

# KUVEYT TRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş.

## Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes for The Period Ended 1 January-31 March 2023 with Independent Auditor's Review Report

*(Convenience translation of consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's report  
originally issued in Turkish)*

*(Convenience translation of the auditor's report originally issued in Turkish)*

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**To the Board of Directors of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.**

### ***Introduction***

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Group") at March 31, 2023 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the three-month-period then ended. The Group Management is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated of interim financial statements in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

### ***Scope of Review***

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

### ***Conclusion***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the consolidated financial position of the Group at March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the three-month-period then ended in all material aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

***Report on Other Regulatory Requirements Arising From Legislation***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in section VIII, are not consistent, in all material respects, with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi  
*A Member Firm of Ernst&Young Global Limited*

Emre Çelik, SMMM  
Partner

15 May 2023  
Istanbul, Turkey

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**THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş.  
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

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The consolidated interim financial report for the three-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- General Information About the Parent Bank
- Consolidated Financial Statements of The Parent Bank
- Explanations on Accounting Policies Applied in The Period
- Information on Financial Structure of the Group Which Is Under Consolidation
- Disclosures and Explanations on Consolidated Financial Statements
- Other Explanations
- Independent Auditors' Limited Review Report
- Consolidated Interim Activity Report

The subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled partners which are consolidated within the framework of this financial report are as follows:

	Subsidiaries	Associates	Jointly Controlled Partners	Mutual Funds
1.	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.		Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	KT Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon
2.	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.			KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (TL) Fon
3.	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.			KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon
4.	KT Bank AG.			KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu
5.	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.			KT Portföy Lonca Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu
6.	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.			KT Portföy Neova Katılım Serbest Özel (TL) Fon
7.				KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Neova Katılım Sigorta Özel Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu
8.				KT Portföy NKS Katılım Serbest (TL) Özel Fon

The consolidated financial statements for the three-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

Hamad Abdulmohsen AL-MARZOUQ  
Chairman of the Board of Directors

Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHRAN  
Chairman of the Audit  
Committee

Nadir ALPASLAN  
Member of the Audit Committee

Mohamed Hedi MEJAI  
Member of the Audit  
Committee

Ufuk UYAN  
General Manager

Ahmet KARACA  
Chief Financial Officer

Mehmed Tahir KAPLAN  
Budget and Reporting Group  
Manager

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

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**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION ONE**  
**GENERAL INFORMATION**

**1. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Parent Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Parent Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Parent Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment. The Parent Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries are named together as "Group".

**2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Parent Bank belongs to**

As of 31 March 2023, 62.24% of the Parent Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

**3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the Parent Bank**

Name	Title	Date of Assignment	Date of Audit Committee Assignments	Audit Committee End Date	Educational Degree	Ownership Percentage
Hamad A H D MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	25/06/2014			Master	-
Shadi Ahmed YACOB ZAHARAN	Member of BOD and chairman of the Audit Committee	25/09/2020	04/11/2020		Master	-
Nadir ALPASLAN	Vice President of BOD and member of Audit Committee	15/04/2011	24/12/2019		Bachelor	-
Salah A E ALMUDHAF	Member of BOD	07/10/2019			Bachelor	-
Mohamed Hedi MEJAI	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	25/03/2021	04/05/2021		Master	-
Ahmad S A A ALKHARJI	Member of BOD	26/03/2014	24/09/2014	09/09/2020	Master	-
Gehad Mohamed ELBENDARY ANANY	Member of BOD	25/09/2020	09/09/2020	04/11/2020	Bachelor	-
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	10/05/1999			Master	0.057%
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Financial Control.	12/07/2006			Master	0.001%
Ahmet Süleyman KARAKAYA	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	14/01/2003			Bachelor	-
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	20/08/2003			Bachelor	0.004%
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	27/10/2005			Bachelor	0.020%
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking.	05/05/2005			Doctorate	0.008%
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	20/04/2010			Bachelor	0.001%
Aslan DEMİR	Assistant General Manager, Strategy	08/10/2012			Bachelor	0.006%
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	01/10/2012			Bachelor	0.005%
Abdurrahman DELİPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	09/01/2015			Bachelor	0.005%
Hüseyin Cevdet YILMAZ	Head of the Risk, Control and Compliance Group	16/12/2003			Bachelor	0.001%

Chairman and members of the Board of Directors, members of auditing committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0.11% of the Parent Bank's share capital (31 December 2022 – 0.11%).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4. Information on qualified shareholders**

Name / Commercial Name	Share amount (Nominal)	Shareholding percentage	Paid shares (Nominal)	Unpaid shares
Kuwait Finance House	2,863,098	62.24%	2,863,098	-
Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları	861,086	18.72%	861,086	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,724,184</b>	<b>80.96%</b>	<b>3,724,184</b>	<b>-</b>

As of 31 March, 2023, the shareholding structure of Kuwait Finance House, the main shareholder of the Bank, is as follows:

Name / Commercial Name	Share Amount
Kuwait Investment Authority	16.80%
The Public Institution for Social Security & Group	9.19%
The Public Authority for Minors Affairs	7.32%
Kuwait Awqaf Public Foundation	5.09%
Public Shares	61.60%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

**5. Explanations of the Parent Bank's services and field of operations**

The Parent Bank's field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Parent Bank's core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts and lending such funds to its customers.

As of 31 March 2023, the Group is operating through 450 domestic branches (31 December 2022 – 449) with 6,584 employees (31 December 2022 – 6,536). Summary of some of the Parent Bank's operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows:

- To collect funds through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts" and special fund pools in line with the regulations,
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of non-interest banking,
- To offer financial and operational leasing,
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travelers' checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services,
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking,
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary, lease or transfer ownership to other persons,
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies),
- To provide socially purposed assistance within the scope of the legislation within the principles of the The Parent Bank for the order and benefit of the society.

The Parent Bank's activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Parent Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly, and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association. Disclosures on the differences between the Communiqué on the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and the consolidation transactions made in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and the entities subject to full or proportionate consolidation, deducted from equity or not included in these three methods: According to the Communiqué on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks, only While financial partnerships are included in the scope of consolidation, all financial and non-financial partnerships should be included in the scope of consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards.

**6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Parent Bank and its subsidiaries: None.**

**SECTION TWO**  
**THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- I. Consolidated Balance Sheet- Assets (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (Income Statement)
- IV. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2023**  
*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**1. BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

			Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2023			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2022		
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
	<b>ASSETS</b>	<b>Notes</b>						
<b>I.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>61,135,988</b>	<b>111,829,078</b>	<b>172,965,066</b>	<b>52,904,271</b>	<b>124,937,833</b>	<b>177,842,104</b>
<b>1.1.</b>	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>15,319,275</b>	<b>72,456,898</b>	<b>87,776,173</b>	<b>12,311,387</b>	<b>88,654,456</b>	<b>100,965,843</b>
1.1.1.	Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(5.1.1.)	8,750,756	60,053,548	68,804,304	8,544,877	70,920,388	79,465,265
1.1.2.	Banks	(5.1.3.)	6,342,868	12,405,340	18,748,208	3,766,630	17,735,475	21,502,105
1.1.3.	Money Markets Placements		225,734	-	225,734	-	-	-
1.1.4.	Expected Credit Loss (-)		83	1,990	2,073	120	1,407	1,527
<b>1.2.</b>	<b>Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss</b>		<b>5,265,531</b>	<b>16,396,623</b>	<b>21,662,154</b>	<b>4,151,113</b>	<b>14,461,079</b>	<b>18,612,192</b>
1.2.1.	Government Debt Securities		833,635	14,262,904	15,096,539	449,467	12,760,756	13,210,223
1.2.2.	Equity Instruments		366,767	-	366,767	518,748	-	518,748
1.2.3.	Other Financial Assets		4,065,129	2,133,719	6,198,848	3,182,898	1,700,323	4,883,221
<b>1.3.</b>	<b>Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	(5.1.4.)	<b>40,069,258</b>	<b>22,068,511</b>	<b>62,137,769</b>	<b>35,980,517</b>	<b>21,604,612</b>	<b>57,585,129</b>
1.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		39,981,208	17,375,427	57,356,635	35,912,851	18,716,677	54,629,528
1.3.2.	Equity Instruments		83,063	136,657	219,720	57,689	123,209	180,898
1.3.3.	Other Financial Assets		4,987	4,556,427	4,561,414	9,977	2,764,726	2,774,703
<b>1.4.</b>	<b>Derivative Financial Assets</b>		<b>481,924</b>	<b>907,046</b>	<b>1,388,970</b>	<b>461,254</b>	<b>217,686</b>	<b>678,940</b>
1.4.1.	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.1.2.)	481,924	907,046	1,388,970	461,254	217,686	678,940
1.4.2.	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.11.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>II.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)</b>	(5.1.5.)	<b>170,482,481</b>	<b>101,661,810</b>	<b>272,144,291</b>	<b>120,741,260</b>	<b>96,449,926</b>	<b>217,191,186</b>
<b>2.1.</b>	<b>Loans</b>		<b>152,298,414</b>	<b>80,393,077</b>	<b>232,691,491</b>	<b>111,911,757</b>	<b>75,593,160</b>	<b>187,504,917</b>
<b>2.2.</b>	<b>Leasing Receivables</b>	(5.1.10.)	<b>11,116,680</b>	<b>13,372,279</b>	<b>24,488,959</b>	<b>7,312,649</b>	<b>13,550,753</b>	<b>20,863,402</b>
<b>2.3.</b>	<b>Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost</b>	(5.1.6.)	<b>16,932,217</b>	<b>13,823,493</b>	<b>30,755,710</b>	<b>9,104,466</b>	<b>13,573,735</b>	<b>22,678,201</b>
2.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		16,718,444	13,405,807	30,124,251	9,104,466	13,174,566	22,279,032
2.3.2.	Other Financial Assets		213,773	417,686	631,459	-	399,169	399,169
<b>2.4.</b>	<b>Expected Credit Loss (-)</b>		<b>9,864,830</b>	<b>5,927,039</b>	<b>15,791,869</b>	<b>7,587,612</b>	<b>6,267,722</b>	<b>13,855,334</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS(NET)</b>	(5.1.16.)	<b>218,993</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>218,993</b>	<b>117,719</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>117,719</b>
3.1.	Held for Sale		218,993	-	218,993	117,719	-	117,719
3.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV.</b>	<b>INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES</b>		<b>279,479</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>279,479</b>	<b>167,017</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>167,017</b>
<b>4.1.</b>	<b>Investments in Associates (Net)</b>	(5.1.7.)	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
4.1.1.	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2.	Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>4.2.</b>	<b>Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)</b>	(5.1.8.)	<b>123,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>123,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,680</b>
4.2.1.	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.2.	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		123,680	-	123,680	23,680	-	23,680
<b>4.3.</b>	<b>Investment in Joint Ventures (Net)</b>	(5.1.9.)	<b>155,799</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>155,799</b>	<b>143,337</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>143,337</b>
4.3.1.	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		155,799	-	155,799	143,337	-	143,337
4.3.2.	Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>V.</b>	<b>TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>	(5.1.12.)	<b>1,773,638</b>	<b>66,903</b>	<b>1,840,541</b>	<b>1,582,752</b>	<b>68,702</b>	<b>1,651,454</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>	(5.1.13.)	<b>542,458</b>	<b>123,319</b>	<b>665,777</b>	<b>412,878</b>	<b>122,522</b>	<b>535,400</b>
6.1.	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2.	Other		542,458	123,319	665,777	412,878	122,522	535,400
<b>VII.</b>	<b>INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)</b>	(5.1.14.)	<b>41,605</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>41,605</b>	<b>165,730</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>165,730</b>
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>CURRENT TAX ASSETS</b>		<b>29,435</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>29,435</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>IX.</b>	<b>DEFERRED TAX ASSETS</b>	(5.1.15.)	<b>1,183,487</b>	<b>138,129</b>	<b>1,321,616</b>	<b>1,119,845</b>	<b>138,267</b>	<b>1,258,112</b>
<b>X.</b>	<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>	(5.1.17.)	<b>6,687,690</b>	<b>485,967</b>	<b>7,173,657</b>	<b>3,839,392</b>	<b>1,212,397</b>	<b>5,051,789</b>
	<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>242,375,254</b>	<b>214,305,206</b>	<b>456,680,460</b>	<b>181,050,864</b>	<b>222,929,647</b>	<b>403,980,511</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2023**  
*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**1. BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

			Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2023			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2022		
			TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
	<b>LIABILITIES</b>	<b>Notes</b>						
<b>I.</b>	<b>FUNDS COLLECTED</b>	<b>(5.2.1.)</b>	<b>182,414,115</b>	<b>160,730,453</b>	<b>343,144,568</b>	<b>146,090,564</b>	<b>166,169,239</b>	<b>312,259,803</b>
<b>II.</b>	<b>FUNDS BORROWED</b>	<b>(5.2.3.)</b>	<b>183,031</b>	<b>36,192,012</b>	<b>36,375,043</b>	<b>611,751</b>	<b>27,222,891</b>	<b>27,834,642</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>MONEY MARKETS</b>		<b>5,207,555</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,207,555</b>	<b>274,871</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>274,871</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)</b>	<b>(5.2.4.)</b>	<b>1,653,509</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,653,509</b>	<b>2,294,758</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,294,758</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>7,503</b>	<b>341,772</b>	<b>349,275</b>	<b>16,143</b>	<b>167,924</b>	<b>184,067</b>
6.1.	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.2.2.)	7,503	341,772	349,275	16,143	167,924	184,067
6.2.	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.2.7.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VII.</b>	<b>LEASE PAYABLES</b>	<b>(5.2.6.)</b>	<b>604,223</b>	<b>52,718</b>	<b>656,941</b>	<b>519,844</b>	<b>55,518</b>	<b>575,362</b>
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>PROVISIONS</b>	<b>(5.2.8.)</b>	<b>9,029,104</b>	<b>1,613,340</b>	<b>10,642,444</b>	<b>8,499,539</b>	<b>1,634,020</b>	<b>10,133,559</b>
8.1.	Restructuring Provision		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.2.	Reserves for Employee Benefits		1,149,929	175,788	1,325,717	1,531,521	110,773	1,642,294
8.3.	Insurance for Technical Provision (Net)		6,209,258	-	6,209,258	5,386,707	-	5,386,707
8.4.	Other Provisions		1,669,917	1,437,552	3,107,469	1,581,311	1,523,247	3,104,558
<b>IX.</b>	<b>CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES</b>	<b>(5.2.9.1.)</b>	<b>3,437,022</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,437,022</b>	<b>2,053,914</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,053,914</b>
<b>X.</b>	<b>DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XI.</b>	<b>LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)</b>	<b>(5.2.10.)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
11.1.	Held for Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XII.</b>	<b>SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS</b>	<b>(5.2.11.)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,701,011</b>	<b>11,701,011</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,424,892</b>	<b>11,424,892</b>
12.1.	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2.	Other Debt Instruments		-	11,701,011	11,701,011	-	11,424,892	11,424,892
<b>XIII.</b>	<b>OTHER LIABILITIES</b>	<b>(5.2.5.)</b>	<b>7,086,552</b>	<b>3,161,031</b>	<b>10,247,583</b>	<b>4,312,078</b>	<b>1,862,230</b>	<b>6,174,308</b>
<b>XIV.</b>	<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>(5.2.12.)</b>	<b>33,484,138</b>	<b>(218,629)</b>	<b>33,265,509</b>	<b>30,898,558</b>	<b>(128,223)</b>	<b>30,770,335</b>
14.1.	Paid-in Capital		4,595,131	-	4,595,131	4,595,131	-	4,595,131
14.2.	Capital Reserves		26,399	-	26,399	26,399	-	26,399
14.2.1.	Share Premiums		24,525	-	24,525	24,525	-	24,525
14.2.2.	Share Cancellation Profits		1,874	-	1,874	1,874	-	1,874
14.2.3.	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.3.	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(294,407)	-	(294,407)	(294,407)	-	(294,407)
14.4.	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		4,801,949	(170,012)	4,631,937	5,090,654	(65,971)	5,024,683
14.5.	Profit Reserves		18,314,982	-	18,314,982	5,674,664	-	5,674,664
14.5.1.	Legal Reserves		1,395,182	-	1,395,182	552,652	-	552,652
14.5.2.	Statutory Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.5.3.	Extraordinary Reserves		16,494,214	-	16,494,214	4,872,338	-	4,872,338
14.5.4.	Other Profit Reserves		425,586	-	425,586	249,674	-	249,674
14.6.	Profit or Loss		5,971,581	(48,617)	5,922,964	15,738,204	(62,252)	15,675,952
14.6.1.	Retained Earnings		1,602,975	(62,252)	1,540,723	859,978	(102,799)	757,179
14.6.2.	Current Period's Net Profit / Loss		4,368,606	13,635	4,382,241	14,878,226	40,547	14,918,773
14.7.	Minority Shares	(5.2.13.)	68,503	-	68,503	67,913	-	67,913
	<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>243,106,752</b>	<b>213,573,708</b>	<b>456,680,460</b>	<b>195,572,020</b>	<b>208,408,491</b>	<b>403,980,511</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF 31 MARCH 2023**  
*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**2. STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**

			Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2023			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2022		
		Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A.	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)		108,768,720	108,336,091	217,104,811	105,628,768	92,896,410	198,525,178
I.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	(5.3.1.)	22,947,293	15,131,786	38,079,079	18,278,371	12,539,159	30,817,530
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee		21,110,022	8,263,137	29,373,159	16,918,372	6,230,770	23,149,142
1.1.1.	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		575,201	23,535	598,736	524,697	19,615	544,312
1.1.2.	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		1,001,671	55,362	1,057,033	842,590	48,079	890,669
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee		19,533,150	8,184,240	27,717,390	15,551,085	6,163,076	21,714,161
1.2.	Bank Loans		68,019	133,739	201,758	19,680	116,401	136,081
1.2.1.	Import Letter of Acceptances		68,019	133,739	201,758	19,680	116,401	136,081
1.2.2.	Other Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.	Letters of Credit		2,422	6,508,982	6,511,404	1,538	5,970,275	5,971,813
1.3.1.	Documentary Letters of Credit		-	2,100,403	2,100,403	902	2,300,601	2,301,503
1.3.2.	Other Letters of Credit		2,422	4,408,579	4,411,001	636	3,669,674	3,670,310
1.4.	Guaranteed Refinancing		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2.	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6.	Other Guarantees		1,766,830	225,928	1,992,758	1,338,781	221,713	1,560,494
1.7.	Other Warrantees		-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	COMMITMENTS	(5.3.1.)	79,007,832	2,360,603	81,368,435	73,375,034	5,635,953	79,010,987
2.1.	Irrevocable Commitments		24,081,913	2,360,603	26,442,516	18,469,526	5,635,953	24,105,479
2.1.1.	Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments		3,762	2,286,498	2,290,260	814,447	5,576,192	6,390,639
2.1.2.	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3.	Loan Granting Commitments		2,388,822	-	2,388,822	2,156,966	-	2,156,966
2.1.4.	Securities Underwriting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5.	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6.	Payment Commitments for Checks		3,793,196	-	3,793,196	2,368,988	-	2,368,988
2.1.7.	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8.	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits		17,710,773	74,105	17,784,878	12,943,765	59,761	13,003,526
2.1.9.	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.10.	Promotions		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.10.	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11.	Payables For Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12.	Other Irrevocable Commitments		185,360	-	185,360	185,360	-	185,360
2.2.	Revocable Commitments		54,925,919	-	54,925,919	54,905,508	-	54,905,508
2.2.1.	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		54,925,919	-	54,925,919	54,905,508	-	54,905,508
2.2.2.	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	(5.3.2.)	6,813,595	90,843,702	97,657,297	13,975,363	74,721,298	88,696,661
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Risk Management		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Held For Trading Transactions		6,813,595	90,843,702	97,657,297	13,975,363	74,721,298	88,696,661
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		2,364,416	6,149,095	8,513,511	2,445,222	4,124,168	6,569,390
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions		2,364,416	2,698,331	5,062,747	2,429,047	979,581	3,408,628
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions		-	3,450,764	3,450,764	16,175	3,144,587	3,160,762
3.2.2	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions		4,449,179	84,694,607	89,143,786	11,530,141	70,597,130	82,127,271
3.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
B.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)		1,607,348,159	1,477,923,174	3,085,271,333	1,312,038,282	1,068,954,968	2,380,993,250
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		47,699,374	1,033,422,486	1,081,121,860	39,623,059	627,887,032	667,510,091
4.1.	Customers' Securities Held		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.	Investment Securities Held in Custody		9,759,619	995,445,951	1,005,205,570	6,857,433	591,531,785	598,389,218
4.3.	Checks Received for Collection		34,322,144	980,054	35,302,198	29,772,990	1,200,703	30,973,693
4.4.	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		3,617,611	930,845	4,548,456	2,992,636	942,241	3,934,877
4.5.	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6.	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7.	Other Items Under Custody		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8.	Custodians		-	36,065,636	36,065,636	-	34,212,303	34,212,303
V.	PLEDGED ITEMS		1,559,439,030	444,267,798	2,003,706,828	1,272,403,584	440,847,619	1,713,251,203
5.1.	Marketable Securities		3,206,692	153,471	3,360,163	3,206,824	149,703	3,356,527
5.2.	Guarantee Notes		100,977	7,748,207	7,849,184	100,977	7,556,173	7,657,150
5.3.	Commodity		49,176,750	2,446,717	51,623,467	41,494,368	2,365,162	43,859,530
5.4.	Warranty		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.5.	Properties		369,861,679	9,095,956	378,957,635	304,239,836	8,876,771	313,116,607
5.6.	Other Pledged Items		1,137,092,932	424,823,447	1,561,916,379	923,361,579	421,899,810	1,345,261,389
5.7.	Pledged Items-Depository		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES		209,755	232,890	442,645	11,639	220,317	231,956
	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)		1,716,116,879	1,586,259,265	3,302,376,144	1,417,667,050	1,161,851,378	2,579,518,428

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**AS OF 31 MARCH 2023**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**3. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (INCOME STATEMENT)**

			Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2023-31.03.2023	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01.2022-31.03.2022
	INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS	Notes		
<b>I.</b>	<b>PROFIT SHARE INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.1.)</b>	<b>12,146,907</b>	<b>6,055,478</b>
1.1.	Profit Share on Loans		6,928,793	3,393,737
1.2.	Profit Share on Reserve Deposits		-	80,625
1.3.	Profit Share on Banks		479,951	128,642
1.4.	Profit Share on Money Market Placements		-	-
1.5.	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio		4,012,490	2,174,051
1.5.1.	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		91,706	134,136
1.5.2.	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		3,124,353	1,738,376
1.5.3.	Measured at Amortized Cost		796,431	301,539
1.6.	Finance Lease Income		704,290	259,172
1.7.	Other Profit Share Income		21,383	19,251
<b>II.</b>	<b>PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE</b>		<b>4,221,592</b>	<b>1,918,358</b>
2.1.	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)	3,589,287	1,484,937
2.2.	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed	(5.4.2.)	405,493	206,500
2.3.	Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings		44,184	64,533
2.4.	Expense on Securities Issued	(5.4.2.)	150,158	140,878
2.5.	Profit Share Expense on Lease		32,470	21,510
2.6.	Other Profit Share Expense		-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)</b>		<b>7,925,315</b>	<b>4,137,120</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE</b>		<b>167,845</b>	<b>102,918</b>
4.1.	Fees and Commissions Received		1,073,877	478,600
4.1.1.	Non-Cash Loans		80,926	41,211
4.1.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	992,951	437,389
4.2.	Fees and Commissions Paid		906,032	375,682
4.2.1.	Non-Cash Loans		497	4
4.2.2.	Other	(5.4.13.)	905,535	375,678
<b>V.</b>	<b>DIVIDEND INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.3.)</b>	<b>21,760</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS</b>	<b>(5.4.5.)</b>	<b>2,205,391</b>	<b>1,100,440</b>
6.1.	Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses		545,895	50,573
6.2.	Gains/Losses from Derivative Financial Instruments		74,839	285,561
6.3.	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		1,584,657	764,306
<b>VII.</b>	<b>OTHER OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>(5.4.6.)</b>	<b>2,036,432</b>	<b>904,658</b>
<b>VIII.</b>	<b>GROSS OPERATING INCOME/LOSS (III+IV+V+VI+VII+ VIII)</b>		<b>12,356,743</b>	<b>6,245,136</b>
<b>IX.</b>	<b>EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.7.)</b>	<b>2,701,576</b>	<b>2,005,622</b>
<b>X.</b>	<b>OTHER PROVISIONS (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.7.)</b>	<b>63,552</b>	<b>187,974</b>
<b>XI.</b>	<b>PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.8.)</b>	<b>1,376,038</b>	<b>737,336</b>
<b>XII.</b>	<b>OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)</b>	<b>(5.4.8.)</b>	<b>2,342,600</b>	<b>1,189,489</b>
<b>XIII.</b>	<b>NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI)</b>		<b>5,872,977</b>	<b>2,124,715</b>
<b>XIV.</b>	<b>EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XV.</b>	<b>INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES</b>		<b>12,462</b>	<b>8,102</b>
<b>XVI.</b>	<b>CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XVII.</b>	<b>INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XVIII.</b>	<b>PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XII+...+XV)</b>	<b>(5.4.9.)</b>	<b>5,885,439</b>	<b>2,132,817</b>
<b>XVIII.</b>	<b>TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)</b>	<b>(5.4.10)</b>	<b>(1,502,811)</b>	<b>(500,833)</b>
18.1.	Current Tax Provision		1,371,763	(38,976)
18.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		256,347	845,390
18.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		125,299	305,581
<b>XIX.</b>	<b>CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVIII±XVI)</b>	<b>(5.4.11.)</b>	<b>4,382,628</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>
<b>XX.</b>	<b>INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
20.1.	Income on Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		-	-
20.2.	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-
20.3.	Income on Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
<b>XXI.</b>	<b>EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
21.1.	Expenses from Non-Current Assets Held for Sale		-	-
21.2.	Expenses from Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-
21.3.	Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations		-	-
<b>XXII.</b>	<b>PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVIII-XIX)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XXIII.</b>	<b>TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
23.1.	Current Tax Provision		-	-
23.2.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-
23.3.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-
<b>XXIV.</b>	<b>CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX±XXI)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XXV.</b>	<b>NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)</b>	<b>(5.4.12.)</b>	<b>4,382,628</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>
25.1.	Group's Income/Loss		4,382,241	1,555,135
25.2.	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)		387	76,849
	Earnings Per Share Income/Loss (Full TL)		0.9527	1.3537

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**AS OF 31 MARCH 2023**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

		Reviewed Current Period 01.01.2023-31.03.2023	Reviewed Prior Period 01.01.2022-31.03.2022
<b>I.</b>	<b>CURRENT PROFIT/LOSS</b>	<b>4,382,628</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>
<b>II.</b>	<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>	<b>(392,746)</b>	<b>2,052,919</b>
2.1	<b>Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss</b>	-	-
2.1.1	Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2	Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	-
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2	<b>Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit or Loss</b>	<b>(392,746)</b>	<b>2,052,919</b>
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Difference	153,201	146,490
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(580,714)	2,615,255
2.2.3	Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.4	Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	(147,196)	(139,323)
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	181,963	(569,503)
<b>III.</b>	<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)</b>	<b>3,989,882</b>	<b>3,684,903</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 31 MARCH 2023**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**5. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

		Notes	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share cancellation profits	Other Capital Reserves	Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss								
							1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)	Net Profit/Loss for the Period	Total Shareholders' Equity Less Minority Shares	Minority Shares	Total Shareholders' Equity
	<b>Prior Period (01/01/2022 – 31/03/2022)</b>																	
I.	Prior Period Ending Balance		4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	1,123,690	(25,553)	(892,657)	3,411,612	(89,180)	3,355,492	11,452,822	36,019	11,488,841
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	1,123,690	(25,553)	(892,657)	3,411,612	(89,180)	3,355,492	11,452,822	36,019	11,488,841
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	146,490	2,017,887	(111,458)	-	-	1,555,135	3,608,054	178	3,608,232
V.	Capital Increase by Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,457)	-	-	(10,457)	137	(10,320)
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,267,890	837,602	(3,355,492)	(250,000)	-	(250,000)
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	(250,000)
11.2	Transfers to Legal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,267,890	(2,267,890)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,355,492	(3,355,492)	-	-	-
	<b>Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)</b>	(5.2.12.)	4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(52,112)	-	1,270,180	1,992,334	(1,004,115)	5,669,045	748,422	1,555,135	14,800,419	36,334	14,836,753
	<b>Current Period (01/01/2023 – 31/03/2023)</b>																	
I.	Prior Period Ending Balance		4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(294,407)	-	1,643,243	4,683,273	(1,301,833)	5,674,664	757,179	14,918,773	30,702,422	67,913	30,770,335
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(294,407)	-	1,643,243	4,683,273	(1,301,833)	5,674,664	757,179	14,918,773	30,702,422	67,913	30,770,335
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	153,201	(435,550)	(110,397)	-	-	4,382,241	3,989,495	387	3,989,882
V.	Capital Increase by Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(103,898)	8,987	-	(94,911)	203	(94,708)
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,744,216	774,557	(14,918,773)	(1,400,000)	-	(1,400,000)
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,400,000)	-	(1,400,000)	-	(1,400,000)
11.2	Transfers to Legal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,744,216	(12,744,216)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,918,773	(14,918,773)	-	-	-
	<b>Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)</b>	(5.2.12.)	4,595,131	24,525	1,874	-	-	(294,407)	-	1,796,444	4,247,723	(1,412,230)	18,314,982	1,540,723	4,382,241	33,197,006	68,503	33,265,509

(\*) Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş., a subsidiary of the Group, separately manages the risk fund and shareholders' fund formed due to the contributions of the participants in accordance with Article 6 of the "Regulation on participation insurance and working procedures and principles" published by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance. Accordingly, there is no return/(expense) amount of the risk fund due to participant contributions in the current period. The balance for the previous period is classified under the heading of "Other Liabilities" from the balance sheet items.).(31 March 2022: TL 76,671)

1.Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

2.Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

3.Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

4.Foreign Currency Translation Differences

5.Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

6.Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 31 MARCH 2023**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**6. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

		Notes	Reviewed Current Period	Reviewed Prior Period
			01.01.2023- 31.03.2023	01.01.2022- 31.03.2022
<b>A.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS</b>			
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets and Liabilities from Banking Operations</b>		<b>4,867,140</b>	<b>2,679,009</b>
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received		9,130,380	3,835,967
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid		(3,937,231)	(1,461,015)
1.1.3	Dividends Received		21,760	-
1.1.4	Fees and Commissions Received		965,678	549,385
1.1.5	Other Income		5,744,164	2,027,502
1.1.6	Collections from Previously Written Off Loans		264,918	260,033
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers		(1,692,615)	(705,564)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid		(3,154,625)	(265,312)
1.1.9	Others		(2,475,289)	(1,561,987)
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Changes in Assets and Liabilities from Banking Operations</b>		<b>(1,643,306)</b>	<b>(14,852,521)</b>
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(2,032,210)	(2,869,933)
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due from Banks and Other Financial Institutions		4,241,749	(4,644,887)
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(44,401,480)	(25,128,331)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		1,589,871	(4,103,084)
1.2.5	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits		516,970	(14,865)
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits		21,482,578	23,906,139
1.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities Measured at Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	191
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		5,997,696	(508,314)
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables		-	-
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		10,961,520	(1,489,437)
<b>I.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Banking Operations</b>		<b>3,223,834</b>	<b>(12,173,512)</b>
<b>B.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
<b>II.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided from / (Used in) Investing Activities</b>		<b>(10,866,205)</b>	<b>(4,711,734)</b>
2.1	Cash Paid for Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates and Subsidiaries		(22,500)	-
2.2	Cash Obtained from Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases		(351,978)	(148,117)
2.4	Fixed Assets Sales		46,679	149,662
2.5	Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(10,297,031)	(3,255,700)
2.6	Cash Obtained from Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		7,874,057	1,427,301
2.7	Cash Paid for Purchase of Investment Securities		(7,909,809)	(7,405,127)
2.8	Cash Obtained from Sale of Investment Securities		-	4,557,331
2.9	Other		(205,623)	(37,084)
<b>C.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided from / (Used in) Financing Activities</b>		<b>(2,019,689)</b>	<b>(767,557)</b>
3.1	Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		1,550,000	3,935,000
3.2	Cash Used for Repayments of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		(2,265,707)	(4,435,118)
3.3	Equity Instruments Issued		-	-
3.4	Dividends Paid		(1,274,000)	(250,000)
3.5	Payments for Finance Leases		(29,982)	(17,439)
3.6	Other		-	-
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>1,492,888</b>	<b>3,258,703</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>(8,169,172)</b>	<b>(14,394,100)</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period</b>		<b>51,426,420</b>	<b>46,793,620</b>
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period</b>		<b>43,257,248</b>	<b>32,399,520</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**SECTION THREE**

**EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1. Explanations on basis of presentation**

**1.1. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with The Turkish accounting standards and regulation on accounting applications for banks and safeguarding of documents**

The Parent Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the “Regulation on The Procedures and Principles for Accounting Practices and Retention of Documents by Banks” published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

**1.2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Group management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

TAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies requires entities whose functional currency is that of a hyperinflationary economy to prepare their financial statements in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. TAS 29 describes characteristics that may indicate that an economy is hyperinflationary, and it requires all entities that report in the currency of the same hyperinflationary economy apply this Standard from the same date. Therefore, it is expected that TAS 29 will start to be applied simultaneously by all entities with the announcement of Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority to ensure consistency of the application required by TAS 29 throughout the country. However, the Authority has not published any announcement that determines entities would restate their financial statements for the accounting period ending on 31 March, 2023 in accordance with TAS 29. In this context, TAS 29 is not applied, and inflation adjustment has not been reflected in the financial statements as of March 31, 2023.

**1.3. Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications**

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Group in the current year. Comparative information is rearranged when deemed necessary in order to comply with the presentation of the current period financial statements.

**1.4. Preparation of the financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money**

Until 31 December 2004, the consolidated financial statements of the Group were subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 29 “Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies” (“TAS 29”). As per the BRSA decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and the BRSA circular dated 28 April 2005 it was stated that the indicators for the application of inflation accounting were no longer applicable. Consequently, as of 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting has not been applied.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

**1.5. TFRS 3 explanations on business combinations standard**

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Business combinations are accounted in accordance with TFRS 3 "Business Combinations" except for the assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that Standard.

The interests of non-controlling shareholders in the acquire is initially measured at the non-controlling's proportion of the fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

- Explanations regarding the accounting policy applied for the acquisition of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.

