Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası Anonim Şirketi

Consolidated Financial Statements And Notes For The Period Ended 1 January-30 September 2020 with Independent Auditor's Review Report

(Convenience translation of consolidated financial statements and independent auditor's audit report originally issued in Turkish)



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(Convenience translation of the auditor's report originally issued in Turkish ~ See Note I of Section Three)

REVIEW REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.

Introduction

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Group") at September 30, 2020 and the related consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the ninemonth-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated of interim financial information in accordance with the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency("BRSA") and circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority (together referred as BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation) and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" principles for those matters not regulated by BRSA Legislation; together referred as "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards of Turkey and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the consolidated financial position of the Group at September 30, 2020, and the results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the nine-month-period then ended in all material aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section VIII, are not consistent, in all material respects, with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

Other Matter

As disclosed footnote 1.5 of section three; the consolidated financial statements dated 1 January 2019, 30 September 2019 and 31 December 2019 were restated by taking Neova Sigorta A.Ş. into the scope of consolidation and these restated financial statements are presented comparatively with the financial statements dated 30 September 2020.

The financial statements of Neova Sigorta A.Ş. as at 31 December 2019 were audited by another audit firm, which expressed an unqualified opinion in their reports issued on 28 February 2020. Also, the audit of consolidated financial statements of the Group before the restatement as at 31 December 2018 and the financial statements of Neova Sigorta A.Ş. as at 31 December 2018, which form the basis of the consolidated financial statements as at 1 January 2019 that are presented in comparison with the accompanying consolidated financial statements as at 30 September 2020, were audited by one an other audit firm, which expressed an unqualified opinions in their report of the Group dated 7 March 2019 and in their report of Neova Sigorta A.Ş. dated 27 February 2019.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

As explained in detail in Note I of Section Three, the effects of differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have not been quantified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Gün , Bağırışı. Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

Member Firm of Exist Young Global Limited

Partner

24 November 2020 İstanbul, Turkey

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THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

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The consolidated interim financial report for the three-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- General Information About The Parent Bank
- Consolidated Financial Statements Of The Parent Bank
- Explanations On Accounting Policies Applied In The Period
- Information on Financial Structure Of the Group Which Is Under Consolidation
- Disclosures and Explanations On Consolidated Financial Statements
- Other Explanations
- Independent Auditors' Limited Review Report
- Consolidated Interim Activity Report

The subsidiaries, associates and jointly-controlled partners which are consolidated within the framework of this financial report are as follows:

	Subsidiaries	Associates	Jointly-Controlled Partners
1.	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	-	Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.
2.	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	-	
3.	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	-	-
4.	KT Bank AG.	-	-
5.	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	-	-
6.	KT Sukuk Company Limited	-	
7.	Neova Sigorta A.Ş.	-	

The consolidated financial statements for the nine-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

Hamad Abdulmohsen AL-M.	ARZOUQ	Shadi Al	nmed Yacoub ZAHRAN	Nadir ALPASLAN
Chairman of the Board of I	Directors	Cha	airman of the Audit	Member of the Audit Committee
			Committee	
				<u> </u>
Mohamad AL-MIDANI	Ufuk U	JYAN	Ahmet KARACA	Arslan Murat Soner
Member of the Audit	General I	Manager	Chief Financial Officer	Budget and Management
Committee				Reporting Manager

 $Contact\ information\ of\ the\ personnel\ in\ charge\ of\ the\ addressing\ of\ questions\ about\ this\ financial\ report:$

Name-Surname/Position: Mustafa ERDEM / Senior Reporting Manager

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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION ONE

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 31 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

The Parent Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries are named together as "Group".

2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Parent Bank belongs to:

As of 30 September 2020, 62.24% of the Parent Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the Parent bank:

Name	Title	Date of the assignment	Date of Audit Committee assignment	Date of Audit Committee completion	Educational degree	Ownership Percentage
Hamad Abdulmohsen AL MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	25/06/2014			Master	-
Burhan ERSOY	Member of BOD	18/06/2020			Bachelor	-
Nadir ALPASLAN	Member of BOD and Member of the Audit Committee	15/04/2011	24/12/2019		Bachelor	-
Salah A E AL MUDHAF Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHRAN	Member of BOD and Chairman of the Audit Committee	07/10/2019 25/09/2020	04/11/2020		Bachelor Bachelor	%0.01 -
Gehad Mohamed Elbendary ANANY	Member of BOD	25/09/2020	09/09/2020		Bachelor	-
Mohamad Al-MIDANI	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	05/05/2015	15/05/2015		Master	-
Ahmad S. A.A. AL KHARJI	Member of BOD	26/03/2014	24/09/2014	09/09/2020	Master	-
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	10/05/1999			Master	%0.06
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Chief Financial Officer	12/07/2006			Master	%0.00
Ahmet Süleyman KARAKAYA	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	14/01/2003			Bachelor	-
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	20/08/2003			Bachelor	%0.00
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	27/10/2005			Bachelor	%0.02
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking	05/05/2005			Doctorate	%0.01
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	20/04/2010			Bachelor	%0.00
Aslan DEMIR	Assistant General Manager, Strategy	08/10/2012			Bachelor	%0.01
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	01/10/2012			Bachelor	%0.00
Abdurrahman DELIPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	09/01/2015			Bachelor	%0.01

(*)Shadi Ahmed Yacoub ZAHRAN was appointed as the chairman of the audit committee with the decision dated 4 November 2020.

Chairman and members of the Board of Directors, members of auditing committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0.12% of the Parent Bank's share capital (31 December 2019 - 0.12%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4. Information on qualified shareholders

Name / Commercial Name	Share amount (Nominal)	Shareholding percentage	Paid shares (Nominal)	Unpaid shares
Kuwait Finance House	2,863,098	62.24%	2,863,098	_
Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları	861,086	18.72%	861,086	-
Total	3,724,184	80.96%	3,724,184	

As of 30 September 2020, the shares of parent shareholder of Parent Bank, Kuwait Finance House ("KFH") are 51.95% publicly traded; 24.08% of KFH belongs to Kuwait Investment Authority and 10.48% belongs to Public Authority for Minors Affairs.

5. Explanations of the Parent Bank's services and field of operations

The Parent Bank's field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Parent Bank's core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts, and lending such funds to its customers. As of 30 September 2020, the Group is operating through 440 domestic branches (31 December 2019 - 436) with 6,522 employees (31 December 2019 - 6,091). Summary of some of the Parent Bank's operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows:

- To collect funds through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts" and special fund pools in line with the regulations;
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of non-interest banking;
- To offer financial and operational leasing;
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travelers' checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services;
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking;
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary lease or transfer ownership to other persons;
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies);
- To provide socially responsible aid for the benefit of the community in the light of the legislations.

The Parent Bank's activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Customs and Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association.

6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Parent Bank and its subsidiaries:

None.

SECTION TWO

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Consolidated Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Consolidated Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Consolidated Income Statement (Statement of Profit or Loss)
- IV. Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

