

# **Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası Anonim Şirketi**

**Independent Auditor's Audit Report, Consolidated Financial  
Statements And Notes For The Period Ended 1 January-30 June  
2019 with Independent Auditor's Limited Review Report**

*(Convenience translation of consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's audit  
report originally issued in Turkish)*

*(Convenience translation of the auditor's report originally issued in Turkish ~ See Note I of Section Three)*

## **REVIEW REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**To the Board of Directors of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.**

### ***Introduction***

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the “Bank”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the “Group”) at June 30, 2019 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders’ equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the six-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated of interim financial information in accordance with the “Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents” published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency(“BRSA”) and circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority (together referred as BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation) and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” principles for those matters not regulated by BRSA Legislation; together referred as “BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation”. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

### ***Scope of Review***

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity”. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards of Turkey and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion

### ***Conclusion***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the consolidated financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and its subsidiaries at June 30, 2019, and the results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month-period then ended in all material aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

### ***Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section VIII, are not consistent, in all material respects, with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

### ***Other Matter***

The consolidated financial statements of the Bank as at 31 December 2018 and 30 June 2018 were audited and reviewed by another audit firm, which expressed an unqualified opinion and an unqualified conclusion in their reports issued on 7 March 2019 and 17 August 2018, respectively.

### ***Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English***

As explained in detail in Note I of Section Three, the effects of differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with “BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation” and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi  
*A Member Firm of Ernst&Young Global Limited*

Emre Çelik, SMMM  
Associate Partner

8 August 2019  
İstanbul, Turkey

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**THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş.  
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

Address of the head office : Büyükdere Cad. No: 129/1 34394 Esentepe / İSTANBUL  
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The consolidated interim financial report for the three-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK
- CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE PARENT BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE PERIOD
- INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE OF THE GROUP WHICH IS UNDER CONSOLIDATION
- DISCLOSURES AND EXPLANATIONS ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- OTHER EXPLANATIONS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' LIMITED REVIEW REPORT
- CONSOLIDATED INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

The subsidiaries, associates and jointly-controlled partners which are consolidated within the framework of this financial report are as follows:

	Subsidiaries	Associates	Jointly-Controlled Partners
1.	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	-	Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.
2.	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	-	
3.	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	-	-
4.	KT Bank AG.	-	-
5.	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	-	-
6.	KT Sukuk Company Limited		

The consolidated financial statements for the three-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

Adnan ERTEM Vice Chairman of BOD and Head of the Audit Committee	Ahmad S A A AL KHARJI Member of the Audit Committee	Mohamad AL-MIDANI Member of the Audit Committee
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Ufuk UYAN General Manager	Ahmet KARACA Chief Financial Officer	İsmail Hakkı YEŞİLYURT Budget and Management Reporting
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Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

Name-Surname/Position: İsmail Hakkı YEŞİLYURT/ Budget and Management Reporting  
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# KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

## NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### SECTION ONE

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

##### 1. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 31 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

The Parent Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries are named together as "Group".

##### 2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Parent Bank belongs to:

As of 30 June 2019, 62.24% of the Parent Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by The Public Institution For Social Security in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

##### 3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the Parent bank :

Name	Title	Date of the assignment	Date of Audit Committee assignment	Educational degree	Ownership Percentage
Hamad Abdulmohsen AL MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	25/06/2014		Master	-
Dr. Adnan ERTEM	Vice Chairman of the BOD and Head of the Audit Committee	10/10/2002	19/10/2010	Doctorate	-
Nadir ALPASLAN	Member of BOD	15/04/2011		Bachelor	-
Khaled Nasser Abdulaziz AL FOUZAN	Member of BOD	02/08/2006			-
Fawaz KH E AL SALEH	Member of BOD	20/10/2006		Bachelor	%0.0105
Mazin S.A.S AL NAHEDH	Member of BOD	29/09/2015		Bachelor	-
Mohamad Al-MIDANI	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	05/05/2015	15/05/2015	Master	-
Ahmad S. A.A. AL KHARJI	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	26/03/2014	24/09/2014	Master	-
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	10/05/1999		Master	%0.0567
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Chief Financial Officer	12/07/2006		Master	%0.0002
Ahmet Süleyman KARAKAYA	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	14/01/2003		Bachelor	-
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	20/08/2003		Bachelor	%0.0035
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	27/10/2005		Bachelor	%0.0161
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking	05/05/2005		Doctorate	%0.0091
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	20/04/2010		Bachelor	%0.0007
Aslan DEMİR	Assistant General Manager, Strategy	08/10/2012		Bachelor	%0.0047
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	01/10/2012		Bachelor	%0.0029
Abdurrahman DELİPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	09/01/2015		Bachelor	%0.0028

Chairman and members of the Board of Directors, members of auditing committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0.11% of the Parent Bank's share capital (31 December 2018 – 0.11%).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR**  
**THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4. Information on qualified shareholders**

<b>Name / Commercial Name</b>	<b>Share amount (Nominal)</b>	<b>Shareholding percentage</b>	<b>Paid shares (Nominal)</b>	<b>Unpaid shares</b>
Kuwait Finance House	2,489,651	%62.24	2,489,651	-
Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları	748,771	%18.72	748,771	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,238,422</b>	<b>%80.96</b>	<b>3,238,422</b>	<b>-</b>

As of 30 June 2019, the shares of parent shareholder of Parent Bank, Kuwait Finance House (“KFH”) are 51.95% publicly traded; 24.08% of KFH belongs to Kuwait Investment Authority and 10.48% belongs to Public Authority for Minors Affairs.

**5. Explanations of the Parent Bank’s services and field of operations**

The Parent Bank’s field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Parent Bank’s core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts, and lending such funds to its customers. As of 30 June 2019, the Group is operating through 423 domestic branches (31 December 2018 – 419) with 5,988 employees (31 December 2018 – 5,981). Summary of some of the Parent Bank’s operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows:

- To collect funds through “Current Accounts” and “Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts” and special fund pools in line with the regulations;
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of non-interest banking;
- To offer financial and operational leasing;
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travelers’ checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services;
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking;
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary lease or transfer ownership to other persons;
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies);
- To provide socially responsible aid for the benefit of the community in the light of the legislations.

The Parent Bank’s activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Customs and Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association.

**6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Parent Bank and its subsidiaries:**

None.

## **SECTION TWO**

### **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- I. Consolidated Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Consolidated Income Statement (Statement of Profit/Loss)
- IV. Consolidated Statement of Income/Expense and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

# KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 JUNE 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### 1. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

ASSETS	Note	Reviewed Current Period 30.06.2019			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2018		
		TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>I. FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>2,998,100</b>	<b>28,565,141</b>	<b>31,563,241</b>	<b>3,352,422</b>	<b>20,404,674</b>	<b>23,757,096</b>
<b>1.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>732,443</b>	<b>16,997,431</b>	<b>17,729,874</b>	<b>1,158,339</b>	<b>16,249,232</b>	<b>17,407,571</b>
1.1.1 Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(5.1.1.)	723,912	11,796,276	12,520,188	1,183,109	9,428,812	10,611,921
1.1.2 Banks	(5.1.3.)	8,691	5,224,345	5,233,036	12,858	6,884,069	6,896,927
1.1.3 Money Markets Placements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.4 Expected Credit Loss (-)		160	23,190	23,350	37,628	63,649	101,277
<b>1.2 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss</b>		<b>88,715</b>	<b>2,390,283</b>	<b>2,478,998</b>	<b>27,913</b>	<b>75,181</b>	<b>103,094</b>
1.2.1 Government Debt Securities		63,516	2,390,194	2,453,710	18,327	11,770	30,097
1.2.2 Equity Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.3 Other Financial Assets		25,199	89	25,288	9,586	63,411	72,997
<b>1.3 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	(5.1.4.)	<b>2,144,200</b>	<b>9,124,740</b>	<b>11,268,940</b>	<b>2,136,687</b>	<b>4,067,733</b>	<b>6,204,420</b>
1.3.1 Government Debt Securities		2,041,483	8,754,965	10,796,448	2,065,421	3,804,519	5,869,940
1.3.2 Equity Instruments		16,272	24,452	40,724	10,502	17,046	27,548
1.3.3 Other Financial Assets		86,445	345,323	431,768	60,764	246,168	306,932
<b>1.4 Derivative Financial Assets</b>	(5.1.2.)	<b>32,742</b>	<b>52,687</b>	<b>85,429</b>	<b>29,483</b>	<b>12,528</b>	<b>42,011</b>
1.4.1 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		32,742	52,687	85,429	29,483	12,528	42,011
1.4.2 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>2. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)</b>	(5.1.5.)	<b>31,124,772</b>	<b>23,214,538</b>	<b>54,339,310</b>	<b>31,029,723</b>	<b>15,944,851</b>	<b>46,974,574</b>
<b>2.1 Loans</b>		<b>32,123,634</b>	<b>19,814,446</b>	<b>51,938,080</b>	<b>31,238,479</b>	<b>15,220,572</b>	<b>46,459,051</b>
<b>2.2 Leasing Receivables</b>	(5.1.10.)	<b>1,381,321</b>	<b>1,196,426</b>	<b>2,577,747</b>	<b>1,439,955</b>	<b>1,010,744</b>	<b>2,450,699</b>
<b>2.3 Other Financial Assets Measured At Amortized Cost</b>	(5.1.6.)	<b>-</b>	<b>2,669,095</b>	<b>2,669,095</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>37,156</b>	<b>37,156</b>
2.3.1 Government Debt Securities		-	2,669,095	2,669,095	-	37,156	37,156
2.3.2 Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>2.4 Expected Credit Loss (-)</b>		<b>2,380,183</b>	<b>465,429</b>	<b>2,845,612</b>	<b>1,648,711</b>	<b>323,621</b>	<b>1,972,332</b>
<b>III. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS(NET)</b>		<b>437,354</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>437,354</b>	<b>270,382</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>270,382</b>
3.1 Held For Sale		437,354	-	437,354	270,382	-	270,382
3.2 Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES</b>		<b>71,598</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>71,598</b>	<b>52,200</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>52,200</b>
<b>4.1 Investments in Associates (Net)</b>	(5.1.7.)	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
4.1.1 Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2 Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>4.2 Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)</b>	(5.1.8.)	<b>37,580</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>37,580</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,680</b>
4.2.1 Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.2 Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		37,580	-	37,580	23,680	-	23,680
<b>4.3 Investment in Joint Ventures (Net)</b>	(5.1.9.)	<b>34,018</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>34,018</b>	<b>28,520</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>28,520</b>
4.3.1 Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		34,018	-	34,018	28,520	-	28,520
4.3.2 Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>V. TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>731,342</b>	<b>9,400</b>	<b>740,742</b>	<b>449,287</b>	<b>7,900</b>	<b>457,187</b>
<b>VI. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>137,993</b>	<b>66,722</b>	<b>204,715</b>	<b>136,932</b>	<b>63,833</b>	<b>200,765</b>
6.1 Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2 Other		137,993	66,722	204,715	136,932	63,833	200,765
<b>VII. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)</b>		<b>29,592</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>29,592</b>	<b>29,671</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>29,671</b>
<b>VIII. CURRENT TAX ASSETS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>IX. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS</b>	(5.1.12.)	<b>374,876</b>	<b>36,002</b>	<b>410,878</b>	<b>346,640</b>	<b>34,043</b>	<b>380,683</b>
<b>X. OTHER ASSETS</b>	(5.1.13.)	<b>371,748</b>	<b>926,743</b>	<b>1,298,491</b>	<b>904,064</b>	<b>1,986,364</b>	<b>2,890,428</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>36,277,375</b>	<b>52,818,546</b>	<b>89,095,921</b>	<b>36,571,321</b>	<b>38,441,665</b>	<b>75,012,986</b>

In the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 and numbered 30673, the notification on the Amendment to the notification on the Financial Statements to be Announced to Public by Banks and the Disclosures and Disclosures Related to these, as well as the Financial Statement formats announced by the Banks were changed. Based on this amendment, the prior year financial statements are restated in order to be comparable with the current period financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 JUNE 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

			Reviewed Current Period 30.06.2019			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2018		
LIABILITIES		Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FUNDS COLLECTED	(5.2.1.)	25,002,396	46,527,503	71,529,899	22,516,520	32,713,498	55,230,018
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(5.2.3.)	121,421	1,542,071	1,663,492	93,394	1,901,902	1,995,296
III.	MONEY MARKETS		-	-	-	188,003	-	188,003
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		1,707,185	3,942,831	5,650,016	1,634,934	6,157,936	7,792,870
V.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		15,341	199,576	214,917	21,045	149,118	170,163
6.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.2.2.)	15,341	68,831	84,172	21,045	42,766	63,811
6.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.2.7.)	-	130,745	130,745	-	106,352	106,352
VII.	LEASE PAYABLES	(5.2.6.)	274,700	18,695	293,395	-	-	-
VIII.	PROVISIONS	(5.2.8.)	632,250	172,288	804,538	615,727	184,795	800,522
8.1	Restructuring Provision		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.2	Reserves For Employee Benefits		222,056	1,091	223,147	228,540	538	229,078
8.3	Insurance For Technical Provision (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.4	Other Provisions		410,194	171,197	581,391	387,187	184,257	571,444
IX.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	(5.2.9.)	131,459	2,515	133,974	175,716	1,936	177,652
X.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(5.2.10.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.1	Held For Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XII.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(5.2.11.)	-	2,072,793	2,072,793	-	1,901,210	1,901,210
12.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2	Other Debt Instruments		-	2,072,793	2,072,793	-	1,901,210	1,901,210
XIII.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(5.2.5.)	601,522	169,618	771,140	1,183,827	153,891	1,337,718
XIV.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(5.2.12.)	6,117,268	(155,511)	5,961,757	5,582,198	(162,664)	5,419,534
14.1	Paid-in Capital		3,995,766	-	3,995,766	3,497,322	-	3,497,322
14.2	Capital Reserves		25,764	-	25,764	24,208	-	24,208
14.2.1	Share Premiums		24,525	-	24,525	24,208	-	24,208
14.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		1,239	-	1,239	-	-	-
14.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.3	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(13,296)	-	(13,296)	(13,296)	-	(13,296)
14.4	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		15,491	(38,602)	(23,111)	18,702	(51,432)	(32,730)
14.5	Profit Reserves		1,474,003	-	1,474,003	1,110,535	-	1,110,535
14.5.1	Legal Reserves		231,728	-	231,728	187,583	-	187,583
14.5.2	Statutory Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		1,170,797	-	1,170,797	923,536	-	923,536
14.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		71,478	-	71,478	(584)	-	(584)
14.6	Profit or Loss		594,124	(116,909)	477,215	919,615	(111,232)	808,383
14.6.1	Prior Years' Profits or Losses		37,902	(111,232)	(73,330)	106,742	(107,902)	(1,160)
14.6.2	Current Period Net Profit or Loss		556,222	(5,677)	550,545	812,873	(3,330)	809,543
14.7	Minority Shares	(5.2.13.)	25,416	-	25,416	25,112	-	25,112
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			34,603,542	54,492,379	89,095,921	32,011,364	43,001,622	75,012,986

In the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 and numbered 30673, the notification on the Amendment to the notification on the Financial Statements to be Announced to Public by Banks and the Disclosures and Disclosures Related to these, as well as the Financial Statement formats announced by the Banks were changed. Based on this amendment, the prior year financial statements are restated in order to be comparable with the current period financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**  
**AS OF 30 JUNE 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**2. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**