Following the necessary legal permissions on May 5, 2020, the Parent Bank finalized the purchase of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. by completing the share transfer process. The Parent Bank purchased 78,864,212 shares by paying TL 745,860 and increased the partnership share in Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. from 7% to 100% by owning all the shares.

This acquisition has been evaluated as a merger of entities under common control and has been accounted for using the aggregation method (Pooling of interest). According to this method, the assets and liabilities of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. are included in the financial statements over the book values determined in accordance with TFRS at the merger date, and no goodwill has arisen in the financial statements as a result of the merger.

**1.6. Disclosures regarding TFRS 9 financial instruments**

TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", which is effective as of 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced "TAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVTOCI"). All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment.

As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39.

During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

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**Classification and measurement of financial instruments**

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent “solely payments of principal and profit share” (SPPI).

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”) amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

**Explanations on expected credit loss**

As of 1 January 2018, the Parent Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the “Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside” published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Modeling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (PD) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9 Calculation on Default (LGD) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (EAD) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

Macroeconomic scenarios affect PD values. The expected credit loss amount is calculated by weighting 3 different scenarios as Base, Good and Bad scenarios. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

As of March 31, 2023, the Group has been exposed to recession, geopolitical risks, inflation, unemployment, exchange rate risk, etc. with the effect of current internal and external conditions. In order to reflect the macroeconomic outlook and the upward risks that factors may pose on the bank's loan portfolio, it has revised its macroeconomic expectations and its calculations made considering the change in PD along with the update in the EDF model have been reflected in the financial statements. By its nature, the model effects are reflected in the financial statements with a delay due to the occurrence of the events and their effects at different times. For this reason, the Group is establishing additional provisions for the Wholesale and Retail Trade, Build, Construction, Contracting and Tourism sectors, whose PD is more sensitive to the current macroeconomic and geopolitical conjuncture among the sectors that are declining. The Group maintains this approach as of March 31, 2023. When deemed necessary, the future will review these assumptions according to the course of economic and geopolitical risks.

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecast of future economic conditions.

The Group applies a ‘three-stage’ impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition

**Stage 1:** Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.

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**Stage 2:** Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

In this context, the basic considerations that are considered in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The definition of the deterioration in the rating is the comparison of the credit rating at the opening date and the rating date at the reporting date by using the Parent Bank's internal rating-based credit rating models. If the rating calculated for the loan at the reporting date exceeds the specified threshold values, the rating is deemed as deterioration.

**Stage 3:** Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized lifetime expected credit losses for such financial assets.

The Parent Bank periodically evaluates the provisions of loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 retrospectively on the basis of their results and, if deemed necessary, revises the basketing rules and the parameters used in the calculation of the related provision balances.

**1.7 Revenue from TFRS 15 disclosures regarding the standard of revenue from customer contracts**

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with income with TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts.

**1.8 Explanations on TFRS 16 leases standard**

The leasing transactions are presented by the lessess as assets (right-of-use assets) and liabilities from leasing transactions. TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model of leasing transactions on balance sheet and operational leasing transactions as direct expense except balance sheet.

Within the scope of TFRS 16, the Group reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Group measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Parent Bank. In addition, the Parent Bank measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

As of March 31, 2023, the right-of-use assets classified tangible assets gross amounting to TL 864,636 in the balance sheet of The Parent Bank and lease liabilities classified in the item of liabilities from lease transactions amounting to gross TL 924,860. In the three-month period that ended as of the same date, financial expenses amounting to TL 27,303 and depreciation expenses amounting to TL 51,659 were incurred.

**2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions**

The Group follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Parent Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Parent Bank's equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALC) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Turkey converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Group.

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**3. Investments in associates and subsidiaries**

Consolidated and Financial Statements " Turkey Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (TFRS 10) has been prepared in accordance with the provisions.

The Parent Bank and Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş accounted for the mutual funds that KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş., a subsidiary of the Parent Bank, is "the fund founder and that the Group controls according to the methods, procedures and principles stated in ("TFRS 10") "Turkish Financial Reporting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" are accounted as per full consolidation method.

Titles, locations of the headquarters, main operations and Group's shares relating the consolidated entities are as follows:

Title	Address (City/Country)	Main Operation	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	Consolidation method
KT Bank AG	Frankfurt/Germany	Banking	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	75.56%	75.00%	Full consolidation
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	Financial Institution	50.00%	50.00%	Accounted with equity pick-up
KT Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (TL) Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Lonca Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Neova Katılım Serbest Özel (TL) Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Neova Katılım Sigorta Özel Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy NKS Katılım Serbest (TL) Özel Fon	Istanbul/Turkey	Investment Fund	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation

Parent Bank and the subsidiaries, the financial tables of which are consolidated along with the Parent Bank, are collectively referred as "the Group."

**Consolidation basis of subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are entities whose capital and management are directly or indirectly controlled by the Parent Bank. Subsidiaries are consolidated by the full consolidation method, within the framework of significance on the basis of operational outcomes, assets sizes and equity sizes. The financial statements of the relevant subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements as of the date that control is transferred to Parent Bank.

Control denotes any of the following circumstances: the Parent Bank directly or indirectly through subsidiaries has over 50% of the voting rights or, dominance over the voting rights as described afore does not exist but the Parent Bank owns the preferred shares, or; the Parent Bank has voting rights appropriating more than 50% percent of all voting rights due to the agreements signed with other shareholders, or; the Parent Bank has the authority to manage the operational and financial policies of the entity due to certain arrangements or agreements, or; the Parent Bank has the power to influence the majority of the votes within the Board of Directors or any other executive organ vested with similar rights, or; the Parent Bank by any means has the power to appoint or dismiss the majority of the Board of Directors.

In accordance with the full consolidation, all of the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the subsidiaries are consolidated with the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the Parent Bank. The carrying value of the Group's investment in each subsidiary is offset with the cost value of the subsidiary's capital owned by the Group. Balances regarding the transactions between the subsidiaries in the scope of the consolidation and the unrealized gains/losses are reciprocally offset. Minority shares within the net income of the consolidated subsidiaries are determined provided that the net income of the Group shall be calculated, and these minority shares are presented as a separate item in the income statement. Minority shares are presented under the equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

In the case where the accounting policies implemented by the subsidiary are different than the Parent Bank, the accounting policies are reconciled.

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**4. Explanations on forward transactions and option contracts and derivative instruments**

The Group engages in foreign currency futures transactions in order to reduce foreign currency position risk and manage foreign currency liquidity. The Group's derivatives are classified as "Hedging Purposes" and "Financial Asset with Fair Value (GUD) Reflected in Profit/Loss". Accordingly, although some derivative transactions provide effective protection against risks for the Group economically, those that cannot be defined accountably for hedging purposes are recognized as "Financial Assets Reflected in Fair Value (GUD) Profit/Loss" and tracked in the "Derivative Financial Assets/Liabilities" account on the balance sheet with their fair value.

Obligations and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in the accounts based on the contract amounts. The fair value of currency futures and swaps is calculated using the discounted cash flow model. Differences in the fair value of derivative transactions for trading purposes are recognized in the "Trading Income/Loss" item in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TFRS 9. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

As of March 31, 2023, the Group's has no cash flow hedging transaction.

Benchmark Rate Reform - Stage 2, which introduces amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39, TFRS 7, TFRS 4 and TFRS 16, effective from January 2021, was published in December 2020 and early application of the changes is permitted. With the amendments made, certain exceptions are provided in the basis used in determining the contractual cash flows and in the hedge accounting provisions. The changes came into effect from 1 January 2021. Loans given from items indexed to benchmark interest rates in the Parent Bank's financial statements and securities assets; Securities issued, derivative transactions and loans obtained through repo constitute liabilities. These changes do not have a significant impact on the Parent Bank's financial position or performance. As of 31 March 2023, the Group has no hedging transactions based on the benchmark interest rate.

**5. Explanations on profit share income and expense**

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Group amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculations for these customers within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Group calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in "Funds Collected" account on the balance sheet.

**6. Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses**

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period.

In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans used by the Group granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the "Unearned Revenues" account under "Other Liabilities" on the balance sheet.

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**7. Explanations on financial assets**

The Group classifies and accounts for its financial assets as ‘Fair Value Through Profit/Loss’, ‘Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,’ or ‘Amortized Cost.’ Such financial assets are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of “Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements” under the section three of the “TFRS 9 Financial Instruments” regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the "Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss".

The Group recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Parent Bank management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments are made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

**7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss**

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition.

**7.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. “Unrealized gains and losses,” which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. “Unrealized gains and losses” are accounted under the “Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss” under shareholders’ equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

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**7.3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost**

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement.

**7.4 Derivative financial assets**

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Group's are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by considering the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

**7.5 Loans**

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

**8. Explanations on offsetting of financial assets and liabilities**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Parent Bank's has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**9. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities**

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") made some changes on orders for open market transactions ("OMT") and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement, a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they need funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this context, OMT were carried out with the CBRT for the first time on 14 June 2013, by subjecting the Treasury Lease Certificates, which were include in assets, to the repurchase transactions. From this date, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury lease certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 31 March 2023, the Group has repurchased agreement amounting to TL 5,207,555 (31 December 2022- TL 274,871).

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**10. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities**

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 “banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors’ obligations to the bank are determined by the board.”

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also, the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Group’s that either has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Group’s has no discontinued operations.

**11. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets**

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Group comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years. The amortization period of the licenses is determined on the basis of the duration of the license agreements.

There is no goodwill related to associates and subsidiaries.

**12. Explanations on tangible assets**

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property	2%
Movables, leased assets	6.67% - 20%

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than it is carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

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The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

**13. Explanations on leasing transactions**

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Group assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction.

- (a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,
- (b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

The Group has started implementing the TFRS 16 - Leases standard from 1 January 2019, the first date of the TFRS 16 standard. At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments are discounted by using the Parent Bank's alternative borrowing profit rate.

**The right of the use asset**

The Group reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental.

When the Group applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Group applies the depreciation liabilities in TAS 16 Tangible Fixed Assets while depreciating the right of use asset.

The Group determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

**Lease Obligation**

At the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Group's alternative borrowing profit share rate.

The profit share on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic profit share rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic profit share rate is the Group's borrowing profit share rate.

After the beginning of a contract, the Group remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Group reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

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**14. Explanations related to insurance technical provisions**

TFRS 4 specifies that all contracts issued by insurance companies must be classified as insurance contracts or investment contracts. Contracts that carry a significant insurance risk are classified as insurance contracts. Insurance risk is defined as the risks that the party holding the insurance contract (insured) transfers to the insured party, other than the financial risk. Contracts that do not carry a significant insurance risk are classified as investment contracts. Investment contracts are accounted for within the framework of TAS 39 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement”.

In the consolidated financial statements, insurance technical provisions consist of the provision for unearned premiums and the provision for outstanding compensation.

The provision for unearned premiums consists of the portion of accrued premiums for insurance contracts in force that are grossly deducted for the next accounting period or accounting periods on a daily basis, without any commission or other discount.

The provision for outstanding compensation is reserved for compensation amounts that have been accrued and determined on an account but have not actually been paid in previous accounting periods or current accounting periods, or, if this amount has not been calculated, for compensation amounts that have been realized but not reported with their estimated costs.

The actuarial chain ladder method is used to estimate the amount of reserves that should be allocated in the current period according to the damage data that have been realized in the past. The amount of compensation found as a result of the method is added to the amount of compensation for outstanding compensation or subtracted from the amount of compensation for outstanding compensation.

Reinsurance companies allocate provisions according to their participation shares based on the actual compensation amounts reported, accrued and determined by the companies.

The insurance company affiliated to the Group pays premiums and risks in order to reduce its losses arising from the projected risks it is transferred as part of its operations. Insurance premiums transferred to reinsurers related to contracts that transfer significant insurance risks are expensed by spreading over the duration of the relevant policies in parallel with the accrual of insurance premium income arising from possible risks secured.

Variable costs directly related to insurance and reinsurance contracts, such as brokerage, commission, consortium expenses and other acquisition costs, are amortised in parallel with the recognition of premium earnings during the contract period.

**15. Explanations related to insurance technical income and expenses**

Premium income in insurance companies after deducting the shares transferred to reinsurers from the policy income issued consists of.

Expenses are recorded as the damages are realized, and at the end of the period, the reported and not yet paid damages and the provision for pending damages are allocated for the realized but not reported damages. The reinsurer's shares of outstanding and paid damages are clarified within these provisions.

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**16. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with “Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets” (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the “Matching Principle,” a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of the Group resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a “Contingent” liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

**17. Explanations on liabilities relating to employee benefits**

**17.1 Defined benefit plans**

In accordance with existing social legislation, the Group is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the group and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfill the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to “Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits” (“TAS 19”) is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm.

The Group is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Group’s employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

**17.2 Defined contribution plans**

The Group pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

**17.3 Short term benefits to employees**

In accordance with “TAS 19”, vacation pay liabilities are defined as “Short Term Benefits to Employees” and accrued as earned.

The Group management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

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**18. Explanations on taxation**

***Current Tax***

With the Law No. 7394 on the Assessment of Immovable Properties Belonging to the Treasury and the Amendment of the Value Added Tax Law, which was published in the Official Gazette dated April 15, 2022 and numbered 31810 and entered into force, and the Article 26 of the Law on the Amendment of Some Laws and Decree Laws and the paragraph added to the provisional Article 13 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, The Corporate Tax rate will be applied as 25% for corporate earnings the taxation period of 2022.

This rate shall be applied to the tax base to be found because of adding expenses that are not accepted as deductions in accordance with the tax laws to the commercial earnings of the corporations and deducting the exemptions and deductions in the tax laws. If the profit is not distributed, no further tax is paid. In accordance with the tax legislation, as of July 1, 2022, the provisional tax rate will be paid at the rate of 25% on the quarterly bases, and the provisional taxes paid during the year are deducted from the corporate tax calculated on the annual corporate tax return of that year.

Withholding taxes is not applied to dividends distributed to companies' resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey. With the Council of Minister's decision numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 which are published in official gazette numbered 27130 and dated 3 February 2009, some deduction rates in 15<sup>th</sup> and 30<sup>th</sup> articles of the corporate tax law numbered 5520 were re-determined. In accordance with this, dividends distributed to companies other than companies' resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey are subject to 10% withholding taxes. Double tax treaty agreements are also taken into consideration during the application of withholding taxes on dividends distributed to real persons and to foreign-based taxpayers. Addition of profit to share capital is not considered as dividend distributed therefore no withholding taxes is applied.

With the Communiqué Amending the General Communiqué on Tax Procedure Law (order no. 537) published in the Official Gazette numbered 32073 on 14 January 2023, the procedures and principles of the articles allowing the revaluation of real estates and depreciation units have been redrawn. By taking into consideration aforementioned Communiqué, the Bank, has been revaluated real estate and depreciation units within its balance sheet by providing conditions in the provisions of Tax Procedure Law's provisional Article 32 and duplicated Article 298/ç. Accordingly, corporate income tax has calculated with respect to revaluated real estate and depreciation units.

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable's; except in case of failure to fulfill the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable's with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the thirty days of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one installment by the end of that month.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from prior periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments.

On January 20, 2022, the implementation of inflation accounting with the "Law on The Amendment of the Tax Procedure Law and the Corporate Tax Law" adopted on the agenda of the Turkish Grand National Assembly has been postponed starting from the balance sheet dated December 31, 2023.

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***Deferred Tax***

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of “Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes” (“TAS 12”), the Group calculates deferred tax asset or liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions related to participation accounts Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and due to the participation accounts Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. Updated tax rates in the upcoming periods will be considered in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

**19. Explanations on additional disclosures on borrowings**

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Group does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Group has not issued convertible bonds.

**20. Explanations on share certificates issued**

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on the Group about share certificates.

**21. Explanations on acceptances and availed drafts**

Acceptances and availed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers, and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

**22. Explanations on government grants**

There are no government grants received by the Group.

**23. Explanations on segment reporting**

The Group conducts its activities in three separate segments: Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, Treasury and International Banking. Each department serves with its own products and the results of the activities are monitored on the basis of these departments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 13.

**24. Explanations on other matters**

The Group has no disclosures on other matters.

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**SECTION FOUR**

**INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP**

**1. Explanations on consolidated equity items**

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the “Regulation on Equity of Banks” and “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks”. As of March 31, 2023, Group’s total capital has been calculated as TL 46,148,502 (31 December 2022: TL 42,994,745), capital adequacy ratio is 20.62% (31 December 2022: 26.42%).

On March 23, 2020, the BRSA issued a press release stating that there were fluctuations in financial markets due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, in accordance with the Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy, as per the BRSA’s Decision No. 9795 dated September 16, 2021, when calculating credit risk based amounts, the amounts of non-monetary assets, excluding items denominated in foreign currency measured at historical cost and in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards, and their related specific provision amounts shall be calculated using the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey’s (CBRT) foreign currency buying rate as of December 31, 2021, unless otherwise decided by the Board, and in accordance with the decision of 31 January 2023 using the CBRT’s foreign currency buying rate as of December 30, 2022, until a contrary Board decision is made.

Furthermore, within the scope of the regulations announced by the BRSA on December 21, 2021, if the net valuation differences of the securities in the portfolio of marketable securities accounted for in other comprehensive income are negative, the possibility has been granted to not take into account these differences in the equity amount to be used for the capital adequacy ratio.

The Bank’s legal capital adequacy ratio calculation has been made by taking into account the regulation changes mentioned above as of March 31, 2023.