					Reviewed		Res	tated Audited		Re	estated Audited
				C	urrent Period		Pric	or Period (*)		P	rior Period (*)
	ASSETS				30.09.2020			31.12.2019		_	01.01.2019
		Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		29,259,345	41,319,656	70,579,001	5,972,726	38,569,420 24,952,285	44,542,146	3,743,113	20,408,179	24,151,292
1.1. 1.1.1.	Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(5.1.1.)	2,277,301	25,762,600	28,039,901	2,692,930	17,447,545	27,645,215 19,216,292	1,445,339 1,183,109	16,252,737 9,428,812	17,698,076 10,611,921
1.1.2.	Banks	(5.1.1.)	1,276,456 1,001,482	20,787,810 4,975,175	22,064,266 5,976,657	1,768,747 924,323	7,507,605	8,431,928	299,858	6,887,574	7,187,432
1.1.2.	Money Markets Placements	(3.1.3.)	1,001,462	4,973,173	3,970,037	924,323	7,307,003	0,431,920	299,030	0,007,374	7,167,432
1.1.4.	Expected Credit Loss (-)		637	385	1.022	140	2,865	3,005	37,628	63,649	101,277
1.2.	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		1,303,207	7,051,181	8,354,388	368,125	3,891,546	4,259,671	136,375	75,181	211,556
1.2.1.	Government Debt Securities		401,164	6,997,599	7,398,763	77,977	3,863,617	3,941,594	18,327	11,770	30,097
1.2.2.	Equity Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.3.	Other Financial Assets		902,043	53,582	955,625	290,148	27,929	318,077	118,048	63,411	181,459
	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other										
1.3.	Comprehensive Income	(5.1.4.)	24,449,838	8,046,660	32,496,498	2,892,901	9,562,353	12,455,254	2,131,916	4,067,733	6,199,649
1.3.1. 1.3.2.	Government Debt Securities Equity Instruments		24,338,752 8,711	7,922,447 18,660	32,261,199 27,371	2,792,631 5,731	9,313,887 27,346	12,106,518 33,077	2,065,421 5,731	3,804,519 17,046	5,869,940 22,777
1.3.2.	Other Financial Assets		102,375	105,553	207,928	94,539	27,346	315,659	60,764	246,168	306,932
1.3.3.	Derivative Financial Assets	(5.1.2.)	1,228,999	459,215	1,688,214	18,770	163,236	182,006	29,483	12,528	42,011
	Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or	(3.1.2.)				, i			· ·	, i	,
1.4.1.	Loss Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other		1,228,999	459,215	1,688,214	18,770	163,236	182,006	29,483	12,528	42,011
1.4.2.	Comprehensive Income		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH										
П.	AMORTISED COSTS (Net)	(5.1.5.)	50,558,919	33,409,456	83,968,375	32,889,253	27,246,766	60,136,019	31,477,635	15,944,851	47,422,486
2.1.	Loans		51,775,853	25,922,775	77,698,628	33,532,383	23,726,265	57,258,648	31,238,479	15,220,572	46,459,051
2.2.	Leasing Receivables	(5.1.10.)	2,374,498	2,509,191	4,883,689	1,406,165	1,301,355	2,707,520	1,439,955	1,010,744	2,450,699
2.3.	Financial Assets Measured At Amortized Cost	(5.1.6.)	259,861	6,377,853	6,637,714	353,543	2,859,381	3,212,924	447,912	37,156	485,068
2.3.1.	Government Debt Securities		259,861	6,195,644	6,455,505	176,942	2,725,997	2,902,939	176,891	37,156	214,047
2.3.2. 2.4.	Other Financial Assets		3,851,293	182,209 1,400,363	182,209 5,251,656	176,601 2,402,838	133,384 640,235	309,985 3,043,073	271,021 1,648,711	323,621	271,021 1,972,332
2.4.	Expected Credit Loss (-) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE		3,851,293	1,400,363	5,251,050	2,402,838	640,235	3,043,073	1,048,/11	323,621	1,972,332
	PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED										
III.	OPERATIONS(NET)		491,580	_	491,580	473,326		473,326	270,382	_	270,382
3.1.	Held For Sale		491,580	-	491,580	473,326	-	473,326	270,382	-	270,382
3.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES		79,477	_	79,477	64,061	_	64,061	52,200	_	52,200
4.1.	Investments in Associates (Net)	(5.1.7.)	-	_	-		_		,	_	,
4.1.1.	Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2.	Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.	Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)	(5.1.8.)	23,680	-	23,680	23,680	-	23,680	23,680	-	23,680
4.2.1.	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries			-			-			-	
4.2.2.	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries	(5.4.0)	23,680	-	23,680	23,680	-	23,680	23,680	-	23,680
4.3.	Investment in Joint Ventures (Net)	(5.1.9.)	55,797	-	55,797	40,381	-	40,381	28,520	-	28,520
4.3.1. 4.3.2.	Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		55,797	-	55,797	40,381	-	40,381	28,520	-	28,520
4.3.2. V.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		846,501	15,704	862,205	810,202	36,141	846,343	457,943	7,900	465,843
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		169,559	80,539	250,098	137,303	64,696	201,999	139,428	63,833	203,261
6.1.	Goodwill			-						-	
6.2.	Other		169,559	80,539	250,098	137,303	64,696	201,999	139,428	63,833	203,261
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)		37,527	-	37,527	37,646	-	37,646	29,671	-	29,671
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSETS			-	-			-			
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	(5.1.15.)	623,155	89,181	712,336	373,350	43,503	416,853	359,079	34,043	393,122
X.	OTHER ASSETS	(5.1.17.)	1,637,838	388,265	2,026,103	1,311,288	971,897	2,283,185	1,450,031	1,998,360	3,448,391
	TOTAL ASSETS		83,703,901	75,302,801	159,006,702	42,069,155	66,932,423	109,001,578	37,979,482	38,457,166	76,436,648

^(*)The effects of the restatement are explained in the note 1.5 of section III.

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

	LIARILITIES			Cı	Reviewed arrent Period			tated Audited ior Period (*)	Restated Audited			
ł	LIABILITIES	NT 4	/DY	FC	30.09.2020	TOY.	P.C.	31.12.2019	any.	F.C.	01.01.2019	
—		Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total	
I. II. III. IV.	FUNDS COLLECTED FUNDS BORROWED MONEY MARKETS SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	(5.2.1.) (5.2.3.)	38,872,030 174,973 8,224,602 1,559,182	84,886,679 2,752,687 - 3,567,293	123,758,709 2,927,660 8,224,602 5,126,475	35,167,424 160,847 - 735,743	52,828,711 286,378 - 3,906,422	87,996,135 447,225 - 4,642,165	22,292,160 93,394 188,003 1,487,369	32,699,493 1,901,902 - 6,157,936	54,991,653 1,995,296 188,003 7,645,305	
v.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or		50,954	331,376	382,330	129,690	294,447	424,137	21,045	149,118	170,163	
6.1.	Loss Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other	(5.2.2.)	50,954	331,376	382,330	129,690	164,719	294,409	21,045	42,766	63,811	
6.2.	Comprehensive Income	(5.2.7.)	-	-	-	-	129,728	129,728	-	106,352	106,352	
VII.	LEASE PAYABLES PROVISIONS	(5.2.6.)	336,951	39,591	376,542	318,828	35,223	354,051	1.004.400	104 50-	2 000 201	
VIII. 8.1.	Restructuring Provision	(5.2.8.)	2,928,314	418,366	3,346,680	2,565,308	244,064	2,809,372	1,904,489	184,795	2,089,284	
8.2.	Reserves For Employee Benefits Insurance For Technical		320,077	1,778	321,855	316,616	706	317,322	238,751	538	239,289	
8.3.	Provision (Net)		1,899,998	-	1,899,998	1,693,153	-	1,693,153	1,274,777	-	1,274,777	
8.4.	Other Provisions CURRENT TAX		708,239	416,588	1,124,827	555,539	243,358	798,897	390,961	184,257	575,218	
IX.	LIABILITIES DEFERRED TAX	(5.2.9.1.)	170,203	4,892	175,095	253,945	1,452	255,397	204,617	1,936	206,553	
X.	LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED											
XI. 11.1.	OPERATIONS (Net) Held For Sale	(5.2.10.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
11.2.	Related to Discontinued Operations SUBORDINATED DEBT		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
XII.	INSTRUMENTS Loans	(5.2.11.)	-	4,720,851	4,720,851	-	3,380,983	3,380,983	-	1,901,210	1,901,210	
12.1. 12.2.	Other Debt Instruments		-	4,720,851	4,720,851	-	3,380,983	3,380,983	-	1,901,210	1,901,210	
XIII.	OTHER LIABILITIES SHAREHOLDERS`	(5.2.5.)	1,644,498	776,614	2,421,112	1,225,662	273,578	1,499,240	1,404,741	158,507	1,563,248	
XIV.	EQUITY	(5.2.12.)	7,659,655	(113,009)	7,546,646	7,240,711	(47,838)	7,192,873	5,848,597	(162,664)	5,685,933	
14.1. 14.2.	Paid-in Capital Capital Reserves		4,595,131 26,399	-	4,595,131 26,399	3,995,766 25,764	-	3,995,766 25,764	3,497,322 24,208	-	3,497,322 24,208	
14.2.1.	Share Premiums		24,525	-	24,525	24,525	_	24,525	24,208	-	24,208	
14.2.2.	Share Cancellation Profits		1,874	-	1,874	1,239	-	1,239		-		
14.2.3.	Other Capital Reserves Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14.3.	That Will Not Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss		(19,082)	-	(19,082)	(19,082)	-	(19,082)	(13,296)	-	(13,296)	
14.4.	That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(17,536)	7,922	(9,614)	176,294	78,477	254,771	18,702	(51,432)	(32,730)	
14.5. 14.5.1.	Profit Reserves Legal Reserves		1,997,351 310,296	-	1,997,351 310,296	1,494,059 253,156	-	1,494,059 253,156	1,123,576 200,769	-	1,123,576 200,769	
14.5.1.	Statutory Reserves		510,290	_	310,290	- 433,130] -	233,136	200,769		200,709	
14.5.3.	Extraordinary Reserves		1,617,135	-	1,617,135	1,170,797	-	1,170,797	923,536	-	923,536	
14.5.4.	Other Profit Reserves		69,920	-	69,920	70,106	-	70,106	(729)	-	(729)	
14.6.	Profit or Loss		1,047,880	(120,931)	926,949	1,539,449	(126,315)	1,413,134	1,172,973	(111,232)	1,061,741	
14.6.1. 14.6.2.	Retained Earnings Net Profit for the Period		(289,598)	(126,315)	(415,913)	250,425 1,289,024	(111,232)	139,193	261,607 911,366	(107,902)	153,705	
	Minority Shares	(5.2.13.)	1,337,478 29,512	5,384	1,342,862 29,512	28,461	(15,083)	1,273,941 28,461	25,112	(3,330)	908,036 25,112	
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		61,621,362	97,385,340	159,006,702	47,798,158	61,203,420	109,001,578	33,444,415	42,992,233	76,436,648	