		Reviewed Current Period 30.06.2019			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2018		
	Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>A.</b>	<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)</b>	<b>60,835,179</b>	<b>35,799,800</b>	<b>96,634,979</b>	<b>57,546,517</b>	<b>29,212,634</b>	<b>86,759,151</b>
<b>I.</b>	<b>GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES</b>	<b>(5.3.1.) 6,808,513</b>	<b>5,646,991</b>	<b>12,455,504</b>	<b>6,416,633</b>	<b>5,459,447</b>	<b>11,876,080</b>
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee	6,550,866	4,176,884	10,727,750	6,206,886	4,184,393	10,391,279
1.1.1	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law	232,156	62,808	294,964	217,252	174,971	392,223
1.1.2	Guarantees Given For Foreign Trade Operations	378,034	158,720	536,754	371,535	167,020	538,555
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee	5,940,676	3,955,356	9,896,032	5,618,099	3,842,402	9,460,501
1.2	Bank Loans	15,660	47,027	62,687	17,516	56,582	74,098
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptances	15,660	47,027	62,687	17,516	56,582	74,098
1.2.2	Other Bank Acceptances	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3	Letters of Credit	15,350	1,275,673	1,291,023	11,512	1,068,364	1,079,876
1.3.1	Documentary Letters of Credit	164	272,166	272,330	367	215,062	215,429
1.3.2	Other Letters of Credit	15,186	1,003,507	1,018,693	11,145	853,302	864,447
1.4	Guaranteed Refinancing	-	1,020	1,020	-	1,791	1,791
1.5	Endorsements	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Other Endorsements	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6	Other Guarantees	226,637	146,387	373,024	180,719	143,999	324,718
1.7	Other Warranties	-	-	-	-	4,318	4,318
<b>II.</b>	<b>COMMITMENTS</b>	<b>(5.3.1.) 51,630,485</b>	<b>1,581,393</b>	<b>53,211,878</b>	<b>50,194,084</b>	<b>1,305,169</b>	<b>51,499,253</b>
2.1	Irrevocable Commitments	4,334,139	1,581,393	5,915,532	3,572,418	1,305,169	4,877,587
2.1.1	Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments	336,715	1,556,629	1,893,344	345,756	1,295,480	1,641,236
2.1.2	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3	Loan Granting Commitments	265,537	-	265,537	214,413	-	214,413
2.1.4	Securities Underwriting Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6	Payment Commitments For Checks	1,428,184	-	1,428,184	1,136,474	-	1,136,474
2.1.7	Tax and Fund Liabilities From Export Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits	2,283,948	-	2,283,948	1,858,018	-	1,858,018
2.1.9	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions	1,998	-	1,998	-	-	-
2.1.10	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11	Payables For Short Sale Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12	Other Irrevocable Commitments	17,757	24,764	42,521	17,757	9,689	27,446
2.2	Revocable Commitments	47,296,346	-	47,296,346	46,621,666	-	46,621,666
2.2.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments	47,296,346	-	47,296,346	46,621,666	-	46,621,666
2.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS</b>	<b>2,396,181</b>	<b>28,571,416</b>	<b>30,967,597</b>	<b>935,800</b>	<b>22,448,018</b>	<b>23,383,818</b>
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held For Risk Management	-	2,362,292	2,362,292	-	2,165,533	2,165,533
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges	-	2,362,292	2,362,292	-	2,165,533	2,165,533
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Held For Trading Transactions	2,396,181	26,209,124	28,605,305	935,800	20,282,485	21,218,285
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions	618,591	1,665,522	2,284,113	652,622	1,755,501	2,408,123
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions	359,148	787,997	1,147,145	347,631	862,093	1,209,724
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions	259,443	877,525	1,136,968	304,991	893,408	1,198,399
3.2.2	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions	1,777,590	24,543,602	26,321,192	283,178	18,526,984	18,810,162
3.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>B.</b>	<b>CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)</b>	<b>353,397,066</b>	<b>159,684,231</b>	<b>513,081,297</b>	<b>316,497,679</b>	<b>142,487,425</b>	<b>458,985,104</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY</b>	<b>11,891,997</b>	<b>13,064,796</b>	<b>24,956,793</b>	<b>10,816,866</b>	<b>5,644,771</b>	<b>16,461,637</b>
4.1	Customers' Securities Held	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2	Investment Securities Held in Custody	2,374,369	313,568	2,687,937	2,159,381	156,528	2,315,909
4.3	Checks Received for Collection	7,822,839	997,273	8,820,112	7,157,340	906,367	8,063,707
4.4	Commercial Notes Received for Collection	1,694,789	265,373	1,960,162	1,500,145	242,668	1,742,813
4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7	Other Items Under Custody	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8	Custodians	-	11,488,582	11,488,582	-	4,339,208	4,339,208
<b>V.</b>	<b>PLEDGED ITEMS</b>	<b>341,493,430</b>	<b>146,551,888</b>	<b>488,045,318</b>	<b>305,669,174</b>	<b>136,780,695</b>	<b>442,449,869</b>
5.1	Marketable Securities	186,568	108,559	295,127	185,945	99,786	285,731
5.2	Guarantee Notes	101,741	2,326,582	2,428,323	101,681	2,133,522	2,235,203
5.3	Commodity	7,354,947	711,308	8,066,255	6,094,405	633,381	6,727,786
5.4	Warranty	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.5	Properties	119,554,918	2,940,942	122,495,860	112,015,122	2,715,023	114,730,145
5.6	Other Pledged Items	214,295,256	140,464,497	354,759,753	187,272,021	131,198,983	318,471,004
5.7	Pledged Items-Depository	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VI.</b>	<b>ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES</b>	<b>11,639</b>	<b>67,547</b>	<b>79,186</b>	<b>11,639</b>	<b>61,959</b>	<b>73,598</b>
<b>TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)</b>		<b>414,232,245</b>	<b>195,484,031</b>	<b>609,716,276</b>	<b>374,044,196</b>	<b>171,700,059</b>	<b>545,744,255</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (STATEMENT OF PROFIT/LOSS)**  
**AS OF 30 JUNE 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**3. CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT**

			Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2019- 30.06.2019	Reviewed Current Period 01.04.2019- 30.06.2019	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01.2018- 30.06.2018	Reviewed Prior Period 01.04.2018- 30.06.2018
I.	PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(5.4.1.)	3,709,235	2,602,607	1,929,216	1,397,773
1.1	Profit Share on Loans		3,037,683	2,237,583	1,559,506	1,200,327
1.2	Profit Share on Reserve Deposits		59,563	40,312	32,596	21,881
1.3	Profit Share on Banks		119,837	46,939	60,386	28,716
1.4	Profit Share on Money Market Placements		-	-	-	-
1.5	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio		327,857	158,671	194,802	78,407
1.5.1	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		21,728	5,016	14,861	2,776
1.5.2	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		271,756	153,655	156,967	75,631
1.5.3	Measured at Amortised Cost		34,373	-	22,974	-
1.6	Finance Lease Income		127,798	103,677	66,144	57,802
1.7	Other Profit Share Income		36,497	15,425	15,782	10,640
II.	PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE		2,039,450	1,151,541	1,053,708	627,008
2.1	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)	1,521,646	788,441	791,387	427,492
2.2	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed	(5.4.2.)	115,793	112,035	58,297	62,107
2.3	Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings		2,514	23,604	-	9,247
2.4	Expense on Securities Issued		370,604	223,734	189,498	124,435
2.5	Profit Share Expense on Lease		28,893	3,727	14,526	3,727
2.6	Other Profit Share Expense		-	-	-	-
III.	NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)		1,669,785	1,451,066	875,508	770,765
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		240,721	176,394	121,680	95,287
4.1	Fees And Commissions Received		391,412	260,707	199,283	136,833
4.1.1	Non-Cash Loans		87,220	68,834	43,394	35,241
4.1.2	Other		304,192	191,873	155,889	101,592
4.2	Fees And Commissions Paid		150,691	84,313	77,603	41,546
4.2.1	Non-Cash Loans		4,400	14	2,952	9
4.2.2	Other		146,291	84,299	74,651	41,537
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(5.4.13.)	19,584	1,227	18,781	1,227
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	(5.4.3.)	606,180	139,040	343,013	86,705
6.1	Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses	(5.4.5.)	19,315	2,982	6,302	(2,512)
6.2	Gains/Losses From Derivative Financial Instruments		157,689	295,064	(58,446)	327,021
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		429,176	(159,006)	395,157	(237,804)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		536,687	219,188	225,222	53,777
VIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME / LOSS (III+IV+V+VI+VII+ VIII)	(5.4.6.)	3,072,957	1,986,915	1,584,204	1,007,761
IX.	EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)		1,375,412	563,801	725,454	249,454
X.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-)	(5.4.7.)	36,438	12,242	(11,038)	686
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	(5.4.8.)	553,401	419,711	257,405	196,275
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)		420,173	342,228	212,736	188,928
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI)		687,533	648,933	399,647	372,418
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED		-	-	-	-
XV.	BASED ON EQUITY METHOD		7,364	3,397	4,094	1,738
XVI.	INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-	-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XII+...+XV)		694,897	652,330	403,741	374,156
XVIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(5.4.9.)	(144,048)	(125,239)	(78,155)	(81,354)
18.1	Current Tax Provision	(5.4.10.)	(176,820)	(144,718)	(131,397)	(93,244)
18.2	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		203,711	25,553	4,208	20,783
18.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)		236,483	45,032	57,450	32,673
	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS					
XIX.	(XV±XVI)		550,849	527,091	325,586	292,802
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	(5.4.11.)	-	-	-	-
20.1	Income on Non-Current Assets Held For Sale		-	-	-	-
20.2	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-	-	-
20.3	Income on Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-	-	-
21.1	Expenses From Non-Current Assets Held For Sale		-	-	-	-
21.2	Expenses From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-	-	-
21.3	Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
	PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVIII-XIX)		-	-	-	-
XXII.			-	-	-	-
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-	-	-
23.1	Current Tax Provision		-	-	-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-	-	-
23.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-	-	-
	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					
XXIV.	(XX±XXI)		-	-	-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)		550,849	527,091	325,586	292,802
25.1	Group's Income/Loss	(5.4.12.)	550,545	526,271	325,245	292,089
25.2	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)		304	820	341	713
2	Earnings Per Share Income/Loss		-	-	-	-

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**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS ACCOUNTED**  
**UNDER SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 30 JUNE 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME/EXPENSE ITEMS ACCOUNTED UNDER**  
**SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

	Reviewed Current Period 30.06.2019	Reviewed Prior Period 30.06.2018
<b>I. CURRENT PROFIT (LOSS)</b>	<b>550,849</b>	<b>527,091</b>
<b>II. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>	<b>9,619</b>	<b>(57,833)</b>
2.1 Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	-	-
2.1.1 Property And Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2 Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3 Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	-
2.1.4 Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	-	-
2.1.5 Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2 Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	9,619	(57,833)
2.2.1 Foreign Currency Translation Difference	42,534	12,036
2.2.2 Valuation And/Or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	26,977	(137,231)
2.2.3 Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	(14,579)	59,887
2.2.4 Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	(42,736)	-
2.2.5 Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6 Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	(2,577)	7,475
<b>III. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)</b>	<b>560,468</b>	<b>469,258</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 30 JUNE 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### 5. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

					Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss										
	Note	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share cancellation profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)(**)	Net Prfit/Loss for the Period	Shareholders' Equity Less Minority Shares	Minority Shares)	Total Shareholders' Equity	
Prior Period (01/01/2018 – 30/06/2018)																		
I.	Prior Period Ending Balance	3,097,322	24,208	-	-	-	(26,947)	-	-	(10,583)	(60,766)	927,236	637,291	-	4,587,761	23,054	4,610,815	
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,540	-	35,540	-	35,540	
2.1	Effect Of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,540	-	35,540	-	35,540	
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	3,097,322	24,208	-	-	-	(26,947)	-	-	(10,583)	(60,766)	927,236	672,831	-	4,623,301	23,054	4,646,355	
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(107,040)	49,207	-	-	526,271	468,438	820	469,258	
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves	400,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(400,000)	-	-	-	-	-	
VII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	669,097	(673,991)	-	(4,894)	-	(4,894)	
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,894)	-	(4,894)	-	(4,894)	
11.2	Transfers To Legal Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	669,097	(669,097)	-	-	-	-	
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)		(5.2.11.)	3,497,322	24,208	-	-	(26,947)	-	-	(117,623)	(11,559)	1,196,333	(1,160)	526,271	5,086,845	23,874	5,110,719	
Current Period (01/01/2019 – 30/06/2019)																		
I.	Prior Period Ending Balance	3,497,322	24,208	-	-	-	(13,296)	-	173,232	(117,150)	(88,812)	1,110,535	808,383	-	5,394,422	25,112	5,419,534	
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8(*)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,613	(28,613)	-	(11,901)	-	(11,901)	-	(11,901)	
2.1	Effect Of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,613	(28,613)	-	(11,901)	-	(11,901)	-	(11,901)	
2.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	3,497,322	24,208	-	-	-	(13,296)	-	173,232	(88,537)	(117,425)	1,110,535	796,482	-	5,382,521	25,112	5,407,633	
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,534	21,193	(54,108)	-	-	550,545	560,164	304	560,468	
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves	499,681	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(499,681)	-	-	-	-	-	
VII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes	(1,237)	317	1,239	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(117)	-	-	202	-	202	
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	863,266	(869,812)	-	(6,546)	-	(6,546)	
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,546)	-	(6,546)	-	(6,546)	
11.2	Transfers To Legal Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	863,266	(863,266)	-	-	-	-	
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)		(5.2.12.)	3,995,766	24,525	1,239	-	(13,296)	-	215,766	(67,344)	(171,533)	1,474,003	(73,330)	550,545	5,936,341	25,416	5,961,757	

(\*) Related classification has been made in order to transition between Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and Expenses to be reclassified in profit or loss.

(\*\*) As explained in Note 5.1.8.2, the amendment is based on the repurchase of 50% shares of KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. to KFH Capital Investment Company on April 2, 2019 at the amount of TL 16,901.

1.Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

2.Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

3.Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

4.Foreign Currency Transition Differences

5.Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

6.Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 30 JUNE 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### 6. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Reviewed Current Period	Reviewed Prior Period
	Note	01.01.2019- 30.06.2019	01.01.2018- 30.06.2018
<b>A.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS</b>		
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations</b>	<b>1,709,473</b>	<b>1,090,872</b>
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received	4,152,225	996,698
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid	(1,988,480)	(986,842)
1.1.3	Dividends Received	12,953	1,050
1.1.4	Fees And Commissions Received	395,123	264,386
1.1.5	Other Income	910,402	308,576
1.1.6	Collections From Previously Written Off Loans	70,171	153,308
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel And Service Suppliers	(593,375)	(413,540)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid	(263,306)	(144,455)
1.1.9	Others	(986,240)	911,691
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations</b>	<b>7,606,076</b>	<b>(2,039,654)</b>
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease Held For Trading Financial Assets	(2,451,643)	(20,530)
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(775,537)	-
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due From Banks And Other Financial Institutions	(6,176,243)	(2,586,442)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans	2,119,397	(7,372,906)
1.2.5	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	(235,612)	(344,456)
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits	16,506,770	164,243
1.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits	-	8,637,174
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed	(354,051)	(63,858)
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables	-	-
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	(1,027,005)	(453,179)
<b>I.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Banking Operations</b>	<b>9,315,549</b>	<b>(949,082)</b>
<b>B.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>II.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Investing Activities</b>	<b>(7,835,490)</b>	<b>720,559</b>
2.1	Cash Paid For Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries	(19,398)	-
2.2	Cash Obtained From Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries	-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases	(62,913)	(174,603)
2.4	Fixed Assets Sales	9,868	170,374
2.5	Cash Paid For Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(6,723,245)	(1,369,731)
2.6	Cash Obtained From Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	1,596,229	2,135,304
2.7	Cash Paid For Purchase of Investment Securities	(2,631,939)	-
2.8	Cash Obtained From Sale of Investment Securities	-	-
2.9	Other	(4,092)	(40,785)
<b>C.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>III.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Financing Activities</b>	<b>(2,189,708)</b>	<b>262,256</b>
3.1	Cash Obtained From Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued	(2,142,854)	2,072,150
3.2	Cash Used For Repayment of Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued	-	(1,805,000)
3.3	Capital Increase	-	-
3.4	Dividends Paid	(19,997)	(4,894)
3.5	Payments For Finance Leases	(26,857)	-
3.6	Other	-	-
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash And Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(5.5.4)</b>	<b>178,488</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash And Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(531,161)</b>	<b>(29,748)</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Cash And Cash Equivalents at The Beginning of The Period</b>	<b>(5.5.1)</b>	<b>6,710,455</b>
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Cash And Cash Equivalents at The End of The Period</b>	<b>(5.5.1)</b>	<b>6,179,294</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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**SECTION THREE**

**EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1. Explanations on Basis of Presentation**

**1.1. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents:**

The Parent Bank prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with the “Regulation On The Procedures And Principles For Accounting Practices And Retention Of Documents By Banks” published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

**Additional paragraph for convenience translation**

The differences between the standards set out by BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have not been quantified in the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

**1.2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of consolidated financial statements:**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Group management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

**1.3. Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications**

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Group in the current year. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated.

**1.4. Preparation of the consolidated financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money:**

Until 31 December 2004, the consolidated financial statements of the Parent Bank were subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 29 “Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies” (“TAS 29”). As per the BRSA decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and the BRSA circular dated 28 April 2005 it was stated that the indicators for the application of inflation accounting were no longer applicable. Consequently as of 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting has not been applied.

**1.5. Disclosures Regarding TFRS 9 Financial Instruments:**

TFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”, which is effective as at 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”) in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced “TAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.” standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39. Within this context, the Parent Bank continues to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

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All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment.

As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39.

During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

**Classification And Measurement of Financial Instruments:**

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent “solely payments of principal and profit share” (SPPI).

As per TFRS 9, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets available for sale and financial assets held to maturity which are the financial instrument categories under TAS 39; are replaced with financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortised cost; respectively.

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”) amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

**Explanations on Expected Credit Loss :**

As of 1 January 2018, the Parent Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the “Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside” published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. In this framework, as of 31 December 2017, method of provisions for impairment as set out in accordance with the related legislation of BRSA as mentioned in the Section 3 Part VIII of Explanation on Accounting Policies will be changed by applying the expected credit loss model under TFRS 9. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Prior to TFRS 9, modeling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (CTR) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9 Calculation on Default (CPI) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Parent Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (TT) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

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Macroeconomic scenarios affect TO and THK values. The amount of credit losses expected with 3 different scenarios, Base and Good and Bad scenario, is calculated. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

The Parent Bank applies a ‘three-stage’ impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition

**Stage 1:** Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets. As of 30 June 2019, minimum probability of default rate described into Basel II is used in the calculation of expected credit loss of the receivables from certain public institutions and securities issued by these institutions and organizations.

**Stage 2:** Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized life time expected credit losses for such financial assets.

In this context; The basic considerations that are taken into account in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The rating of the rating is calculated by using the Parent Bank's rating ratings based on the internal rating of the parent Bank by using the rating of the credit rating. For the loan, the rating rating calculated on the reporting date exceeds the determined threshold values and is considered as a distortion in the rating.