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**1.1. Information on consolidated equity items**

	Current Period Amount	Prior Period Amount
<b>COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL</b>		
Paid-In Capital to Be Entitled for Compensation After All Creditors	4,600,000	4,600,000
Share Premium	24,525	24,525
Reserves	18,314,982	5,674,664
Other Comprehensive Income According to TAS	4,914,495	5,307,706
Profit	5,922,964	15,675,952
Current Period Profit	4,382,241	14,918,773
Prior Period Profit	1,540,723	757,179
Minority Shares	68,503	67,913
Bonus Shares from Associates, Affiliates and Joint-Ventures Not Accounted in Current Period's Profit	-	-
<b>Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions</b>	<b>33,845,469</b>	<b>31,350,760</b>
<b>Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>		-
Valuation Adjustments Calculated as Per the Article 9. (I) Of The Regulation on Bank Capital	-	-
Current And Prior Periods' Losses Not Covered by Reserves, And Losses Accounted Under Equity According to TAS (-)	16,115	25,400
Leasehold Improvements on Operational Leases (-)	144,689	135,849
Goodwill Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted with Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	637,917	522,668
Remaining after deducting from the related deferred tax liability with the deferred tax asset based on future taxable income, except for deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	138,129	138,267
Differences Arise When Assets and Liabilities Not Held at Fair Value, Are Subjected to Cash Flow Hedge Accounting	-	-
Total Credit Losses That Exceed Total Expected Loss Calculated According to The Regulation on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization Gains	-	-
Unrealized Gains and Losses from Changes in Bank's Liabilities' Fair Values Due to Changes in Creditworthiness	-	-
Net Amount of Defined Benefit Plans	294,407	294,407
Direct And Indirect Investments of The Bank on Its Own Tier I Capital (-)	4,869	4,869
Shares Obtained Against Article 56, Paragraph 4 Of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or More of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding The 15% Threshold of Tier I Capital as Per the Article 2, Clause 2 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of The Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or More of the Issued Share Capital Not Deducted from Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount Arising from Deferred Tax Assets from Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions From Tier I Capital in Cases Where There Are No Adequate Additional Tier I Or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions from Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>1,236,126</b>	<b>1,121,460</b>
<b>Total Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>32,609,343</b>	<b>30,229,300</b>

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<b>ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL</b>		
Privileged stocks not included in common equity and share premiums	-	-
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	4,795,970	4,678,228
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
<b>Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions</b>	<b>4,795,970</b>	<b>4,678,228</b>
<b>Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital</b>		-
Direct And Indirect Investments of the Bank on Its Own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued by Banks or Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Additional Tier I Capital and Having Conditions Stated in The Article 7 of the Regulation	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% of the Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
<b>Items To Be Deducted from Tier I Capital During the Transition Period</b>		
Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets and Related Deferred Taxes Not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability Not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction From Additional Tier I Capital When There Is Not Enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital</b>	-	-
<b>Total Additional Tier I Capital</b>	<b>4,795,970</b>	<b>4,678,228</b>
<b>Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)</b>	<b>37,405,313</b>	<b>34,907,528</b>
<b>Tier II Capital</b>		
Debt Instruments and The Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	6,714,358	6,549,519
Debt Instruments and The Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Amounts Explained in the First Paragraph of the Article 8 of the Regulation on Bank Capital)	2,035,534	1,546,220
<b>Tier II Capital before deductions</b>	<b>8,749,892</b>	<b>8,095,739</b>
<b>Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>		-
Direct and Indirect Investments of The Bank on Its Own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued by Banks and Financial Institutions Invested in Bank's Tier II Capital and Having Conditions Stated in the Article 8 of the Regulation	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or More of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items to Be Defined by The BRSA (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions from Tier II Capital</b>	-	-
<b>Total Tier II Capital</b>	<b>8,749,892</b>	<b>8,095,739</b>
<b>Total Equity (Total Tier I And Tier II Capital)</b>	<b>46,155,205</b>	<b>43,003,267</b>

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<b>Total Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital (Total Equity)</b>		
Loans Granted Against the Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law (-)	-	-
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and The Assets Acquired Against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained More Than Five Years (-)	6,094	7,898
Other Items to Be Defined by the BRSA (-)	609	623
<b>Items to be Deducted from the Sum of Tier I and Tier II Capital (Capital) During the Transition Period</b>		
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or Less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted from Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted from Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion of Net Long Position of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% or more of the issued Share Capital, of the Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences and of the Mortgage Servicing Rights not Deducted from Tier I Capital as Per the Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) and (2) and Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 of the Regulation (-)	-	-
<b>Capital</b>		
Total Capital (Total of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	46,148,502	42,994,746
Total Risk Weighted Assets	223,790,962	162,710,986
<b>Capital Adequacy Ratios</b>		
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	14.57	18.58
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	16.71	21.45
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	20.62	26.42
<b>Buffers</b>		
Bank-Specific Total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.52	2.52
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	2.50
Systemic Significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	0.02	0.02
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According to the Article 4 Of Capital Conservation and Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	10.07	14.08
<b>Amounts Lower Than Excesses as Per Deduction Rules</b>		
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns 10% Or Less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions Where the Bank Owns More Than 10% Or Less of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising from Temporary Differences	-	-
<b>Limits For Provisions Used in Tier II Capital Calculation</b>		
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach (Before Limit of One Hundred and Twenty-Five Per Ten Thousand)	6,830,208	6,500,534
General Loan Provisions for Exposures in Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	2,035,534	1,546,220
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According to Communiqué on Calculation of Credit Risk by Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	-
Debt Instruments Covered by Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit for Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Upper Limit for Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject to Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-

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<b>Information on debt instruments to be included in equity calculation:</b>			
Issuer	KT One Company Limited	KT AT One Company Limited	KT21 T2 Company Limited
Mean Code (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS2028862998	XS2227803819	XS2384355520
Legislation to which the mean is subject	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity
<b>Consideration In Equity Calculation</b>			
Subject to consideration application reduced by 10% from 1/1/2015	Not being subject	Not being subject	Not being subject
Validity on a consolidated or unconsolidated basis or both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis
Means Type	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier I Capital)	Subordinated Sukuk (Additional Tier I Capital)	Subordinated Sukuk (Tier II Capital)
Amount considered in equity calculation (as of last reporting date-TL million)	3,837	959	6,714
Nominal value of the mean (TL million))	3,837	959	6,714
The account in which the mean is followed accounting	3470003	3470003	3470003
Export date of the mean	16/07/2019	28/09/2020	16/09/2021
Maturity structure of the mean (demand/term))	Demand	Demand	10 years and 3 months term
Initial maturity of the mean	5 Years (Due Date : 16/07/2024)	5 Years (Due Date : 29/09/2025)	5 Years and 3 months (Due Date: 16/12/2026)
Whether the issuer has the right to refund subject to BRSA approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date of repayment option, contingent repayment options and amount to be paid back	16/07/2024 - Complete	29/09/2025 - Complete	16/12/2026 - Complete
Subsequent repayment option dates	16/07/2024	29/09/2025	16/12/2026
<b>Dividend payments</b>			
Fixed or variable dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments
Dividend ratio and index value for dividend ratio	9.13%	9.95%	6.125%
Whether there are any restrictions that stop paying dividends	None	None	None
The ability to be completely optional, partially optional or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Whether there is an element to encourage repayment, such as a dividend rate hike	None	None	None
Non-accumulative or cumulative property	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
<b>Ability to convert to stock</b>			
Trigger events/events that would cause conversion if converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
If it can be converted to stock, the conversion rate	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Forced or optional conversion property, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Types of convertibles means, if convertible to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
Issuer of the debt instrument to be converted, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock	Cannot be converted into stock
<b>Value reduction feature</b>			
Trigger events/events to cause reduction if value reduction is enabled	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If it has a value reduction feature, it has a total or partial value reduction feature	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value reduction property is continuous or transient	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value can be temporarily reduced, the value increment mechanism	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
In the case of liquidation, which is in the order in respect of the right of receivables (the instrument which is located just above this instrument of borrowing))	Tier - 1	Tier - 1	Tier - 2
Whether or not the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders ' equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None
Which of the conditions contained in Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders ' equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None

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**1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities**

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, components and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the Parent Bank's, and to provide the availability of adequate capital to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Parent Bank's growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Parent Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Group is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

**2. Explanations on consolidated credit risk**

It has not been prepared in the interim period in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Publicly Announced by Banks and the Related Explanations and Footnotes.

**3. Explanations on consolidated currency risk**

Foreign currency risk represents the Group's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method. "Standard Method" and "Value at Risk Method" used in legal reporting are used to measure the currency risk that the Group is exposed to. Measurements made under the Standard Method are made on a monthly basis, and measurements made under the Value at Risk Method are made on a daily basis.

The Parent monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross-exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 31 March 2023, the Group consists of a balance sheet closed position of TL 1,446,458 (December 31, 2022 - TL 15,916,283 closed) and off-balance sheet close position of TL 1,521,080 (December 31, 2022 - TL 13,326,434 open) with a close position of TL 2,967,538 (December 31, 2022 - TL 2,589,849 closed).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as of 31 March 2023 and the prior five working days are as follows (full TL):

	24/03/2023	27/03/2023	28/03/2023	29/03/2023	30/03/2023	Balance Sheet Valuation Rate
<b>USD</b>	19.06676	19.09057	19.10579	19.13065	19.16215	19.18388
<b>EURO</b>	20.51706	20.56239	20.68424	20.74502	20.84558	20.88186
<b>GBP</b>	23.31278	23.39405	23.52379	23.58654	23.6702	23.74797
<b>CHF</b>	20.75052	20.81729	20.82223	20.80522	20.93275	20.96532
<b>JPY</b>	0.14657	0.14527	0.14592	0.14481	0.1445	0.1441

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The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL):

	FC Purchase Rate
USD	18.99606
EURO	20.31280
GBP	23.03307
CHF	20.50959
JPY	0.14209

**Consolidated currency risk of the Group**

Current Period	Euro	USD	Other FC (***)	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (***)	13,433,781	24,166,087	22,453,376	60,053,244
Banks (****)	2,865,537	2,889,783	6,648,334	12,403,654
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	102,706	2,072,906	14,221,011	16,396,623
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	7,645,645	14,422,866	-	22,068,511
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	44,517,592	45,004,286	35,578	89,557,456
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortized cost	732,588	13,086,801	-	13,819,389
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	65,697	1,206	-	66,903
Intangible assets	123,285	34	-	123,319
Other assets	188,012	428,569	6,044	622,625
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>69,674,843</b>	<b>102,072,538</b>	<b>43,364,343</b>	<b>215,111,724</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	790,997	390,907	591,926	1,773,830
Current and profit-sharing accounts FC (***)	32,231,456	66,987,001	59,738,166	158,956,623
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions	8,504,775	38,160,804	1,227,444	47,893,023
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	1,165,089	1,277,729	90,718	2,533,536
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (****)	850,573	1,471,030	186,651	2,508,254
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>43,542,890</b>	<b>108,287,471</b>	<b>61,834,905</b>	<b>213,665,266</b>
Net balance sheet position	26,131,953	(6,214,933)	(18,470,562)	1,446,458
Net off-balance sheet position	(26,509,815)	8,594,136	19,436,759	1,521,080
Financial derivative assets	2,952,678	20,322,012	24,050,950	47,325,640
Financial derivative liabilities	29,462,493	11,727,876	4,614,191	45,804,560
Non-cash loans (**)	4,131,485	9,966,265	1,034,036	15,131,786
<b>Prior Period</b>				
Total assets	67,470,465	100,600,387	56,437,815	224,508,667
Total liabilities	40,407,118	109,847,118	58,338,148	208,592,384
Net balance sheet position	27,063,347	(9,246,731)	(1,900,333)	15,916,283
Net off-balance sheet position	(27,365,245)	11,592,084	2,446,727	(13,326,434)
Financial derivative assets	1,715,162	25,332,901	6,437,465	33,485,528
Financial derivative liabilities	29,080,407	13,740,817	3,990,738	46,811,962
Non-cash loans (**)	4,390,498	7,471,331	677,328	12,539,157

(\*) Includes foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 1,715,037 (31 December 2022 – TL 1,798,529) and includes expected loss provision amounting to TL 5,992,938 followed as TL on the balance sheet.

(\*\*) Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

(\*\*\*) Also, precious metals are included in "Other FC" column. The balance sheet includes provisions for expected losses in the amount of TL 109.

(\*\*\*\*) Other liabilities at fair value through TL 5,587 in the calculation of profit / loss of securities are not included in the foreign currency risk of impairment provisions. It also includes a provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 220,258.

(\*\*\*\*\*) Includes provisions for expected losses amounting to TL 1,990 were deducted from the cash values and the relevant lines from the Central Bank and Banks accounts.

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Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below.

- Derivative financial assets held for trading TL 907,046 (31 December 2022 – TL 217,686)
- Prepaid expenses: TL 1,471 (31 December 2022 – TL 1,823)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading: TL 341,772 (31 December 2022 – TL 167,924)
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: TL 164,158 (31 December 2022 – TL 56,643)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging: None. (31 December 2022 – None).

Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions that are amounting to.

- Forward foreign currency purchase transactions TL 290,344 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,626,196)
- Forward foreign currency sale transactions: TL 290,952 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,949,996)
- Precious metals purchase transactions TL 21,852,176 (31 December 2022 – TL 4,086,434)
- Precious metals sale transactions TL 3,809,062 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,111,460)

**Sensitivity to exchange rate risk**

The Group is largely exposed to exchange rate risk in Euros, US dollars and Gold.

The following table shows the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase in US Dollar, Euro and gold exchange rates.

	Change in exchange rate (%)	Effect on profit / loss		Effect on equity	
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
USD	%10	237,920	234,535	308,635	305,250
EUR	%10	(37,786)	(30,190)	(33,847)	(26,251)
GOLD	%10	236,734	57,443	236,734	57,443

**4. Explanations on stock position risk arising from banking accounts**

**4.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analyzing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes**

The Group's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

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**4.2. Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value**

<b>Current Period</b>		<b>Comparison</b>		
<b>Equity Securities (shares) investments</b>	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Market Value</b>	
<b>Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>219,720</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>219,720</b>	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	
<b>Investments in Associates</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	
<b>Investment in Subsidiaries</b>	<b>123,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	
<b>Other</b>	<b>155,799</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	
<b>Prior Period</b>		<b>Comparison</b>		
<b>Equity Securities (shares) investments</b>	<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Market Value</b>	
<b>Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>180,898</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>180,898</b>	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	
<b>Investments in Associates</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	
<b>Investment in Subsidiaries</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	
<b>Other</b>	<b>143,337</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
Quoted Securities	-	-	-	

**4.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals**

None.

**5. Consolidated liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio**

The liquidity risk of the Parent Bank's is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

**Funding Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

**Market Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

Liquidity risk is managed by the Asset-Liability Committee (ALC) and related business units within the framework of the Liquidity Risk Policy and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors. In liquidity risk management, the measures to be taken and the practices to be carried out are determined by taking into account normal economic conditions and stress conditions. The Parent Bank defines liquidity risk, measures risks with liquidity risk measurement methods in accordance with international standards, monitors them and periodically presents them to the interested parties. Liquidity risk stress tests are performed during monthly periods. An emergency funding plan (liquidity contingency plan) has been created to regulate the procedures and principles for the Parent Bank to maintain and maintain adequate liquidity levels under stress conditions.

The Parent Bank's liquidity risk ratios are well above the legal limits. The Parent Bank maintains its liquidity buffer at high levels, taking into account periods when liquidity risk may increase. Due to this approach, it is evaluated that the negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global level do not have a significant impact on the Parent Bank liquidity needs.

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**5.1 Information on risk capacity of the Group, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application**

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determined according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Groups's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Group.

The Group has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and participation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Group has a high risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Group which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets is deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Turkey and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analyzed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALC meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Group in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Group. The Treasury Group Management manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. Official and International Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

**5.2. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Group and the Group's subsidiaries**

The Group's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Parent Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

**5.3 Information on the Group's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities**

Group's spread to the base of current and participation accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

**5.4 Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Group's total liabilities**

Almost all liabilities of the Group are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Group is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilities denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantially.

**5.5. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques**

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

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**5.6. Information on the use of stress tests**

In order to analyze the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether conformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relevant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Group, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both of the situations. Stress tests related with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

**5.7. General information on emergency funding plan**

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Emergency Funding Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the Executive Risk Committee. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Emergency Funding Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

**5.8. Presentation of financial liabilities according to contractual maturities**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

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**5.9 Liquidity coverage ratio**

Current Period		Total Unweighted Value (Average) <sup>(*)</sup>		Total Weighted Value (Average) <sup>(*)</sup>	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	90,478,570	73,697,210	85,924,928	69,143,568
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	104,512,990	17,606,784	9,433,505	1,760,678
3	Stable deposits	20,355,881	-	1,017,794	-
4	Less stable deposits	84,157,109	17,606,784	8,415,711	1,760,678
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	60,045,270	37,244,714	35,485,411	23,943,527
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	43,375,923	23,623,856	18,816,064	10,322,669
8	Unsecured funding	16,669,347	13,620,858	16,669,347	13,620,858
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	56,912,328	54,541,131	56,912,328	54,541,131
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	40,537,912	38,167,790	40,537,912	38,167,790
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	16,374,416	16,373,341	16,374,416	16,373,341
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	54,954,413	13,621,922	5,192,931	847,825
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>	-	-	<b>107,024,175</b>	<b>81,093,161</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	55,834,214	32,799,705	40,271,448	24,149,979
19	Other cash inflows	41,797,710	39,033,642	41,797,710	39,033,642
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>97,631,924</b>	<b>71,833,347</b>	<b>82,069,158</b>	<b>63,183,621</b>
				<b>Upper Limit Applied Values</b>	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA STOCK</b>			<b>85,924,928</b>	<b>69,143,568</b>
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>26,756,044</b>	<b>20,273,290</b>
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>321.14</b>	<b>341.06</b>

(\*) The simple arithmetic average calculated for the last three months of the values calculated by taking the monthly simple arithmetic average.