(*)The effects of the restatement are explained in the note 1.5 of section III

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

				C	Reviewed furrent Period 30.09.2020			rior Period(*)	Restated Audited Prior Period(*) 01.01.2019			
		Notes	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total	
	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES											
A.	(I+II+III)	(5.2.1)	81,089,132	72,309,820	153,398,952	67,066,872	56,290,702	123,357,574	57,247,416	29,212,634	86,460,050	
I. 1.1.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES Letters of Guarantee	(5.3.1.)	6,864,991 6,396,913	5,244,296 3,462,944	12,109,287 9,859,857	6,639,338 6,292,941	4,963,915 3,415,529	11,603,253 9,708,470	6,117,532 5,907,785	5,459,447 4,184,393	11,576,979 10,092,178	
1.1.1.	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		213,988	46,153	260,141	218,286	62,740	281,026	217,252	174,971	392,223	
1.1.2.	Guarantees Given For Foreign Trade Operations		398,895	64,204	463,099	375,091	79,315	454,406	371,535	167,020	538,555	
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee		5,784,030	3,352,587	9,136,617	5,699,564	3,273,474	8,973,038	5,318,998	3,842,402	9,161,400	
1.2. 1.2.1.	Bank Loans Import Letter of Acceptances		5,264 5,264	50,783 50,783	56,047 56,047	8,546 8,546	46,489 46,489	55,035 55,035	17,516 17,516	56,582 56,582	74,098 74,098	
1.2.2.	Other Bank Acceptances		5,204	50,765	50,047	0,540	40,402	33,033	17,510	30,302	74,020	
1.3.	Letters of Credit		16,229	1,632,682	1,648,911	10,567	1,363,442	1,374,009	11,512	1,068,364	1,079,876	
1.3.1.	Documentary Letters of Credit			631,870	631,870	86	371,829	371,915	367	215,062	215,429	
1.3.2.	Other Letters of Credit		16,229	1,000,812	1,017,041	10,481	991,613	1,002,094	11,145	853,302	864,447	
1.4.	Guaranteed Refinancing Endorsements			64	64		147	147		1,791	1,791	
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.2.	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.6.	Other Guarantees		446,585	97,823	544,408	327,284	138,308	465,592	180,719	143,999	324,718	
1.7. II.	Other Warrantees COMMITMENTS	(5.3.1.)	53,773,504	2.806.529	56,580,033	52,151,025	1.893,989	54,045,014	50.194.084	4,318 1,305,169	4,318 51,499,253	
2.1.	Irrevocable Commitments	(3.3.1.)	6,003,623	2,806,529	8,810,152	4,795,885	1,893,989	6,689,874	3,572,418	1,305,169	4,877,587	
2.1.1.	Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments		807,165	2,806,529	3,613,694	455,887	1,890,943	2,346,830	345,756	1,295,480	1,641,236	
l	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and											
2.1.2. 2.1.3.	Subsidiaries Loan Granting Commitments		473,571	-	473,571	358,094	-	358,094	214,413	-	214,413	
2.1.3.	Securities Underwriting Commitments		4/3,3/1		4/3,5/1	338,094		358,094	214,413		214,413	
2.1.5.	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements		_	_			_	_	_	_	_	
2.1.6.	Payment Commitments For Checks		1,378,013	-	1,378,013	1,305,235	-	1,305,235	1,136,474	-	1,136,474	
2.1.7.	Tax and Fund Liabilities From Export Commitments			-			-			-		
2.1.8.	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits		3,324,278	-	3,324,278	2,656,398	-	2,656,398	1,858,018	-	1,858,018	
2.1.9.	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		2,839		2,839	2,514		2,514		_		
2.1.10.	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments		2,000	-	2,037	2,511	-	2,511	-	-	-	
2.1.11.	Payables For Short Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.12.	Other Irrevocable Commitments		17,757	-	17,757	17,757	3,046	20,803	17,757	9,689	27,446	
2.2.1.	Revocable Commitments Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		47,769,881 47,769,881	_	47,769,881 47,769,881	47,355,140 47,355,140	_	47,355,140 47,355,140	46,621,666 46,621,666	_	46,621,666 46,621,666	
2.2.2.	Other Revocable Commitments		47,702,001	_			_	- 47,333,140	-0,021,000	_	40,021,000	
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		20,450,637	64,258,995	84,709,632	8,276,509	49,432,798	57,709,307	935,800	22,448,018	23,383,818	
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held For Risk						2,451,906	2,451,906		2 165 522	2,165,533	
3.1.1	Management Fair Value Hedges		_	-	-		2,431,900	2,431,900	_	2,165,533	2,103,333	
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges		-	-	-	-	2,451,906	2,451,906	-	2,165,533	2,165,533	
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3.2 3.2.1	Held For Trading Transactions Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		20,450,637 511,976	64,258,995 1,427,330	84,709,632 1,939,306	8,276,509 512,110	46,980,791 1,242,703	55,257,300 1,754,813	935,800 652,622	20,282,485 1,755,501	21,218,285 2,408,123	
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Seii Transactions Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions		408,972	564,337	973,309	276,131	603,627	1,754,815 879,758	347,631	862,093	1,209,724	
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions		103,004	862,993	965,997	235,979	639,076	875,055	304,991	893,408	1,198,399	
3.2.2	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions		19,938,661	62,831,665	82,770,326	7,764,399	45,738,088	53,502,487	283,178	18,526,984	18,810,162	
3.3	Other CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES		-	-	-	-	101	101	-	-	-	
В.	(IV+V+VI)		465,541,665	216,908,352	682,450,017	381,449,255	165,631,022	547,080,277	316,497,679	142,487,425	458,985,104	
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		13,240,238	25,002,101	38,242,339	11,299,056	14,947,964	26,247,020	10,816,866	5,644,771	16,461,637	
4.1.	Customers' Securities Held		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
4.2.	Investment Securities Held in Custody		3,946,036	8,508,057	12,454,093	2,891,875	424,980	3,316,855	2,159,381	156,528	2,315,909	
4.3. 4.4.	Checks Received for Collection Commercial Notes Received for Collection		7,759,037 1,535,165	1,115,662 351,370	8,874,699 1,886,535	6,828,688 1,578,493	869,224 280,131	7,697,912 1,858,624	7,157,340 1,500,145	906,367 242,668	8,063,707 1,742,813	
4.4.	Other Assets Received for Collection		- 1,232,103	221,370	1,000,333	- 1,0,493	200,131	1,030,024	1,200,145	242,008	1,742,013	
4.6.	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.7.	Other Items Under Custody		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.8. V.	Custodians PLEDGED ITEMS		452,289,788	15,027,012	15,027,012	370,138,560	13,373,629	13,373,629	305,669,174	4,339,208 136,780,695	4,339,208 442,449,869	
V. 5.1.	PLEDGED ITEMS Marketable Securities		452,289,788 183,101	191,814,837	644,104,625 183,101	370,138,560 194,245	150,613,354 111,336	520,751,914 305,581	305,669,174 185,945	136,780,695 99,786	442,449,869 285,731	
5.2.	Guarantee Notes		101,727	3,143,623	3,245,350	194,243	2,402,814	2,504,541	101,681	2,133,522	2,235,203	
5.3.	Commodity		13,130,543	939,428	14,069,971	8,938,138	701,641	9,639,779	6,094,405	633,381	6,727,786	
5.4.	Warranty		-		-				-		-	
5.5.	Properties Other Pladeed Items		146,126,396	3,858,927	149,985,323	124,206,037	2,983,314	127,189,351	112,015,122	2,715,023	114,730,145	
5.6. 5.7.	Other Pledged Items Pledged Items-Depository		292,748,021	183,872,859	476,620,880	236,698,413	144,414,249	381,112,662	187,272,021	131,198,983	318,471,004	
	ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND									· ·	· ·	
VI.	WARRANTEES		11,639	91,414	103,053	11,639	69,704	81,343	11,639	61,959	73,598	
	TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS											
	(A+B)	1	546,630,797	289,218,172	835,848,969	448,516,127	221,921,724	670,437,851	373,745,095	171,700,059	545,445,154	