**Stage 3:** Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized life time expected credit losses for such financial assets.

The Parent Bank periodically evaluates the provisions of loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 retrospectively on the basis of their results and, if deemed necessary, revises the basketing rules and the parameters used in the calculation of the related provision balances.

#### **1.6 Revenue from TFRS 15 Customer Contracts:**

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with TFRS 15.

#### **1.7 Explanations on IFRS 16 Leases Standard**

“TFRS 16 Leases” Standard was published in the Official Gazette dated 16 April 2018 and numbered 29826, to be applied in the accounting periods beginning after 31 December 2018. With the TFRS 16 Leases Standard effective from 1 January 2019, the difference between operating lease and leasing is eliminated. After that, the leasing transactions have been started to be shown by the tenants as liabilities in assets and leasing transactions as assets (use right). TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model for leasing of financial leasing transactions and the presentation of operating leases directly on the balance sheet. The current application for the lessor continues similarly.

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As of January 1, 2019, the Group has applied TFRS 16 Leases standard. The simplified model was preferred in the application of this standard to the financial statements at the date of initial application. In this context, for the leases classified as operating leases in accordance with TAS 17, the Parent Bank reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Parent Bank measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Parent Bank. In addition, the Parent Bank measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

	01/01/2019	
	Real Estate	Vehicle
Operational lease commitments		
Contracts excluded from TFRS 16 (-)	-	-
Total rental liability	498,719	24,154
<b>Discounted lease obligation (1 January 2019)</b>	<b>298,513</b>	<b>21,740</b>

TL 17,582 of the assets that have been put into use consists of the classification of rent expenses, which are accounted under prepaid expenses before applying TFRS 16, to the right to use assets.

## 2. Explanations on Strategy of Using Financial Instruments And Foreign Currency Transactions

The Group follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Parent Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Parent Bank's equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALCO) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Turkey converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Parent Bank.

## 3. Investments in Associates And Subsidiaries

Consolidated and Financial Statements " Turkey Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (TFRS 10) has been prepared in accordance with the provisions.

Titles, locations of the headquarters, main operations and Group's shares relating the consolidated entities are as follows:

<u>Title</u>	<u>Address</u> <u>(City/Country)</u>	<u>Main Operation</u>	<u>30 June 2019</u>	<u>31 December 2018</u>	<u>Consolidation method</u>
KT Bank AG	Frankfurt/Almanya	Banking	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Sukuk Company Limited	GeorgeTown/ Cayman Adaları	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	100.00%	50.00%	Full consolidation
Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	75.00%	75.00%	Full consolidation
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Financial Institution	50.00%	50.00%	Accounted with equity method

Parent Bank and the subsidiaries, the financial tables of which are consolidated along with the Parent Bank, are collectively referred as "the Group."

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Consolidation basis of subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are entities whose capital and management are directly or indirectly controlled by the Parent Bank. Subsidiaries are consolidated by the full consolidation method, within the framework of significance on the basis of operational outcomes, assets sizes and equity sizes. The financial statements of the relevant subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements as of the date that control is transferred to Parent Bank.

Control denotes any of the following circumstances: the Parent Bank directly or indirectly through subsidiaries has over 50% of the voting rights or, dominance over the voting rights as described afore does not exist but the Parent Bank owns the preferred shares, or; the Parent Bank has voting rights appropriating more than %50 percent of all voting rights due to the agreements signed with other shareholders, or; the Parent Bank has the authority to manage the operational and financial policies of the entity due to certain arrangements or agreements, or; the Parent Bank has the power to influence the majority of the votes within the Board of Directors or any other executive organ vested with similar rights, or; the Parent Bank by any means has the power to appoint or dismiss the majority of the Board of Directors.

In accordance with the full consolidation, all of the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the subsidiaries are consolidated with the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the Parent Bank. The carrying value of the Group's investment in each subsidiary is offset with the cost value of the subsidiary's capital owned by the Group. Balances regarding the transactions between the subsidiaries in the scope of the consolidation and the unrealized gains/losses are reciprocally offset. Minority shares within the net income of the consolidated subsidiaries are determined provided that the net income of the Group shall be calculated, and these minority shares are presented as a separate item in the income statement. Minority shares are presented under the equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

In the case where the accounting policies implemented by the subsidiary are different than the Parent Bank, the accounting policies are reconciled.

**4. Explanations on Forward Transactions And Option Contracts And Derivative Instruments**

The Group enters into forward agreements to decrease its currency risk and to manage its foreign currency liquidity. In accordance with TFRS 9, derivative instruments are classified as 'hedging derivative financial asset' and 'derivative financial assets/liabilities at fair value profit or loss'. The Group classifies its derivative instruments as "Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Hedging Purposes" and "Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Trading" in accordance with TAS 39. Even though some derivative transactions economically hedge risk, since all necessary conditions for hedge accounting are not met, they are accounted for as "held for trading" within the framework of TAS 39, and are reflected in the "Derivative Financial Assets/liabilities at fair value profit or loss" account in the balance sheet. The Group has no derivative financial assets/liabilities for hedging purposes as of balance sheet date.

The payables and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet accounts at their notional amounts.

Fair values of foreign currency forward transactions and swaps are calculated by using the discounted cash flow model. Differences resulting from the changes in the fair values of derivatives held for trading are accounted under 'Trading Income/Loss' line in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TAS 39. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 as a policy choice. Accordingly, the Parent Bank continues to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 in this context. In addition, it performs swap transactions in order to hedge the cash flow risk of fixed-rate financial instruments. In cash flow hedge accounting, the effective portion of the fair value change of the hedging instrument is accounted for under "Hedging Funds" under equity, and the ineffective portion is accounted in the income statement. In the periods in which the cash flows from the hedged item affect profit or loss, the profit / loss of the hedging instrument is also removed from equity and reflected to the income statement.

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The Group performs effectiveness test at the beginning of the hedge accounting period and at each reporting period. The effectiveness tests are carried out using the “Dollar off-set model” and the hedge accounting is applied as long as the test results are between the range of 80%-125% of effectiveness. The hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is exercised, sold or no longer effective. When discontinuing fair value hedge accounting, the cumulative fair value changes in carrying value of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk are amortised to income statement over the life of the hedged item from that date of the hedge accounting is discontinued.

While discontinuing cash flow hedge accounting, the cumulative gains/losses recognised in shareholders’ equity and presented under hedging reserves are continued to be kept in the account of “Hedge Funds”. When the cash flows of hedged item are recognised in income statement, the gain/losses accounted for under shareholders’ equity, are recognised in income statement.

**5. Explanations on Profit Share Income And Expense**

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Parent Bank amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculations for these customers are continued within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Group calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in “Funds Collected” account on the balance sheet.

**6. Explanations on Fees And Commission Income And Expenses**

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases from real-person or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the “Unearned Revenues” account under “Other Liabilities” on the balance sheet.

**7. Explanations on Financial Assets**

The Group classifies and accounts for its financial assets as ‘Fair Value Through Profit/Loss’, ‘Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,’ or ‘Amortized Cost.’ Such financial assets, are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of “Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements” under the section three of the “TFRS 9 Financial Instruments” regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the “Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss”.

The Parent Bank recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Parent Bank management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments is made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

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**7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:**

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition.

**7.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:**

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. "Unrealized gains and losses," which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. "Unrealized gains and losses" are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

**7.3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost:**

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement.

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**7.4 Derivative financial assets:**

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Group are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

**7.5 Loans:**

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

**8. Explanations on Offsetting of Financial Assets And Liabilities**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Parent Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**9. Explanations on Sale And Repurchase Agreements And Lending of Securities**

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") made some changes on orders for open market transactions ("OMT") and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement; a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they are in need of funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this content, initial OMT transaction was performed with CBRT on 14 June 2013 by selling Treasury Rent Certificates that are recognized in the assets of the Bank in return for conditional repurchasing. From this date on, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury rent certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 30 June 2019, the Parent Bank does not have a sales transaction with the promise of repurchase. (31 December 2018 –TL 188,003).

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**10. Explanations on Assets Held For Sale And Discontinued Operations And Related Liabilities**

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 “banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors’ obligations to the bank are determined by the board.”

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Parent Bank has no discontinued operations.

**11. Explanations on Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Group comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years.

The amortization period of the licenses is determined on the basis of the duration of the license agreements.

There is no goodwill related to associates and subsidiaries.

**12. Explanations on Tangible Assets**

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property	2%
Movables, leased assets	6.67% - 20%

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than its carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

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Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

The Parent Bank is able to sell and lease back the real estates registered to its assets by issuing the rent certificate. At the end of the lease period, the asset is taken back by paying the sale price. For the real estates within this scope, it applies 2% depreciation over the new value starting from the date of the transaction. According to the public oversight authority (POA) dated 17/09/2018 and numbered 64088382-045-E.1648, transactions are recorded.

### **13. Explanations on Leasing Transactions**

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Group assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction.

- (a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,
- (b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

As of 1 January 2019 that is the first application date of TFRS 16, the Group has not reassessed whether the contract has the nature of a lease or does not include a lease as a facilitator application. The Group elected to apply the standard to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying TAS 17 and TFRIC 4. This standard has not been applied to the contracts that are not included in the lease process.

Therefore, there is no need to revise the consolidated financial statements of previous years. Financial statements are presented in accordance with TAS 17 and TFRIC 4.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments are discounted by using the Bank's alternative borrowing interest rate.

The Group has recognized the right to lease assets equal to the lease obligation by restating the previously paid or accrued lease payments.

#### **Facilitator Applications**

- The Group applied a single discount rate for the portfolio that has reasonably similar characteristics features and consisted of rents.
- As an alternative to reviewing the impairment, the Group has applied TAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets before the date of initial application to determine whether leases are disadvantaged in terms of its economy.
- For contracts with rights to extend or terminate lease term, the Group Bank has used past experience when determining the lease term.
- In accordance with TFRS 16, the Group has preferred not to use the short-term exceptions from 12 months and 12 months for vehicle rental and exceptions of the underlying assets with low value for the office equipment.
- As an facilitator, the lessee chose not to separate the non-leasing components from the leasing components on the basis of the underlying asset class and instead to account for each lease component and its associated leasing components as a single leasing component.
- The Group did not apply TFRS 16 Leases Standard for intangible assets leases.

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**Leases**

At the beginning of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction. In the event that the contract is transferred for a certain period of time to the right to control the use of the asset defined for a price, this contract of a rental nature or includes a lease transaction. The following conditions are considered when assessing whether a contract has transferred its right to control the use of an asset defined for a specified period of time.

- (a) The contract contains an asset defined.
- (b) A functional part of the asset is physically separate or represents almost the entire capacity of the asset. The asset is not defined if the lessor has a substantive right to substitute to asset and provides an economic benefit from it.
- (c) The right to obtain nearly all of the economic benefits that will be provided from the use of the asset defined.
- (d) The right to manage the use of the asset defined.

**The right of the use asset**

The Group reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental.
- The total cost of the estimated costs to be incurred by the Group relating to the restoration of all initial direct costs incurred by the Group and the restoration of the underlying asset or the restoration of the underlying location or the restoration of the underlying asset by the terms and conditions of the underlying asset is included in the total amount of both the financial statements and the right to use assets, as it does not have an important amount, it is not added to the cost of usage rights.

When the Group applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Group applies depreciation provisions in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment standard while depreciating in the right of use.

The Group determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

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**Lease Obligation**

At the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Group's alternative borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability at the date of the lease's actual start date shall be made for the right of use during the lease term of the underlying asset and consist of the payments which have not been paid at the date of the rental:

- (a) Fixed payments less any lease incentives receivables
  - (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees.
  - (c) Payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate.
- After the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the lease obligation as follows:
- (a) Increase the book value to reflect the interest on the lease obligation.
  - (b) Reduces the book value to reflect the lease payments made and
  - (c) Remeasures the book value to reflect revaluations and reconstructions, or to reflect rental payments that are fixed at the revised basis.

The interest on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic interest rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic interest rate is the Group's borrowing interest rate.

After the beginning of a contract, the Group remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Group reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

The Group measures the lease obligation by discounting the revised lease payments on a revised discount rate when any of the following conditions occur:

- A change in the rental period.
- The Group determines revised rent payments based on revised lease term.
- The Group determines the revised discount rate for the remaining portion of the lease term as the alternative borrowing interest rate at the date of Bank's revaluation.

In case of any of the following situations, the Bank measures the lease obligation by discounting the revised lease payments:

- A change in lease payments as a result of a change in an index or a rate used to determine future lease payments.
- The Group reassessed its lease obligation when only a change in its cash flows that reflect the revised lease payments.
- The Group determines the revised lease payments that related to the remaining lease term according to the revised contractual payment by using non-revised discount rate.
- The Group recognizes the lease restructuring as a separate lease if both of the following conditions are met:
  - (a) The structuring shall extend the scope of the lease by including the right of use of one or more underlying assets and
  - (b) The increase in the rental price by the price alone and by the corresponding adjustments to the price of the respective contract alone to reflect the terms of the contract.

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**14. Explanations on Provisions And Contingent Liabilities**

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with “Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets” (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the “Matching Principle,” a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a “Contingent” liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

**15. Explanations on Liabilities Relating to Employee Benefits**

**15.1 Defined benefit plans:**

In accordance with existing social legislation, the group is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the group and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfill the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to “Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits” (“TAS 19”) is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm. Group is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Group’s employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

**15.2 Defined contribution plans:**

The group pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

**15.3 Short term benefits to employees:**

In accordance with “TAS 19”, vacation pay liabilities are defined as “Short Term Benefits to Employees” and accrued as earned.

Group management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

**16. Explanations on Taxation**

***Current Tax***

As per the terms of the provisional article 10 added to the Law No. 5520 by the Article 91 of the Law No. 7061, it was established that the rate of 20%, as disclosed in the first paragraph of the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, shall be applied as 22% over the corporation income for the tax periods of the years 2018, 2019, 2020 (and for entities that are appointed with special accounting period, for the accounting periods beginning within the relevant year). Council of Ministers is entitled to lower the rate of 22% as disclosed in the first paragraph to a limit of 20%.

Under this scope, corporate tax with the rate of 22% shall be calculated over the corporate income of the corporate taxpayers for the accounting periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020. In addition, as per provisions of the Income Tax Law, advance tax with the rate of 22% shall be paid by the taxpayers in the aforementioned periods in order to be offset from the corporate tax for the aforementioned tax periods.

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The corporate tax rate will be applied as 22% for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020. This rate is applied on taxable income which is calculated by adjusting the income before tax for certain disallowable expenses, tax exempt income and other allowances. No further tax is applicable unless the profit is distributed. According to the tax legislations, advance tax amount shall also be calculated using a rate of 20% for each quarter over tax base and shall be paid, then the advance taxes paid within the year shall be offset from the corporate tax calculated over the yearly corporate tax return for that year.

Withholding taxes is not applied to dividends distributed to companies resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey. With the Council of Minister's decision numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 which are published in official gazette numbered 27130 and dated 3 February 2009, some deduction rates in 15<sup>th</sup> and 30<sup>th</sup> articles of the corporate tax law numbered 5520 were re-determined. In accordance with this, dividends distributed to companies other than companies resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey are subject to 15% withholding taxes. Double tax treaty agreements are also taken into consideration during the application of withholding taxes on dividends distributed to real persons and to foreign-based taxpayers. Addition of profit to share capital is not considered as dividend distributed therefore no withholding taxes is applied.

With the aforementioned amendment to the law, entities calculate advance tax using a rate of 22% over the quarterly financial income, for the years 2018-2019-2020 and advance tax returns are filed by the fourteenth day of the second month following the related period and taxes are paid by the seventeenth day. Advance taxes are paid within the year belong to that year, and the paid advance taxes are offset from the corporate tax liability calculated over the corporate tax returns in the subsequent year. Any remaining amount of paid advance taxes after the offset can be paid back in cash or it can be deducted from financial loans to the government.

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable's; except in case of failure to fulfill the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable's with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one installment by the end of that month.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments.

### ***Deferred Tax***

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of "Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"), the Group calculates deferred tax liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions for Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and for Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. The rate is used in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities was 22% over temporary timing differences expected to be reversed in 2018, 2019 and 2020, and 20% over temporary timing differences expected to be reversed in 2021 and the following years.

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**17. Explanations on Additional Disclosures on Borrowings**

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Parent Bank does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Group has not issued convertible bonds.

**18. Explanations on Share Certificates Issued**

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on Bank about share certificates.

**19. Explanations on Acceptances And Aailed Drafts**

Acceptances and aailed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

**20. Explanations on Government Grants**

There are no government grants received by the Group.

**21. Explanations on Segment Reporting**

The Group operates in three main segments; Corporate and Commercial Banking; Retail Banking; International Banking, Treasury and Investment Banking. Each segment operates with unique products, and the operational results are followed based on these segments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 10.

**22. Explanations on Other Matters**

The Group has no disclosures on other matters.

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**SECTION FOUR**

**INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP**

**1. Explanations on Consolidated Equity Items**

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the “Regulation on Equity of Banks” and “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks”. As of 30 June 2019 Group’s total capital has been calculated as TL 8,154,697 (31 December 2018: TL 7, 389,107), capital adequacy ratio is 16.28% (31 December 2018: 17.22%).