1 January – 31 March, 2023 The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated by monthly periods are included in the table below:

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
<b>TL+FC</b>	348.55	01/2023	251.21	03/2023	305.09
<b>FC</b>	389.71	02/2023	268.58	03/2023	334.65

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high-quality liquid assets held by the Parent Bank to its one-month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the CBRT, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows, because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.

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Prior Period		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*) TL+FC		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*) FC	
		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*)		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	94,960,857	78,081,043	88,514,401	71,634,587
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	99,249,224	23,220,871	8,995,739	2,322,087
3	Stable deposits	18,583,668	-	929,183	-
4	Less stable deposits	80,665,556	23,220,871	8,066,556	2,322,087
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	66,748,880	49,629,381	40,259,996	31,468,073
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	50,714,038	36,118,762	24,225,154	17,957,454
8	Unsecured funding	16,034,842	13,510,619	16,034,842	13,510,619
9	Secured wholesale funding	-	-	-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	40,020,979	37,012,500	40,020,979	37,012,500
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	38,650,195	35,641,716	38,650,195	35,641,716
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	1,370,784	1,370,784	1,370,784	1,370,784
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	44,609,968	11,760,708	4,427,963	824,667
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>	-	-	<b>93,704,677</b>	<b>71,627,327</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	56,949,221	39,759,567	43,422,629	31,875,515
19	Other cash inflows	40,502,895	36,679,035	40,502,895	36,679,035
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>97,452,116</b>	<b>76,438,602</b>	<b>83,925,524</b>	<b>68,554,550</b>
				<b>Upper Limit Applied Values</b>	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA STOCK</b>			<b>88,514,401</b>	<b>71,634,587</b>
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>23,426,169</b>	<b>17,906,832</b>
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>377.84</b>	<b>400.04</b>

(\*) The average calculated for the last three months of the liquidity coverage ratio calculated by taking the monthly simple arithmetic average.

1 October– 31 December 2022 The lowest, highest and average liquidity coverage ratios calculated by monthly periods are included in the table below

**Prior Period**

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
<b>TL+FC</b>	406.28	12/2022	351.88	12/2022	377.88
<b>FC</b>	440.20	10/2022	365.95	12/2022	399.34

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high-quality liquid assets of the Parent Bank to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the aforementioned ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher, and they may show variability over time.

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**Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities**

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	Over 5 years	Unallocated (***)	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	26,865,692	41,938,612	-	-	-	-	(159)	68,804,145
Banks (*)	17,304,979	2,091	1,441,138	-	-	-	(1,914)	18,746,294
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	17,807	859,778	13,418,266	4,799,285	407,918	2,159,100	21,662,154
Money market placements	-	225,734	-	-	-	-	-	225,734
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	22,707	8,356,777	1,712,105	23,119,843	18,375,255	10,369,945	181,137	62,137,769
Loans (**)	(77,486)	37,266,190	38,435,085	109,316,450	59,666,900	9,079,749	(12,288,761)	241,398,127
Financial assets measured with amortized cost	-	683,969	213,772	-	22,981,385	6,876,584	(9,546)	30,746,164
Other assets (***)	1,900,112	3,354,949	11,902	-	1,321,616	-	6,371,494	12,960,073
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>46,016,004</b>	<b>91,846,129</b>	<b>42,673,780</b>	<b>145,854,559</b>	<b>107,144,441</b>	<b>26,734,196</b>	<b>(3,588,649)</b>	<b>456,680,460</b>
Liabilities								
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	2,747,835	28	-	-	-	-	-	2,747,863
Current and profit-sharing accounts	168,972,464	71,345,491	51,527,124	45,945,720	2,596,668	9,238	-	340,396,705
Funds provided from other financial institutions	-	29,024,219	998,676	3,423,567	7,796,228	6,833,364	-	48,076,054
Money market borrowings	-	4,981,781	225,774	-	-	-	-	5,207,555
Marketable securities issued	-	1,445,316	208,193	-	-	-	-	1,653,509
Miscellaneous payables	5,116,874	443,963	-	-	-	-	-	5,560,837
Other Liabilities (****)	-	4,972,806	3,508,387	173,452	324,791	46,170	44,012,331	53,037,937
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>176,837,173</b>	<b>112,213,604</b>	<b>56,468,154</b>	<b>49,542,739</b>	<b>10,717,687</b>	<b>6,888,772</b>	<b>44,012,331</b>	<b>456,680,460</b>
Net liquidity gap	(130,821,169)	(20,367,475)	(13,794,374)	96,311,820	96,426,754	19,845,424	(47,600,980)	-
<b>Prior Period</b>								
Total assets	55,653,237	78,023,305	36,815,753	98,356,472	115,774,777	23,113,113	(3,756,146)	403,980,511
Total liabilities	168,583,632	87,906,831	66,146,294	24,186,285	9,606,484	6,613,206	40,937,779	403,980,511
Net liquidity gap	(112,930,395)	(9,883,526)	(29,330,541)	74,170,187	106,168,293	16,499,907	(44,693,925)	-

(\*) Presented with netting off expected credit losses.

(\*\*) Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

(\*\*\*) Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets.

(\*\*\*\*) The other unallocated liabilities column consists mainly of equity and provision balances.

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**6. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio**

**6.1 Disclosure of leverage ratio template**

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks” published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

<b>On-balance sheet assets (*)</b>		<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	441,350,844	399,281,673
2	(Assets amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier I Capital)	(1,183,756)	(901,684)
3	Total amount on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	440,167,088	398,379,989
<b>Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	922,292	612,546
5	The potential amount of credit risk with derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	623,879	429,157
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	1,546,171	1,041,703
<b>Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)</b>			
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	5,199,746	5,199,746
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	5,199,746	5,199,746
<b>Other off-balance sheet transactions</b>		-	-
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	117,840,205	107,965,469
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(49,422,564)	(49,406,445)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	68,417,641	58,559,024
<b>Capital and total risks</b>			
13	Tier I Capital	37,377,800	33,064,369
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	515,330,646	463,180,462
<b>Leverage ratio</b>			
15	Leverage ratio	7.25	7.14

(\*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

The leverage ratio calculated on the basis of the arithmetic average of the amounts realized at the end of each month for the past three-month period as of the Group’s consolidated balance sheet date was 7.25% (31 December 2022 – 7.14%). The main reason for the change compared to the previous period is that the increase in capital, on-balance sheet assets and derivative financial assets and credit derivatives items is higher than other items. Accordingly, main capital increased by 13% from profit for the period, while on-balance sheet risk increased by 10%, off-balance sheet items increased by 17%. Accordingly, there is an increase of 11 basis points in the current period leverage ratio compared to the prior period.

**7. Explanations on fair value of consolidated financial assets and liabilities**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**8. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**9. Explanations on consolidated hedge accounting practices**

None (31 December 2022 – None).

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**10. Explanations on consolidated risk management**

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee (“ALC”) and the Risk Management Department (“RMD”) which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Parent Bank is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Parent Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Parent Bank's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank's future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

**10.1. GB1 – Bank's risk management approach**

		Risk Weighted Amounts		Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period 31/03/2023	Prior Period 31/12/2022	Current Period 31/03/2023
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	161,608,097	122,821,665	12,928,648
2	Standardized approach (SA)	161,608,097	122,821,665	12,928,648
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	1,234,598	875,913	98,768
5	Standardized approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	1,234,598	875,913	98,768
6	Internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models' equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies – look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Investments made in collective investment companies – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies – 1250% risk weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	25,215,926	21,968,861	2,017,274
17	Standardized approach (SA)	25,215,926	21,968,861	2,017,274
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	35,732,341	17,044,547	2,858,587
20	Basic indicator approach	35,732,341	17,044,547	2,858,587
21	Standardized approach	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	<b>Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)</b>	<b>223,790,962</b>	<b>162,710,986</b>	<b>17,903,277</b>

**11. Securitization positions**

None.

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**12. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions**

The Group does not perform purchases, sales, custody and fund management services in the name of others. The Bank has no fiduciary-based transaction agreements.

**13. Qualitative explanations on market risk**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**14. Disclosures regarding the consolidated operating segments**

The Bank operates in Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking: to meet the financial needs of the customers', unique cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail and Enterprise Banking includes fund collection, installment commercial loans, business loans, non-cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, Trade Finance, Checks, POS services, Credit Cards, ATM services, Online Banking and Mobile Banking in these fields.

In International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified "corporate" customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long-term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the sukuk for the Parent Bank, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Turkey. The Treasury in addition to monitoring foreign currency position and liquidity of the Parent Bank, also conducts spot and forward transactions in TL or foreign currencies, performs derivative transactions (forward, swap) with banks and customers, trades of gold within the context of membership of Istanbul Gold Exchange, trades share certificates in BIST and international markets and conducts Murabaha transactions with foreign banks.

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**Specific balance sheet and income statement items according to segments**

<b>Current Period</b> <b>1 January 2023-31 March 2023</b>	<b>Retail</b> <b>Banking</b>	<b>Corporate and</b> <b>Commercial</b> <b>banking</b>	<b>Treasury and</b> <b>international</b> <b>banking</b>	<b>Unallocated</b>	<b>The Group's</b> <b>total</b> <b>operation</b>
Operating income	5,895,143	9,376,304	2,149,368	-	17,420,816
Operating expenses (-)	6,448,202	1,459,797	173,089	3,466,751	11,547,839
Transfers between segments	3,189,501	(2,484,794)	(704,707)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>2,636,442</b>	<b>5,431,713</b>	<b>1,271,572</b>	<b>(3,466,751)</b>	<b>5,872,977</b>
Income from shareholders who have applied equity management	-	-	-	12,462	12,462
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>2,636,442</b>	<b>5,431,713</b>	<b>1,271,572</b>	<b>(3,454,289)</b>	<b>5,885,439</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	1,502,811	1,502,811
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>2,636,442</b>	<b>5,431,713</b>	<b>1,271,572</b>	<b>(4,957,100)</b>	<b>4,382,628</b>
<b>Current Period</b> <b>31 March 2023</b>					
Segment assets	84,026,252	145,863,602	215,438,495	-	445,328,350
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	279,479	279,479
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	11,072,631	11,072,631
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>84,026,252</b>	<b>145,863,602</b>	<b>215,438,495</b>	<b>11,352,110</b>	<b>456,680,460</b>
Segment liabilities	290,048,261	58,303,862	50,735,779	-	399,087,902
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	24,327,049	24,327,049
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	33,265,509	33,265,509
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>290,048,261</b>	<b>58,303,862</b>	<b>50,735,779</b>	<b>57,592,558</b>	<b>456,680,460</b>
<b>Prior Period</b> <b>1 January 2022 – 31 March 2022</b>					
Operating income	3,150,185	2,483,531	2,717,486	-	8,351,202
Operating expenses (-)	3,124,187	588,581	731,321	1,782,398	6,226,487
Transfers between segments	1,365,246	(1,231,336)	(133,910)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>1,391,244</b>	<b>663,614</b>	<b>1,852,255</b>	<b>(1,782,398)</b>	<b>2,124,715</b>
Income from shareholders who have applied equity management	-	-	-	8,102	8,102
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>1,391,244</b>	<b>663,614</b>	<b>1,852,255</b>	<b>(1,774,296)</b>	<b>2,132,817</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	500,833	500,833
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>1,391,244</b>	<b>663,614</b>	<b>1,852,255</b>	<b>(2,275,129)</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>
<b>Prior Period</b> <b>31 December 2022</b>					
Segment assets	63,362,805	120,864,395	210,923,809	-	395,151,009
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	167,017	167,017
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	8,662,485	8,662,485
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>63,362,805</b>	<b>120,864,395</b>	<b>210,923,809</b>	<b>8,829,502</b>	<b>403,980,511</b>
<b>Prior Period</b> <b>31 December 2022</b>					
Segment liabilities	256,562,048	55,972,626	42,313,721	-	354,848,395
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	18,361,781	18,361,781
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	30,770,335	30,770,335
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>256,562,048</b>	<b>55,972,626</b>	<b>42,313,721</b>	<b>49,132,116</b>	<b>403,980,511</b>

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**SECTION FIVE**

**EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets**

**1.1. Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey**

**1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/foreign currency	1,883,558	7,472,964	2,216,128	9,241,195
The Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	6,621,166	49,772,679	6,272,849	58,400,892
Other (*)	246,032	2,807,905	55,900	3,278,301
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,750,756</b>	<b>60,053,548</b>	<b>8,544,877</b>	<b>70,920,388</b>

(\*) As of 31 March 2023, precious metal account amounting to TL 2,470,684 (31 December 2022 - TL 3,278,301) and money in transit amounting to TL 583,253 (31 December 2022 - TL 55,900) are presented in this line.

**1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	6,621,166	7,834,068	6,272,849	12,263,740
Unrestricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposit	-	41,938,611	-	46,137,152
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,621,166</b>	<b>49,772,679</b>	<b>6,272,849</b>	<b>58,400,892</b>

**1.1.3 Explanations on required reserves**

According to the CBRT's Communiqué on Required Reserves No. 2005/1, banks operating in Turkey; Required reserve ratios for Turkish lira and foreign currency liabilities are determined between 0% and 26% by differentiating according to the maturity of liabilities, and these rates are applied by banks as of the date of the report.

**1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss**

As of 31 March 2023, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase transactions, given as a collateral or blocked (31 December 2022 - None).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	119,664	77,098	242,868	59,408
Swap transactions	362,260	829,948	218,386	158,278
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>481,924</b>	<b>907,046</b>	<b>461,254</b>	<b>217,686</b>

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**1.3 Information on Banks**

**1.3.1. Information on Banks**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
<b>Banks</b>	<b>6,342,868</b>	<b>12,405,340</b>	<b>3,766,630</b>	<b>17,735,475</b>
Domestic	6,342,868	1,835,007	3,766,630	1,248,360
Foreign	-	10,570,333	-	16,487,115
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,342,868</b>	<b>12,405,340</b>	<b>3,766,630</b>	<b>17,735,475</b>

**1.3.2 Information on foreign banks account**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Debt Securities</b>	<b>62,507,285</b>	<b>57,840,042</b>
Quoted on stock exchange	62,507,285	57,840,042
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	-
<b>Share certificates / Investment Funds</b>	<b>115,268</b>	<b>89,099</b>
Quoted on stock exchange	22,707	19,920
Not quoted on stock exchange	92,561	69,179
<b>Impairment provision (-)</b>	<b>484,784</b>	<b>344,012</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>62,137,769</b>	<b>57,585,129</b>

**1.4.1. Information on given collateral or blocked financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

As of the balance sheet date, there is given collateral financial assets amounting to TL 66,817,013 (31 December 2022: TL 39,231,073) at fair value through to other comprehensive income

**1.4.2. Information on subject to repurchase agreement financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

As of the balance sheet date, there is a repurchase agreement financial assets amounting to TL 5,013,845 (31 December 2022: 274,871) at fair value through other comprehensive income.