^(*)The effects of the restatement are explained in the note 1.5 of section III

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

3. CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS)

			ReviewedCurrent	Non-Reviewed	Restated Reviewed	Nom- Reviewed
			Period	Current Period	Prior Period(*)	Prior Period(*)
			01.01.2020- 30.09.2020	01.07.2020- 30.09.2020	01.01.2019- 30.09.2019	01.07.2019- 30.09.2019
_	PROPERTY AND INCOME	Notes				
I.	PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(5.4.1.)	6,878,846	4,973,138	5,840,046	4,018,271
1.1. 1.2.	Profit Share on Loans Profit Share on Reserve Deposits		4,547,823 24,703	3,083,411 23,921	4,613,703 86,478	3,135,526 59,511
1.3.	Profit Share on Banks		162,669	101.382	254,662	179,382
1.4.	Profit Share on Money Market Placements		102,007	101,562	234,002	177,362
1.5.	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio		1,860,639	1,568,020	630,164	471,182
1.5.1.	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		257,720	221,220	63,390	50,513
1.5.2.	Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		1,445,004	1,228,396	454,685	339,896
1.5.3.	Measured at Amortised Cost		157,915	118,404	112,089	80,773
1.6.	Finance Lease Income		244,690	169,774	190,980	129,326
1.7.	Other Profit Share Income		38,322	26,630	64,059	43,344
II.	PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE		2,248,696	1,542,915	3,047,758	2,079,923
2.1.	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)	1,405,928	882,301	2,324,175	1,603,777
2.2. 2.3.	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed	(5.4.2.)	283,320	203,047	189,946	132,450
2.3.	Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings Expense on Securities Issued		254,205 257,756	251,405 175,369	2,514 486,120	313,060
2.5.	Profit Share Expense on Lease		47,487	30,793	45,003	30,636
2.6.	Other Profit Share Expense			30,773	45,005	50,050
III.	NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)		4,630,150	3,430,223	2,792,288	1,938,348
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		184,811	124,598	265,439	176,197
4.1.	Fees And Commissions Received		638,030	426,594	601,588	406,711
4.1.1.	Non-Cash Loans		133,361	86,552	129,354	85,528
4.1.2.	Other		504,669	340,042	472,234	321,183
4.2.	Fees And Commissions Paid		453,219	301,996	336,149	230,514
4.2.1.	Non-Cash Loans		10,006	7,462	6,621	5,173
4.2.2.	Other DIVIDEND INCOME	(5.4.13.)	443,213	294,534	329,528	225,341
V.		(5.4.3.)	68	68	2,922	2,119
VI. 6.1.	NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses	(5.4.5.)	1,122,181 50,070	505,822 26,400	899,005 26,935	633,576 13,922
6.2.	Gains/Losses From Derivative Financial Instruments		308,569	303,515	955,286	739,151
6.3.	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		763,542	175,907	(83,216)	(119,497)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(5.4.6.)	1,290,285	781,740	1,572,301	998,713
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING INCOME/LOSS(III+IV+V+VI+VII+ VIII)	(,	7,227,495	4,842,451	5,531,955	3,748,953
IX.	EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	(5.4.7.)	2,654,574	1,817,275	2,157,472	1,507,514
X.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-)		238,229	80,921	43,294	(6,199)
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	(5.4.8.)	987,129	627,605	840,450	532,941
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(5.4.8.)	1,654,814	1,095,597	1,447,387	1,003,877
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI)		1,692,749	1,221,053	1,043,352	710,820
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER					
211 7.	INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES		-	-	-	_
XV.	CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD		15,416	10,979	9,850	6,580
XVI.	INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-	-	-
	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE	(5.4.9.)				
XVII.	TAXES (XII++XV)	(,	1,708,165	1,232,032	1,053,202	717,400
XVIII. 18.1.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±) Current Tax Provision	(5.4.10)	(355,768)	(250,017)	(220,708)	(143,055)
18.2.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		(472,248) 192,641	(356,774) 44,822	(210,554) 196,731	(152,689) (2,772)
18.3.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		309,121	151,579	186,577	6,862
10.0.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED	,	507,121	131,379	100,577	0,002
XIX.	OPERATIONS (XV±XVI)	(5.4.11.)	1,352,397	982,015	832,494	574,345
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-	-	-
20.1.	Income on Non-Current Assets Held For Sale		-	-	-	-
20.2	Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled					
20.2.	Entities (Joint Vent.) Income on Other Discontinued Operations		=	-	=	=
20.3. XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-	-	-
21.1.	Expenses From Non-Current Assets Held For Sale		_		_	
	Expenses From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly			_]	_
21.2.	Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)		-	-	-	-
21.3.	Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
*****	PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED					
XXII.	OPERATIONS (XVIII-XIX) TAY PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (1)		-	-	-	-
XXIII. 23.1.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±) Current Tax Provision		-	-	-	-
23.1.	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		-	-	-	-
23.2.	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		-	-	-	-
23.3.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED		=	-	-	=
XXIV.	OPERATIONS (XX±XXI)		-	-	-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)	(5.4.12.)	1,352,397	982,015	832,494	574,345
25.1.	Group's Income/Loss		1,342,862	974,536	850,634	582,491
25.2.	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)		9,535	7,479	(18,140)	(8,146)
	Earnings Per Share Income/Loss cts of the restatement are explained in the note 1.5 of section III		-	-	-	-

(*)The effects of the restatement are explained in the note 1.5 of section III

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed Current Period 30.09.2020	Restated Reviewed Prior Period(*) 30.09.2019
		30.07.2020	30.07.2017
ī.	CURRENT PROFIT (LOSS)	1,352,397	832,494
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(248,293)	162,952
2.1	Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	•	· •
2.1.1	Property And Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2	Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	-
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2	Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	(248,293)	162,952
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Difference	261,833	10,483
2.2.2	Valuation And/Or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(415,680)	228,726
2.2.3	Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	11,512	(16,994)
2.2.4	Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	(264,351)	(11,011)
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6	Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	158,393	(48,252)
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)	1,104,104	995,446

^(*)The effects of the restatement are explained in the note 1.5 of section III

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

5. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

							Inco Will No	umulated O me or Loss T t Be Reclassi to Profit or I	That ified		ulated Other t Will Be Rec Pro				N	T. 4.1		
		Note	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share cancellation profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)	Net Prfit/Loss for the Period	Total Shareholders'E quity Less Minority Shares	Minority Shares	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Restated Prior Period (01/01/2019 – 30/09/2019)																	
I.	Prior Period Ending Balance		3,497,322	24,208	-	-	-	(13,296)	-	173,232	(117,150)	(88,812)	1,110,535	(1,160)	809,543	5,394,422	25,112	5,419,534
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made																	
	According to TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,613	(28,613)	13,041	154,865	98,493	266,399	-	266,399
2.1	Effect Of Corrections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,613	(28,613)	-	151055		-	-	244.200
2.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies		- 407 222	-	-	-	-	-	-	452 222	-	-	13,041	154,865	98,493	266,399	-	266,399
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		3,497,322	24,208	-	-	-	(13,296)	-	173,232	(88,537)	(117,425)	1,123,576	153,705	908,036	5,660,821	25,112	5,685,933
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,483	176,735	(24,266)	-	-	850,634	1,013,586	3,598	1,017,184
V. VI.	Capital Increase by Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(500.000)	-	-	-	-	-
VI. VII.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(500,000)	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.			(1.550)	217	1.220	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104	(70.245)		(0.241)	-	(0.241)
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes		(1,556)	317	1,239	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	184	(70,245)	61,720	(8,341)	-	(8,341)
XI.	Profit Distribution		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	871,508	61,702	(969,756)	(36,546)	-	(36,546)
11.1	Dividends Paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,000)	(6,546)	(36,546)	-	(36,546)
11.2	Transfers To Legal Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	863,266		(863,266)	-	-	-
11.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,242	91,702	(99,944)	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV++X+XI)	(5.2.12.)	3,995,766	24,525	1,239	-	-	(13,296)	-	183,715	88,198	(141,691)	1,495,268	145,162	850,634	6,629,520	28,710	6,658,230
	Current Period (01/01/2020 – 30/09/2020)																	
I.	Prior Period Ending Balance		3,995,766	24,525	1,239	-	-	(19,082)	-	225,512	214,695	(185,436)	1,472,776	(89,157)	1,117,637	6,758,475	28,461	6,786,936
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made																	
	According to TAS 8		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16,092)	-	21,283	244,442	156,304	405,937	-	405,937
	Effect Of Corrections						-		-	-	(16,092)	-	-	16,092	-	-	-	-
2.1					-													
2.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,283	228,350	156,304	405,937	-	405,937
2.2 III.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)		3,995,766	24,525	1,239	-	-	(19,082)	-	225,512	198,603	(185,436)	21,283 1,494,059	228,350 155,285	1,273,941	7,164,412	28,461	7,192,873
2.2 III. IV.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*)		-	24,525	1,239	-	-	(19,082)	-	225,512 261,833	198,603 (324,230)	(185,436) (185,896)						
2.2 III. IV. V.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash		3,995,766	24,525	1,239	-	- - -	(19,082)	-				1,494,059		1,273,941	7,164,412	28,461	7,192,873
2.2 III. IV. V. VI.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves		3,995,766	24,525	1,239	-	- - - -	(19,082)	-				1,494,059		1,273,941	7,164,412	28,461	7,192,873
2.2 III. IV. V. VI. VII.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (H-II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference		3,995,766	24,525	1,239	-	-	(19,082)	-				1,494,059		1,273,941	7,164,412	28,461	7,192,873
2.2 III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (1+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share		3,995,766	24,525	1,239	-	-	(19,082)					1,494,059		1,273,941	7,164,412	28,461	7,192,873
2.2 III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (1+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments		3,995,766 - - 600,000 - -	24,525	- - - - -	-	-	(19,082) - - - - - -	-				1,494,059 - (600,000) - -	155,285	1,273,941 1,342,862 - -	7,164,412 1,094,569	28,461 1,057	7,192,873 1,095,626 - - -
2.2 III. IV. V. VII. VIII. IX. X.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (H-II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments Increase / Decrease by Other Changes(**)		3,995,766	24,525	1,239 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-		(19,082)	-				1,494,059 - (600,000) - - (85)	155,285 - - - - - - (727,948)	1,273,941 1,342,862 - - - (6,534)	7,164,412 1,094,569 - - - - - (734,567)	28,461	7,192,873 1,095,626 - - - - - (734,573)
2.2 III. IV. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X.	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments Increase / Decrease by Other Changes(**) Profit Distribution		3,995,766 - - 600,000 - -	24,525	- - - - -	-	-	(19,082)					1,494,059 - (600,000) - -	155,285	1,273,941 1,342,862 - - - (6,534) (1,267,407)	7,164,412 1,094,569 - - - - (734,567) (7,280)	28,461 1,057	7,192,873 1,095,626
2.2 III. IV. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. 11.1	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (1+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments Increase / Decrease by Other Changes(**) Profit Distribution Dividends Paid		3,995,766 - - 600,000 - -	24,525	- - - - -	-	-	(19,082)					1,494,059 - (600,000) - (85) 1,103,377	155,285 - - - - - - (727,948)	1,273,941 1,342,862 - - - (6,534) (1,267,407) (7,280)	7,164,412 1,094,569 - - - - - (734,567)	28,461 1,057	7,192,873 1,095,626 - - - - - (734,573)
2.2 III. IV. V. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. 11.1 11.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (H-II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments Increase / Decrease by Other Changes(**) Profit Distribution Dividends Paid Transfers To Legal Reserves		3,995,766 - - 600,000 - -	24,525	- - - - -	-	-	(19,082)					1,494,059 - (600,000) - - (85) 1,103,377 - 1,102,558	155,285 - - - - - (727,948) 156,750	1,273,941 1,342,862 - - - (6,534) (1,267,407) (7,280) (1,102,558)	7,164,412 1,094,569 - - - - (734,567) (7,280)	28,461 1,057	7,192,873 1,095,626
2.2 III. IV. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XI. 11.1	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies Adjusted Beginning Balance (1+II) Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)(*) Capital Increase by Cash Capital Increase by Internal Reserves Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference Convertible Bonds to Share Subordinated Debt Instruments Increase / Decrease by Other Changes(**) Profit Distribution Dividends Paid		3,995,766 - - 600,000 - -	24,525	- - - - -	-	-	(19,082) - - - - - - - - -	-				1,494,059 - (600,000) - (85) 1,103,377	155,285 - - - - - - (727,948) 156,750	1,273,941 1,342,862 - - - (6,534) (1,267,407) (7,280)	7,164,412 1,094,569 - - - - (734,567) (7,280)	28,461 1,057	7,192,873 1,095,626