**1.1. Information on consolidated equity items**

	<i>Current Period Amount</i>	<i>Prior Period Amount</i>
<b>COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL</b>		
Paid-In Capital To Be Entitled For Compensation After All Creditors	4,000,000	3,500,000
Share Premium	24,525	24,208
Reserves	1,474,003	1,110,535
Other Comprehensive Income According to TAS	-	-
Profit	477,215	808,383
Current Period Profit	550,545	809,543
Prior Period Profit	(73,330)	(1,160)
Bonus Shares From Associates, Affiliates And Joint-Ventures Not Accounted In Current Period's Profit	-	-
Minority shares	25,416	25,112
<b>Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions</b>	<b>6,001,159</b>	<b>5,468,238</b>
<b>Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>		
Valuation Adjustments Calculated As Per The Article 9. (I) Of The Regulation On Bank Capital		-
Current And Prior Periods' Losses Not Covered By Reserves, And Losses Accounted Under Equity According To TAS (-)	23,111	40,313
Leasehold Improvements On Operational Leases (-)	58,051	54,010
Goodwill Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities		-
Other Intangible Assets Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	197,195	193,471
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-
Differences Arise When Assets And Liabilities Not Held At Fair Value, Are Subjected To Cash Flow Hedge Accounting	-	7,583
Total Credit Losses That Exceed Total Expected Loss Calculated According To The Regulation On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization Gains	-	-
Unrealized Gains And Losses From Changes In Bank's Liabilities' Fair Values Due To Changes In Creditworthiness	-	-
Net Amount Of Defined Benefit Plans	13,296	13,296
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier I Capital (-)	4,234	2,678
Shares Obtained Against Article 56, Paragraph 4 Of The Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding The 15% Threshold Of Tier I Capital As Per The Article 2, Clause 2 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount Arising From Deferred Tax Assets From Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions From Tier I Capital In Cases Where There Are No Adequate Additional Tier I Or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>295,887</b>	<b>311,351</b>
<b>Total Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>5,705,272</b>	<b>5,156,887</b>

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<b>Additional Tier I Capital Before Deductions</b>		
<b>Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital</b>		
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks Or Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Additional Tier I Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 7 Of The Regulation	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)		
<b>Items To Be Deducted From Tier I Capital During The Transition Period</b>	-	-
Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets And Related Deferred Taxes Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction From Additional Tier I Capital When There Is Not Enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital</b>	-	-
<b>Total Additional Tier I Capital</b>		
<b>Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)</b>	-	-
<b>Tier II Capital</b>	-	-
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA	-	-
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA (Covered By Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Amounts Explained In The First Paragraph Of The Article 8 Of The Regulation On Bank Capital)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>	<b>5,705,272</b>	<b>5,156,887</b>
<b>Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>		
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier II Capital (-)	2,015,052	1,847,727
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks And Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Tier II Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 8 Of The Regulation		-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	524,658	468,639
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	<b>2,539,710</b>	<b>2,316,366</b>
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)		
<b>Total Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>	-	-
<b>Total Tier II Capital</b>	<b>2,539,710</b>	<b>2,316,366</b>
<b>Total Equity (Total Tier I And Tier II Capital)</b>	<b>8,244,982</b>	<b>7,473,253</b>

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<b>Total Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital (Total Equity)</b>		
Loans Granted Against The Articles 50 And 51 Of The Banking Law (-)	-	-
Net Book Values Of Movables And Immovables Exceeding The Limit Defined In The Article 57, Clause 1 Of The Banking Law And The Assets Acquired Against Overdue Receivables And Held For Sale But Retained More Than Five Years (-)	3,170	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	87,115	84,146
<b>Items To Be Deducted From The Sum Of Tier I And Tier II Capital (Capital) During The Transition Period</b>		
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital, Of The Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences And Of The Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) And (2) And Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
<b>Capital</b>	-	-
Total Capital ( Total Of Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital )	<b>8,154,697</b>	<b>7,389,107</b>
Total Risk Weighted Assets	<b>50,076,797</b>	<b>42,921,666</b>
<b>Capital Adequacy Ratios</b>		
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	11.39	12.01
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	11.39	12.01
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16.28	17.22
<b>Buffers</b>		
Bank-Specific Total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.50	1.88
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	1.88
Systemic Significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	-	-
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According To The Article 4 Of Capital Conservation And Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	5.39	6.01
<b>Amounts Lower Than Excesses As Per Deduction Rules</b>		
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital		-
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital		-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights		-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences		-
<b>Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation</b>		
General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand)	524,658	468,639
General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets	524,658	468,639
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	-
Debt Instruments Covered By Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit For Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Upper Limit For Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-

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**1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities:**

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, components and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the bank, and to provide the availability of adequate capital in order to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Banks' growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Group is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

**2. Explanations on consolidated currency risk**

Foreign currency risk represents the Group's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method.

The Parent monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 30 June 2019, the Group carries a net foreign currency short position of TL 2,030,586 (31 December 2018 – TL 716,838 long position) comprising of TL 1,995,947 balance sheet short position (31 December 2018 - TL 661,104 long position) and TL 34,639 off balance sheet long position (31 December 2018 – TL 55,734 long position).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as of 30 June 2019 and the previous five working days are as follows (full TL):

	24/06/2019	25/06/2019	26/06/2019	27/06/2019	28/06/2019	Bilanço değerlendirme kuru
<b>USD</b>	5.76328	5.79311	5.76719	5.77029	5.75729	5.75729
<b>EURO</b>	6.56333	6.59793	6.55276	6.55976	6.55312	6.55312
<b>GBP</b>	7.34249	7.38587	7.31272	7.32826	7.30307	7.30307
<b>CHF</b>	5.90658	5.9431	5.90472	5.89575	5.90367	5.90367
<b>JPY</b>	0.05368	0.05412	0.0536	0.05346	0.05346	0.05346

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL):

	Monthly average FC purchase rate
USD	5.8198
EURO	6.5637
GBP	7.3722
CHF	5.8808
JPY	0.0538

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**Consolidated currency risk of the Group:**

	<b>Euro</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>Other FC</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Current period</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (***)	3,081,056	5,326,605	3,388,615	11,796,276
Banks(****)	3,360,586	914,782	925,787	5,201,155
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	44,696	2,345,587	2,390,283
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,848,956	4,275,784	-	9,124,740
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	10,003,602	14,259,912	75,579	24,339,093
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (**)	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortized cost	2,040,854	628,241	-	2,669,095
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	8,344	1,056	-	9,400
Intangible assets	66,684	38	-	66,722
Other assets (*****)	883,676	72,345	5,364	961,385
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>24,293,758</b>	<b>25,523,459</b>	<b>6,740,932</b>	<b>56,558,149</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	136,436	148,824	148,931	434,191
Current and profit sharing accounts FC (***)	11,476,911	27,998,902	6,617,499	46,093,312
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions	243,640	3,389,919	-	3,633,559
Marketable securities issued	-	2,809,576	1,133,255	3,942,831
Miscellaneous payables	47,413	43,532	2,559	93,504
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (****)	87,859	204,663	37,644	330,166
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>11,992,259</b>	<b>34,595,416</b>	<b>7,939,888</b>	<b>54,527,563</b>
Net balance sheet position	12,301,499	(9,071,957)	(1,198,956)	2,030,586
Net off-balance sheet position	(12,435,522)	9,267,697	1,171,878	(1,995,947)
Financial derivative assets	389,130	12,135,691	1,541,228	14,066,049
Financial derivative liabilities	12,824,652	2,867,994	369,350	16,061,996
Non-cash loans (**)	1,921,894	3,040,242	684,855	5,646,991
<b>Prior period</b>				
Total assets	17,941,072	20,890,334	5,022,834	43,854,240
Total liabilities	8,865,568	27,755,833	6,516,001	43,137,402
Net balance sheet position	9,075,504	(6,865,499)	(1,493,167)	716,838
Net off-balance sheet position	(9,061,656)	6,923,802	1,476,750	(661,104)
Financial derivative assets	418,581	9,417,560	1,705,056	11,541,197
Financial derivative liabilities	9,480,237	2,493,758	228,306	12,202,301
Non-cash loans (**)	1,728,487	3,064,977	665,983	5,459,447

(\*) Includes foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 3,793,650 (31 December 2018 – TL 5,425,809) followed as TL on the balance sheet

(\*\*) Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

(\*\*\*) Precious metals are included in "Other FC" column.

(\*\*\*\*) Other liabilities at fair value through TL 597 in the calculation of profit / loss of securities are not included in the foreign currency risk of impairment provisions. It also includes a provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 79,846

(\*\*\*\*\*) Includes provisions for expected losses amounting to TL 23,190 in the balance sheet

(\*\*\*\*\*) It includes deferred tax assets amounting to TL 36,002 in the balance sheet.

Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below;

- Derivative financial assets held for trading TL 55,705 (31 December 2018 – TL 12,528)
- Prepaid expenses : TL 1,201 (31 December 2018 - 706 TL)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading : TL 68,831 (31 December 2018 – TL 42,766 )
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: (39,765) ( 31 December 2018 - TL (51,432) )
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging : TL 130,745 (31 December 2018 - TL 106,352 )

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Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions that are amounting to;

- Forward foreign currency purchase transactions TL 691,835 (31 December 2018 – TL 522,969 )
- Forward foreign currency sale transactions: TL 864,794 (31 December 2018 – TL 772,511)

**3. Explanations related to consolidated stock position risk**

**3.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analyzing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes:**

The Group's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

**3.2. Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value:**

Current Period		Comparison		
Equity Securities (shares) investments (*)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value	
1 Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	40,724	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	-
2 Investments in Associates	-	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	-
3 Investment in Subsidiaries	37,580	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	-
4 Other	34,018	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	-
Prior Period		Comparison		
Equity Securities (shares) investments (*)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value	
1 Securities Available-for-Sale	27,548	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	-
2 Investments in Associates	-	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	-
3 Investment in Subsidiaries	23,680	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	-
4 Other	28,520	-	-	-
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	-

(\*) Related equity investments are accounted on a cost basis in the accompanying financial statements since the fair value of these investments can not be measured reliably.

**3.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals:**

None.

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**4. Consolidated Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio**

The liquidity risk of the Group is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

**Funding Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

**Market Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

**4.1 Information on risk capacity of the Group, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:**

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determined according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Groups' liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Group.

The Group has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and participation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Group has a high risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Group which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets is deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Turkey and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analyzed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALCO meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Group in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Group. The Treasury Group Management manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. External Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

**4.2. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Group and the Group's subsidiaries:**

The Group's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Parent Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

**4.3 Information on the Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities:**

Group spread to the base of current and participation accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

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**4.4 Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Group's total liabilities:**

Almost all liabilities of the Group are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Bank is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilities denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantially.

**4.5. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:**

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

**4.6. Information on the use of stress tests:**

In order to analyze the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether conformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relevant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Group, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both of the situations. Stress tests related with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

**4.7. General information on urgent and unexpected liquidity situation plans:**

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Liquidity Contingency Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the Executive Risk Committee. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Liquidity Contingency Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

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**Liquidity coverage ratio**

Current Period		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*)		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	18,130,727	16,321,070	17,944,511	16,134,853
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	46,751,642	28,364,219	4,141,256	2,836,422
3	Stable deposits	10,678,165	-	533,908	-
4	Less stable deposits	36,073,477	28,364,219	3,607,348	2,836,422
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	15,697,778	11,492,841	8,909,683	6,598,306
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	12,175,266	8,763,534	5,387,171	3,868,999
8	Unsecured funding	3,522,512	2,729,307	3,522,512	2,729,307
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	8,991,612	8,710,195	8,991,612	8,710,195
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	8,991,612	8,710,195	8,991,612	8,710,195
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	-	-	-	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	15,936,708	5,661,462	1,063,375	309,938
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>23,105,926</b>	<b>18,454,861</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	15,191,981	10,422,816	12,656,341	9,973,873
19	Other cash inflows	9,063,642	7,006,993	9,063,642	7,006,993
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>24,255,623</b>	<b>17,429,809</b>	<b>21,719,983</b>	<b>16,980,866</b>
				Üst Sınır Uygulanmış Değer	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA</b>			<b>17,944,511</b>	<b>16,134,853</b>
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>5,776,482</b>	<b>4,613,715</b>
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>310.65</b>	<b>349.71</b>

(\*) The average of last three months' liquidity coverage ratio calculated by monthly simple averages.

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios for the period between 1 January – 30 June 2019:

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
<b>TL+FC</b>	347.90	28/05/2019	240.00	28/03/2019	290.38
<b>FC</b>	391.42	21/05/2019	266.24	28/03/2019	325.47

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high quality liquid assets held by the parent bank to its one month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the TCMB, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows, because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.

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**Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)**

<i>Prior Period</i>		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*)		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	10,394,138	8,699,045	10,374,738	8,679,645
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	38,600,632	21,425,122	3,352,582	2,142,512
3	Stable deposits	10,149,608	-	507,480	-
4	Less stable deposits	28,451,024	21,425,122	2,845,102	2,142,512
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	9,995,941	6,163,550	5,077,535	3,003,000
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	9,100,310	5,942,922	4,181,904	2,782,372
8	Unsecured funding	895,631	220,628	895,631	220,628
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	7,835,747	7,301,791	7,835,747	7,301,791
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	7,835,747	7,301,791	7,835,747	7,301,791
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	-	-	-	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	15,193,785	5,675,561	1,005,900	301,914
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>17,271,764</b>	<b>12,749,217</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	14,305,334	10,806,549	12,243,659	10,285,976
19	Other cash inflows	8,176,724	7,740,988	8,176,724	7,740,988
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>22,482,058</b>	<b>18,547,537</b>	<b>20,420,383</b>	<b>18,026,964</b>
				Üst Sınır Uygulanmış Değer	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA</b>			<b>10,374,738</b>	<b>8,679,645</b>
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>4,317,941</b>	<b>3,187,304</b>
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>240.27</b>	<b>272.32</b>

(\*) The average of the calculated liquidity coverage ratio for the last three months based on the monthly simple arithmetic average,

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios for 31 December 2018:

**Prior Period:**

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
<b>TL+FC</b>	321.02	22/07/2018	208.32	29/04/2018	251.84
<b>FC</b>	424.74	22/07/2018	254.06	21/10/2018	327.42

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high quality liquid assets of the bank to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the aforementioned ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher and they may show variability over time.

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**Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:**

Current period	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 Months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	Over 5 years	Unallocated (**)	Total
<b>Assets</b>								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	3,615,302	8,904,886	-	-	-	-	-	12,520,188
Banks	4,809,250	33	400,403	-	-	-	-	5,209,686
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	29,217	-	-	2,443,755	6,026	-	2,478,998
Money market placements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	231,027	115,537	2,033,529	8,278,930	482,714	127,203	11,268,940
Loans (*)	-	11,801,348	5,600,128	15,969,498	16,756,700	2,661,023	(1,118,482)	51,670,215
Loans measured at amortised cost	-	-	-	-	2,669,095	-	-	2,669,095
Other assets (**)	116,329	1,079,360	13,885	-	410,878	-	1,658,347	3,278,799
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>8,540,881</b>	<b>22,045,871</b>	<b>6,129,953</b>	<b>18,003,027</b>	<b>30,559,358</b>	<b>3,149,763</b>	<b>667,068</b>	<b>89,095,921</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	435,561	7,401	-	-	-	-	-	442,962
Current and profit sharing accounts	28,780,148	34,227,016	5,002,718	2,540,162	536,893	-	-	71,086,937
Funds provided from other financial institutions	-	37,048	993,171	589,212	301,915	2,108,334	-	4,029,680
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	-	430,060	1,270,941	704,547	3,244,468	-	-	5,650,016
Miscellaneous payables	200,521	128,427	-	-	-	-	-	328,948
Other Liabilities (***)	-	509,274	143,678	101,871	36,260	-	6,766,295	7,557,378
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>29,416,230</b>	<b>35,339,226</b>	<b>7,410,508</b>	<b>3,935,792</b>	<b>4,119,536</b>	<b>2,108,334</b>	<b>6,766,295</b>	<b>89,095,921</b>
Net liquidity gap	(20,875,349)	(13,293,355)	(1,280,555)	14,067,235	26,439,822	1,041,429	(6,099,227)	-
<b>Prior period</b>								
Total assets	10,636,395	20,639,885	6,873,283	14,550,996	19,114,397	3,147,587	50,443	75,012,986
Total liabilities	22,914,733	28,307,032	5,435,921	6,147,094	4,181,734	1,901,210	6,125,262	75,012,986
Net liquidity gap	(12,278,338)	(7,667,147)	1,437,362	8,403,902	14,932,663	1,246,377	(6,074,819)	-

(\*) Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

(\*\*) Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets.

(\*\*\*) The unallocated other liabilities consists of equity and provisions balances.

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**5. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio**

**5.1 Disclosure of leverage ratio template**

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks” published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

<b>On-balance sheet assets (*)</b>		<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	90,294,710	74,347,784
2	(Assets deducted in determining Tier I Capital)	(284,495)	(297,605)
3	Total on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	90,010,215	74,050,179
<b>Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	157,630	125,968
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	437,411	134,811
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	595,041	260,779
<b>Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)</b>			
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	597,510	924,333
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	597,510	924,333
<b>Other off-balance sheet transactions</b>			
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	65,387,254	61,755,452
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(42,419,745)	(40,649,139)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	22,967,509	21,106,313
<b>Capital and total risks</b>			
13	Tier I Capital	5,594,448	5,322,366
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	114,170,275	96,341,604
<b>Leverage ratio</b>			
15	Leverage ratio	4.90	5.53

(\*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

The leverage ratio calculated on the basis of the arithmetic average of the the amounts realized at the end of each month for the past three-month period as of the Group’s solo balance sheet date was %4.90 % (31 December 2018 - 5.53%). The main reason for the changes from the previous period is that the increase in the items related to the finance transactions secured by securitisation instruments and goods is higher compared to the increase in other items. Therefore, there has been no change in the main capital period profit, on-balance sheet risk amount and off-balance sheet items.

