Sukuk Company Limited was established on July 31, 2015 in the Cayman Islands for the issuance of the Bank's second subordinated loan. It is classified as a subsidiary in accordance with the relevant articles of TFRS 10.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Movement regarding the subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,461,015	1,461,015
Movements during the year	-	-
Purchases (*)	-	-
Transfers from subsidiaries	-	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	-	-
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,461,015	1,461,015
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	-

^(*) The capital of KT Bank AG, a subsidiary of the Bank, increased from EUR 115,000,000 (full amount) to EUR 140,000,000 (full amount) on 22 January 2020, increasing by EUR 25,000,000,000. The Bank has obtained the necessary legal permissions as of 5 May 2020, Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. completed the share transfer transactions and concluded the purchase. Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş., which has purchased 78,864,212 shares by paying 745,860 TL with the purchase transaction, and 7% before sales increased its partnership share to 100% by owning all the shares.

Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	610,120	610,120
Insurance Companies (*)	751,796	751,796
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	75,419	75,419
Total	1,437,335	1,437,335

^(*) As of June 30, 2020, the Bank has acquired all the shares of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.

Subsidiaries that are quoted on the stock exchange

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	53,418	53,418
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-
Total	53,418	53,418

1.8.3 Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries

The shareholder's equity of KT Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of March 31, 2022 is EUR 110.416.893,81 (Full amount) and the capital adequacy ratio is 19.7%.

1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets			Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*)	50%	7,251,305	190,493	34,993	16,203	12,453

^(*) In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş, and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by İstanbul Ticaret Sicil Müdürlüğü.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)

1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases:

		Current Period					
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net			
Less than 1 year	6,205,560	5,251,718	4,988,502	4,126,747			
1 to 4 years	9,123,915	8,571,052	7,038,160	6,705,970			
More than 4 years	1,362,941	1,328,065	1,125,718	1,093,218			
Total	16,692,416	15,150,835	13,152,380	11,925,935			

1.10.2 Net investments in finance leases:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases	16,692,416	13,152,380
Unearned finance lease income (-)	1,541,581	1,226,445
Unearned finance lease income (-)	-	
Net receivable from finance leases	15,150,835	11,925,935

1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts

The Bank determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Bank gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfill its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the Bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non-performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 47,915 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2021 – TL 45,706).

1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes

None (31 December 2021 – None).

1.12 Information on Tangible Assets

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.13 Information on Intangible Assets

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.14 Information on investment properties

	Current period	Prior period
Opening Balance	-	24,987
Additions	-	-
Disposals (-), Net	-	24,987
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.15 Information on deferred tax asset

As of 31 March 2022, deferred tax is offset as TL 612,539 in the balance sheet. The deferred tax asset is TL 1,334,391 TL (31 December 2021 – TL 2,086,505) and the deferred tax liability is TL 721,852 TL (31 December 2021 – TL 372,930 TL)

	Current period	Prior period
Reserve for employee benefits	80,038	76,744
Retirement pay liability	48,050	44,555
Deferred income	123,045	99,898
Impairment provision for subsidiaries, fixed assets and assets held for sale	1,138	79
Rediscounts for derivative instruments held for trading	2,200	2,375
TFRS 9 Provisions	997,940	781,020
Precious metals valuation difference	-	1,034,507
Difference in valuation of securities	36,062	26,545
Other	45,918	20,782
Deferred tax asset	1,334,391	2,086,505
Derivative transactions valuation differences	(270,485)	(298,868)
Tangible assets valuation differences	(14,307)	(16,535)
Financial assets valuation differences	(116,978)	(54,452)
Precious metal valuation difference	(318,270)	(1,877)
Other	(1,812)	(1,198)
Deferred tax liability	(721,852)	(372,930)
Deferred tax asset, (net)	612,539	1,713,575

Table of deferred tax asset movement:

	Current period	Prior period
As of 1 January,	1,713,575	748,336
Deferred tax (expense)/income	(503,668)	239,810
Deferred tax accounted under equity	(597,368)	65,066
Deferred tax asset	612,539	1,053,212

1.16 Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations

	Current period	Prior period
Opening Balance	240,891	519,087
Additions	10,128	61,085
Transfers from Tangible Asset	-	-
Disposals (-), Net	41,988	339,281
Transfer to Tangible Assets	-	-
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Provision for Impairment (-)	-	-
Closing Net Book Value	209,031	240,891

1.17 Information on other assets

As of balance sheet date, the Bank's other assets amount to TL 5,384,497 (31 December 2021 – TL 3,607,760). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