^(*) Neova Sigorta A.Ş., a subsidiary of the group manages the risk fund formed due to the contributions of the participants separately in accordance with Article 6 of the "regulation on participation insurance and working procedures and principles" published by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance. Accordingly, the profit/(expense) amount of the risk fund, which is due to participant contributions amounting to 8.478 TL for the current period, has been classified under other liabilities in balance sheet. (30 September 2019: TL (21.738)).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

^(**) The effects of the restatement are explained in the note 1.5 of section III

^{1.} Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

 $^{2.} Accumulated \ Remeasurement \ Gain \ / \ Loss \ of \ Defined \ Benefit \ Pension \ Plan$

^{3.}Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

^{4.} Foreign Currency Translition Differences

^{5.}Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

^{6.}Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

6. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

			Reviewed Current Period	Restated Reviewed Prior Period
		Note	01.01.2020- 30.09.2020	01.01.2019- 30.09.2019
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations		3,403,863	869,583
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received		5,527,714	6,272,497
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid		(2,249,661)	(3,024,944)
1.1.3	Dividends Received		68	2,922
1.1.4	Fees And Commissions Received		638,030	605,225
1.1.5	Other Income		2,917,525	1,974,264
1.1.6 1.1.7	Collections From Previously Written Off Loans Payments to Personnel And Service Suppliers		216,310 (991,662)	136,304 (825,895)
1.1.7	Taxes Paid		(740,441)	(206,243)
1.1.9	Others		(1,914,020)	(4,064,547)
1.2	Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations		3,707,474	7,084,812
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease Held For Trading Financial Assets		(3,146,162)	(2,683,061)
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(9,700,244)	(6,531,116)
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due From Banks And Other Financial Institutions		(18,881,344)	(7,389,269)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans		(345,479)	(1,074,532)
1.2.5	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		631,694	(235,612)
1.2.6 1.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits		23,760,567	23,826,797
1.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Oner Deposits Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		(28) 1,472,805	(459,924)
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables		1,472,603	(437,724)
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		9,915,665	1,631,529
I.	Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Banking Operations		7,111,337	7,954,395
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Investing Activities		(21,023,568)	(5,341,910)
2.1	Cash Paid For Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries		-	(7,984)
2.2	Cash Obtained From Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries		-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases		(59,229)	(27,502)
2.4	Fixed Assets Sales		3,928	10,130
2.5	Cash Paid For Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(22,823,652)	(6,840,840)
2.0	Cash Obtained From Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive		(22,023,032)	(0,010,010)
2.6	Income		3,905,991	1,816,819
2.7	Cash Paid For Purchase of Investment Securities		(3,133,720)	(1,432,778)
2.8	Cash Obtained From Sale of Investment Securities		1,123,478	1,125,120
2.9	Other		(40,364)	15,125
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III.	Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Financing Activities		499,901	(2,488,113)
3.1	Cash Obtained From Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued		5,013,599	5,221,630
3.2	Cash Used for Repayments Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued		(4,847,576)	(7,608,802)
3.3	Equity instruments		388,645	-
3.4	Dividends Paid		(7,280)	(57,719)
3.5 3.6	Payments For Finance Leases Other		(47,487)	(43,222)
IV.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash And Cash Equivalents	(5.5.4)	4,097,509	1,474,010
v.	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash And Cash Equivalents		(9,314,821)	1,598,382
VI.	Cash And Cash Equivalents at The Beginning of The Period	(5.5.1)	20,412,202	7,214,008

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Explanations on Basis of Presentation

1.1. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents:

The Parent Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the "Regulation On The Procedures And Principles For Accounting Practices And Retention Of Documents By Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation

The differences between the standards set out by BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have not been quantified in the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

1.2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of financial statements:

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Group management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions an estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, which has recently emerged in China, has spread to various countries in the world, cousing potentially fatal respiratory infections, negatively effects both regional and global economic conditions, as well as it causes disruptions in operations, especially countries that are exposed to the epidemic. As a result of the spread of COVID-19 around the world, several measures are still being taken in Turkey as well as in the world in order to prevent the spread of the virus and measures are still being taken. In addition to the measures, economic measures are also taken to minimize the economic impact of the virus outbreak on individuals and businesses in Turkey and worldwide.

Since it is aimed to update the most recent financial information in the interim financial statements prepared as of September 30, 2020, considering the magnitude of the economic changes due to COVID-19, the Bank made certain estimates in the calculation of expected credit losses and disclosed them in third section footnote numbered 1.6 "Explanations on Expected Credit Loss". In the upcoming periods, the Bank will update its revelant assumptions are necessary and revise the realizations of past estimates.

1.3. Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Group in the current year. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.4. Preparation of the financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money:

Until 31 December 2004, the consolidated financial statements of the Group were subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" ("TAS 29"). As per the BRSA decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and the BRSA circular dated 28 April 2005 it was stated that the indicators for the application of inflation accounting were no longer applicable. Consequently as of 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting has not been applied.

1.5. TFRS 3 Explanations on Business Combinations Standard:

The acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Bussiness combinations are accounted in accordance with TFRS 3 "Business Combinations" except for the assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with TFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that Standard.

The interests of non-controlling shareholders in the acquire is initially measured at the non-controlling's proportion of the fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

Explanations regarding the accounting policy applied for the acquisition of Neova Sigorta A.Ş.

Following the necessary legal permissions on May 5, 2020, the Bank finalized the purchase of Neova Sigorta A.Ş. by completing the share transfer process. The Bank purchased 78,864,212 shares by paying TL 745,860 and increased the partnership share in Neova Sigorta A.Ş. from 7% to 100% by owning all the shares.

As per the principle related to "Accounting for business combinations under common control" the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority issued in the Official Gazette No. 30568 dated 17 October 2018, business combinations under common control shall be accounted through restating previous period's financial statements via the pooling of interest method. In line with the aforementioned Authority decisions, The Group management restated its consolidated balance sheet and off-balance sheet as at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2019 and also the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholder's equity and cash flows for the period ended at 30 September 2019 due to the purchase of Neova Sigorta A.S.

The effects of the regulations and classifications described above are presented in detail below.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

I)Effects of regulations and classifications on consolidated financial statements as of January 1, 2019:

	ASSETS		Reported	Restatement Effects, Including Elimination	Restated
			31/12/2018	Effects	01/01/2019
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		23,757,096	394,196	24,151,292
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	(5.1.1)	17,407,571	290,505	17,698,076
1.1.2	Banks	(5.1.3)	6,896,927	290,505	7,187,432
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		103,094	108,462	211,556
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		72,997	108,462	181,459
1.3	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.4)	6,204,420	(4,771)	6,199,649
1.3.2	Equity Instruments		27,548	(4,771)	22,777
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)	(5.1.5)	46,974,574	447,912	47,422,486
2.3	Financial Assets Measured At Amortized Cost	(5.1.6.)	37,156	447,912	485,068
2.3.1	Government Debt Securities		37,156	176,891	214,047
2.3.2	Other Financial Assets		-	271,021	271,021
v.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		457,187	8,656	465,843
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		200,765	2,496	203,261
6.2	Other		200,765	2,496	203,261
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	(5.1.12)	380,683	12,439	393,122
X.	OTHER ASSETS	(5.1.13)	2,890,428	557,963	3,448,391
	TOTAL ASSETS		75,012,986	1,423,662	76,436,648