**1.5 Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost**

**1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Direct loans granted to shareholders</b>	<b>34,380</b>	<b>45,111</b>	<b>26,634</b>	<b>45,210</b>
Corporate shareholders	13,973	44,612	10,779	45,163
Real person shareholders	20,407	499	15,855	47
<b>Indirect loans granted to shareholders</b>	<b>1,268,395</b>	<b>13,115</b>	<b>2,176,543</b>	<b>1,849</b>
<b>Loans granted to employees</b>	<b>105,995</b>	<b>3,383</b>	<b>74,237</b>	<b>1,494</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,408,770</b>	<b>61,609</b>	<b>2,277,414</b>	<b>48,553</b>

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**1.5.2** Information on standard loans, loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring

Current Period Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
			Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Loans</b>	<b>210,872,782</b>	<b>15,708,362</b>	<b>2,669,450</b>	-
Export Loans	23,259,599	467,388	-	-
Import Loans	12,348,601	475,974	-	-
Corporation Loans	113,794,893	9,046,728	2,648,248	-
Consumer Loans	19,059,666	616,744	13,768	-
Credit Cards	14,156,372	961,707	7,434	-
Loans given to financial sector	6,236,492	-	-	-
Other	22,017,160	4,139,822	-	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>3,333</b>	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>210,873,180</b>	<b>15,711,696</b>	<b>2,669,450</b>	-

Prior Period Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
			Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Loans</b>	<b>171,966,419</b>	<b>9,376,847</b>	<b>2,888,282</b>	-
Export Loans	18,434,765	215,570	-	-
Import Loans	10,128,793	317,949	-	-
Corporation Loans	85,393,999	7,160,333	2,868,223	-
Consumer Loans	16,949,800	431,043	14,112	-
Credit Cards	9,934,053	601,788	5,947	-
Loans given to financial sector	7,518,682	-	-	-
Other	23,606,327	650,164	-	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>364</b>	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>171,966,646</b>	<b>9,377,211</b>	<b>2,888,282</b>	-

Information on standard loans and loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring regarding provision:

	Standard Loans Current Period	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring Current Period	Standard Loans Prior Period	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring Prior Period
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	7,372,301	-	5,882,549	-
Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost Expected Credit Losses	9,546	-	10,210	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	5,120,224	-	4,847,784
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,381,847</b>	<b>5,120,224</b>	<b>5,892,759</b>	<b>4,847,784</b>

**1.5.3** Distribution of cash loans and other receivables according to their maturities

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**1.5.4 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>504,583</b>	<b>15,840,023</b>	<b>16,344,606</b>
Real Estate Loans	77,335	10,615,867	10,693,202
Vehicle Loans	131,116	3,874,097	4,005,213
Consumer Loans	116,224	443,811	560,035
Other	179,908	906,248	1,086,156
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>317,503</b>	<b>2,962,255</b>	<b>3,279,758</b>
Real Estate Loans	274,905	2,721,238	2,996,143
Vehicle Loans	38,850	226,867	265,717
Consumer Loans	3,748	14,150	17,898
Other	-	-	-
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>3,328,800</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>3,328,825</b>
With Installment	986,501	25	986,526
Without Installment	2,342,299	-	2,342,299
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>9,501</b>	-	<b>9,501</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	9,501	-	9,501
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>2,784</b>	<b>46,688</b>	<b>49,472</b>
Real Estate Loans	-	6,251	6,251
Vehicle Loans	1,460	28,778	30,238
Consumer Loans	1,303	11,659	12,962
Other	21	-	21
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>68,034</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>68,036</b>
With Installment	33,829	2	33,831
Without Installment	34,205	-	34,205
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,231,205</b>	<b>18,848,993</b>	<b>23,080,198</b>

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Prior Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>315,884</b>	<b>14,332,601</b>	<b>14,648,485</b>
Real Estate Loans	54,319	10,456,951	10,511,270
Vehicle Loans	105,743	2,919,962	3,025,705
Consumer Loans	91,397	418,177	509,574
Other	64,425	537,511	601,936
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>2,713,906</b>	<b>2,714,217</b>
Real Estate Loans	-	2,488,936	2,488,936
Vehicle Loans	-	208,939	208,939
Consumer Loans	311	16,031	16,342
Other	-	-	-
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>2,489,352</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>2,489,377</b>
With Installment	724,471	25	724,496
Without Installment	1,764,881	-	1,764,881
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>9,246</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>9,246</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	9,246	-	9,246
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>2,783</b>	<b>29,470</b>	<b>32,253</b>
Real Estate Loans	-	4,264	4,264
Vehicle Loans	1,253	12,971	14,224
Consumer Loans	1,506	12,235	13,741
Other	24	-	24
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>48,957</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>48,959</b>
With Installment	24,282	2	24,284
Without Installment	24,675	-	24,675
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,866,533</b>	<b>17,076,004</b>	<b>19,942,537</b>

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**1.5.5 Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>10,489,113</b>	<b>17,250,369</b>	<b>27,739,482</b>
Business Loans	206,891	1,958,744	2,165,635
Vehicle Loans	8,411,372	10,531,234	18,942,606
Consumer Loans	1,870,850	4,760,391	6,631,241
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>21,724</b>	<b>425,182</b>	<b>446,906</b>
Business Loans	21,724	1,228	22,952
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	423,954	423,954
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>4,433,091</b>	<b>6,670,861</b>	<b>11,103,952</b>
Business Loans	542,323	943,224	1,485,547
Vehicle Loans	42,766	1,566,988	1,609,754
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	3,848,002	4,160,649	8,008,651
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>11,687,269</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,687,269</b>
With Installment	7,212,676	-	7,212,676
Without Installment	4,474,593	-	4,474,593
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>32,313</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>32,313</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	32,313	-	32,313
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>26,663,510</b>	<b>24,346,412</b>	<b>51,009,922</b>

<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>8,579,186</b>	<b>15,698,855</b>	<b>24,278,041</b>
Business Loans	220,671	1,792,159	2,012,830
Vehicle Loans	7,015,444	9,173,167	16,188,611
Consumer Loans	1,343,071	4,733,529	6,076,600
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>10,521</b>	<b>459,633</b>	<b>470,154</b>
Business Loans	10,521	2,399	12,920
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	457,234	457,234
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>2,090,870</b>	<b>8,461,500</b>	<b>10,552,370</b>
Business Loans	-	751,994	751,994
Vehicle Loans	62,520	1,482,522	1,545,042
Consumer Loans	-	16,057	16,057
Other	2,028,350	6,210,927	8,239,277
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>7,959,725</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7,959,725</b>
With Installment	4,467,414	-	4,467,414
Without Installment	3,492,311	-	3,492,311
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>34,481</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>34,481</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	34,481	-	34,481
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>18,674,783</b>	<b>24,619,988</b>	<b>43,294,771</b>

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**1.5.6 Breakdown of loans by users**

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**1.5.7 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Domestic loans	209,861,429	164,463,609
Foreign loans	19,392,897	19,768,530
<b>Total</b>	<b>229,254,324</b>	<b>184,232,139</b>

**1.5.8 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates	2,527	127
Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,527</b>	<b>127</b>

**1.5.9 Specific provisions for loans or default (third stage) provisions**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	258,870	92,504
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	274,888	265,907
Uncollectible loans and receivables	2,756,040	2,756,380
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,289,798</b>	<b>3,114,791</b>

**1.5.10 Information on non-performing loans (Net)**

**1.5.10.1 Information on loans and other receivables included in loans under follow-up account, which are restructured or rescheduled**

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	<b>Loans and Receivables with Limited Collectability</b>	<b>Loans and Receivables with Doubtful Collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Receivables</b>
<b>Current Period:</b>			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	-	-	666,209
Restructured Loans and Receivables	-	-	666,209
<b>Prior Period:</b>			
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	-	-	672,696
Restructured Loans and Receivables	-	-	672,696

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**1.5.10.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans**

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Current Period</b>			
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2022</b>	<b>148,232</b>	<b>304,294</b>	<b>2,820,252</b>
Additions in the current period (+)	263,320	114,061	51,924
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	106,157	205,520
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	106,157	205,520	-
Collections in the current period (-)	9,535	8,518	246,865
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	<b>295,860</b>	<b>310,474</b>	<b>2,830,831</b>
Specific provisions (-)	258,870	274,888	2,756,040
<b>Net balances on balance sheet</b>	<b>36,990</b>	<b>35,586</b>	<b>74,791</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>			
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2021</b>	<b>204,088</b>	<b>151,392</b>	<b>2,727,035</b>
Additions in the current period (+)	254,089	208,514	1,300,904
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	186,595	216,062
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	186,595	216,062	-
Collections in the current period (-)	123,350	26,145	1,423,193
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>556</b>
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	<b>148,232</b>	<b>304,294</b>	<b>2,820,252</b>
Specific provisions (-)	92,504	265,907	2,756,380
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>55,728</b>	<b>38,387</b>	<b>63,872</b>

**1.5.10.3 Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans**

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
<b>Current Period:</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	4,216	8,372	683,254
Provision amount (-)	1,031	4,665	670,704
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>3,185</b>	<b>3,707</b>	<b>12,550</b>
<b>Prior Period:</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	958	71,590	604,347
Provision amount (-)	637	63,562	592,550
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>8,028</b>	<b>11,797</b>

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**1.5.10.4** Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups

	<b>Group III</b>	<b>Group IV</b>	<b>Group V</b>
	<b>Loans and receivables with limited collectability</b>	<b>Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible loans and receivables</b>
<b>Current Period (Net)</b>	<b>36,990</b>	<b>35,586</b>	<b>74,791</b>
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	295,860	310,474	2,830,831
Specific provision (-)	258,870	274,888	2,756,040
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>36,990</b>	<b>35,586</b>	<b>74,791</b>
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
<b>Prior Period (Net)</b>			
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	<b>39,498</b>	<b>52,267</b>	<b>66,222</b>
Specific provision (-)	132,002	318,174	2,822,602
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>92,504</b>	<b>265,907</b>	<b>2,756,380</b>
Banks (Gross)	<b>39,498</b>	<b>52,267</b>	<b>66,222</b>
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

**1.5.10.5** In terms of financial instrument classes, the aging analysis of past due but not impaired financial assets is as follows

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**1.5.10.6** Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
<b>The Parent Bank</b>	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability</b>	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables</b>
<b>Current Period (Net)</b>	<b>1,326</b>	<b>3,612</b>	<b>2,674</b>
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	20,694	21,609	352,390
Provision (-)	19,368	17,997	349,716

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
<b>The Parent Bank</b>	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectability</b>	<b>Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectability</b>	<b>Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables</b>
<b>Prior Period (Net)</b>	<b>2,561</b>	<b>2,457</b>	<b>4,199</b>
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	9,953	13,184	365,861
Provision (-)	7,392	10,727	361,662

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**1.5.11 Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables**

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**1.5.12 Information on the write-off policy**

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**1.6 Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost**

**1.6.1 Information on other financial assets measured at amortized cost**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Debt Securities</b>	<b>30,755,710</b>	<b>22,678,201</b>
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	30,318,480	22,475,780
Not Quoted	437,230	202,421
<b>Expected Loss Provision (-)</b>	<b>9,546</b>	<b>10,210</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>30,746,164</b>	<b>22,667,991</b>

**1.6.2 Movements of other financial assets measured at amortized cost during the year**

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Opening Balance</b>	<b>22,678,201</b>	<b>5,935,549</b>
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	167,700	4,736,322
Purchases During the Year	7,909,809	18,347,606
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	-	6,341,276
<b>Expected Loss Provision (-)</b>	<b>9,546</b>	<b>10,210</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>30,746,164</b>	<b>22,667,991</b>

**1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net)**

**1.7.1** The 1.49% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 7,659 (31 December 2022 – TL 7,659), 1.15% ownership of the shares of Islamic International Rating Agency amounting to TL 401 (31 December 2022 – TL 391), ownership of the shares of Katılım Finans Kefalet A.Ş amounting to TL 22,500, which corresponds to 15% in (31 December 2022 – None), Swift shares amounting to TL 4,958 (31 December 2022 – TL 4,739) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa İstanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2022 – TL 15), 2.86% ownership of the shares of JCR Avrasya Derecelendirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 2,755 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,755), The 0.82% ownership of the shares of İhracatı Geliştirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 30,420 (31 December 2022 – TL 30,420), VISA shares amounting to TL 26,615 (31 December 2022 – TL 25,962) are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the Parent Bank's ownership in these entities is less than 10% and the Parent Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.

**1.7.2** Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2022 – None).

**1.7.3** Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2022 – None).

**1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net)**

**1.8.1** Although the Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş and Architech Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with “Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks” published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated.

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**1.8.2 Information on subsidiaries**

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	KT Bank AG (*)	Frankfurt/Germany	100	100
2	Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. (***)	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
3	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
4	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
5	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
6	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Istanbul/Turkey	75	75.56
7	Architech Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş. (**)	Istanbul/Turkey	100	100
8	Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş. (**)	Istanbul/Turkey	99.99	99.99

Information on subsidiaries in the order listed above

	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss	Fair value
1(*)	16,413,143	3,340,745	188,983	-	-	13,636	2,805	-
2(***)	9,170,771	1,642,816	94,826	-	-	151,527	37,288	-
3	1,666,553	558	-	-	-	61	27	-
4	784	738	-	-	-	2	10	-
5	136,425	99,673	5,762	-	-	25,243	5,953	-
6	311,455	274,011	166,630	-	-	1,549	711	-
7(**)	337,227	228,962	12,151	609	130	(8,299)	509,909	-
8(**)	74,798	57,849	6,001	-	-	5,373	(2,682)	-

(\*) As of 31 March 2023, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

(\*\*) These are the amounts in the statutory financial statements dated March 31, 2023, regulated according to the Turkish Commercial Code.

(\*\*\*) According to Article 10 of the Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Insurance and Reinsurance and Pension Companies, Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. calculates a minimum required equity capital twice a year, in June and December periods, and the capital deficiency on March 31, 2023, is none (December 31, 2022: capital deficiency TL 226,650). In addition, the shareholder of Neova Katılım Sigorta A.Ş. has the financial power and management understanding to eliminate any financial risk.

Information on the investment funds that were consolidated according to the full consolidation method with the Parent Bank as of March 31, 2023

	Title	The Parent Bank's share ratio (%)	Group's share ratio (%)	Net Asset Value
1	KT Portföy Kuveyt Türk Yabancı Katılım Serbest Özel Fon	100	100	100
2	KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (TL) Fon	100	100	4,904,669
3	KT Portföy Birinci Katılım Serbest (Döviz-Avro) Özel Fon	100	100	1,991
4	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Kobi Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	100	100	116,118
5	KT Portföy Lonca Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	100	100	90,539
6	KT Portföy Neova Katılım Serbest Özel (TL) Fon	-	100	101,430
7	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. Neova Katılım Sigorta Özel Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	-	100	5,939
8	KT Portföy NKS Katılım Serbest (TL) Özel Fon	-	100	605,444

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Movement regarding the subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Balance at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>23,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>
<b>Movements during the year</b>	<b>100,000</b>	-
Purchases (*)	100,000	-
Transfers from subsidiaries (net)	-	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	-	-
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>123,680</b>	<b>23,680</b>
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	-

(\*) Architech Information Systems and Marketing Tic A, a subsidiary of the Bank, the capital of the company, which was TL 83,000,000 (full amount), was increased by TL 100,000,000 (full amount) to TL 183,000,000 (full amount) on March 28, 2023.

Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	1,592,030	1,592,030
Insurance Companies	1,151,796	751,796
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Subsidiaries	75,419	75,419
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,819,245</b>	<b>2,419,245</b>

Consolidated subsidiaries listed on the stock exchange:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	53,418	53,418
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>53,418</b>	<b>53,418</b>

**1.8.3 Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries:**

The Partner Bank's equity of KT Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of March 31, 2023, is EUR 160,889,514.73 (Full EUR amount) and the capital adequacy ratio is 30.5%.

**1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)**

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*)	50%	12,750,287	348,939	74,219	24,924	16,203

(\*) In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. The Parent Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by İstanbul Ticaret Sicil Müdürlüğü.

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**1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)**

**1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	13,619,401	11,441,637	10,776,102	9,201,436
1 to 4 years	13,190,599	12,178,206	11,386,627	10,649,655
More than 4 years	893,187	869,116	1,038,646	1,012,311
<b>Total</b>	<b>27,703,187</b>	<b>24,488,959</b>	<b>23,201,375</b>	<b>20,863,402</b>

**1.10.2 Net investments in finance leases**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases	27,703,187	23,201,375
Unearned finance lease income (-)	3,214,228	2,337,973
Unearned finance lease income (-)	-	-
<b>Net Leasing Investment</b>	<b>24,488,959</b>	<b>20,863,402</b>

**1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts**

The Parent Bank determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Parent Bank gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfill its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the Bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non-performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 77,673 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2022 – TL 72,248).

**1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes**

None (31 December 2022 – None).

**1.12 Information on tangible asset**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**1.13 Explanations on intangible asset**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**1.14 Explanations on investment properties**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	165,730	63,598
Additions	-	102,132
Disposals (-), Net	124,125	-
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
<b>Closing Net Book Value</b>	<b>41,605</b>	<b>165,730</b>

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**1.15 Information on deferred tax asset**

As of 31 March 2023, deferred tax is offset as TL 1,321,616 in the balance sheet. The deferred tax asset is TL 3,197,720 (31 December 2022 – TL 3,515,733) and the deferred tax liability is TL 1,876,104 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,257,621 TL).

	Current Period	Prior Period
TFRS 9 Provisions	1,824,147	1,873,759
Derivative transactions valuation differences	381,862	680,132
Deferred income	271,281	209,779
Severance pays liability	166,600	157,732
Reserve for employee benefits	158,080	247,550
Financial assets valuation difference	69,578	33,242
Precious metals valuation difference	32,532	-
Transferred financial losses (*)	138,129	138,267
Impairment provision for subsidiaries, fixed assets and assets held for sale	-	-
Other	155,511	175,272
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>3,197,720</b>	<b>3,515,733</b>
Financial assets valuation difference	(1,547,643)	(1,625,767)
Tangible assets valuation differences	(43,080)	(13,703)
Derivative transactions valuation differences	(259,270)	(143,407)
Precious metal valuation difference	-	(377,242)
Other	(26,111)	(97,502)
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>	<b>(1,876,104)</b>	<b>(2,257,621)</b>
<b>Net Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>1,321,616</b>	<b>1,258,112</b>

(\*) The Group has reflected a total of TL 138,129 of deferred tax assets (31 December 2022: TL 138,267) in its records as it plans to generate sufficient taxable income to offset the financial loss in the coming periods.