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**6. Explanations on consolidated hedge accounting practices**

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting principles and permits the companies continue to apply hedge accounting principles of TAS 39 as a policy choice. In this context, the Parent Bank continue to apply TAS 39 policy for the hedge accounting.

The Parent Bank uses cash flow hedge (CFH) accounting and net investment hedge accounting as of the balance sheet date.

The contractual amounts of the derivative financial instruments as of June 30, 2019 and the net fair values of the financial instruments are summarized in the table below:

NARK	Current Period			Prior Period		
	Principal*	Asset	Liability	Principal*	Asset	Liability
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cross currency swap transactions (CFH)	1,248,196	-	130,745	1,144,549	-	106,352
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,248,196</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>130,745</b>	<b>1,144,549</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>106,352</b>

(\*) Only the “sell” legs of the related derivatives are presented with the addition of the “buy” legs of these derivatives amounting to TL 1,114,096 (December 31, 2018: TL 1,020,984) the total notional of derivative financial assets amounting to TL 2,362,292 (December 31, 2018: TL 2,165,533) is accounted for in off-balance sheet under “Derivative financial instruments held for risk management” line item.

When the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked;

- The hedging gains and losses that were previously recognized under equity are transferred to profit or loss when the cash flows of the hedged item are realized,

In case the hedged item is derecognized, hedge accounting is discontinued and within context of fair value hedge accounting, adjustments made to the value of the hedged item are accounted in income statement.

In accordance with TAS, the replacement or rollover of a hedging instrument into another hedging instrument is not an expiration or termination if such replacement or rollover is part of the entity's documented hedging strategy.

**Net investment hedge:**

The Group applies a net investment hedge strategy to hedge its foreign currency risk due to its net investment of EUR 83,149,633 (Full Amount) of its subsidiary KT Bank AG. The same portion of the Group's foreign currency denominated participation funds is designated as hedging instrument. The effective portion of the exchange rate changes of the foreign currency participation funds in this scope is accounted for under hedging funds account under equity.

Hedging funds account under equity and other comprehensive income regarding net investment hedges have been accounted (TL 167,744) and (TL 42,736), respectively in the current period.

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**Cash flow hedge:**

The Parent Bank, convert Malaysian Ringgit (MYR) 800,000 MYR borrowings to USD loan with cross currency swap and this fund is evaluated in profit share-yielding assets in USD. In this context, the Bank has started to implement cash flow hedge accounting on August 1, 2014 to protect itself with cross currency swap against cash flow risks due to the changes in MYR/TL foreign exchange rates on borrowings and changes in USD/TL foreign exchange rates on profit share-yielding assets.

In this context, the derivative financial instruments which are determined as hedging instruments are cross currency swaps and the hedged items are funds borrowed and profit share-yielding assets. In the below table, the effect of accounting of CFH is explained:

Current Period					
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability) (**)	Nature of hedged risks	Net fair value of the hedging instrument		Amount in hedging funds (*)
			Asset	Liability	
Swap Transactions	Loans received and profit share assets	Cash flow risk of exchange rate changes	-	1,114,096	(4,858)

(\*) Includes the deferred tax effect. As of prior period deferred tax effect amounting to TL 1,069.

(\*\*) Subsidiary of the Participation Bank KT Kira Certifikaları A.Ş. Securities issued by the Bank and presented in the "Loans Received" line in the financial statements.

Prior Period					
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability) (**)	Nature of hedged risks	Net fair value of the hedging instrument		Amount in hedging funds (*)
			Asset	Liability	
Swap Transactions	Loans received and profit share assets	Cash flow risk of exchange rate changes	-	1,020,984	9,721

(\*) Includes the deferred tax effect. As of prior period deferred tax effect amounting to (TL 2,138)

(\*\*) Bank's subsidiary KT Kira Sertifikaları A.Ş. Securities issued by the Bank and presented in the "Securities Issued" line in the financial statements.

At the inception date, the Parent Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the CFH accounting application in accordance with TAS 39 and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same way. Effectiveness tests have been selected according to the methods that are allowed by TAS 39 in reliance to the risk strategies of the Participation Bank. Also, effectiveness tests have been performed at the end of every month and the effectiveness of the risk relationships have been measured.

As of June 30, 2019 cash flow hedge transactions have been determined as effective.

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**7. Explanations On Consolidated Risk Management**

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee (“ALCO”) and the Risk Management Department (“RMD”) which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Group is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Group's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Group is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank's future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

**7.1. Explanations on Risk Management and Risk Weighted Amounts:**

**7.1.1. Overview of risk weighted amounts:**

		Risk Weighted Amounts		Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period 30/06/2019	Prior Period 31/12/2018	Current Period 30/06/2019
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	41,785,673	37,342,067	3,342,854
2	Standardised approach (SA)	41,808,050	37,401,412	3,344,644
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	164,578	89,725	13,166
5	Standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	164,578	89,725	13,166
6	Internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-through approach	22,377	59,345	1,790
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% risk weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	2,436,524	1,076,251	194,922
17	Standardised approach (SA)	2,436,524	1,076,251	194,922
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	5,667,645	4,354,278	453,412
20	Basic indicator approach	5,667,645	4,354,278	453,412
21	Standardised approach	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	<b>Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)</b>	<b>50,076,797</b>	<b>42,921,666</b>	<b>4,006,144</b>

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**Credit Risk Explanations**

**7.2.1. Credit Quality of Assets**

	Current Period	Gross carrying values of (according to TAS)		Allowances/impairments	Net Values
		Default exposures	Non-Default exposures		
1	Loans	1,875,187	52,640,640	1,416,883	53,098,945
2	Debt Instruments	-	14,077,798	139,763	13,938,035
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	-	17,767,634	-	17,767,634
4	<b>Total</b>	<b>1,875,187</b>	<b>84,486,071</b>	<b>1,556,646</b>	<b>84,804,614</b>

**7.2.2 Changes in Stock of Defaulted Loans and Debt Securities**

		Current Period
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	1,185,840
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	1,047,855
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off	121,365
5	Other changes	(237,143)
6	<b>Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)</b>	<b>1,875,187</b>

**7.2.3 Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques - Overview:**

		Exposures unsecured: carrying amount (According to TAS)	Exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by collateral, of which: secured amount	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
1	Loans	37,358,710	15,740,234	3,520,146	-	-	-	-
2	Debt Instruments	13,938,035	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	<b>Total</b>	<b>51,296,745</b>	<b>15,740,234</b>	<b>3,520,146</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
4	Of which defaulted	100,854	357,413	76,828	-	-	-	-

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**7.2.4. Standard Approach - Exposure to credit risk and credit risk mitigation effects:**

		Exposures before CCF and		Exposures post-CCF and		RWA and RWA density	
	Risk Classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	Risk weighted amount	Density of risk weighted amount
1	Exposures to central governments or central banks	23,198,483	-	26,020,644	-	6,186,084	24
2	Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Exposures to international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures to institutions	11,025,362	986,201	11,025,362	56,571	5,936,224	54
7	Exposures to corporates	12,226,360	6,727,084	11,148,214	3,256,175	14,188,617	99
8	Retail exposures	7,584,413	7,059,376	6,573,101	2,150,930	6,394,200	73
9	Exposures secured by residential property	6,382,961	817,098	6,216,998	351,497	2,282,581	35
10	Exposures secured by commercial real estate	7,411,293	1,324,798	6,920,995	625,546	4,684,761	62
11	Past-due loans	280,998	-	248,851	-	193,609	78
12	Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	84,262	-	39,967	-	59,891	150
13	Exposures in the form of covered bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective investment undertakings (CIUs)	-	86,607	-	86,607	22,377	26
16	Other assets	-	4,149,426	-	4,149,426	1,280,955	31
17	Investments in equities	-	578,751	-	578,751	578,751	100
18	<b>Total</b>	<b>68,194,132</b>	<b>21,729,341</b>	<b>68,194,132</b>	<b>11,255,503</b>	<b>41,808,050</b>	<b>53</b>

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**7.2.5. Standardised Approach – Exposures by Asset Classes and Risk Weights:**

	Risk Classes / Risk Weight *	%0	%10	%20	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	Diğerleri	Total risk amount (**)
1	Exposures to central governments or central banks	13,648,477	-	-	12,372,167	-	-	-	-	-	6,186,084
2	Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Exposures to international organisations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Exposures to institutions	14,876	-	2,065,088	6,957,525	-	2,044,444	-	-	-	5,936,224
7	Exposures to corporates	117,809	-	122,453	-	-	14,164,127	-	-	-	14,188,617
8	Retail exposures	85,698	-	153,728	-	8,484,605	-	-	-	-	6,394,200
9	Exposures secured by residential property	31,297	-	36,253	-	-	-	-	-	6,500,945	2,282,581
10	Exposures secured by commercial real estate	70,689	-	79,673	5,454,706	-	1,941,473	-	-	-	4,684,761
11	Past-due loans	206	-	137	109,852	-	138,656	-	-	-	193,609
12	Higher-risk categories by the Agency Board	16	-	27	-	-	-	39,924	-	-	59,891
13	Exposures in the form of covered bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective investment undertakings (CIUs)	43,584	-	4,920	33,421	-	4,682	-	-	-	22,377
16	Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	578,751	-	-	-	578,751
17	Investments in equities	2,505,823	-	453,310	-	-	1,190,293	-	-	-	1,280,955
18	<b>Total</b>	<b>16,518,475</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,915,589</b>	<b>24,927,671</b>	<b>8,484,605</b>	<b>20,062,426</b>	<b>39,924</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,500,945</b>	<b>41,808,050</b>

\* 35% Risk Weight Classified under Others.

\*\* Amount after credit conversion rate ("KDO") and credit risk mitigation ("KRA").

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**7.3. Counterparty Credit Risk (CCR) Approach Analysis**

**7.3.1. Evaluation of counterparty credit risk according to measurement methods:**

		Revaluation Cost	Potential Credit Risk Exposure	EBPRT	Alpha	Exposure after credit risk mitigation	Risk weighted amounts
1	Standardised Approach (for derivatives)	86,782	613,042		1.4	699,824	128,469
2	Internal Model Method (for derivatives, Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or EMTIA lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time, Marketable Security transactions with credit)	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for derivatives, Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or EMTIA lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time, Marketable Security transactions with credit)	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for derivatives, Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or EMTIA lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time, Marketable Security transactions with credit)	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	VaR for derivatives, Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or EMTIA lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time, Marketable Security transactions with credit	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	<b>Total</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>128,469</b>

**7.3.2 Credit Valuation Adjustment (CVA) Capital Charge:**

		Exposure (After credit risk mitigation methods)	Risk weighted amounts
	Total portfolio value with comprehensive approach CVA capital adequacy		
1	(i) Value at risk component (3*multiplier included)		
2	(ii) Stressed Value at Risk (3*multiplier included)		
3	Total portfolio value with simplified approach CVA capital adequacy	699,824	36,109
4	Total amount of CVA capital adequacy	699,824	36,109

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**7.3.3 Standardised Approach of CCR exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights**

**Risk Weights:**

	Risk Classes / Risk Weights *	%0	%10	%20	%50	%75	%100	%150	%200	Others***	Total credit risk *
1	Central governments and central banks receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Local governments and municipalities receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Administrative and non commercial receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Multilateral Development Bank receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	International Organisations receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Banks and Intermediary Institutions receivables	-	-	247,914	130,170	-	-	-	-	-	114,668
7	Corporate receivables	-	-	-	-	-	5,019	-	-	-	5,019
8	Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	10,519	-	-	-	-	7,889
9	Receivables secured by mortgage for residential real estate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,670	585
10	Receivables secured by commercial real estate mortgage	-	-	-	410	-	103	-	-	-	308
11	Overdue receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	High risk defined receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Mortgage backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	Short term credit rated banks and Intermediary Institutions receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Collective investment undertaking investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Other Assets **	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	<b>Total</b>	-	-	<b>247,914</b>	<b>130,580</b>	<b>10,519</b>	<b>5,122</b>	-	-	<b>1,670</b>	<b>128,469</b>

\* Total credit risk: Amount related to capital adequacy calculation after counterparty credit risk measurement techniques are applied.

\*\* Other assets: The template includes amounts that are not included in counterparty credit risk reported in KKR8.

\*\*\* 35% Risk Weight is classified under Others.

**7.3.4. Guarantees used for counterparty credit risk:**

None.

**7.3.5. Credit derivatives:**

None.

**7.3.6. Risks to the central counterparty ("CCT):**

None.

**7.4. Securitization Disclosures:**

The Bank has no securitization transactions.

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**7.5. Market Risk Disclosures:**

**7.5.1. Standard approach:**

		Risk Weighted Amount (RWA)
	Outright products	2,436,524
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	1,908,722
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	-
3	Foreign exchange risk	523,622
4	Commodity risk	4,180
	Options	-
5	Simplified approach	-
6	Delta-plus method	-
7	Scenario approach	-
8	Securitization	-
9	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,436,524</b>

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**8. Securitization Positions**

None.

**9. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions**

The Group does not perform purchases, sales and custody services in the name of others. The Parent Bank has no fiduciary-based transaction agreements.

**10. Explanations on consolidated business segments**

The Parent Bank operates in Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking: to meet the financial needs of the customers', unique cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail and Enterprise Banking includes fund collection, installment commercial loans, business loans, non cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, Trade Finance, Checks, POS services, Credit Cards, ATM services, Online Banking and Mobile Banking in these fields.

In International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified "corporate" customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the Sukuk for the Bank, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Turkey. The Treasury in addition to monitoring foreign currency position and liquidity of the Parent Bank, also conducts spot and forward transactions in TL or foreign currencies, performs derivative transactions (forward, swap) with banks and customers, trades of gold within the context of membership of Istanbul Gold Exchange, trades share certificates in BIST and international markets and conducts Murabaha transactions with foreign banks.

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**Selected balance sheet and income statement items according to segments:**

<b>Current Period</b> <b>1 January 2019-30 June 2019</b>	<b>Retail and</b> <b>enterprise</b> <b>Banking</b>	<b>Commercial</b> <b>banking</b>	<b>Corporate and</b> <b>international</b> <b>banking</b>	<b>Unallocated</b>	<b>Bank's total</b> <b>operation</b>
Operating income	2,897,373	1,821,577	507,710	-	5,226,660
Operating expenses (-)	2,162,935	1,212,599	190,237	973,356	4,539,127
Transfers between segments	1,500,511	(376,653)	(1,123,858)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>2,234,949</b>	<b>232,325</b>	<b>(806,385)</b>	<b>(973,356)</b>	<b>687,533</b>
Income from associates	-	-	-	7,364	7,364
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>2,234,949</b>	<b>232,325</b>	<b>(806,385)</b>	<b>(965,992)</b>	<b>694,897</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	144,048	144,048
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>2,234,949</b>	<b>232,325</b>	<b>(806,385)</b>	<b>(1,110,040)</b>	<b>550,849</b>
<b>Current Period</b>					
<b>30 June 2019</b>					
Segment assets	18,428,860	31,693,799	36,217,246	-	86,339,905
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	71,598	71,598
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	2,684,418	2,684,418
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>18,428,860</b>	<b>31,693,799</b>	<b>36,217,246</b>	<b>2,756,016</b>	<b>89,095,921</b>
Segment liabilities	57,393,670	14,135,964	9,894,878	-	81,424,512
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	1,709,652	1,709,652
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	5,961,757	5,961,757
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>57,393,670</b>	<b>14,135,964</b>	<b>9,894,878</b>	<b>7,671,409</b>	<b>89,095,921</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>1 January 2018 – 30 June 2018</b>					
Operating income	2,187,388	929,661	105,720	-	3,222,769
Operating expenses (-)	1,264,657	193,361	354,806	761,012	2,573,836
Transfers between segments	857,236	(143,722)	(713,514)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>1,779,967</b>	<b>592,578</b>	<b>(962,600)</b>	<b>(761,012)</b>	<b>648,933</b>
Income from associates	-	-	-	3,397	3,397
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>1,779,967</b>	<b>592,578</b>	<b>(962,600)</b>	<b>(757,615)</b>	<b>652,330</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	125,239	125,239
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>1,779,967</b>	<b>592,578</b>	<b>(962,600)</b>	<b>(882,854)</b>	<b>527,091</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>31 December 2018</b>					
Segment assets	18,471,406	27,461,414	25,069,232	-	71,002,052
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	52,200	52,200
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	3,958,734	3,958,734
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>18,471,406</b>	<b>27,461,414</b>	<b>25,069,232</b>	<b>4,010,934</b>	<b>75,012,986</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>31 December 2018</b>					
Segment liabilities	43,086,534	11,972,999	12,218,027	-	67,277,560
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	2,315,892	2,315,892
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	5,419,534	5,419,534
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>43,086,534</b>	<b>11,972,999</b>	<b>12,218,027</b>	<b>7,735,426</b>	<b>75,012,986</b>

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**SECTION FIVE**

**EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets:**

**1.1. Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey:**

**1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/foreign currency	319,419	1,449,639	491,059	1,524,450
The Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	351,925	8,923,989	692,050	6,947,252
Other (*)	52,568	1,422,648	-	957,110
<b>Total</b>	<b>723,912</b>	<b>11,796,276</b>	<b>1,183,109</b>	<b>9,428,812</b>

(\*) As of 30 June 2019, precious metal account amounting to TL 1,137,873 (31 December 2018 - TL 957,110 and money in transit amounting to TL 337,343 (31 December 2018 - None) are presented in this line.