	LIABILITIES		Reported 31/12/2018	Restatement Effects, Including Elimination Effects	Restated 01/01/2019
I.	FUNDS COLLECTED	(5.2.1)	55,230,018	(238,365)	54,991,653
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		7,792,870	(147,565)	7,645,305
VIII.	PROVISIONS		800,522	1,288,762	2,089,284
8.2	Reserves For Employee Benefits		229,078	10,211	239,289
8.3	Insurance For Technical Provision (Net)		-	1,274,777	1,274,777
8.4	Other Provisions		571,444	3,774	575,218
IX.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	(5.2.8.1)	177,652	28,901	206,553
XIII.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(5.2.4)	1,337,718	225,530	1,563,248
XIV.	EQUITY	(5.2.11)	5,419,534	266,399	5,685,933
14.5	Profit Reserves		1,110,535	13,041	1,123,576
14.5.1	Legal Reserves		187,583	13,186	200,769
14.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		(584)	(145)	(729)
14.6	Profit or Loss		808,383	253,358	1,061,741
14.6.1	Retained Earnings		(1,160)	154,865	153,705
14.6.2	Net Profit of the Period		809,543	98,493	908,036
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		75,012,986	1,423,662	76,436,648

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

II) Effects of regulations and classifications on consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2019:

	ASSETS		Reported 31/12/2019	Restatement Effects, Including Elimination Effects	Restated 31/12/2019
	T	Notes			
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		43,374,329	1,167,817	44,542,146
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	(5.1.1)	26,730,059	915,156	27,645,215
1.1.2	Banks	(5.1.3)	7,516,772	915,156	8,431,928
1.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		4,001,504	258,167	4,259,671
1.2.3	Other Financial Assets		59,910	258,167	318,077
1.3	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.1.4)	12,460,760	(5,506)	12,455,254
1.3.2	Equity Instruments		38,583	(5,506)	33,077
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)	(5.1.5)	59,782,476	353,543	60,136,019
2.3	Financial Assets Measured At Amortized Cost	(5.1.6.)	2,859,381	353,543	3,212,924
2.3.1	Government Debt Securities		2,725,997	176,942	2,902,939
2.3.2	Other Financial Assets		133,384	176,601	309,985
v.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		834,101	12,242	846,343
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		198,760	3,239	201,999
6.2	Other		198,760	3,239	201,999
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	(5.1.12)	401,782	15,071	416,853
X.	OTHER ASSETS	(5.1.13)	1,698,669	584,516	2,283,185
	TOTAL ASSETS		106,865,150	2,136,428	109,001,578

LIABILITIES		Notes	Reported 31/12/2019	Restatement Effects, Including Elimination Effects	Restated 31/12/2019
I.	FUNDS COLLECTED	(5.2.1)	88,249,772	(253,637)	87,996,135
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		350,955	3,096	354,051
VIII.	PROVISIONS		1,099,254	1,710,118	2,809,372
8.2	Reserves For Employee Benefits		302,820	14,502	317,322
8.3	Insurance For Technical Provision (Net)		-	1,693,153	1,693,153
8.4	Other Provisions		796,434	2,463	798,897
IX.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	(5.2.8.1)	226,221	29,176	255,397
XIII.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(5.2.4)	1,257,502	241,738	1,499,240
XIV.	EQUITY	(5.2.11)	6,786,936	405,937	7,192,873
14.5	Profit Reserves		1,472,776	21,283	1,494,059
14.5.1	Legal Reserves		231,728	21,428	253,156
14.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		70,251	(145)	70,106
14.6	Profit or Loss		1,028,480	384,654	1,413,134
14.6.1	Retained Earnings		(89,157)	228,350	139,193
14.6.2	Net Profit for the Period		1,117,637	156,304	1,273,941
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		106,865,150	2,136,428	109,001,578

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

III) January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2019 effects of the regulations and classifications on the Consolidated Statement of offsetting accounts:

		Reported 31/12/2018	Restatement Effects, Including Elimination Effects	Restated 01/01/2019
	A. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)	86,759,151	(299,101)	86,460,050
I.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	11,876,080	(299,101)	11,576,979
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee	10,391,279	(299,101)	10,092,178
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee	9,460,501	(299,101)	9,161,400
	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS	545,744,255	(299,101)	545,445,154

		Reported 31/12/2019	Restatement Effects, Including Elimination Effects	Restated 31/12/2019
	A. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)	123,656,675	(299,101)	123,357,574
I.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	11,902,354	(299,101)	11,603,253
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee	10,007,571	(299,101)	9,708,470
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee	9,272,139	(299,101)	8,973,038
	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS	670,736,952	(299,101)	670,437,851

IV) *Effects of regulations and classifications on Consolidated Income Statement as of September 30, 2019:*

		Reported 30/09/2019	Restatement Effects, Including Elimination Effects	Restated 30/09/2019
I.	PROFIT SHARE INCOME	5,696,511	143,535	5,840,046
1.3	Profit Share on Banks	190,134	64,528	254,662
1.5	Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio	551,157	79,007	630,164
1.5.1	Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	41,846	21,544	63,390
1.5.3	Measured at Amortised Cost	54,626	57,463	112,089
II.	PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE (-)	3,099,232	(51,474)	3,047,758
2.1	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	2,353,142	(28,967)	2,324,175
2.4	Expense on Securities Issued	508,627	(22,507)	486,120
III.	NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)	2,597,279	195,009	2,792,288
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE	355,027	(89,588)	265,439
4.1	Fees And Commissions Received	587,726	13,862	601,588
4.1.2	Other	458,372	13,862	472,234
4.2	Fees And Commissions Paid	232,699	103,450	336,149
4.2.2	Other	226,078	103,450	329,528
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	897,189	1,816	899,005
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses	(85,032)	1,816	(83,216)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	739,298	833,003	1,572,301
VIII.	GROSS OPERATING INCOME / LOSS (III+IV+V+VI+VII+ VIII)	4,591,715	940,240	5,531,955
X.	OTHER PROVISIONS (-)	37,736	5,558	43,294
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	806,584	33,866	840,450
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	696,017	751,370	1,447,387
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI)	893,906	149,446	1,043,352
XVII.	PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XII++XV)	903,756	149,446	1,053,202
XVIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(184,788)	(35,920)	(220,708)
18.1	Current Tax Provision	(172,395)	(38,159)	(210,554)
18.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)	184,338	2,239	186,577
XIX.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XV±XVI)	718,968	113,526	832,494
xxv.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)	718,968	113,526	832,494
25.1	Group's Income/Loss	715,370	135,264	850,634
25.2	Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)	3,598	,	· ·
		3,598	(21,738)	(18,140)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.6. Disclosures Regarding TFRS 9 Financial Instruments:

TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", which is effective as at 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced "TAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment.

As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39.

During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

Classification And Measurement of Financial Instruments:

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent "solely payments of principal and profit share" (SPPI).

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

Explanations on Expected Credit Loss:

As of 1 January 2018, the Parent Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside" published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Modeling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (CTR) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9Calculation on Default (CPI) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (TT) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Macroeconomic scenarios affect TO and THK values. The amount of credit losses expected with 3 different scenarios, Base and Good and Bad scenario, is calculated. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

The Group has calculated the possible effects of the COVID-19 outbreak as of 30 September 2020 with the best estimate method, which it obtained on the principle of maximum effort to estimate and reasoning used in the calculation of expected credit losses. In the light of the aforementioned data, the Bank revised its macroeconomic expectations in the calculation of expected credit loss, and the calculation made taking into account the change in PD with the update in the EDF model was reflected in the financial statements as of 30 September 2020. By its nature, the model effects are reflected in the financial statements with a delay due to the occurrence of the events and their effects at different times. For this reason, if deemed necessary the Bank may make sectoral based valuations in order to eliminate the timing difference and establish additional provisions for the sector or customers which are considered to have a high impact due to outbreak.

Within the scope of Article 4 and 5 of the Regulation On Procedures And Principles For Classification Of Loans And Provisions in accordance with the BRSA Decision numbered 8948 dated 17 March 2020, due to the disruptions in economic and commercial activities resulting from the Covid-19 outbreak, the 90 days default periods for loans to be classified as non-performing loans shall be applied as 180 days; the 30 days periods for loans to be classified as stage 2 shall be applied as 90 days according to assembly's resolution dated on 17 March 2020. This measure will be effective until 31 December 2020. In this context,

- Temporarily, it is possible to classify the receivables that cannot be collected up to 90 days in stage 1, and the receivables that cannot be collected up to 180 days in Stage 2
- In restructured installment receivables, the practice of shifting installments without a contract breakdown, within the defined terms has started for costumers who do not want to be late in their installments.

Terminatively, this leads the Banks continue to set aside privisions for such receivables in accordance with their own risk models used in the calculation of expected credit losses under TFRS 9.

The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecast of future economic conditions.

The Parent Bank applies a 'three-stage' impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition

Stage 1: Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.

Stage 2: Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized life time expected credit losses for such financial assets

In this context; The basic considerations that are taken into account in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The rating of the rating is calculated by using the Bank's rating ratings based on the internal rating of the parent Bank by using the rating of the credit rating. For the loan, the rating rating calculated on the reporting date exceeds the determined threshold values and is considered as a distortion in the rating.