SECTION FIVE

2. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities

2.1 Information on funds collected

2.1.1 Information on maturity structure of funds collected:

Current period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
T.D. I	10.050.505								10.050.505
I. Real persons current accounts-TL	18,870,507	10,435,862	25 001 257	1,963,073	-	1.417.849	779,242	16,273	18,870,507 40,603,556
II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL III. Other current accounts-TL	9,231,732	10,435,802	25,991,257	1,903,073	-	1,417,849	119,242	10,273	9,231,732
Public sector	344,792	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	344,792
Commercial sector	8,739,784	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,739,784
	-,,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other institutions	74,852	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,852
Commercial and other institutions	72 204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72 204
Banks and participation banks	72,304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,304
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	72 294	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72 204
Foreign banks	72,284	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,284
Participation banks	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Others	-	- - -	1 0 45 501	4 655 022	-	-	220 202	- 10	0.265.015
IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL	-	748,783	1,847,781	4,655,032	-	893,908	220,392	19	8,365,915
Public sector	-	261	1,085	795	-	39,680	210.026	-	41,821
Commercial sector	-	620,686	1,644,796	4,578,017	-	834,815	219,936	19	7,898,269
Other institutions	-	127,505	201,875	49,485	-	19,333	456	-	398,654
Commercial and other institutions	-	331	-	26,735	-	80	-	-	27,146
Banks and participation banks	40 400 504	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	25
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	48,602,581	-	4 6 0 0 0 6 2		-	• 050 004	-	-	48,602,581
VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC		13,970,135	16,979,963	1,812,260	-	2,859,981	2,781,810	12,711	38,416,860
VII. Other current accounts-FC	20,014,368	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,014,368
Commercial residents in Turkey	17,955,891	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,955,891
Commercial residents in Abroad	1,462,469	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,462,469
Banks and participation banks	596,008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	596,008
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	377,616	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	377,616
Domestic banks		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	216,081	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	216,081
Participation banks	2,311	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,311
Others	-	-	.	.	-		.	-	.
VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC	-	835,270	2,063,650	96,896	-	72,848	26,400	-	3,095,064
Public sector	-	47	.	-	-			-	47
Commercial sector	-	73,7159	1,662,902	95,622	-	72,519	26,400	-	2,594,602
Other institutions	-	16,688	75,854	1,252	-	329	-	-	94,123
Commercial and other institutions	-	81,376	324,894	22	-	-	-	-	406,292
Banks and participation banks					-				
IX. Precious metal funds	42,630,527	8,184,465	4,292,252	736,297	-	457,180	18,330	904	56,319,955
X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	139,349,715	34,174,515	51,174,903	9,263,558	-	5,701,766	3,826,174	29,907	243,520,538

There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Bank.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

-		Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 9	Up to	1 year and	Accumulated profit sharing	
Prior period	Demand	months	months	months	months	1 year	over	accounts	Total
I. Real persons current accounts-TL II. Real persons profit sharing	20,546,940	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,546,940
accounts-TL	-	10,745,047	12,876,588	762,988	-	731,611	784,511	19,753	25,920,498
III. Other current accounts-TL	8,136,092	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,136,092
Public sector	266,234	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	266,234
Commercial sector	7,737,101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,737,101
Other institutions	80,279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,279
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	52,478	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,478
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	52,114	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,114
Participation banks	364	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	364
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL	-	755,578	1,143,078	41,733	-	621,325	130,431	7	2,692,152
Public sector	-	213	987	746	-	24,979	-	-	26,925
Commercial sector	-	635,337	942,782	15,144	-	581,235	129,951	7	2,304,456
Other institutions	-	119,807	199,286	25,843	-	14,993	452	-	360,381
Commercial and other institutions	-	221	-	-	-	118	28	-	367
Banks and participation banks	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	23
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	44,673,374	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,673,374
VI. Real persons profit sharing									
accounts-FC	-	14,006,544	17,283,991	1,718,669	-	2,540,789	2,781,541	12,095	38,343,629
VII. Other current accounts-FC	18,373,687	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,373,687
Commercial residents in Turkey	16,884,411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,884,411
Commercial residents in Abroad	1,182,519	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,182,519
Banks and participation banks	306,757	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	306,757
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	304,614	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	304,614
Participation banks	2,143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,143
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC	-	1,398,089	2,602,027	100,178	-	73,866	73,564	-	4,247,724
Public sector	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	54
Commercial sector	-	1,295,745	2,182,976	99,152	-	73,526	73,564	-	3,724,963
Other institutions	-	46,632	135,953	1,006	-	340	-	-	183,931
Commercial and other institutions	-	55,658	283,098	20	-	-	-	-	338,776
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Precious metal funds	36,383,140	7,765,461	3,919,840	667,511	-	419,769	15,572	-	49,171,293
X. Profit sharing accounts special									
funds - TL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit sharing accounts special									
funds - FC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Total	128,113,233	34,670,719	37,825,524	3,291,079		4,387,360	3,785,619	31,855	212,105,389

There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Bank.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

- **2.1.2** Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund
- **2.1.2.1** Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund

	Under the guarar deposit ins	_	Exceeding the limit of saving Deposit		
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period	
Real persons current and profit-sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities					
TL accounts	30,447,742	24,964,865	29,022,178	21,500,880	
FC accounts	49,780,434	39,675,693	90,730,684	86,313,956	
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	_	_	_	
Off-shore banking regions' under foreign authorities' insurance	_	-	_	-	

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 200 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

2.1.2.2 If the headquarters of the Bank is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained:

The headquarters of the Bank is in Turkey.