**1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	338,376	56	677,230	53
Restricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted time deposit	13,549	8,923,933	14,820	6,947,199
<b>Total</b>	<b>351,925</b>	<b>8,923,989</b>	<b>692,050</b>	<b>6,947,252</b>

In accordance with the “Communiqué no. 2013/15 on Reserve Requirements”, the Parent Bank is required to maintain reserves in CBRT for TL and foreign currency liabilities. The reserve requirements can be maintained as TL, USD, EUR and standard gold. CBRT started paying interest on reserve balances held in USD starting from May 2015 and held in TL starting from November 2014. The reserve rates for TL liabilities vary between 1 % and 7 % for TL deposits and other liabilities according to their maturities as of 30 June 2019 (31 December 2018: % 1.5 ile % 8 for all TL liabilities). The reserve rates for foreign currency liabilities vary between 5 % and 21% for deposit and other foreign currency liabilities according to their maturities as of 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: 4% and 20% for all foreign currency liabilities).

**1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:**

As of 30 June 2019, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase transactions, given as a collateral or blocked (31 December 2018 - None).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	18,281	2,869	29,120	1,799
Swap transactions	14,461	49,818	363	10,729
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>32,742</b>	<b>52,687</b>	<b>29,483</b>	<b>12,528</b>

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**1.3 Information on Banks:**

**1.3.1. Information on Banks:**

	Current period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	8,691	5,224,345	12,858	6,884,069
Domestic	6,932	2,778,975	12,858	3,608,271
Foreign	1,759	2,445,370	-	3,275,798
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,691</b>	<b>5,224,345</b>	<b>12,858</b>	<b>6,884,069</b>

**1.3.2 Information on foreign banks account:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:**

	Current period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	11,295,129	6,240,372
Quoted on stock exchange	11,295,129	6,240,372
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	-
Share certificates	113,807	128,489
Quoted on stock exchange	86,607	60,764
Not quoted on stock exchange	27,200	67,725
Impairment provision	(139,996)	(164,441)
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,268,940</b>	<b>6,204,420</b>

**1.5 Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost:**

**1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	1,624	2,242	1,034	398
Corporate shareholders	-	2,226	-	398
Real person shareholders	1,624	16	1,034	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	101,591	309	204,988	520
Loans granted to employees	18,292	672	16,311	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>121,507</b>	<b>3,223</b>	<b>222,333</b>	<b>924</b>

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**1.5.2 Information on standart loans, loans underclose monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring:**

Current Period		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables		Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Loans</b>	44,769,985	3,353,300	1,881,955	-
Export Loans	23,177	8,727	-	-
Import Loans	1,855,894	48,999	-	-
Corporation Loans	24,981,618	2,800,943	1,840,954	-
Consumer Loans	6,696,812	280,483	12,846	-
Credit Cards	908,857	71,421	28,155	-
Loans given to financial sector	5,819,620	-	-	-
Other	4,484,007	142,727	-	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>	<b>13,282</b>	<b>32,917</b>	<b>11,454</b>	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>44,783,267</b>	<b>3,386,217</b>	<b>1,893,409</b>	-

Prior Period		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables		Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Loans</b>	<b>40,891,315</b>	<b>3,533,527</b>	<b>731,716</b>	-
Export Loans	26,872	506	2	-
Import Loans	1,867,353	81,466	-	-
Corporation Loans	22,876,217	3,034,533	710,335	-
Consumer Loans	6,603,831	225,107	3,883	-
Credit Cards	746,845	46,666	16,975	-
Loans given to financial sector	5,314,217	-	-	-
Other	3,455,980	145,249	521	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>	<b>5,432</b>	<b>110,414</b>	<b>807</b>	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>40,896,747</b>	<b>3,643,941</b>	<b>732,523</b>	-

Information on standart loans and loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring regarding provision:

Current Period (*)	Standard Loans	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	387,120	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	1,041,572

(\*) Includes expected credit loss of other financial assets measured at amortized cost amounting TL 363.

Prior Period	Standard Loans	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	444,191	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	655,489

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**1.5.3 Distribution of cash loans and other receivables according to their maturities:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**1.5.4 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards:**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>74,725</b>	<b>6,648,029</b>	<b>6,722,754</b>
Housing Loans	18,746	5,661,042	5,679,788
Vehicle Loans	39,080	695,003	734,083
Consumer Loans	16,273	198,773	215,046
Other	626	93,211	93,837
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>
Housing Loans	-	10	10
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>252,586</b>	<b>252,586</b>
Housing Loans	-	209,723	209,723
Vehicle Loans	-	256	256
Consumer Loans	-	35,309	35,309
Other	-	7,298	7,298
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>432,650</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>432,771</b>
With Installment	83,927	121	84,048
Without Installment	348,723	-	348,723
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>670</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>670</b>
With Installment	670	-	670
Without Installment	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>1,244</b>	<b>13,547</b>	<b>14,791</b>
Housing Loans	-	846	846
Vehicle Loans	532	8,876	9,408
Consumer Loans	710	3,825	4,535
Other	2	-	2
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>10,786</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>10,867</b>
With Installment	3,684	81	3,765
Without Installment	7,102	-	7,102
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>520,075</b>	<b>6,914,374</b>	<b>7,434,449</b>

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Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards: (continued)

<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>73,283</b>	<b>6,511,422</b>	<b>6,584,705</b>
Housing Loans	20,865	5,729,170	5,750,035
Vehicle Loans	30,836	480,515	511,351
Consumer Loans	19,859	181,876	201,735
Other	1,723	119,861	121,584
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>38</b>
Housing Loans	-	38	38
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>237,380</b>	<b>237,380</b>
Housing Loans	-	169,628	169,628
Vehicle Loans	-	118	118
Consumer Loans	-	57,746	57,746
Other	-	9,888	9,888
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>345,849</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>345,924</b>
With Installment	66,190	75	66,265
Without Installment	279,659	-	279,659
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>273</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>273</b>
With Installment	273	-	273
Without Installment	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>1,133</b>	<b>9,565</b>	<b>10,698</b>
Housing Loans	-	1,096	1,096
Vehicle Loans	340	4,712	5,052
Consumer Loans	791	3,757	4,548
Other	2	-	2
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>8,779</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>8,849</b>
With Installment	3,306	70	3,376
Without Installment	5,473	-	5,473
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>429,317</b>	<b>6,758,550</b>	<b>7,187,867</b>

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**1.5.5 Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>259,671</b>	<b>4,286,620</b>	<b>4,546,291</b>
Business Loans	33,013	1,100,432	1,133,445
Vehicle Loans	187,192	1,840,140	2,027,332
Consumer Loans	39,466	1,346,048	1,385,514
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>3,581</b>	<b>1,245,345</b>	<b>1,248,926</b>
Business Loans	3,574	268,642	272,216
Vehicle Loans	7	144,461	144,468
Consumer Loans	-	832,242	832,242
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>117,574</b>	<b>1,586,419</b>	<b>1,703,993</b>
Business Loans	70,007	788,677	858,684
Vehicle Loans	47,567	92,256	139,823
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	705,486	705,486
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>563,991</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>563,991</b>
With Installment	182,013	-	182,013
Without Installment	381,978	-	381,978
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>134</b>
With Installment	134	-	134
Without Installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>944,951</b>	<b>7,118,384</b>	<b>8,063,335</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>255,142</b>	<b>4,395,428</b>	<b>4,650,570</b>
Business Loans	19,741	1,226,572	1,246,313
Vehicle Loans	191,863	1,615,884	1,807,747
Consumer Loans	43,538	1,552,971	1,596,509
Other	-	1	1
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>14,884</b>	<b>1,559,774</b>	<b>1,574,658</b>
Business Loans	11,441	372,631	384,072
Vehicle Loans	3,112	245,751	248,863
Consumer Loans	331	941,392	941,723
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>49,128</b>	<b>1,207,390</b>	<b>1,256,518</b>
Business Loans	44,911	832,342	877,253
Vehicle Loans	4,217	111,545	115,762
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	263,503	263,503
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>455,440</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>455,440</b>
With Installment	160,745	-	160,745
Without Installment	294,695	-	294,695
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>774,594</b>	<b>7,162,592</b>	<b>7,937,186</b>

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**1.5.6 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Domestic loans	49,703,024	44,934,188
Foreign loans	359,869	339,023
<b>Total</b>	<b>50,062,893</b>	<b>45,273,211</b>

**1.5.7 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates	196	35
Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>35</b>

**1.5.8 Specific provisions for loans or default (Third Stage) provisions:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	242,656	89,643
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	465,488	243,531
Uncollectible loans and receivables	708,776	508,753
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,416,920</b>	<b>841,927</b>

**1.5.9 Information on non-performing loans (Net):**

**1.5.9.1 Information on Loans and Other Receivables Included in Loans under Follow-Up Account, Which are Restructured or Rescheduled**

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	<b>Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectibility</b>	<b>Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Receivables</b>

**Current Period:**

(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)

Restructured Loans and Receivables

-

54,300

-

**Prior Period:**

(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)

Restructured Loans and Receivables

-

58,870

-

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**1.5.9.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:**

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2018</b>	142,629	310,520	732,691
Additions in the current period (+)	321,489	580,422	145,944
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans(+)	71,801	162,108	241,669
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	162,198	288,946	24,434
Collections in the current period (-)	58,976	87,899	90,268
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	-	<b>8,713</b>	<b>112,652</b>
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)</b>	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	314,745	667,492	892,950
Specific provisions (-)	242,656	465,488	708,776
<b>Net balances on balance sheet</b>	<b>72,089</b>	<b>202,004</b>	<b>184,174</b>

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>			
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2017</b>	<b>158,589</b>	<b>117,234</b>	<b>439,237</b>
Additions in the current period (+)	322,009	271,152	291,716
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	260,125	298,008
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	259,090	299,043	-
Collections in the current period (-)	78,879	38,948	193,128
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	-	-	<b>103,142</b>
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)</b>	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	<b>142,629</b>	<b>310,520</b>	<b>732,691</b>
Specific provisions (-)	89,643	243,531	508,753
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>52,986</b>	<b>66,989</b>	<b>223,938</b>

**1.5.9.3 Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency:**

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
<b>Current period:</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	19,261	34,006	7,053
Provision amount (-)	9,822	17,341	5,260
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>9,439</b>	<b>16,665</b>	<b>1,793</b>
<b>Prior period:</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	19,793	-	6,073
Provision amount (-)	2,547	-	(871)
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>17,246</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,202</b>

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**1.5.9.4** Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups:

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Current period (Net)</b>	<b>72,089</b>	<b>202,004</b>	<b>184,174</b>
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	314,745	667,492	892,950
Specific provision (-)	242,656	465,488	708,776
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>72,089</b>	<b>202,004</b>	<b>184,174</b>
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
<b>Prior period (net) 31.12.2018</b>	<b>52,986</b>	<b>66,989</b>	<b>223,938</b>
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	142,629	310,520	732,691
Specific provision (-)	89,643	243,531	508,753
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>52,986</b>	<b>66,989</b>	<b>223,938</b>
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

**1.5.9.5** Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision:

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability</b>	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables</b>
<b>Current Period (Net)</b>	<b>2,192</b>	<b>6,596</b>	<b>5,514</b>
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	3,378	25,894	22,057
Provision (-)	1,186	19,298	16,543

**1.5.10** Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**1.5.11** Information on the write-off policy:

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**1.6 Information on other financial assets measured at amortised cost:**

**1.6.1 Information on Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Debt Securities</b>	2,669,095	<b>37,156</b>
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	2,669,095	37,156
Not Quoted	-	-
<b>Impairment Provision (-)</b>	363	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,668,732</b>	<b>37,156</b>

**1.6.2 Movements of Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost During The Year**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	37,156	
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	-	-
Purchases During the Year	2,631,939	37,156
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	-	-
Impairment Provision (-)	363	-
<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>2,668,732</b>	<b>37,156</b>

**1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net):**

**1.7.1** The 1.49% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 7,659 (31 December 2018 – TL 4,897), 1.15% ownership of the shares of Islamic International Rating Agency amounting to TL 33 (31 December 2018 – TL 714), and 6.99% ownership of the shares of Neova Sigorta A.Ş. amounting to TL 5,936 (31 December 2018 – TL 5,201), Swift shares amounting to TL 390 (31 December 2018 – TL 390) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa İstanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2018 – TL 15) and VISA Inc. shares amounting to TL 10,895 (31 December 2018 – TL 7,055), 4.55% ownership of the shares of Ulusal Derecelendirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 2,273 (31 December 2018 – None), are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the Bank's ownership in these entities is less than 10% and the Parent Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.

**1.7.2** Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2018 – None).

**1.7.3** Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2018 – None).

**1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net):**

**1.8.1** Although the Parent Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with "Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated. The Bank has reflected its subsidiary at restated cost less any provision for impairment in its financial statements until 31 December 2004.

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**1.8.2 Information on subsidiaries:**

<b>Title</b>	<b>Address (City/Country)</b>	<b>Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)</b>	<b>Bank's risk group share percentage (%)</b>
Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş. (**)	Istanbul/Turkey	99.99%	99.99%
Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	75.00%	97.61%
KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
KT Bank AG (*)	Frankfurt/Germany	100%	100%
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. (***)	İstanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
Architech Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
KT Sukuk Company Limited (***)	George Town/ Cayman Islands		

Information on subsidiaries in the order presented in the above table:

<b>Total assets</b>	<b>Equity</b>	<b>Total fixed assets</b>	<b>Profit share income</b>	<b>Income from marketable securities</b>	<b>Current period profit/loss</b>	<b>Prior period profit/loss</b>	<b>Fair value</b>
28,975	27,162	-	-	-	(234)	(2,829)	-
147,730	145,506	1,639	-	-	(901)	(4,524)	-
120,202	113,100	-	-	-	12,653	1,008	-
5,854,596	270	-	-	-	91	88	-
3,344,114	753,609	8,344	-	-	(5,669)	4,618	-
61,070	19,145	2,041	-	-	3,426	3,818	-
2,072,795	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
8,096	7,615	211			831	(100)	

(\*) As of 30 June 2019, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

(\*\*) These figures are shown per Turkish Commercial Law financial statements as at 30 June 2019.

(\*\*\*) KT Sukuk Company Limited is established in Cayman Islands on 31 July 2015, for the need of a second subordinated loan at the Bank. According to relevant article of TFRS 10, it is described as a subsidiary.

**Movement regarding the subsidiaries**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Balance at the beginning of the year	<b>23,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>
Movements during the year	-	-
Purchases (*)	13,900	-
Transfers from subsidiaries	-	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase (**)	-	-
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>37,580</b>	<b>23,680</b>
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	-

(\*) Represents the payment of TL 13,900 to Architech Information Systems and Marketing Co. (Subsidiary).

(\*\*) It expresses reversal of impairment loss.

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Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	445,754	445,754
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	53,516	53,516
Subsidiaries that are quoted on the stock exchange		
	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	53,416	53,416
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>53,416</b>	<b>53,416</b>

**1.8.3 Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries:**

The shareholder's equity of KT Parent Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of June 30, 2019 is EUR 83,177,916 and the capital adequacy ratio is %24.93.

**1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)**

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*) (**)	50%	2,049,114	64,694	11,598	14,146	6,795

(\*) These figures are shown per Turkish Trade Law financial statements as of 30 June 2019.

(\*\*) In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by İstanbul Ticaret Sicil Müdürlüğü.

**1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)**

**1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	1,150,067	811,554	1,674,227	1,307,276
1 to 4 years	1,508,216	1,393,498	910,320	854,221
More than 4 years	382,290	372,695	297,345	289,202
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,040,573</b>	<b>2,577,747</b>	<b>2,881,892</b>	<b>2,450,699</b>

**1.10.2 Net investments in finance leases:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases	3,040,573	2,881,892
Unearned finance lease income (-)	(462,826)	(431,193)
Unearned finance lease income (-)	-	-
<b>Net receivable from finance leases</b>	<b>2,577,747</b>	<b>2,450,699</b>

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**1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts:**

The Parent Bank determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Bank gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfill its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the Bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 43,940 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2018 – TL 9,493).

**1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes:** None (31 December 2018 – None).

**1.12 Information on deferred tax asset**

As of 30 June 2019, deferred tax is offset as TL 410,878 in the balance sheet. In accordance with the related regulations deferred tax asset calculated as of 30 June 2019 is TL 427,898 (31 December 2018 – TL 396,139) and deferred tax liability is TL 17,020 (31 December 2018 – TL 15,456 TL).