In this context; in accordance with the decision of the BRSA in the context of the covid-19 outbreak, the 30-day delay period for the classification of loans as Stage 2 has been implemented as 90 days until 31 December 2020; The Bank continues to provide provisions in accordance with this loan credit risk policy.

Stage 3: Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized life time expected credit losses for such financial assets.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

The Group periodically evaluates the provisions of loans and other receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 retrospectively on the basis of their results and, if deemed necessary, revises the basketing rules and the parameters used in the calculation of the related provision balances.

In this context; in accordance with the decision of the BRSA in the context of the covid-19 outbreak, the 90-day delay period for the classification of loans as Stage 3 has been implemented as 180 days until 31 December 2020; The Bank continues to provide provisions in accordance with this loan credit risk policy.

1.7 Revenue from TFRS 15 Customer Contracts:

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with TFRS 15.

1.8 Explanations on TFRS 16 Leases Standard

The leasing transactions are presented by the lessess as assets (right-of-use assets) and liabilities from leasing transactions. TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model of leasing transactions on balance sheet and operational leasing transactions as direct expense except balance sheet.

Within the scope of TFRS 16, the Group reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Bank measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Bank. In addition, the Group measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

As of September 30, 2020, the right-of-use assets classified tangible assets amounting to TL 516,713 in the balance sheet of the Group and lease obligations amounting to TL 376,542. In the nine-month period that ended as of the same date, financial expenses amounting to TL 47,487 and depreciation expenses amounting to TL 86,187 were incurred.

On 5 June 2020, Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") has changed to TFRS 16 "Leases" standard by publishing Privileges Granted in Lease Payments -"Amendments to TFRS 16 Leases" concerning Covid-19. With this change, tenants are exempted from whether there has been a change in the rental privileges in lease payments due to Covid-19. This change did not have a significant impact on the financial status or performance of the Bank.

2. Explanations on Strategy of Using Financial Instruments And Foreign Currency Transactions

The Group follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Parent Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Parent Bank's equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALC) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Turkey converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Parent Bank.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

3. Investments in Associates And Subsidiaries

Consolidated and Financial Statements "Turkey Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (TFRS 10) has been prepared in accordance with the provisions.

Titles, locations of the headquarters, main operations and Group's shares relating the consolidated entities are as follows:

Title	Address (City/Country)	Main Operation	30-Sep-20	31-Dec-19	Consolidation method
KT Bank AG	Frankfurt/Germany	Banking	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Instution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Instution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Instution	100.00%	100.00%	Full consolidation
Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Instution	75.00%	75.00%	Full consolidation
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Instution	50.00%	50.00%	Accounted with equity pick-up
Neova Sigorta A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	Financial Instution	100.00%	7.00%	Full consolidation

KT Sukuk Company Limited, established on July 31, 2015 in the Cayman Islands for the issuance of the bank's Tier-II subordinated loan, was excluded.

Parent Bank and the subsidiaries, the financial tables of which are consolidated along with the Parent Bank, are collectively referred as "the Group."

Consolidation basis of subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are entities whose capital and management are directly or indirectly controlled by the Parent Bank. Subsidiaries are consolidated by the full consolidation method, within the framework of significance on the basis of operational outcomes, assets sizes and equity sizes. The financial statements of the relevant subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements as of the date that control is transferred to Parent Bank.

Control denotes any of the following circumstances: the Parent Bank directly or indirectly through subsidiaries has over 50% of the voting rights or, dominance over the voting rights as described afore does not exist but the Parent Bank owns the preferred shares, or; the Parent Bank has voting rights appropriating more than %50 percent of all voting rights due to the agreements signed with other shareholders, or; the Parent Bank has the authority to manage the operational and financial policies of the entity due to certain arrangements or agreements, or; the Parent Bank has the power to influence the majority of the votes within the Board of Directors or any other executive organ vested with similar rights, or; the Parent Bank by any means has the power to appoint or dismiss the majority of the Board of Directors.

In accordance with the full consolidation, all of the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the subsidiaries are consolidated with the assets, liabilities, income, expense and off-balance sheet liabilities of the Parent Bank. The carrying value of the Group's investment in each subsidiary is offset with the cost value of the subsidiary's capital owned by the Group. Balances regarding the transactions between the subsidiaries in the scope of the consolidation and the unrealized gains/losses are reciprocally offset. Minority shares within the net income of the consolidated subsidiaries are determined provided that the net income of the Group shall be calculated, and these minority shares are presented as a seperate item in the income statement. Minority shares are presented under the equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

In the case where the accounting policies implemented by the subsidiary are different than the Parent Bank, the accounting policies are reconciled.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4. Explanations on Forward Transactions And Option Contracts And Derivative Instruments

The Group enters into forward agreements to decrease its currency risk and to manage its foreign currency liquidity. Derivative instruments are classified as 'hedging derivative financial asset' and 'derivative financial assets/liabilities at fair value profit or loss'. The Group classifies its derivative instruments as "Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Hedging Purposes" and "Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Trading" in accordance with TAS 39. Even though some derivative transactions economically hedge risk, since all necessary conditions for hedge accounting are not met, they are accounted for as "held for trading" within the framework of TAS 39, and are reflected in the "Derivative Financial Assets/liabilities at fair value profit or loss" account in the balance sheet. The Group has no derivative financial assets/liabilities for hedging purposes as of balance sheet date.

The payables and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet accounts at their notional amounts.

Fair values of foreign currency forward transactions and swaps are calculated by using the discounted cash flow model. Differences resulting from the changes in the fair values of derivatives held for trading are accounted under 'Trading Income/Loss' line in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TAS 39. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 as a policy choice. Accordingly, the Bank has continued to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 in this context. The Group's cash flow hedging process has ended as of 30 September 2020.

5. Explanations on Profit Share Income And Expense

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Group amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculations for these customers within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Group calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in "Funds Collected" account on the balance sheet.

6. Explanations on Fees And Commission Income And Expenses

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases from real-person or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the "Unearned Revenues" account under "Other Liabilities" on the balance sheet.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

7. Explanations on Financial Assets

The Group classifies and accounts for its financial assets as 'Fair Value Through Profit/Loss', 'Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,' or 'Amortized Cost.' Such financial assets, are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of "Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements" under the section three of the "TFRS 9 Financial Instruments" regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA"). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the "Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss".

The Group recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Group management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments is made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition.

7.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. "Unrealized gains and losses," which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. "Unrealized gains and losses" are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

7.3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement.

7.4 Derivative financial assets:

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Group are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

7.5 Loans:

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

8. Explanations on Offsetting of Financial Assets And Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Parent Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

9. Explanations on Sale And Repurchase Agreements And Lending of Securities

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey ("CBRT") made some changes on orders for open market transactions ("OMT") and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement; a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they are in need of funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this content, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury rent certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 30 September 2020, the Group has repurchase agreement amounting to TL 8,224,602 (31 December 2019: None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

10. Explanations on Assets Held For Sale And Discontinued Operations And Related Liabilities

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 "banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors' obligations to the bank are determined by the board."

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Group has no discontinued operations.

11. Explanations on Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Group comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years.

The amortization period of the licenses is determined on the basis of the duration of the license agreements.

There is no goodwill related to associates and subsidiaries.

12. Explanations on Tangible Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property
Movables, leased assets

2%
6.67% - 20%

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than its carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

13. Explanations on Leasing Transactions

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Group assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction.

- (a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,
- (b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

The Bank has started implementing the TFRS 16 - Leases standard from 1 January 2019, the first date of the TFRS 16 standard. At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments are discounted by using the Bank's alternative borrowing profit rate.

The Bank has recognized the right to lease assets equal to the lease obligation by restating the previously paid or accrued lease payments.

The right of the use asset

The Group reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental.

When the Group applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Group applies the depreciation liabilities in TAS 16 Tangible Fixed Assets while depreciating the right of use asset.

The Group determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

Lease Obligation

At the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Group's alternative borrowing interest rate.

The profit on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic profit rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic profit rate is the Group's borrowing profit rate.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

After the beginning of a contract, the Group remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Group reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

The Group measures the lease obligation by discounting the revised lease payments on a revised discount rate when any of the following conditions occur:

- A change in the rental period.
- The Group determines revised rent payments based on revised lease term.
- The Group determines the revised discount rate for the remaining portion of the lease term as the alternative borrowing interest rate at the date of Bank's revaluation.

14. Insurance Technical Income and Expense

In insurance companies, premium income is obtained after diminishing the shares transferred from arranged policy income to reassurer.

Claims are recorded in expense on accrual basis. Outstanding loss provisions are recognized for the claims reported but not paid yet and for the claims that incurred but not reported. Reassurer' shares of outstanding and paid claims are offset in the provisions.

15. Explanations on insurance technical provisions

TFRS 4 requires that all contracts issued by insurance companies be classified as either insurance contracts or investment contracts. Contracts with significant insurance risk are considered insurance contracts. Insurance risk is defined as risk, other than financial risk, transferred from the holder of a contract to the issuer. Contracts issued by insurance companies without significant insurance risk are considere investment contracts. Invesment contracts are accounted for in accordance with TAS 39 "Turkish Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

Within the framework of the current insurance regulation, insurance technical provisions accounted by insurance companies for unearned Premium claims, unexpired risk reserver, outstanding claims and life-mathematical reserves are presented in the consolidated financial statements.