2.1.2.3 Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund:

The Bank has no current or profit-sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit-sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first-degree relatives.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' profit-sharing accounts and other accounts	-	-
Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit-sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	20,870	12,955
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26 September 2004	· ·	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Turkey in order to engage in off-shore banking activities solely	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	76,474	4,981	130,125	2,718
Swap transactions	21,506	408,492	62,773	62,297
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	97,980	413,473	192,898	65,015

2.3. Information on funds borrowed

2.3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	3,865,380	108,428	4,785,462	132,958
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	3,436,278	10,000	3,393,554
Total	3,865,380	3,544,706	4,795,462	3,526,512

2.3.2 Information on maturity structure of borrowings

	1	Current Period		Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	3,842,175	1,311,865	4,741,450	1,493,156
Medium and Long-Term	23,205	2,232,841	54,012	2,033,356
Total	3,865,380	3,544,706	4,795,462	3,526,512

2.3.4 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Bank's major liabilities

Most of the bank's loans consist of foreign currency loans. There is no risk concentration of the Bank's current and profit-sharing accounts.

2.4 Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables

As of 31 March 2022, other liabilities amount to TL 2,341,795 (31 December 2021 - TL 1,672,968), sundry creditors amount to TL 4,948,183 (31 December 2021 - TL 2,703,783), both of them do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

2.5 Information on finance lease payables (net):

	Current Po	Current Period		eriod
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	15,578	14,752	16,612	15,818
1 to 4 years	14,060	11,926	53,739	44,592
More than 4 years	559,747	371,704	451,837	291,965
Total	589,385	398,382	522,188	352,375

Bank used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit at 1 January 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 1 January 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee will use a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2.5.1. Explanations on contract changes and the new obligations these changes bring to the Bank

None (31 December 2021 – None).

2.5.1.1. Explanations on financial leasing obligations

None (31 December 2021 – None).

2.5.1.2. Explanations on operating lease

Leasing is classified as an operating lease in which the lessor holds all the risks and benefits of that asset. Such transactions include lease agreements belonging to branches, which can be cancelled with prior notice.

There are no significant obligations imposed by the changes in the contract related to the operating lease to the Bank.

The bank registers its lease payments based on operating lease agreements with equal amounts of expenses during the lease term.

2.6 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities

None (31 December 2021 – None).

2.7 Information on provisions

2.7.1 Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans: As of 31 March 2022, there is no loans (December 31, 2021 – TL 50). As of March 31,2022, there is no leasing receivables. (December 31,2021- TL 7)

2.7.2 Information on other provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Specific provisions for non-cash loans that are not indemnified converted into cash	539,526	522,425
General Provisions for non-cash loans	542,307	486,379
Provision for profits will be allocated to participation accounts	746,219	678,145
Credit cards of banking services applications	1,461	957
Other (*)	310,494	182,165
Total	2,140,007	1,870,071

^(*) The other item is mainly collected from customers in the current period in case of TL 227,039 (December 31, 2021 – TL 101,360) lawsuit provision, TL10,261 (December 31, 2021 – TL 9,395) expense provision, TL 70,023 (December 31, 2021 – TL 63,404) The collection delay penalties that may be subject to refund is the amount related to the other equivalent of TL 3,171 (December 31, 2021 – TL 8,006).

2.7.3 Information on provisions for employee benefits

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 239,116 (31 December 2021 – TL 221,639), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 56,941 (31 December 2021 – TL 1,196), performance premium amounting to TL 116,468 (31 December 2021 – TL 201,534), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 129,692 (31 December 2021 – TL 130,241), committee fee amounting to TL 61,375 (31 December 2021 – TL 17,256) and other fees amounting to TL 484 (31 December 2021 – TL 438).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 10,848.59 (31 December 2021–TL 8,284.51 (full amount)) for each year of service. The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	19.10	19.10
Inflation rate (%)	15.80	15.80
Salary increase rate (%)	16.30	25.00

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	221,639	181,746
Provisions recognized during the period	23,764	49,512
Paid during the period	(6,287)	(10,687)
Actuarial loss		1,068
Balances at the end of the period	239,116	221,639

2.8 Explanations on tax liability

2.8.1 Explanations on current tax liability

2.8.1.1 Information on tax provisions: 3,958 (31 December 2021 - TL 1,158,997)

2.8.1.2 Information on taxes payable (*):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Taxation of marketable securities	26,542	30,189
Taxation of immovable property	2,960	2,347
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	59,851	54,819
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	35,906	103,722
Value Added Tax Payable	4,306	9,482
Income tax deducted from wages	22,537	17,938
Other	23,009	2,078
Total	175,111	220,575

2.8.1.3 Information on premiums (*):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employee	16,120	10,527
Social Security Premiums-Employer	17,565	11,333
Unemployment insurance-Employee	1,151	751
Unemployment insurance-Employer	2,472	1,628
Other	· -	-
Total	37,308	24,239

^(*) Included in other liabilities on the balance sheet.