	Current period	Prior period
Reserve for employee benefits	26,809	31,297
Retirement pay liability	20,114	17,412
Deferred income	57,416	55,507
Impairment provision for subsidiaries, fixed assets and assets held for sale	3,653	-
Rediscounts for derivative instruments held for trading (net)	26,635	30,080
TFRS 9 Provisions	221,992	192,935
Precious metals valuation difference	1,239	2,031
Transferred financial losses	36,002	34,043
Other	34,038	32,834
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>427,898</b>	<b>396,139</b>
The difference between the registered value of tangible assets and tax value	(7,520)	(7,293)
Revaluation difference of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(5,952)	(3,691)
Other	(3,548)	(4,472)
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>	<b>(17,020)</b>	<b>(15,456)</b>
<b>Deferred tax asset, (net)</b>	<b>410,878</b>	<b>380,683</b>

Table of deferred tax asset movement:

	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
As of January 1	380,683	138,710
Deferred tax (expense)/income	32,772	19,479
Deferred tax accounted under other comprehensive income	(2,577)	26,557
TFRS 9 opening effect	-	(8,986)
Other		4,446
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>410,878</b>	<b>180,206</b>

**1.13 Information on other assets:**

As of balance sheet date, the Group's other assets amount to TL 1,298,491 (31 December 2018 – TL 2,890,428). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

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**SECTION FIVE**

**2. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities**

**2.1 Information on funds collected**

**2.1.1 Information on maturity structure of funds collected:**

Current period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>5,402,154</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>5,402,154</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL</b>	-	<b>5,618,361</b>	<b>8,293,403</b>	<b>470,555</b>	-	<b>285,475</b>	<b>302,424</b>	<b>19,336</b>	<b>14,989,554</b>
<b>III. Other current accounts-TL</b>	<b>2,857,605</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>2,857,605</b>
Public sector	96,460	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96,460
Commercial sector	2,728,148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,728,148
Other institutions	24,243	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,243
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	<b>8,754</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>8,754</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	8,585	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,585
Participation banks	169	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	169
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>426,749</b>	<b>860,227</b>	<b>86,014</b>	-	<b>309,659</b>	<b>70,433</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,753,083</b>
Public sector	-	187	249	-	-	1,596	-	-	2,032
Commercial sector	-	384,930	790,807	76,082	-	296,591	69,725	1	1,618,136
Other institutions	-	41,460	68,228	9,877	-	11,431	478	-	131,474
Commercial and other institutions	-	172	926	55	-	41	230	-	1,424
Banks and participation banks	-	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	17
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>12,199,458</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>12,199,458</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>5,350,419</b>	<b>8,983,160</b>	<b>1,231,353</b>	-	<b>1,336,369</b>	<b>1,033,594</b>	<b>1,688</b>	<b>17,936,583</b>
<b>VII. Other current accounts-FC</b>	<b>5,684,729</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>5,684,729</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	4,497,396	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,497,396
Commercial residents in Abroad	891,684	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	891,684
Banks and participation banks	<b>295,649</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>295,649</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	295,533	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	295,533
Participation banks	116	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	<b>506,071</b>	<b>3,453,415</b>	<b>191,332</b>	-	<b>165,971</b>	<b>107,020</b>	-	<b>4,423,809</b>
Public sector	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Commercial sector	-	477,243	3,023,832	186,863	-	157,148	106,934	-	3,952,020
Other institutions	-	17,923	357,249	3,816	-	8,810	-	-	387,798
Commercial and other institutions	-	10,877	65,043	653	-	13	-	-	76,586
Banks and participation banks	-	7	7,291	-	-	-	86	-	7,384
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>3,071,763</b>	<b>1,558,491</b>	<b>1,434,627</b>	<b>143,925</b>	-	<b>70,890</b>	<b>3,184</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>6,282,924</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>29,215,709</b>	<b>13,460,091</b>	<b>23,024,832</b>	<b>2,123,179</b>	-	<b>2,168,364</b>	<b>1,516,655</b>	<b>21,069</b>	<b>71,529,899</b>

There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Group.

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Prior period	Demand	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>4,753,832</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>4,753,832</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>4,802,842</b>	<b>7,316,485</b>	<b>424,115</b>	-	<b>229,178</b>	<b>266,378</b>	<b>17,002</b>	<b>13,056,000</b>
<b>III. Other current accounts-TL</b>	<b>3,088,382</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>3,088,382</b>
Public sector	186,809	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	186,809
Commercial sector	2,847,456	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,847,456
Other institutions	46,276	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,276
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	7,841	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,841
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	7,708	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,708
Participation banks	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>423,645</b>	<b>761,309</b>	<b>112,589</b>	-	<b>246,581</b>	<b>74,182</b>	-	<b>1,618,306</b>
Public sector	-	146	2,285	-	-	1,388	-	-	3,819
Commercial sector	-	380,225	698,953	102,196	-	233,421	72,119	-	1,486,914
Other institutions	-	43,258	60,055	10,342	-	11,763	1,859	-	127,277
Commercial and other institutions	-	16	-	51	-	8	204	-	279
Banks and participation banks	-	-	16	-	-	1	-	-	17
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>8,316,910</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>8,316,910</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>3,932,410</b>	<b>6,126,127</b>	<b>1,066,450</b>	-	<b>699,639</b>	<b>467,103</b>	<b>993</b>	<b>12,292,722</b>
<b>VII. Other current accounts-FC</b>	<b>3,986,544</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>3,986,544</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	3,254,669	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,254,669
Commercial residents in Abroad	635,513	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	635,513
Banks and participation banks	96,362	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96,362
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	96,257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96,257
Participation banks	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	<b>443,390</b>	<b>2,185,823</b>	<b>237,578</b>	-	<b>86,543</b>	<b>73,106</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>3,026,803</b>
Public sector	-	39	3	-	-	-	-	-	42
Commercial sector	-	409,203	2,018,221	232,632	-	86,417	73,020	363	2,819,856
Other institutions	-	16,693	68,699	106	-	103	-	-	85,601
Commercial and other institutions	-	17,448	71,143	4,840	-	23	-	-	93,454
Banks and participation banks	-	7	27,757	-	-	-	86	-	27,850
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>2,588,233</b>	<b>1,020,239</b>	<b>1,205,711</b>	<b>212,397</b>	-	<b>61,746</b>	<b>2,174</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>5,090,519</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>22,733,901</b>	<b>10,622,526</b>	<b>17,595,455</b>	<b>2,053,129</b>	-	<b>1,323,687</b>	<b>882,943</b>	<b>18,377</b>	<b>55,230,018</b>

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**2.1.2** Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund:

**2.1.2.1** Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund:

	Under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance		Exceeding the limit of saving Deposit	
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Real persons current and profit sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities				
TL accounts	12,141,081	10,848,810	8,099,909	6,836,543
FC accounts	11,725,146	8,572,475	22,659,311	15,911,931
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions' under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 100 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

**2.1.2.2** If the headquarters of the Parent Bank is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained:

The headquarters of the Parent Bank is in Turkey.

**2.1.2.3** Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund:

The Parent Bank has no current or profit sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first degree relatives.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' profit sharing accounts and other accounts	-	-
Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	8,532	5,677
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Turkey in order to engage in off-shore banking activities solely	-	-

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**2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading:**

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	13,939	2,359	20,764	1,362
Swap transactions	1,402	66,472	281	41,404
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,341</b>	<b>68,831</b>	<b>21,045</b>	<b>42,766</b>

**2.3. Information on funds borrowed:**

**2.3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	121,421	257,035	93,394	315,352
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	1,285,036	-	1,586,550
<b>Total</b>	<b>121,421</b>	<b>1,542,071</b>	<b>93,394</b>	<b>1,901,902</b>

**2.3.2 Information on maturity structure of borrowings:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	121,421	1,421,217	93,394	1,753,713
Medium and Long-Term	-	120,854	-	148,189
<b>Total</b>	<b>121,421</b>	<b>1,542,071</b>	<b>93,394</b>	<b>1,901,902</b>

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**2.3.3 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Parent Bank's major liabilities:**

There is no risk concentration of the Parent Bank's current and profit sharing accounts.

**2.4. Information on securities issued**

The Group has issued sukuks, detailed below. The average return on securities issued is 21% for Turkish Lira, 5% for USD and 6% for Malaysian Ringgit. The maturity of sukuk issued in Turkish Lira is between January 2019 and May 2019; Maturity of sukuk issued in US dollars is between June 2019 - November 2021 and maturities issued in Malaysian Ringgit are between March 2020 and July 2020.

Current Period	TL		FC	
	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	1,645,161	-	-	3,992,741
Remaining Income Distribution	108,907	-	-	446,248
Book Value	1,707,185	-	-	3,942,831

Perior Period	TL		FC	
	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	1,229,428	345,000	-	6,115,734
Remaining Income Distribution	100,514	-	-	574,318
Book Value	1,287,131	347,803	-	6,157,936

**2.5 Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables:**

As of 30 June 2019, other liabilities amount to TL 442,192 (31 December 2018 – TL 1,075,824), sundry creditors amount to TL 328,948 (31 December 2018 - TL 261,894), both of them do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

**2.6 Information on finance lease payables (net):**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	120,246	76,793	-	-
1 to 4 years	230,459	136,686	-	-
More than 4 years	116,267	79,916	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>466,972</b>	<b>293,395</b>	-	-

The Participation Bank used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit at 1 January 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 1 January 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee will use a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

**2.7 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedge	-	-	-	-
Cash flow hedge	-	130,745	-	106,352
Hedge of net investment in foreign operations	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>130,745</b>	-	<b>106,352</b>

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**2.8 Information on provisions:**

**2.8.1** Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans: As of 30 June 2019, effect of decrease in exchange rates on foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 11,031 (31 December 2018 – TL 4,654) and TL 492 for leasing receivables (31 December 2018 – TL 1,266) is offset against loans and receivables.

**2.8.2** Information on other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non Cash Loans That Are Not Converted Into Cash	284,008	240,372
Special Provisions for non-cash loans	73,541	145,911
General Provisions for non-cash loans	158,468	129,152
Provision for Profits will be Allocated to Participation Accounts	1,998	1,778
Other (*)	63,376	54,231
<b>Total</b>	<b>581,391</b>	<b>571,444</b>

(\*) The other part of the main period amounting to TL 17,565 (December 31, 2018 - TL 13,780) is TL 4,330 (31 December 2018 - TL 6,500) for the expense of TL 36,118 (31 December 2018 - TL 29,761) is the amount for impairment loss.

**2.8.3** Information on provisions for employee benefits:

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 101,287 (31 December 2018 – TL 86,818), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 17,599 (31 December 2018 – TL 585), performance premium amounting to TL 47,680 (31 December 2018 – TL 86,617), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 48,485 (31 December 2018 – TL 44,014), committee fee amounting to TL 7,906 (31 December 2018 – TL 10,869) and other fees amounting to TL 190 (31 December 2018 – TL 175).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Parent Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 6,017.60 (full amount) (31 December 2017 – TL 5,434.42 for each year of service. The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	16.30	16.30
Inflation rate (%)	12.00	12.00
Salary increase rate (%)	25.00	13.00

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	86,818	84,286
Provisions recognized during the period	18,526	23,455
Paid during the period	(4,057)	(7,272)
Actuarial loss	-	(13,651)
<b>Balances at the end of the period</b>	<b>101,287</b>	<b>86,818</b>

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**2.9 Explanations on tax liability:**

**2.9.1 Explanations on current tax liability:**

**2.9.1.1** Information on tax provisions: As of 30 June 2019, the Group has current tax liability after deducting temporary taxes paid during the period from the provision for corporate income tax amounting to TL 133.974.

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Provision for corporate income tax	176,820	456,489
Prepaid taxes	(42,846)	(278,837)
<b>Total (*)</b>	<b>133,974</b>	<b>177,652</b>

(\*) Related amount is presented in the current tax liability line, under liabilities.

**2.9.1.2** Information on taxes payable:

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Taxation of marketable securities	47,408	21,252
Taxation of immovable property	1,885	1,569
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	28,650	32,461
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	4,067	-
Value Added Tax Payable	1,163	1,904
Income tax deducted from wages	10,723	9,675
Other	1,202	1,131
<b>Total</b>	<b>95,098</b>	<b>67,992</b>

**2.9.1.3** Information on premiums (\*):

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Social Security Premiums-Employee	14,389	5,640
Social Security Premiums-Employer	15,501	6,075
Unemployment insurance-Employee	1,030	404
Unemployment insurance-Employer	2,408	952
<b>Total</b>	<b>33,328</b>	<b>13,071</b>

(\*) Included in sundry creditors line item on the balance sheet.

**2.9.1.4** Information on deferred tax liability: None (31 December 2018 - None).

**2.10 Information on payables related to assets held for sale:**

None (31 December 2018 – None).

**2.11 Information on subordinated loans:**

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**2.12 Information on shareholders' equity:**

**2.12.1 Presentation of paid-in capital:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common shares	4,000,000	3,500,000
Preference shares	-	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(4,234)	(2,678)
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,995,766</b>	<b>3,497,322</b>

(\*) It represents the Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

**2.12.2** Amount of Paid-in Capital, Disclosure on whether the Bank Applies the Registered Share Capital System, and, if so, the Ceiling Amount of the Registered Share Capital: Registered capital system is not applied in the Bank.

**2.12.3** Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period:

None.

**2.12.4** Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period:

**2.12.5** Possible effect of estimations made for the Group's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties:

Based on the evaluation made considering the Group's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

**2.11.6** Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital:

None (31 December 2018- None).

**2.12.7** Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference (*)	(17,233)	(96,593)	(37,105)	(51,432)
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>(17,233)</b>	<b>(96,593)</b>	<b>(37,105)</b>	<b>(51,432)</b>

(\*) Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet.

**2.13 Information on minority shares:**

30 June 2019 TL 25,416 (31 December 2018 – TL 25,112).

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**3. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments**

**3.1. Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts:**

**3.1.1** Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments: Commitment for credit card limits, as of 30 June 2019 amounts to TL 2,283,948 (31 December 2018 – TL 1,858,018); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 1,428,184 (31 December 2018 – TL 1,136,474).

**3.1.2** Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items:

**3.1.2.1** Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits:

As of 30 June 2019, the Group has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 10,727,750 (31 December 2018 – TL 10,391,279) of letters of guarantee; TL 62,687 (31 December 2018 – TL 74,098) of acceptances and TL 1,291,023 (31 December 2018 – TL 1,079,876) of letters of credit. Also, Parent Bank has other acceptances amounting to TL 373,024 (31 December 2018 – TL 329,036).

**3.1.2.2** Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies: There are no other than those explained in 3.1.2.1

**3.1.3** Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	-	-
With original maturity of 1 year or less	-	-
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	12,455,504	11,876,080
<b>Total</b>	<b>12,455,504</b>	<b>11,876,080</b>

**4. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of income**

**4.1 Information on profit share income:**

**4.1.1** Information on profit share received from loans:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
<b>Profit share on loans</b>	<b>2,665,658</b>	<b>372,025</b>	<b>2,068,642</b>	<b>168,941</b>
Short term loans	820,242	89,918	545,825	32,186
Medium and long term loans	1,832,332	282,107	1,515,588	136,755
Profit share on non-performing loans	13,084	-	7,229	-
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-

**4.1.2** Information on profit share received from banks:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	149	-	-	-
Foreign Banks	12,068	106,936	8	46,931
Branches and head office abroad	-	684	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>12,217</b>	<b>107,620</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>46,931</b>

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**4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio:**

The Group has received TL 327,857 of profit share income from rent certificates (sukuk) which is given the details in information of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (1 January – 30 June 2018 - TL 158,671).