Table of deferred tax asset movement

	Current Period	Prior Period
As of 1 January,	1,258,112	1,882,944
Deferred tax (expense)/income	(131,048)	723,232
Deferred tax accounted under equity	194,552	(1,348,064)
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>1,321,616</b>	<b>1,258,112</b>

**1.16 Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	117,719	240,891
Additions	106,899	92,069
Transfers from Tangible Asset	-	-
Disposals (-), Net	5,625	215,241
Transfer to Tangible Assets	-	-
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Provision for Impairment (-)	-	-
<b>Closing Net Book Value</b>	<b>218,993</b>	<b>117,719</b>

**1.17 Information on other assets**

As of balance sheet date, the Group's other assets amount to TL 7,173,657 (31 December 2022 – TL 5,051,789). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

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**2. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Liabilities**

**2.1 Information on funds collected**

**2.1.1 Information on maturity structure of funds collected**

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>31,569,757</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>31,569,757</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL</b>	-	<b>12,186,615</b>	<b>60,504,547</b>	<b>6,156,763</b>	-	<b>10,192,169</b>	<b>1,488,168</b>	<b>13,629</b>	<b>90,541,891</b>
<b>III. Another current accounts-TL</b>	<b>21,502,825</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>21,502,825</b>
Public sector	864,260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	864,260
Commercial sector	19,477,180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,477,180
Other institutions	187,380	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	187,380
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>974,005</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>974,005</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	974,005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	974,005
Participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>1,228,170</b>	<b>7,652,054</b>	<b>3,140,388</b>	-	<b>3,303,362</b>	<b>165,154</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>15,489,196</b>
Public sector	-	520	3,903	-	-	88,800	-	-	93,223
Commercial sector	-	1,028,428	7,009,632	2,758,635	-	3,081,893	164,784	68	14,043,440
Other institutions	-	197,064	460,016	45,418	-	76,978	370	-	779,846
Commercial and other institutions	-	2,158	178,475	336,335	-	55,691	-	-	572,659
Banks and participation banks	-	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	28
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>51,724,601</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>51,724,601</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>11,466,822</b>	<b>9,469,399</b>	<b>1,670,586</b>	-	<b>3,650,473</b>	<b>3,396,410</b>	<b>12,638</b>	<b>29,666,328</b>
<b>VII. Another current accounts-FC</b>	<b>19,691,286</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>19,691,286</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	12,448,578	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,448,578
Commercial residents in Abroad	6,075,762	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,075,762
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>1,166,946</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1,166,946</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64
Foreign banks	1,162,016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,162,016
Participation banks	4,866	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,866
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	<b>490,450</b>	<b>767,217</b>	<b>413,055</b>	-	<b>226,824</b>	<b>221,117</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>2,118,855</b>
Public sector	-	21	61,167	-	-	-	-	-	61,188
Commercial sector	-	354,592	321,744	77,522	-	59,883	7,600	192	821,533
Other institutions	-	13,827	169,877	335,505	-	160,714	213,517	-	893,440
Commercial and other institutions	-	122,010	214,429	28	-	6,227	-	-	342,694
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>47,231,830</b>	<b>6,098,823</b>	<b>3,266,211</b>	<b>505,341</b>	-	<b>405,602</b>	<b>21,576</b>	-	<b>57,529,383</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	<b>208,197</b>	<b>1,635,449</b>	-	<b>21,446,841</b>	<b>19,959</b>	-	<b>23,310,446</b>
Residents in Turkey	-	-	204,789	1,635,449	-	21,354,148	10,009	-	23,204,395
Residents Abroad	-	-	3,408	-	-	92,693	9,950	-	106,051
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total (**)</b>	<b>171,720,299</b>	<b>31,470,880</b>	<b>81,867,625</b>	<b>13,521,582</b>	-	<b>39,225,271</b>	<b>5,312,384</b>	<b>26,527</b>	<b>343,144,568</b>

(\*) There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Group.

(\*\*) As of 31 March 2023, the Parent Bank has a total of TL 65,492,511 (31 December 2022: TL 44,232,985) foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument of which TL 36,721,075 (31 December 2022: 23,423,914 TL) opened within the scope of the "Communique on Supporting the Conversion of Turkish Lira Deposit and Participation Accounts" published by the CBRT in the Official Gazette dated 21 December 2021 and numbered 31696, TL 102,213,587 (31 December 2022: TL 67,656,899) opened within the scope of the announcement of the Ministry of Treasury and Finance ("Treasury") dated 24 December 2021. Foreign exchange revaluation differences amounting to TL 1,431,162 (31 December 2022: TL 681,794) regarding the foreign exchange-protected deposit instrument calculated as of the balance sheet date are presented in other assets wider assets and included in deposits under liabilities.

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Prior Period	Demand	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>28,581,579</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>28,581,579</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>11,844,756</b>	<b>53,871,241</b>	<b>3,455,298</b>	-	<b>7,619,222</b>	<b>1,161,534</b>	<b>15,311</b>	<b>77,967,362</b>
<b>III. Another current accounts-TL</b>	<b>18,258,435</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>18,258,435</b>
Public sector	309,957	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	309,957
Commercial sector	17,687,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,687,175
Other institutions	198,874	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	198,874
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>62,429</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>62,429</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	62,429	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,429
Participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>1,039,535</b>	<b>7,749,201</b>	<b>2,594,915</b>	-	<b>2,928,479</b>	<b>195,171</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>14,507,348</b>
Public sector	-	411	4,123	-	-	83,085	-	-	87,619
Commercial sector	-	869,626	7,054,549	2,445,215	-	2,750,155	194,800	47	13,314,392
Other institutions	-	168,930	585,212	51,182	-	50,651	371	-	856,346
Commercial and other institutions	-	568	105,292	98,518	-	44,588	-	-	248,966
Banks and participation banks	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	25
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>53,456,522</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>53,456,522</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>12,945,066</b>	<b>11,731,134</b>	<b>1,731,931</b>	-	<b>3,299,705</b>	<b>3,932,794</b>	<b>12,554</b>	<b>33,653,184</b>
<b>VII. Another current accounts-FC</b>	<b>21,196,156</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>21,196,156</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	13,801,293	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,801,293
Commercial residents in Abroad	5,833,308	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,833,308
<b>Banks and participation banks</b>	<b>1,561,555</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1,561,555</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	213,395	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	213,395
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	1,348,160	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,348,160
Participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	<b>547,701</b>	<b>1,214,539</b>	<b>386,231</b>	-	<b>263,346</b>	<b>215,833</b>	-	<b>2,627,650</b>
Public sector	-	47	59,539	-	-	-	-	-	59,586
Commercial sector	-	430,370	611,884	76,533	-	75,656	12,205	-	1,206,648
Other institutions	-	16,790	253,251	309,671	-	181,730	203,628	-	965,070
Commercial and other institutions	-	100,494	289,865	27	-	5,960	-	-	396,346
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>44,330,959</b>	<b>6,521,360</b>	<b>3,425,381</b>	<b>540,213</b>	-	<b>400,669</b>	<b>17,145</b>	-	<b>55,235,727</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	<b>203,564</b>	<b>747,404</b>	-	<b>5,814,863</b>	<b>10,009</b>	-	<b>6,775,840</b>
Residents in Turkey	-	-	203,564	747,404	-	5,814,863	10,009	-	6,775,840
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>165,823,651</b>	<b>32,898,418</b>	<b>78,195,060</b>	<b>9,455,992</b>	-	<b>20,326,284</b>	<b>5,532,486</b>	<b>27,912</b>	<b>312,259,803</b>

(\*) There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Group.

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**2.1.2 Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund**

**2.1.2.1 Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real and Legal Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund**

	Under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance		Exceeding the limit of saving Deposit	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Real and legal persons current and profit-sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities				
TL accounts	67,766,523	46,974,148	114,524,949	99,081,497
FC accounts	72,151,233	52,436,738	76,362,860	102,497,446
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions' under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real and legal persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 400 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

**2.1.2.2 If the headquarters of the Parent Bank's is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained**

The headquarters of the Parent Bank is in Turkey.

**2.1.2.3 Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund**

The Parent Bank has no current or profit-sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit-sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first-degree relatives.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' profit-sharing accounts and other accounts	-	-
Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit-sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	18,856	15,340
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Turkey in order to engage in offshore banking activities solely	-	-

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**2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading**

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	5,373	119,120	8,064	21,777
Swap transactions	2,130	222,652	8,079	146,147
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,503</b>	<b>341,772</b>	<b>16,143</b>	<b>167,924</b>

**2.3. Information on funds borrowed**

**2.3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	127,004	28,453,435	564,451	21,592,120
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	56,027	7,738,577	47,300	5,630,771
<b>Total</b>	<b>183,031</b>	<b>36,192,012</b>	<b>611,751</b>	<b>27,222,891</b>

**2.3.2 Information on maturity structure of borrowings**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	183,031	33,263,431	611,751	24,322,340
Medium and Long-Term	-	2,928,581	-	2,900,551
<b>Total</b>	<b>183,031</b>	<b>36,192,012</b>	<b>611,751</b>	<b>27,222,891</b>

**2.3.4 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Parent Bank's major liabilities**

A large part of the loans received by the Parent Bank consists of foreign currency loans. There is no risk concentration of the Parent Bank's current and profit-sharing accounts.

**2.4. Information on securities issued**

The Group has issued sukuks, detailed below. The average return on securities issued is 17.06% for Turkish Lira. The maturity of sukuk issued in Turkish Lira is between April 2023 and May 2023.

Current Period	TL		FC	
	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	1,550,000	-	-	-
Remaining Income Distribution	74,458	-	-	3,437,200
Book Value	1,653,509	-	-	-
Prior Period	TL		FC	
	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	2,500,000	-	-	-
Remaining Income Distribution	103,127	-	-	3,507,213
Book Value	2,294,758	-	-	-

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**2.5 Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables**

As of 31 March 2023, other liabilities amount to TL 4,686,746 (31 December 2022 – TL 3,090,109), sundry creditors amount to TL 5,560,837 (31 December 2022 - TL 3,084,199), both of them do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

**2.6 Information on finance lease payables (net)**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	26,397	28,492	18,040	21,049
1 to 4 years	60,040	60,634	63,259	68,196
More than 4 years	881,298	567,815	754,681	486,117
<b>Total</b>	<b>967,735</b>	<b>656,941</b>	<b>835,980</b>	<b>575,362</b>

The Group used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit on 1 January 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 1 January 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee uses a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

**2.6.1. Explanations on contract changes and the new obligations these changes bring to the Group**

None (31 December 2022 – None).

**2.6.1.1. Explanations on financial leasing obligations**

None (31 December 2022 – None).

**2.6.1.2. Explanations on operating lease**

Leasing is classified as an operating lease in which the lessor holds all the risks and benefits of that asset. Such transactions include lease agreements belonging to branches, which can be cancelled with prior notice.

There are no significant obligations imposed by the changes in the contract related to the operating lease to the Group.

The Group registers its lease payments based on operating lease agreements with equal amounts of expenses during the lease term.

**2.7 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities**

None (31 December 2022 - None).

**2.8 Information on provisions**

**2.8.1 Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans: As of 31 March 2023, there are no loans (December 31, 2022 – 0) and there are no financial leasing receivables (December 31, 2022 – TL 0).**

**2.8.2 Information on other provisions**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Specific provisions for non-cash loans that are not indemnified converted into cash	625,946	604,898
General Provisions for non-cash loans	836,965	787,896
Provision for profits will be allocated to participation accounts	1,243,174	1,315,157
Credit cards of banking services applications	8,814	8,337
Other (*)	392,570	388,270
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,107,469</b>	<b>3,104,558</b>

(\*) The other item is mainly collected from customers in the current period in case of TL 261,203 (December 31, 2022 – TL 248,520) litigation provision, TL 12,889 (December 31, 2022 – TL 12,547) expense provision, TL 68,266 (31 December 2022 – TL 60,034) for collected late fines that may be subject to refund and the other equivalent of TL 50,212 (December 31, 2022 – TL 67,169).

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**2.8.3 Information on provisions for employee benefits**

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 666,397 (31 December 2022 – TL 631,314), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 121,642 (31 December 2022 – TL 6,163), performance premium amounting to TL 144,324 (31 December 2022 – TL 632,100), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 270,313 (31 December 2022 – TL 272,860), committee fee amounting to TL 76,858 (31 December 2022 – TL 59,977) and other fees amounting to TL 46,183 (31 December 2022 – TL 39,880).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Parent Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The compensation to be paid is up to one month's salary for each service year and this amount is limited to TL 19,982.83 (full TL amount) (31 December 2022 – TL 15,371.40 (full TL amount)). The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Parent Bank arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	12.72	12.72
Inflation rate (%)	9.90	9.90
Salary increases rate (%)	10.40	10.40

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	631,314	228,869
Provisions recognized during the period	53,102	95,630
Paid during the period	(18,019)	(20,588)
Actuarial loss	-	327,403
<b>Balances at the end of the period</b>	<b>666,397</b>	<b>631,314</b>

**2.9 Explanations on tax liability**

**2.9.1 Explanations on current tax liability**

**2.9.1.1 Information on tax provisions: TL 3,437,022 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,053,914).**

**2.9.1.2 Information on taxes payable**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Taxation of marketable securities	33,946	32,333
Taxation of immovable property	4,805	3,336
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	116,623	110,425
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	29,320	31,950
Value Added Tax Payable	9,516	14,448
Income tax deducted from wages	48,763	35,648
Other	119,129	3,222
<b>Total</b>	<b>362,102</b>	<b>231,362</b>

**2.9.1.3 Information on premiums (\*)**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Insurance Premiums-Employee	35,198	39,861
Social Insurance Premiums-Employer	38,817	44,003
Unemployment insurance-Employee	2,513	2,845
Unemployment insurance-Employer	5,333	6,145
<b>Total</b>	<b>81,861</b>	<b>92,854</b>

(\*) Included in Other Liabilities/Various Debts in the Balance Sheet.

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**2.9.1.4 Information on deferred tax liability**

Within the scope of the relevant regulations, as of 31 March 2023, the deferred tax was netted as TL 1,321,616 in the balance sheet. The deferred tax asset was calculated as TL 3,197,720 (31 December 2022 – TL 3,515,733) and the deferred tax liability as TL 1,876,104 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,257,621).

**2.10 Information on payables related to assets held for sale**

None (31 December 2022 – None).

**2.11 Information on subordinated loans**

It has not been prepared in the interim period in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on Financial Statements to be Disclosed to the Public by Banks and on Disclosures and Footnotes Related to Them.

**2.12 Information on shareholders' equity**

**2.12.1 Presentation of paid-in capital**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Common shares	4,600,000	4,600,000
Preference shares	-	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(4,869)	(4,869)
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,595,131</b>	<b>4,595,131</b>

(\*) It represents the Parent Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

**2.12.2 Amount of Paid-in Capital, Disclosure on whether the Bank Applies the Registered Share Capital System, and, if so, the Ceiling Amount of the Registered Share Capital**

Registered capital system is not applied in the Parent Bank.

**2.12.3 Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period**

None

**2.12.4 Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period**

None

**2.12.5 Possible effect of estimations made for the Group's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties**

Based on the evaluation made considering the Group's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

**2.12.6 Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital**

None (31 December 2022- None).

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**2.12.7 Information on marketable securities value increase fund**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference (*)	4,428,226	(164,158)	4,765,546	(56,643)
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,428,226</b>	<b>(164,158)</b>	<b>4,765,546</b>	<b>(56,643)</b>

(\*) Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet.

**2.13 Information on minority shares**

31 March 2023 – TL 68,503 (31 December 2022 – TL 67,913).

**3. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Off-balance Sheet Contingencies and Commitments**

**3.1. Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts**

**3.1.1 Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments**

Commitment for credit card limits, as of 31 March 2023 amounts to TL 17,784,878 (31 December 2022 – TL 13,003,526); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 3,793,196 (31 December 2022 – TL 2,368,988).

**3.1.2 Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items**

**3.1.2.1 Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits**

As of 31 March 2023, the Group's has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 29,373,159 (31 December 2022 – TL 23,149,142) of letters of guarantee; TL 201,758 (31 December 2022 – TL 136,081) of acceptances and TL 6,511,404 (31 December 2022 – TL 5,971,813) of letters of credit. Also, the Parent Bank has other acceptances amounting to TL 1,992,758 (31 December 2022 – TL 1,560,494).

**3.1.2.2 Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies**

There are no other than those explained in 2.i

**3.1.3 Total amount of non-cash loans**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	124,670	108,671
With original maturity of 1 year or less	124,670	108,671
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	37,954,409	30,708,859
<b>Total</b>	<b>38,079,079</b>	<b>30,817,530</b>

**3.1.4. Information on sector-based risk concentration in non-cash loans**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**3.1.5. Information on non-cash loans classified in Stage I and II**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**3.2. Explanations on derivative transactions**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

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**3.3. Explanations on credit derivatives and their risks**

None.

**3.4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**3.5. Explanations on services provided to other names and accounts**

None.