2.8.1.4 Information on deferred tax liability

None (31 December 2021 - None).

2.9 Information on payables related to assets held for sale

None (31 December 2021 - None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2.10 Information on subordinated loans

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

2.11 Information on shareholders' equity

2.11.1 Presentation of paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common shares	4,600,000	4,600,000
Preferrence shares	-	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(4,869)	(4,869)
Total	4,595,131	4,595,131

^(*) It represents the Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

- **2.11.2** Amount of Paid-in Capital, Disclosure on whether the Bank Applies the Registered Share Capital System, and, if so, the Ceiling Amount of the Registered Share Capital: Registered capital system is not applied in the Bank.
- **2.11.3** Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources, other information on increased capital shares in the current period

None

2.11.4 Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period

None

2.11.5 Possible effect of estimations made for the Bank's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties

Based on the evaluation made considering the Bank's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

2.11.6 Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital

None (31 December 2021 - None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2.11.7 Information on marketable securities value increase fund

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control				
(Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference (*)	2,129,757	(104,776)	57,132	(65,917)
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	_
Total	2,129,757	(104,776)	57,132	(65,917)

^(*) Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet.

2.12 Information on minority shares

None (31 December 2021 – None).

3. Explanations and Notes Related to Off-Balance Sheet Contingencies and Commitments

3.1. Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts

- **3.1.1** Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments: Commitment for credit card limits, as of 31 March 2022 amounts to TL 6,495,005 (31 December 2021 TL 5,278,441); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 2,313,540 (31 December 2021 TL 1,750,116).
- 3.1.2 Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items
- **3.1.2.1** Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits

As of 31 March 2022, the Bank has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 13,556,947 (31 December 2021 – TL 11,846,585) of letters of guarantee; TL 142,381 (31 December 2021 – TL 113,683) of acceptances and TL 5,500,120 (31 December 2021 – TL 4,521,120) of letters of credit. Also, the Bank has other acceptances amounting to TL 1,174,858 (31 December 2021 – TL 912,257).

3.1.2.2 Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies

There are no other than those explained in 2.i.).

3.1.3 Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	72,863	74,766
With original maturity of 1 year or less	72,863	74,766
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	20,301,443	17,318,879
Total	20,374,306	17,393,645

3.1.4 Information on sector-based risk concentration in non-cash loans

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

3.1.5 Information on non-cash loans classified in Stage I and II

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

3.2 Information on derivative transactions

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

3.3 Information on credit derivatives and their risks

None.

3.4 Information on contingent liabilities and assets

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

3.5 Information on services provided to other names and accounts

None.

3.6 Summary information about the rating of the bank to international rating agencies

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

4. Explanations and Notes Related to the Statement of Income

4.1 Information on profit share income

4.1.1 Information on profit share received from loans

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Profit share on loans	2,747,646	579,708	1,528,482	268,028	
Short term loans	1,162,511	234,074	402,977	35,252	
Medium and long-term loans	1,486,660	321,121	1,084,258	227,977	
Profit share on non-performing loans	98,475	24,513	41,247	4,799	
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-		
Total	2,747,646	579,708	1,528,482	268,028	

4.1.2 Information on profit share received from banks

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	80,625	-	28,580	-	
Domestic Banks	2,482	-	-	-	
Foreign Banks	19,889	40,286	4,293	15,176	
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-	
Total	102,996	40,286	32,873	15,176	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio:

	Current Period		Prior Per	riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	43,070	95,858	26,841	41,260
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	1,574,509	166,072	683,927	95,310
Financial Assets valued at Amortized Cost	-	89,203	-	19,426
Total	1,617,579	351,133	710,768	155,996

As stated in footnote 7.2 of Section Three, the Bank's portfolio of financial assets securities whose fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income includes government sukus indexed to CPI, whose real coupon rates for 6 months remain constant throughout the term. As of January 1, 2022, indices calculated considering the estimated inflation rate have been used as the inflation index on the balance sheet date used in the valuation of such assets. The estimated inflation rate used is updated when necessary during the year. As of March 31, 2022, the valuation of these assets was based on the annual inflation forecast of 50% (October 2021-October 2022). In 2021, the valuation of these assets was made according to the inflation rates realized. If the specified forecast change for these assets indexed to CPI had not been made, more profit share income of TL 2,187,336 would have been accounted for in the income statement.