**4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries:**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	37	-

**4.2 Information on profit share expenses:**

**4.2.1 Information on profit share given to loans used:**

	<b>Current period</b>		<b>Prior period</b>	
	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>
Banks	6,372	15,239	4,555	15,477
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	6,372	5,499	1,659	4,594
Foreign banks	-	9,740	2,896	10,883
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	-	94,182	-	92,003
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,372</b>	<b>109,421</b>	<b>4,555</b>	<b>107,480</b>

**4.2.2 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Profit share expenses given to associates and subsidiaries	339	539

**4.2.3 Profit share expense paid to securities issued:**

30 June 2019 – TL 370,604 (1 January - 30 June 2018: 223,734).

**4.3 Information on dividend income:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

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**4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds:**

Current period		Profit Sharing Accounts						
Account name	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 month	Up to 6 month	Up to 9 month	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	408,764	637,007	37,391	-	20,199	23,152	1,419	1,127,932
Public sector profit sharing account	12	93	-	-	2	-	-	107
Commercial sector profit sharing account	30,634	65,190	8,213	-	1,211	890	-	106,138
Other institutions profit sharing account	4,082	5,586	842	-	326	116	-	10,952
Total	443,492	707,876	46,446	-	21,738	24,158	1,419	1,245,129
FC								
Banks	60	1,324	-	-	-	-	-	1,384
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	60,405	108,344	15,575	-	9,124	7,636	32	201,116
Public sector profit sharing account	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	14
Commercial sector profit sharing account	5,598	39,835	2,006	-	138	134	-	47,711
Other institutions profit sharing account	460	6,893	38	-	10	-	-	7,401
Precious metal accounts	8,633	8,730	1,069	-	459	-	-	18,891
Total	75,156	165,140	18,688	-	9,731	7,770	32	276,517
Grand Total	518,648	873,016	65,134	-	31,469	31,928	1,451	1,521,646

Prior period		Profit Sharing Accounts						
Account name	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 month	Up to 6 month	Up to 9 month	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	196,524	318,435	21,932	-	11,758	11,189	-	559,838
Public sector profit sharing account	648	1,567	-	-	-	-	-	2,215
Commercial sector profit sharing account	19,963	47,322	8,441	-	715	578	-	77,019
Other institutions profit sharing account	1,995	4,886	588	-	205	101	-	7,775
Total	219,130	372,211	30,961	-	12,678	11,868	-	646,848
FC								
Banks	8	124	-	-	-	-	-	132
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	28,044	52,712	11,236	-	5,550	3,136	-	100,678
Public sector profit sharing account.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial sector profit sharing account	3,747	17,800	3,070	-	2,131	53	-	26,801
Other institutions profit sharing account	900	2,614	381	-	12	-	-	3,907
Precious metal accounts	2,197	6,933	603	-	342	-	-	10,075
Total	34,896	80,183	15,290	-	8,035	3,189	-	141,593
Grand Total	254,026	452,394	46,251	-	20,713	15,057	-	788,441

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**4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net):**

	Current period	Prior period
<b>Net</b>	<b>606,180</b>	<b>139,040</b>
<b>Income</b>	<b>22,306,857</b>	<b>10,646,629</b>
Gain on capital market transactions	28,063	8,309
Gain on derivative financial instruments	1,065,981	1,033,113
Foreign exchange profit	21,212,813	9,605,207
<b>Losses (-)</b>	<b>(21,700,677)</b>	<b>(10,507,589)</b>
Losses on capital market transactions	(8,748)	(5,327)
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(908,292)	(738,049)
Foreign exchange losses	(20,783,637)	(9,764,213)

**4.6 Information on other operating income:**

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Group.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reversal of prior period provisions	494,562	180,398
Income from sale of assets	23,348	11,963
Revenues from real estates sold under the lease certificate.	-	13,463
Income from the real estate sales' gains by rent certificates	1,465	1,296
Other Income	17,312	12,068
<b>Total</b>	<b>536,687</b>	<b>219,188</b>

**4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank:**

	Current Period(*)	Prior Period
<b>Expected Credit Loss</b>	<b>1,375,412</b>	<b>563,801</b>
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	20,994	45,970
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	409,060	121,550
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	945,358	396,281
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	956	1,486
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	956	1,478
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	1,375,412	8
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (**)	35,482	10,756
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,411,850</b>	<b>576,043</b>

(\*)Includes the provisions in the "Other Provision Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

(\*\*)Includes free provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation. ¶

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**4.8 Information on other operating expenses:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Personnel expenses	538,932	405,916
Provision for retirement pay liability	14,469	13,795
Depreciation expenses of fixed assets	89,822	31,253
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	13,463
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	24,351	16,966
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Other operating expenses	<b>154,563</b>	<b>173,562</b>
Rent expenses	5,562	64,552
Maintenance expenses	28,675	17,891
Advertisement expenses	19,215	15,372
Communication expenses	24,584	18,751
Heating, electricity and water expenses	11,931	7,464
Cleaning expenses	3,759	3,149
Vehicle expenses	4,606	3,793
Stationery expenses	4,477	3,732
Other expenses	51,754	38,858
Losses on sales of assets	218	927
Deposit insurance fund expenses	63,676	47,762
Other	87,543	58,295
<b>Total</b>	<b>973,574</b>	<b>761,939</b>

(\*)Includes the provisions in the "Personnel Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

**4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations:**

Current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL (176,820) (1 January-30 June 2018 - TL 144,718), deferred tax expense of TL 203,711 (1 January-30 June 2018 - TL 25,553) and TL 236,483 (1 January-30 June 2018 - TL 45,032) deferred tax income is recognized.

**4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations:**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**4.12 Information on net income/loss:**

**4.12.1** The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period: As of 30 June 2019, net profit share income is TL 1,669,785 (1 January-30 June 2018 - TL 1,451,066 net fees and commission income is TL 240,721 (1 January-30 June 2018 - TL 176,394).

**4.12.2** Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods:

None (1 January - 30 June 2018 - None).

**4.12.3 Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit / (Loss) of Minority Shares	304	820

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**4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statement:**

As of 30 June 2019, other fees and commissions received is TL 304,192 (1 January - 30 June 2018 – TL 191,873), TL 96,613 of this amount is related with credit card fees and commissions (1 January - 30 June 2018 – TL 47,019) and TL 74,351 of this amount is related with POS machine commissions (1 January - 30 June 2018 – TL 36,043).

As of 30 June 2019, other fees and commissions given is TL 146,291 (1 January - 30 June 2018 – TL 84,299), TL 88,267 (1 January - 30 June 2018 – TL 40,401) of this amount is related with POS clearing commissions and installation expenses, TL 11,405 (1 January - 30 June 2018 – TL 7,751) of this amount is related with fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

**5. Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**6. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

**7. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Parent Bank:**

**7.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Parent Bank, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period:**

Current period:

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	35	13,666	1,034	398	204,988	520
Balance at end of period	196	18,948	1,624	2,242	101,591	309
Profit share and commission income	-	37	28	12	3,131	1

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

Prior period:

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	19	447	1,030	786	150,924	917
Balance at end of period	35	13,666	1,034	398	204,988	520
Profit share and commission income	-	79	50	6	6,920	2

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

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**7.1.2 Information on current and profit sharing accounts of the Parent Bank's risk group:**

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Current period	Current period	Current Period	Current period	Current period
Current and profit sharing accounts						
Balance at beginning of period	34,808	30,010	35,032	60,187	255,239	417,813
Balance at end of period	80,105	34,808	46,680	35,032	343,543	255,239
Profit share expense	339	539	983	2,387	3,671	11,590

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 541

**7.1.3 Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Parent Bank:**

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Current period	Current period	Current Period	Current period	Current period
<b>Transactions at Fair Value through Profit or Loss</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	287,483	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	133,384	287,483	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	1	-	-	-
<b>Hedging Transactions</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-

**7.1.4 Information on loans received from the Parent Bank's risk group:**

Risk group of the Bank	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Borrowings						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	802,108	2,175,759	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	889,998	802,108	-	-
Profit share expense	-	-	25,335	40,283	-	-

**7.2 Information on remunerations provided to top management:**

As of 1 January - 30 June 2019, the Bank has paid TL 34,437 to top management (1 January - 30 June 2018- TL 25,915).

**8. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date**

On 16 July 2019, the Bank has issued lease certificate (sukuk) on KT One Company Ltd, amounting to US \$ 200 million, which can be subject to additional capital in accordance with Regulation on the Equity of Banks with an expected annual income of 9.13%, with repurchase option 5 years later.

Bank, KT Leasing Certificates Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 210,000 thousand on 2 July 2019 and a maturity of 100 days with a cost of 21.11%

Bank, KT Leasing Certificates Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. issued sukuk on July 9, 2019 with a nominal value of TL 230,000 thousand and a maturity of 101 days with a cost of 19.97%.

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**SECTION SIX**

**OTHER EXPLANATIONS**

1. **Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet :** None.

**SECTION SEVEN**

**LIMITED REVIEW REPORT**

1. **Explanations on the limited review report:**

The consolidated financial statements have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 8 August 2019 is presented preceding the financial statements.

2. **Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor:** None.

**SECTION EIGHT**

**CONSOLIDATED INTERIM REPORT**

1. **Explanations on interim consolidated annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager**

**1.1 About Kuveyt Türk**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by The Public Institution For Social Security in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

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**1.2 Financial Informations Summary:**

<b>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET</b>	<b>30 June 2019</b>	<b>31 December 2018</b>
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	12,520,188	10,611,921
BANKS	5,233,036	6,896,927
LOANS	51,938,080	46,459,051
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	2,577,747	2,450,699
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	740,742	457,187
OTHER ASSETS	16,086,128	8,137,201
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>89,095,921</b>	<b>75,012,986</b>
FUND COLLECTED	71,529,899	55,230,018
FUNDS BORROWED	1,663,492	1,995,296
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	5,650,016	7,792,870
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	293,395	-
SUBORDINATED LOANS	2,072,793	1,901,210
OTHER LIABILITIES	1,924,569	2,674,058
EQUITY	5,961,757	5,419,534
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>89,095,921</b>	<b>75,012,986</b>
<b>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS</b>	<b>30 June 2019</b>	<b>30 June 2018</b>
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	3,709,235	2,602,607
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	2,039,450	1,151,541
NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	1,669,785	1,451,066
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	240,721	176,394
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	553,401	419,711
DIVIDEND INCOME	19,584	1,227
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	606,180	139,040
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	536,687	219,188
EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	1,375,412	563,801
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	36,438	12,242
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX	420,173	342,228
PROFIT / LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING	7,364	3,397
TAX CHARGE	694,897	652,330
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(144,048)	(125,239)
<b>CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSSES</b>	<b>550,849</b>	<b>527,091</b>

	<b>30 June 2019</b>	<b>31 December 2018</b>
Total Loans/Total Assets*	61.19%	65.20%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	76.21%	88.56%
Average Equity Profit **	38.72%	16.14%
Average Assets Profit **	2.69%	1.22%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	16.28%	17.22%

\* Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

\*\*Related ratios calculated by included in interim periods' profit amounts to year-end balances.

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**1.3 Message from the Chairman**

The developments closely followed by the financial markets in the second quarter of 2019 were the ongoing trade negotiations between the US and China, the results of the Brexit referendum, and upward movements in oil prices as a result of the tension between the US and Iran. Due to the increasing geopolitical tensions and the trade war towards the end of the second quarter, the talks between the leaders at the G20 summit in Japan at the end of June were closely monitored by global markets. At the summit, it was noted that the leaders reached an agreement to continue the trade negotiations.

In the April “World Economic Outlook” Report, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) foresees that global economic activity will recover gradually in the second half of the year after moderately slowing in the first half of 2019 and revised the global growth forecast for 2019 down 0.2 percentage points to 3.3 percent and kept its 2020 forecast at 3.6 percent. IMF, expects recovery for Turkey with growth of domestic demand in the medium term, the rise was 3.5 per cent in 2020 also expects a positive return. Authority, Turkey 2.5 percent contraction of the economy in 2019, expects growth of 2.5 percent in 2020.

In the second quarter of 2019, leading indicators that economic activity has slowed down, especially in Europe and China, continued to point out that global economic growth will slow down. In addition, the adoption of Brexit in the UK parliamentary vote in June did not provide the final clarity of the Brexit process, and uncertainty continues, particularly in the European economy. On the other hand, the US economy registered a growth rate of 3.2 percent year-on-year in the first quarter of the year due to the positive performance in foreign trade.

The Fed and the European Central Bank remained unchanged in their current policies in the second quarter of the year, maintaining their verbal guidance that interest rates will remain the same throughout 2019.

Turkey’s economic growth in the first quarter of 2019 increased 1.3 percent compared to the previous quarter. Thus, Turkey’s economy has emerged from technical recession. The annual inflation rate, which peaked at 25.24 percent in October last year, declined sharply from 18.71 percent to 15.72 percent in June. This significant 3-point decrease in the inflation rate indicated a rapid start to the expected disinflation process. The normalization in financial markets is expected to be more concrete in economic indicators in the second half of 2019 as well. Perception of stability in terms of Turkey’s economy will show in reaching their target YEP will be an important anchor.

The strong capital structure of the banking sector, which is one of the most important sectors of the Turkish economy, reduces the vulnerability to economic fluctuations. In the first five months of 2019, banking sector assets grew by 10.4 percent compared to the end of 2018, while the funds extended increased by 7 percent to TL 2,801 billion. It is noteworthy that the recovery in the demand for financing, which has been decreasing since September of last year, has started. In the same period, participation banks continued to grow in order to reinforce their position in the sector and increased their total assets by 17.8 percent and funds extended by 13.3 percent. With the recovery in the economy in the upcoming period, the increase in the banking sector financing volume is expected to accelerate especially due to the recovery in commercial finance demand.

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**1.4 Message from the General Manager**

In the first half of 2019, as well as global developments, the Turkey-US relations, and the completion of the CBT's recent decision has been observed to be effective in Turkey's domestic sector. In the overall downward trend since May, Turkey has completed the 5-year CDS premiums 384.5't the lowest level in three months to June. At the G20 summit after easing concerns about relations with the US it has been observed to improve the risk perception towards Turkey. In addition, economic data from the New Economic Program (NEP) shows that within the framework of Turkey's economy has entered a recovery process.

Celebrating its 30th anniversary, Kuveyt Türk continued to grow steadily by increasing its profitability in the first half of 2019 and increased its net profit by 25.5 percent to TL 601 million compared to the same period of the previous year. Kuveyt Türk's total funds collected increased by 28.2 percent to TL 69.1 billion compared to the end of 2018, while the amount of funds extended increased by 10.6 percent to TL 52.9 billion. Kuveyt Türk, which increased its equity capital to TL 6 billion and its asset size to TL 87 billion, maintained its leading position among participation banks in terms of asset size.

Kuveyt Türk continued its efforts to support the real economy and sustainability of its operating activities with its products and services developed in line with participation banking principles. In 2019, Kuveyt Türk entered the Export Support Package, which will be valid for export-contracted transactions to support exports and increase foreign exchange inflow to the country. In addition, in order to contribute to the 2019 targets of the tourism sector, it has created a privileged package for tourism enterprises before the start of the summer season, which is called the high season. In this context, the tourism sector began to offer paid tourism financing and flexible payment credit card services. In addition, with the Online Supplier Finance product, a first in the participation banking field, suppliers were provided with the opportunity to collect before the invoice term and flexible payment facility to the buyer. Thus, both parties were able to regulate their cash flows and continue their operations in a stable manner without being in a difficult situation.

Kuwait's many firsts in the Turkish banking gold, the Shanghai Gold Exchange accepted from Turkey has taken an important achievement as the first institution of its signature. Kuveyt Türk, one of the 74 international members of the Shanghai Gold Exchange, aims to increase the volume of its international transactions, which constitute 20 percent of its annual gold transaction volume, to a higher level with this membership.

In 2018, Kuveyt Türk issued 27 sukuk issuances totaling TL 5.1 billion with an increase of approximately 120 percent compared to the previous year and reached TL 2.6 billion in the first 5 months of 2019. Kuveyt Türk increases its diversity of resources through issuance of lease certificates in the domestic and foreign capital markets. In addition to its exports, Kuveyt Türk attaches importance to secondary market transactions in order to deepen the market.

With its mobile application TradePlus, Kuveyt Türk is able to monitor all investment products such as mutual funds, stocks, foreign exchange, gold, silver easily and make transactions at instant prices within the framework of 24-hour international interest-free finance principles every weekday. - sales orders.

Kuveyt Türk continued to add new awards to its international awards and received two awards at the IFN Awards organized by Islamic Finance News, one of the leading publications in the financial markets. Together with its main partner KFH (Kuwait Finance House), the 15 Project and Infrastructure Financing of the Year "award was awarded to Turkcell Superonline with the financing of the 1915 Çanakkale Bridge with a participation of € 200 million, which corresponds to 8.8 percent of its total financing. also the first corporate sukuk issuance "Deal of the Year in Turkey" took the prize. In addition, the Great Place to Work, organized by the Institute and one of the world's most prestigious organization in the field of human resources "Turkey's Best Employers 2019" also awarded with several awards in two categories, the Bank this year as it was last year "2000+ Employees" category "Turkey's best Employers" and "best Employer of Finance" was awarded the prize.

Kuveyt Turk, with it's strong capital and liquidity position, high asset quality, dynamic approach to corporate governance, continuous improvement focused on customer service model, ongoing investment in technology, accelerate the digital transformation efforts and overseas expansion by leading companies in the participation banking sector in Turkey in the coming period aims to continue to be.

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**1.5 Financial Position, Performance and Assessment of the Prospects for the Future**

As of 30 June 2019, consolidated financial statements asset size is TL 89 million 095 thousand, amount of the utilization of funds is TL 54 million 515 thousand and funds collected amount is TL 71 million 529 thousand. Due to the effect of the first six months' profit of TL 551 thousand, the ratio of shareholder equity increased 4,51% by reaching TL 5 million 961 thousand. As of 30 June 2019, consolidated capital adequacy ratio has been realized as 16,28%.

The expectations for growth and profitability will continue in the development line.

**1.6 Announcement regarding important developments during the period**

The Group has issued sukuk with a total nominal value of TL 1,756,000 thousand with seven separate transactions over KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. with a minimum 19.73% and maximum 22.69% cost in different maturity periods.

At the ordinary general assembly meeting registered on April 3, 2019, the Parent Bank's first legal reserve amounting to TL 43,491, TL 71,861 of real estate profit obtained from the sale of real estate was not distributed, transferred to other reserves, no dividend payment was made to shareholders, TL 6,546 was paid to the management and the remaining TL 499,681 was paid. to support the research and development activities numbered 5746, to allocate the second legal reserve fund amounting to TL 655 and to allocate the remaining TL 247,261 as extraordinary reserve. In accordance with Article 3, TL 319 for the development activities has been decided not to be distributed to other reserves.

The Group has signed a contract with KFH Capital Investment Company on 5 October 2017 for the transfer of 50% shares of KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. It was decided that the transferred 50% shares would be repaid at the same price on 27 January 2019 and a contract was signed on 27 March 2019 with KFH Capital Investment Company. The transfer was completed on 2 April 2019.

**1.7 Assessment of the expectations related to the subsequent interim period**

The Parent Bank continues to open new branches after the subsequent interim. The number of branches is planned to reach 430 by the end of 2019.