**3.6. Summary information on the rating of the Parent Bank to international rating agencies**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**4. Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Income**

**4.1 Information on profit share income**

**4.1.1 Information on profit share received from loans**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
<b>Profit share on loans</b>	<b>5,898,727</b>	<b>1,030,066</b>	<b>2,747,646</b>	<b>646,091</b>
Short term loans	3,464,315	429,406	1,162,511	300,457
Medium- and long-term loans	2,375,644	581,649	1,486,660	321,121
Profit share on non-performing loans	58,768	19,011	98,475	24,513
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,898,727</b>	<b>1,030,066</b>	<b>2,747,646</b>	<b>646,091</b>

**4.1.2 Information on profit share received from banks**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	35,603	-	80,625	-
Domestic Banks	328,963	-	52,917	12,297
Foreign Banks	-	115,385	19,889	43,539
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>364,566</b>	<b>115,385</b>	<b>153,431</b>	<b>55,836</b>

**4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	29,599	62,107	38,278	95,858
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2,844,545	279,808	1,572,304	166,072
Financial Assets valued at Amortized Cost	549,531	246,900	210,007	91,532
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,423,675</b>	<b>588,815</b>	<b>1,820,589</b>	<b>353,462</b>

**4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	13	180

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**4.2 Information on profit share expenses**

**4.2.1 Information on profit share given to loans used**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	17,251	83,352	10,886	30,184
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	15,621	2,983	9,551	1,083
Foreign banks	1,630	80,369	1,335	29,101
Other Institutions	-	304,890	-	165,430
<b>Total</b>	<b>17,251</b>	<b>388,242</b>	<b>10,886</b>	<b>195,614</b>

**4.2.2 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share expenses given to associates and subsidiaries	1,744	426

**4.2.3 Profit share expense paid to securities issued**

31 Mart 2023 – 150,158 TL (1 Ocak-31 Mart 2022– 140,878 TL).

**4.3 Information on dividend income**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds**

Current Period	Profit Sharing Accounts							
Account name	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	415,158	2,019,529	165,208	-	340,860	46,090	458	2,987,303
Public-sector profit-sharing account	15	150	-	-	77	-	-	242
Commercial sector profit sharing account	32,932	244,377	88,775	-	106,954	1,250	-	474,288
Other institutions profit sharing account	6,906	22,459	9,536	-	2,726	14	-	41,641
Total	455,011	2,286,515	263,519	-	450,617	47,354	458	3,503,474
FC								
Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	28,272	34,920	3,154	-	6,361	6,184	43	78,934
Public-sector profit-sharing account	-	166	-	-	-	-	-	166
Commercial sector profit sharing account	865	1,122	194	-	61	20	-	2,262
Other institutions profit sharing account	306	590	4	-	28	-	-	928
Precious metal accounts	2,102	1,118	166	-	137	-	-	3,523
Total	31,545	37,916	3,518	-	6,587	6,204	43	85,813
Grand Total	486,556	2,324,431	267,037	-	457,204	53,558	501	3,589,287

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Prior Period	Profit Sharing Accounts							
Account name	Up to 1 months	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit-sharing accounts	Total
<b>TL</b>								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	387,268	737,407	55,741	-	37,292	27,741	557	1,246,006
Public-sector profit-sharing account	10	40	30	-	100	-	-	180
Commercial sector profit sharing account	22,218	38,441	88,881	-	1,972	482	-	151,994
Other institutions profit sharing account	4960	7330	2,010	-	107	18	-	14,425
<b>Total</b>	<b>414,456</b>	<b>783,218</b>	<b>146,662</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>39,471</b>	<b>28,241</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>1,412,605</b>
<b>FC</b>								
Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	20,400	30,693	2,624	-	4,459	4,916	32	63,124
Public-sector profit-sharing account.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial sector profit sharing account	1,199	2,495	124	-	51	5	-	3,874
Other institutions profit sharing account	178	579	2	-	-	-	-	759
Precious metal accounts	2,709	1,440	255	-	171	-	-	4,575
<b>Total</b>	<b>24,486</b>	<b>35,207</b>	<b>3,005</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,681</b>	<b>4,921</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>72,332</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>438,942</b>	<b>818,425</b>	<b>149,667</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>44,152</b>	<b>33,162</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>1,484,937</b>

#### 4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net)

	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Trading profit / loss (net)</b>	<b>2,205,391</b>	<b>1,100,440</b>
<b>Profit</b>	<b>19,243,538</b>	<b>31,230,476</b>
Gain on capital market transactions	548,016	51,058
Gain on derivative financial instruments	3,016,712	3,409,939
Foreign exchange profit	15,678,810	27,769,479
<b>Losses (-)</b>	<b>(17,038,147)</b>	<b>(30,130,036)</b>
Losses on capital market transactions	(2,121)	(485)
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(2,941,873)	(3,124,378)
Foreign exchange losses	(14,094,153)	(27,005,173)

#### 4.6 Information on other operating income

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Group.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reversal of prior period provisions	1,837,775	11,442
Income from sales of assets	19,900	103,073
Cancellations of Provisions from Profits to be Distributed to Participation Accounts	149,159	33,959
Rental income	2,984	19
Other Income	26,614	756,165
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,036,432</b>	<b>904,658</b>

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**4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank**

	Current Period (*)	Prior Period (*)
<b>Expected Credit Loss</b>	<b>2,701,576</b>	<b>2,005,622</b>
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	1,757,737	1,325,870
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	564,248	374,487
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	379,591	305,265
<b>Marketable Securities Impairment Expense</b>	<b>23,261</b>	<b>18,499</b>
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	23,261	18,499
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (**)	<b>40,291</b>	<b>169,475</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,765,128</b>	<b>2,193,596</b>

(\*) Includes the provisions in the "Other Provision Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

(\*\*) Also includes provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation.

**4.8 Information on other operating expenses**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for retirement pay liability	35,083	18,307
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of tangible assets	125,218	76,060
Impairment Expenses of intangible fixed assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	45,548	25,452
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	1	-
Other operating expenses	535,667	224,998
Lease Expenses Regarding TFRS 16 Exemptions	3,996	3,867
Maintenance expenses	66,899	36,800
Advertisement expenses	27,597	13,149
Communication expenses	48,739	26,965
Heating, electricity and water expenses	45,706	19,221
Cleaning expenses	9,468	2,940
Vehicle expenses	10,393	7,250
Stationery expenses	55,861	18,749
Other expenses (*)	267,008	96,057
Losses on sales of assets	3,557	1,482
Deposit insurance fund expenses	251,888	144,427
Other	1,345,638	698,763
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,342,600</b>	<b>1,189,489</b>

(\*) As of 31 March 2023, the "Promotional Application Expenses for Credit Cards" account of TL 74,778 (31 March 2022 – TL 35,958) and the "Pension Payments Promotional Application Expenses" account of TL 20,115 are classified here (31 March 2022 – TL 2,778).

**4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations**

The Group's, current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL 1,371,763 (1 January-31 March 2022 – TL (38,976)), deferred tax expense of TL 256,347 (1 January-31 March 2022 – TL 845,390), deferred tax income of TL 125,299 (1 January-31 March 2022 – TL 305,581).

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**4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations**

There is no profit/loss arising from discontinued operations within the operating profit/loss after tax.

**4.12 Information on net income/loss**

- 4.12.1** The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period

As of 30 September 2022, net profit share income is TL 7,925,315 (1 January-31 March 2022 – TL 4,137,120) net fees and commission income is TL 167,845 (1 January-31 March 2022 – TL 102,918).

- 4.12.2** Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods

None (1 January - 31 March 2022 – None).

- 4.12.3** Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit / (Loss) of Minority Shares	387	76,849

**4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statement**

As of 31 March 2023, other fees and commissions received is TL 992,951 (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 437,389), TL 262,211 of this amount is related with credit card fees and commissions (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 123,049) and TL 205,833 of this amount is related with POS machine commissions (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 72,288).

As of 31 March 2023, other fees and commissions given is TL 905,535 (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 375,678), TL 205,938 (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 92,384) of this amount is related with POS clearing commissions and installation expenses, TL 102,031 (1 January – 31 March 2022 – TL 36,269) of this amount is related with fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

**5. Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**6. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

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**7. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Group**

**7.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Group, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period**

**Current Period:**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Loans and other receivables</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	127	39,978	26,634	45,210	2,176,542	1,849
Balance at end of period	2,527	41,137	34,380	45,111	1,268,394	13,115
Profit share and commission income	10	3	924	111	214	-

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

**Prior Period:**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
<b>Loans and other receivables</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	193	28,603	6,955	21,246	64,315	2,297
Balance at end of period	127	39,978	26,634	45,210	2,176,542	1,849
Profit share and commission income	-	180	194	90	1,461	-

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

**7.2 Information on current and profit-sharing accounts of the Group's risk group**

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Current and profit-sharing accounts</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	115,505	28,489	219,676	104,748	454,287	348,052
Balance at end of period	1,351,597	115,505	250,619	219,676	485,690	454,287
Profit share expense	1,744	426	2,149	594	290	50

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411

**7.3 Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Group**

Risk group of the Group	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
<b>Transactions at Fair Value through Profit or Loss:</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	2,697,940	2,697,940	842,005	842,005	-	-
Balance at end of period	1,193,160	2,697,940	318,812	842,005	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	(443)	91,540	20,951	23,773	-	-
<b>Hedging Transactions:</b>						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-

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**7.4 Information on loans received from the Group's risk group**

Risk group of the Bank	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Borrowings						
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	957,272	270,055	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	2,359,823	957,272	-	-
Profit share expense	-	-	2,171	1,293	-	-

**7.5 Information on subordinated loans used by the Group's from its risk group**

The entire additional capital-like capital (Tier-I) sukuk of USD 200,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Group's on July 16, 2019, and the entire equity-like additional principal capital (Tier-I) sukuk of USD 50,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Group's on September 28, 2020, belong to Kuwait Finance House. Of the USD 350,000,000 (full amount) of the capital-like contribution capital (Tier-II) of USD 35,000,000 (full amount) realized by the Group's on 16 September 2021, Kuwait Finance House owns it.

**7.6 Information on remunerations provided to top management**

As of 1 January - 31 March 2023, the Group has paid TL 177,709 to top management (1 January – 31 March 2022- TL 65,916).

**8. Information about the branches of the Group in domestic, foreign and coastal banking regions and their representative offices abroad**

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on The Financial Statements about disclosures to be announced to Public by the Banks.

**9. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date**

With the decision of the board of directors dated April 27, 2023, the Parent Bank has written off its receivables amounting to TL 265,624 from its assets.

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**SECTION SIX**

**OTHER EXPLANATIONS**

- 1. Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet**

None.

**SECTION SEVEN**

**LIMITED REVIEW REPORT**

- 1. Explanations on the limited review report**

The consolidated financial statements have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 15 May 2023 is presented preceding the financial statements.

- 2. Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor: None.**

**SECTION EIGHT**

**INTERIM CONSOLIDATED ACTIVITY REPORT**

- 1. The Parent Bank explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager**

- 1.1 About Kuveyt Türk**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank's has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

As of 31 March 2023, 62.24% of the Parent Bank shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

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**1.2 Financial Information Summary**

<b>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET</b>	<b>31.03.2023</b>	<b>31.12.2022</b>
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	68,804,304	79,465,265
BANKS	18,748,208	21,502,105
SECURITIES	114,555,633	98,875,522
LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	232,691,491	187,504,917
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	24,488,959	20,863,402
EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	15,791,869	13,855,334
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	1,840,541	1,651,454
OTHER ASSETS	11,343,193	7,973,180
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>456,680,460</b>	<b>403,980,511</b>
FUND COLLECTED	343,144,568	312,259,803
FUNDS BORROWED	36,375,043	27,834,642
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	1,653,509	2,294,758
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	656,941	575,362
SUBORDINATED LOANS	11,701,011	11,424,892
OTHER LIABILITIES	29,883,879	18,820,719
EQUITY	33,265,509	30,770,335
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>456,680,460</b>	<b>403,980,511</b>
<b>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS</b>	<b>31.03.2023</b>	<b>31.03.2022</b>
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	12,146,907	6,055,478
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	4,221,592	1,918,358
NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	7,925,315	4,137,120
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	167,845	102,918
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	1,376,038	737,336
DIVIDEND INCOME	21,760	0
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	2,205,391	1,100,440
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	2,036,432	904,658
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	2,701,576	2,005,622
OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	63,552	187,974
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	2,342,600	1,189,489
PROFIT / LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING	12,462	8,102
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX	5,885,439	2,132,817
TAX CHARGE	1,502,811	500,833
<b>CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSSES</b>	<b>4,382,628</b>	<b>1,631,984</b>
<b>RATIOS</b>	<b>31.03.2023</b>	<b>31.12.2022</b>
Total Loans/Total Assets*	56.32%	51.58%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	74.95%	66.73%
Average Equity Profit **	54.75%	76.90%
Average Assets Profit **	4.07%	5.31%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	20.62%	26.42%

\* Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

\*\* Related ratios calculated by included in interim periods' profit amounts to year-end balances.

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**1.3 Message from the Chairman**

Dear Shareholders,

On February 6, 2023, we experienced one of the greatest natural disasters in the history of Türkiye. We wish God's mercy on those who lost their lives due to the earthquake in Turkey and Syria, our condolences to their families, and a speedy recovery to the injured. As Kuwait Finance House and Kuveyt Türk Finance Group, we will continue to support with all our means and continue to work with all our strength in order to heal the wounds of the earthquake and reach those in need.

The negative effects of the epidemic and the Russia-Ukraine War on the global economy are gradually improving. On the one hand, the Chinese economy normalized, while the energy and food markets returned to their relatively normal levels. Inflation rates, which are at historically high levels all over the world, are decreasing with the tightening monetary and fiscal policies and the normalization in the supply chain. On the other hand, in addition to all these positive economic developments, as of 2023, we have not been able to get rid of all the uncertainties and risks in the global economy. The events in the world financial sector and the slowing economies show that the markets are quite fragile and macroeconomic threats still continue. Global interest rate hikes, which have effects especially on developing countries as capital outflows, depreciation of local currencies, decrease in consumer confidence and increase in country risk premiums, affect the economies of developing countries more deeply.

Although the high interest rate hikes and monetary tightening steps implemented by the central banks slowed down the pace of price increases, we see that the inertia in inflation continues, and that serious levels of core inflation, excluding energy and food, have not disappeared yet. Rapid interest rate hikes and tightening policies, which we have not yet come to an end, bring together recession risks, the results of which we feel in the labor markets. Parallel to global economic research institutions, we will keep our cautious optimism regarding global economic growth figures for this year, while closely following political and economic developments in our strategic decisions.

The rapid interest rate hikes and monetary tightening that started last year, after historically low interest rates and abundant foreign exchange spread all over the world, had serious side effects on the financial sector as well. While sudden and high price changes in long-term fixed income assets cause some financial institutions to experience high losses, 2023 will be an important year in which the resilience of the global financial system will be tested. On the other hand, while the banking sector in Turkey is the sector with the highest financial strength, we know that participation banks are highly resistant to financial and non-financial risks due to their structure and participation finance principles that they must comply with. As Kuveyt Türk, we continue to support the real economy without compromising our sound banking principles.

In the activity period of 2023, our expert, well-educated, self-sacrificing, young and dynamic employees will be the carrier of our success. I would like to express my gratitude to all our employees who contributed to our success and to our shareholders for their unwavering support.

Regards,

**Hamad Abdulmohsen ALMARZOUQ**

Head of the BOD

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

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**1.4 Message from the General Manager**

Dear Shareholders,

While we started 2023 with hope, the earthquakes in Kahramanmaraş Pazarcık and Elbistan that took place on Monday, February 6, 2023, sent us all to deep sadness and grief as a country. We wish Allah's mercy on our citizens who lost their lives in the earthquake disaster that caused destruction in 11 provinces, our condolences to their relatives and our nation, and a speedy recovery to our injured people. From the first moment of the earthquake, we acted together with AFAD, the Türk Kızılay and the Turkish Scouting Federation, and delivered our in-kind and cash aid to the disaster-affected areas. In order to contribute to healing the wounds of our nation, we will continue to contribute as our main partner Kuwait Finance House and Kuveyt Türk Finance Group. Together, we will overcome this difficult process together.

Kuveyt Türk, which has been providing interest-free financial services to its customers for 34 years with the products and services it has developed in line with the principles of participation finance, continued its steady growth by increasing its profitability in the first quarter of 2023 and increased its net profit by 30% compared to the same period last year to TL 4,382,628. Kuveyt Türk's collected fund size increased by 10% to TL 343,144,568 compared to 2022, while the size of funds disbursed increased by 24 percent to TL 257,180,450. Having increased its shareholders' equity to TL 33,265,509 and its asset size to TL 456,680,460, Kuveyt Türk maintained its 10th place in the banking sector while consolidating its first place among participation financial institutions in terms of asset size.

The participation finance sector and Kuveyt Türk, which have adopted the motto of using its resources in a way that will make the highest contribution to the real economy, will continue to support investment, production and exports in 2023, as in the past. As Kuveyt Türk, we will continue to provide all the products and services our customers need in the best way, with our understanding that puts the customer experience at the center. While realizing all these, we will increase the market share we receive from the banking sector, while contributing to the increase in the share of participation finance in the banking sector. We will maintain our prudent approach in terms of asset quality and liquidity in the new year, and we will continue to differentiate ourselves positively from the sector in this area.

Kuveyt Türk aims to remain to be leading institution of the participation finance sector in Turkey in the coming period, with its strong capital and liquidity structure, high asset quality, dynamic corporate management approach, customer service model focused on continuous development, ongoing investments in technology, accelerated digital transformation efforts and international expansion.

Regards,

**Ufuk UYAN**  
Member of BOD and General Manager  
Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası

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**1.5 Financial position, performance and assessment of the prospects for the future**

As of 31 March 2023, consolidated financial statements asset size is TL 456 billion 680 million, amount of the utilization of funds is TL 257 billion 180 million and funds collected amount is TL 343 billion 145 million. Because of the first three months' profit of TL 4 billion 383 million, the ratio of shareholder equity increased 8.11% by reaching TL 33 billion 266 million. As of 31 March 2023, consolidated capital adequacy ratio has been realized as 20.62%.

**1.6 Significant events and transactions occurring during the three months period**

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a total nominal value of 1 billion 50 million TL, with a minimum 16.96% and a maximum 17.31% cost in different maturity brackets in four separate transactions.

**1.7 Assessment of the expectations related to the subsequent interim period**

When evaluating both global and domestic macroeconomic conditions, it is observed that there is an inflation-driven risk environment and uncertainties about the duration of this situation come to the fore. The increase in commodity prices due to the Russia-Ukraine conflict and the supply shortages observed in critical sectors cause producer and consumer prices to rise more than expected. During this period when developed and developing country central banks have begun to implement contractionary monetary policy actions, the effects of these risks on the markets will continue to be closely monitored.