4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	15,720	326

4.2 Information on profit share expenses

		Pirior period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	10,886	28,388	6,778	31,762
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	9,551	1,083	5,106	558
Foreign banks	1,335	27,305	1,672	31,204
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	150,267	165,501	112,422	124,544
Total	161,153	193,889	119,200	156,306

4.2.1 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share expenses given to associates and subsidiaries	167,651	83,157

4.2.2 Profit share expense paid to securities issued

None (1 January – 31 March 2021: None).

4.3 Information on dividend income

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds

Current period			Profit Sharir	ng Accounts				
Account name	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
TL					-	-		
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Real person's non-trading profit sharing								
Account	387,268	737,407	55,741	-	37,292	27,741	557	1,246,006
Public-sector profit-sharing account	10	40	30	-	100	-	-	180
Commercial sector profit sharing account	22,218	38,441	88,881	-	1,972	482	-	151,994
Other institutions profit sharing account	4,960	7,330	2,010	-	107	18	-	14,425
Total	414,456	783,218	146,662	-	39,471	28,241	557	1,412,605
FC								
Banks	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	20,400	24,848	2,624	-	4,459	4,916	32	57,279
Public-sector profit-sharing account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial sector profit sharing account	1,199	2,495	124	-	51	5	-	3,874
Other institutions profit sharing account	178	579	2	-	-	-	-	759
Precious metal accounts	2,709	1,440	255	-	171	-	-	4,575
Total	24,486	29,362	3,005		4,681	4,921	32	66,487
Grand Total	438,942	812,580	149,667	_	44,152	33,162	589	1,479,092

Profit Sharing Accounts	Prior period Profit Sharing Accounts									
Up to 1 Up to 3 Up to 6 Up to 9 Up to 1 Above 1 Accumulated profit-sharing months months worths year year accounts Total				Account name						
				TL						
				Collected funds from banks through						
	-	-	-	current and profit share accounts						
				Real person's non-trading profit						
199,756 265,230 14,909 - 19,027 23,893 454 523,269	14,909	265,230	199,756	sharing account						
10 24 21 - 30 - 85	21	24	10	Public sector profit-sharing account						
15,754 25,555 648 - 440 314 - 42,711	648	25,555	15,754	Commercial sector profit sharing account						
2,684 4,975 247 - 275 13 - 8,194	247	4,975	2,684	Other institutions profit sharing account						
218,204 295,784 15,825 - 19,772 24,220 454 574,259	15,825	295,784	218,204	Total						
				FC						
	-	-	-	Banks						
13,294 16,797 1,841 - 3,107 3,857 7 38,903	1,841	16,797	13,294	Real person's non-trading profit sharing account						
	-	-	-	Public sector profit-sharing account.						
				Commercial sector profit						
1,086 2,621 60 - 53 18 - 3,838	60	2,621	1,086	sharing account						
118 339 1 - 2 460	1	339	118	Other institutions profit sharing account						
1,818 850 121 - 85 2,874	121	850	1,818	Precious metal accounts						
16,316 20,607 2,023 - 3,247 3,875 7 46,075	2,023	20,607	16,316	Total						
16,316 20,607 2,023 - 3,247 3,875 7 234,520 316,391 17,848 - 23,019 28,095 461				Total Grand Total						

4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net)

	Current period	Pirior period
Trading Income/Loss	925,066	47,378
Income	30,969,832	25,156,611
Gain on capital market transactions	51,058	29,915
Gain on derivative financial instruments	3,406,882	4,655,888
Foreign exchange profit	27,511,892	20,470,808
Losses (-)	(30,044,766)	(25,109,233)
Losses on capital market transactions	(485)	(471)
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(3,039,108)	(3,384,125)
Foreign exchange losses	(27,005,173)	(21,724,637)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.6 Information on other operating income

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Bank.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reversal of prior period provisions	292,409	427,611
Income from sale of assets	103,073	8,808
Cancellations of Provisions from Profits to be Distributed to Participation Accounts	33,959	-
Rental income	19	2,950
Other Income	5,622	8,666
Total	435,082	448,035

4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank

	Current Period (*)	Prior Period(*)
Expected Credit Loss	1,994,367	1,049,609
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	1,314,612	155,807
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	374,487	620,442
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	305,268	273,360
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	18,499	20,439
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	18,499	20,439
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled		
Entities	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (**)	165,846	29,820
Total	2,178,712	1,099,868

^(*) Includes the provisions in the "Other Provision Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

4.8 Information on other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for retirement pay liability	17,477	12,072
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of tangible assets	67,529	57,145
Impairment Expenses of intangible fixed assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	18,723	10,995
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Other operating expenses	189,269	88,440
Lease Expenses Regarding TFRS 16 Exemptions	162	205
Maintenance expenses	35,833	17,869
Advertisement expenses	9,318	1,257
Communication expenses	26,736	18,623
Heating, electricity and water expenses	19,053	6,853
Cleaning expenses	2,869	2,235
Vehicle expenses	6,035	2,516
Stationery expenses	7,685	2,659
Other expenses	81,578	36,223
Losses on sales of assets	1,482	14
Deposit insurance fund expenses	144,427	102,190
Other	80,008	57,463
Total	518,915	328,319

^(**) Includes provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

Current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL (41,591) (1 January-31 March 2021 - TL 355,659), deferred tax income of TL 305,581 (1 January-31 March 2021 – TL 20,366) and TL 809,249 (1 January-31 March 2021 - TL 260,176) deferred tax expense is recognized.

4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations

There is no profit/loss arising from discontinued operations within the operating profit/loss after tax.

4.12 Information on net income/loss

4.12.1 The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Bank's performance for the period:

As of 31 March 2022, net profit share income is TL 3,801,831 (1 January-31 March 2021 – TL 1,753,051), net fees and commission income is TL 123,817 (1 January-31 March 2021 – TL 124,234).

4.12.2 Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods:

None (1 January – 31 March 2021 – None).

4.12.3 Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest:

None (31 March 2021 – None).

4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statement:

As of 31 March 2022, other fees and commissions received is TL 390,350 (1 January – 31 March 2021 – TL 190,413), TL 123,049 of this amount is related with credit card fees and commissions (1 January – 31 March 2021 – TL 54,097) and TL 72,288 of this amount is related with POS machine commissions (1 January – 31 March 2021 – TL 41,514).

As of 31 March 2022, other fees and commissions given is TL 307,740 (1 January – 31 March 2021 – TL 100,016), TL 92,384 (1 January – 31 March 2021 – TL 42,283) of this amount is related with POS clearing commissions and installation expenses, TL 36,269 (1 January – 31 March 2021 – TL 12,780) of this amount is related with fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

5. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Statement of Changes in Shareholders' equity

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

6. Explanations and Disclosures Related to Statement of Cash Flows

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

7. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Bank

7.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Bank, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period

Current period:

	Investment	Investment in associates,				Other real or legal persons		
	subsidiaries and j			ct and indirect		included in		
Risk group of the Bank (*)	(business	partnerships	shareholde	rs of the Bank	tl	ne risk group		
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash		
Loans and other receivables								
Balance at beginning of period	482,838	40,601	6,955	21,246	64,316	2,297		
Balance at end of period	367,216	43,728	7,601	19,686	801,669	7,320		
Profit share and commission income	26	219	194	90	1,462	_		

^(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

Prior period:

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Direct and indirect (business partnerships) shareholders of the Bank			subsidiaries and joint ventures		subsidiaries and joint ventures Direct and indirect i			legal persons included in ne risk group
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash			
Loans and other receivables									
Balance at beginning of period	185,615	21,015	4,695	6,709	54,992	6,632			
Balance at end of period	482,838	40,601	6,955	21,246	64,316	2,297			
Profit share and commission income	428	234	526	145	4,362	-			

^(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

7.2 Information on current and profit-sharing accounts of the Bank's risk group

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment i subsidiaries and jo (business p	,	es Direct and indirect			ther real or legal persons included in the risk group		
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period		
Current and profit-sharing accounts								
Balance at beginning of period	137,443	63,485	104,748	58,677	348,052	203,570		
Balance at end of period	122,833	137,443	76,422	104,748	398,172	348,052		
Profit share expense	469	1,401	593	980	51	266		

^{*)} Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411

7.3 Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Bank

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Transactions at Fair Value through Profit or Loss						
Balance at beginning of period	758,268	240,454	1,992,498	716,065	-	-
Balance at end of period	826,007	758,268	1,499,477	1,992,498	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	32,606	201,157	956	(2,476)	-	-
Hedging Transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-

^(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

7.4 Information on loans received from the Bank's risk group

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct shareholders	and indirect s of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period (Current Period	Prior Period	
Borrowings							
Balance at beginning of period	13,143,066	11,474,110	270,055	1,481,347	-	-	
Balance at end of period	13,046,663	13,143,066	733,924	270,055	-	-	
Profit share expense	167,182	328,283	1,293	4,641	-	<u> </u>	

^(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411

7.5 Information on remunerations provided to top management

Subordinated additional capital (Tier-I) sukuks amounting to USD 200,000,000 (full amount) executed by the Bank on 16 July 2019 and USD 50,000,000 (full amount) executed by the Bank on 28 September 2020 are provided by Kuwait Finance House owns USD 35,000,000 (full amount) of the subordinated additional capital (Tier-II) sukuk amounting to USD 350,000,000 (full amount) executed by the Bank on 16/09/2021.

7.6 Information on remunerations provided to top management

As of 1 January - 31 March 2022, the Bank has paid TL 50,724 to top management (1 January - 31 March 2021- TL 58,855).

8. Information about the branches of the bank in domestic, foreign and coastal banking regions and their representative offices abroad

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

9. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date

Within the scope of the bag law numbered 7394, which came into force on April 15, 2022, the corporate tax rate was increased to 25% for banks, factoring and leasing companies, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies which previous corporate tax rates were %23 for 2022 and %20 for 2023 and beyond. The relevant change will apply to declarations after July 1, 2022.

On April 6, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 550,000 and a maturity of 84 days with a cost of 16.20% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 18, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 200,000 and a maturity of 95 days with a cost of 16% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 20, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 200,000 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 16.35% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 22, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 150,000 and a maturity of 76 days with a cost of 16.35% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 26, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 270,000 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 16.60% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 27, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 200,000 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 16.40% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 27, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 50,000 and a maturity of 48 days with a cost of 16.22% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 28, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 30,000 and a maturity of 69 days with a cost of 16.03% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

On April 29, 2022, the Bank issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 250,000 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 16.40% through KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SIX

OTHER EXPLANATIONS

1. Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet:

None.

SECTION SEVEN

LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

1. Explanations on the limited review report:

The unconsolidated financial statements have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 11 May 2022 is presented preceding the financial statements.

2. Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor: None.

SECTION EIGHT INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

- 1. Explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager:
- 1.1 About Kuveyt Türk

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

As of 31 March 2022, 62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.2 Financial Informations Summary:

UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET	31.03.2022	31.12.2021
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	64,359,996	65,455,316
BANKS	9,000,328	14,522,944
SECURITIES LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	60,215,965	49,149,619
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	135,010,075	111,440,591
EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	15,150,835 10,238,434	11,925,935 8,580,510
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	1,297,304	1,222,598
OTHER ASSETS	9,862,017	8,931,767
TOTAL ASSETS	284.658.086	254,068,260
TOTAL ASSETS	204,030,000	254,000,200
FUND COLLECTED	243,520,538	212,105,389
FUNDS BORROWED	7,410,086	8,321,974
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED	-	.
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES	398,382	352,375
SUBORDINATED LOANS OTHER LIABILITIES	8,936,474 10,703,239	8,100,496 14,731,173
EQUITY	13,689,367	10,456,853
24011	15,007,007	10,100,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	284,658,086	254,068,260
UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	5,717,771	2,824,356
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	1,915,940	1,071,305
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	3,801,831 123,817	1,753,051 124,234
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	661,372	370,171
DIVIDEND INCOME	-	756
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	925,066	47,378
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	435,082	448,035
EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	1,994,367	1,049,609
OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	184,345	50,259
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	518,915	328,319
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX TAX CHARGE	1,926,797 462,077	575,096 115,849
TAA CHARGE	402,077	113,649
CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSSES	1,464,720	459,247
RATIOS	31.03.2022	31.12.2021
Total Loans/Total Assets*	52.75%	48.56%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	61.66%	58.16%
Average Equity Profit **	48.53%	28.96%
Average Assets Profit **	2.18%	1.40%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	23.70%	21.26%

^{*} Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

 $^{{\}rm **} \ {\rm Related} \ {\rm ratios} \ {\rm calculated} \ {\rm by} \ {\rm included} \ {\rm in} \ {\rm interim} \ {\rm periods'} \ {\rm profit} \ {\rm amounts} \ {\rm to} \ {\rm year-end} \ {\rm balances}.$

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.3 Message from the Chairman

Dear Shareholders,

We are happy to have survived a difficult period in the past two years in which there have been concerns about the corona virus outbreak and significant macroeconomic risks. While restrictions are being eliminated around the world, patient and mortality rates are constantly falling. Policymakers, who have taken tough decisions to mitigate the economic impact of the pandemic, began taking action in 2022 against the high inflation threat mainly caused by expansionary monetary policies during this period. Central banks in many developed and developing countries with record inflation rates have begun to implement tightening monetary policy. The Federal Reserve is expected to raise interest rates at every meeting this year, while the European Central Bank (ECB) has confirmed that it will end asset purchases in the third quarter as planned and that interest rates will gradually rise after the end of net asset purchases. Rising commodity prices, pandemic-induced supply - demand imbalances and high inflation have forced the world economies to policies on monetary contraction, while Russia's invasion of Ukraine has created new risks during this period.

Significant price increases in energy and commodities, resulting from the significant share of Russia and Ukraine in critical commodity products, especially energy, in world trade, have negatively altered expectations and projections for the global economic recovery, as well as the new risks posed by the war.

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) said in its April 2022 World Economic Outlook report that global price increases due to the rise in energy and commodity prices caused by the war and production activities slowed by quarantine practices in China would be larger than anticipated in many countries and that policymakers should make difficult decisions, while the growth forecasts for the new year were revised negatively. In its report, the IMF lowered its growth expectations for 2022 by 0.8 percentage points to 3.6 percent due to the Russia-Ukraine war, while revised up its inflation forecasts upwards. In his report, he updated his inflation forecasts for 2022 to 5.7 percent, increasing by 1.8 percentage points for developed economies and by 2.8 percentage points to 8.7 percent for developing economies, stressing that economic uncertainties will change depending on the course of the war.

The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), which focused on similar risks in its Interim Economic Outlook Report, stressed that global economic growth would fall by 1 percentage point due to war, while inflation should make difficult decisions due to 2.5 percent growth and new supply shocks in 2022.

While the CBRT kept its one-week repo auction interest rate steady at 14 percent, the Monetary Policy Board said in its meeting summary for March that a liraization-oriented approach would continue to be taken in monetary policy, taking into account risks to financial stability in line with the goal of sustainable price stability.

Our expert, well-educated, self-sacrificing, young and dynamic employees are the carriers of our success in the operating period of 2022, as well. I would like to express my gratitude to all our employees who contributed to our success and to our stakeholders for their unwavering support.

Regards,
Hamad Abdulmohsen ALMARZOUQ
Head of the BOD
Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.4 Message from the General Manager

Dear Shareholders,

While we remain cautiously optimistic about the economic risks from the pandemic as of the first quarter of 2022, we closely monitor the effects of the tightening monetary policies of global economies on our country's macroeconomic balances and financial sector. The increase in energy and commodity prices caused by the Russia –Ukraine war, which we hope will end as soon as possible, and the unforeseeable new economic risks increase the risks caused by inflation in our country and the world, while policymakers; interest rate increases require them to make tough decisions about rising prices and economic growth.

Turkey's leading participation finance institution, Kuveyt Türk continued to offer innovative products and services to its customers in the third quarter, focusing on customer satisfaction and experience. It has solved the financial needs of its customers quickly and reliably through digital channels, thanks to its strong technological infrastructure.

Providing interest-free financial services to its customers for 32 years with the products and services it has developed in line with the principles of participation finance, Kuveyt Türk continued its steady growth by increasing its profitability as of the first quarter of 2022, increasing its net profit by 218,94 percent compared to the same period of the previous year, reaching 1 billion 465 million TL. The size of the funds collected by Kuveyt Türk reached 243 billion 521 million TL with an increase of 14.81 percent compared to 2021, while the size of the funds allocated increased to 150 billion 161 million TL with an increase of 21.72 percent. Reaching its shareholders' equity to 13 billion 689 million TL and its asset size to 284 billion 658 million TL, Kuveyt Türk strengthened its position in the first place among participation finance institutions in terms of asset size, while maintaining its 10th place in the banking sector.

In 2022, as in the past, we will continue to provide all the products and services that our customers need in the best way by directing our resources to the needs of the real sector. We will also increase our penetration in different sectors by diversifying our financing supports. In doing all this, we will increase the market share we receive from the banking sector, while on the other hand, participation will contribute to the increase of the share of finance from the banking sector. We will continue our cautious approach in terms of asset quality and liquidity in the new year and continue to diverge positively from the sector in this area.

Believing that customer satisfaction is a natural result of employee satisfaction since the first day it was founded, Kuveyt Türk shapes its human resources policy in line with this understanding. It attaches great importance to providing a happy and peaceful working environment to all its employees with its processes that enable more than 6,000 employees to say "I'm glad I'm from Kuveyt Turk". Acting on the principle of "people first, employee first" in business processes, In the third quarter, Kuveyt Türk, and was awarded by the Great Place to Work Institute, which is recognized as one of the world's expert authorities in measuring workplace culture and employee experience, it was named Turkey's Best Employer for the fifth consecutive year.

Kuveyt Türk, with its strong capital and liquidity structure, high asset quality, dynamic corporate management approach, customer service model focused on continuous development, ongoing investments in technology, accelerated digital transformation efforts and overseas expansion, will be the leading institution of the participation finance sector in Turkey in the coming period. aims to remain.

Regards, **Ufuk UYAN** Member of BOD and General Manager Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5 Financial Position, Performance and Assessment of the Prospects for the Future

As of 31 March 2022, unconsolidated financial statements asset size is TL 284 billion 658 million, amount of the utilization of funds is TL 150 billion 161 million and funds collected amount is TL 243 billion 521 million. Due to the effect of the first three months' profit of TL 1 billion 465 million thousand, the ratio of shareholder equity increased 30.91% by reaching TL 13 billion 689 million. As of 31 March 2022, unconsolidated capital adequacy ratio has been realized as 23.70%.

The expectations for growth and profitability will continue in the development line.

1.6 Announcement Regarding Important Developments within 3 Months

Bank, KT Lease Certificates Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a total nominal value of 3 billion 885 million TL, with a minimum 13.81% and a maximum 18.25% cost in different maturity brackets in fourteen separate transactions.

1.7 Assessment of the Expectations Related to the Subsequent Interim Period

When both global and our country's macroeconomic conditions are evaluated, it is seen that there is an inflation-centered risk environment and uncertainties about how long this situation will last come to the fore. The increase in commodity prices caused by the Russia-Ukraine war and supply shortages observed in critical sectors are causing producer and consumer prices to rise more than expected. The effects of related risks on the markets will continue to be closely monitored as the central banks of developed and developing countries begin to implement narrow monetary policy actions.