Unearned premium reserve is recognized on accrued premiums without discount or commision which extends to the next period or periods on a daily basis for the current insurance contracts.

In case the expected loss premium ratio is over 95%, the unexpired risk reserves are recognized fort he main branches specified by the Undersecretariat of Tresury. For each main branch, the amount found by multiplying the ratio exceeding 95% by the net unearned premium provision, is added to the unearned premium provision of that main branch.

If the outstanding claim reserve is established and confirmed by approximation and if there are unpaid or unidentifed compensation amounts in both prior and current Accounting periods; it is separated for estimated yet unreported compensation amounts.

Mathematical reserve is recognized on actuarial bases in order to meet the requirements of policyholders and beneficiaries for life, healt and personal accident insurance contracts for a period longer than a year.

On the other hand, actuarial chan ladder method is used to estimate the reserve amount to be set aside in the current period by looking at the data of the past materialized losses. If the reserve amount found as a result of this method exceeds the amount of reserve fort he amount of uncertain indemnity, additional reserve must be set aside fort he difference.

Reinsurance companies recognize fort he outstanding claims that is declared by the companies, accrued and determined on account.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Insurance companies of the Group cede premium and risks in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from risks accepted Insurance premiums ceded to reinsurers on contract that are deemed to transfer significant insurance risk are recognized as an expense in a manner that is consistent with the recognition of insurance premium revenue arising from the underlying risks being protected.

Cost which vary and are directyl associated with the acquisition of insurance and reinsurance contracts including brokerage, commissions, underwriting expenses and other acquisition costs are deferred and amortized over the period of contract, consistent with the earning of premium.

16. Explanations on Provisions And Contingent Liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the "Matching Principle," a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a "Contingent" liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

17. Explanations on Liabilities Relating to Employee Benefits

17.1 Defined benefit plans:

In accordance with existing social legislation, the group is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the group and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfill the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to "Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits" ("TAS 19") is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm. Group is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Group's employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

17.2 Defined contribution plans:

The group pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

17.3 Short term benefits to employees:

In accordance with "TAS 19", vacation pay liabilities are defined as "Short Term Benefits to Employees" and accrued as earned

Group management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

18. Explanations on Taxation

Current Tax

As per the terms of the provisional article 10 added to the Law No. 5520 by the Article 91 of the Law No. 7061, it was established that the rate of 20%, as disclosed in the first paragraph of the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, shall be applied as 22% over the corporation income for the tax periods of the years 2018, 2019, 2020 (and for entities that are appointed with special accounting period, for the accounting periods beginning within the relevant year). Council of Ministers is entitled to lower the rate of 22% as disclosed in the first paragraph to a limit of 20%.

Under this scope, corporate tax with the rate of 22% shall be calculated over the corporate income of the corporate taxpayers for the accounting periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020. In addition, as per provisions of the Income Tax Law, advance tax with the rate of 22% shall be paid by the taxpayers in the aforementioned periods in order to be offset from the corporate tax for the aforementioned tax periods.

The corporate tax rate will be applied as 22% for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020. This rate is applied on taxable income which is calculated by adjusting the income before tax for certain disallowable expenses, tax exempt income and other allowances. No further tax is applicable unless the profit is distributed. According to the tax legislations, advance tax amount shall also be calculated using a rate of 20% for each quarter over tax base and shall be paid, then the advance taxes paid within the year shall be offset from the corporate tax calculated over the yearly corporate tax return for that year.

Withholding taxes is not applied to dividends distributed to companies resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey. With the Council of Minister's decision numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 which are published in official gazette numbered 27130 and dated 3 February 2009, some deduction rates in 15th and 30th articles of the corporate tax law numbered 5520 were re-determined. In accordance with this, dividends distributed to companies other than companies resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey are subject to 15% withholding taxes. Double tax treaty agreements are also taken into consideration during the application of withholding taxes on dividends distributed to real persons and to foreign-based taxpayers. Addition of profit to share capital is not considered as dividend distributed therefore no withholding taxes is applied.

With the aforementioned amendment to the law, entities calculate advance tax using a rate of 22% over the quarterly financial income, for the years 2018-2019-2020 and advance tax returns are filed by the fourteenth day of the second month following the related period and taxes are paid by the seventeenth day. Advance taxes are paid within the year belong to that year, and the paid advance taxes are offset from the corporate tax liability calculated over the corporate tax returns in the subsequent year. Any remaining amount of paid advance taxes after the offset can be paid back in cash or it can be deducted from financial loans to the government.

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable's; except in case of failure to fulfill the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable's with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one installment by the end of that month.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Deferred Tax

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of "Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"), the Group calculates deferred tax liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset or liabilities over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions for Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and for Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. The rate is used in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities was 22% over temporary timing differences expected to be reversed in 2018, 2019 and 2020, and 20% over temporary timing differences expected to be reversed in 2021 and the following years.

19. Explanations on Additional Disclosures on Borrowings

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Parent Bank does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Group has not issued convertible bonds.

20. Explanations on Share Certificates Issued

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on Bank about share certificates.

21. Explanations on Acceptances And Availed Drafts

Acceptances and availed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

22. Explanations on Government Grants

There are no government grants received by the Group.

23. Explanations on Segment Reporting

The Group operates in three main segments; Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, Treasury and International Banking. Each segment operates with unique products, and the operational results are followed based on these segments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 12.

24. Explanations on Other Matters

The Group has no disclosures on other matters.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP

1. Explanations on Consolidated Equity Items

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of 30 September 2020 Group's total capital has been calculated as TL 12,314,004 (31 December 2019: TL 10,668,414), capital adequacy ratio is 21.58% (31 December 2019: 18.96%).

Based on the press release made by the BRSA on 23 March 2020; due to the fluctuations in the financial markets as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak; in the calculation of the amount subject to credit risk in accordance with the Regulation on Measurement and Evalation of Capital Aduquacy; with monetary assets and non-monetary assets excluding assets that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency valued amount of items in accordance with TAS and its special privisons amounts, spot puchase exchange rate can be used in preparation of financial statements as of 31 December, 2019, may be considered in the calculation of Turkish Lira equivalent of credit risk exposures in foreign currencies, and negative revalation differences of the securities classified under "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" which acquired before 23 March, 2020 may not be included in capital calculation. As of 30 September 2020, the Bank has used these opportunities in capital adequacy calculations.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.1. Information on consolidated equity items

	Current Period 30/09/2020 Amount	Restated Prior Period 31/12/2019 Amount
COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL		
Paid-In Capital To Be Entitled For Compensation After All Creditors	4,600,000	4,000,000
Share Premium	24,525	24,525
Reserves	1,997,351	1,494,059
Other Comprehensive Income According to TAS	181,372	268,165
Profit	926,949	1,413,134
Current Period Profit	1,342,862	1,273,941
Prior Period Profit	(415,913)	139,193
Minority Shares		-
Bonus Shares From Associates, Affiliates And Joint-Ventures Not Accounted In Current Period's Profit	29,512	28,461
Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions	7,759,709	7,228,344
Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	.,,,,	,,0,
Valuation Adjustments Calculated As Per The Article 9. (I) Of The Regulation On Bank Capital	-	_
Current And Prior Periods' Losses Not Covered By Reserves, And Losses Accounted Under Equity According To TAS (-)	138,139	13,394
Leasehold Improvements On Operational Leases (-)	72,368	66,940
Goodwill Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities	12,308	00,940
	240.054	102 224
Other Intangible Assets Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	240,054	192,334
Remaining after deducting from the related deferred tax liability with the deferred tax asset based on future taxable income, except for deferred tax assets based on temporary differences		_
Differences Arise When Assets And Liabilities Not Held At Fair Value, Are Subjected To Cash Flow Hedge Accounting	-	-
Total Credit Losses That Exceed Total Expected Loss Calculated According To The Regulation On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization Gains	-	-
Unrealized Gains And Losses From Changes In Bank's Liabilities' Fair Values Due To Changes In Creditworthiness	_	_
Net Amount Of Defined Benefit Plans	19,082	19,082
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier I Capital (-)	4,869	4,234
Shares Obtained Against Article 56, Paragraph 4 Of The Banking Law (-)	4,009	4,234
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold		-
Of Above Tier I Capital (-) Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial		_
Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	_	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)		_
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	_	_
Amount Exceeding The 15% Threshold Of Tier I Capital As Per The Article 2, Clause 2 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)		
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Not Deducted From Tier I		
Capital (-) Martagas Samisina Rights Not Daducted (-)	_	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount Arising From Deferred Tax Assets From Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions From Tier I Capital In Cases Where There Are No Adequate Additional Tier I Or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	-
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital	474,512	295,984
Total Common Equity Tier I Capital	7,285,197	6,932,360

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Privileged stocks not included in common equity and share premiums	_	_
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA	1,944,075	1,189,404
Debt Instruments and the Related Issuance Premiums Defined by the BRSA (Covered by Temporary Article 4)	1,511,073	1,100,101
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	1,944,075	1,189,404
Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	1,544,075	1,100,404
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks Or Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Additional Tier I Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 7 Of The Regulation	_	_
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial		
Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital Of		
Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
Items To Be Deducted From Tier I Capital During The Transition Period		
Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets And Related Deferred Taxes Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The		
Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	_
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of		
The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
Deduction From Additional Tier I Capital When There Is Not Enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	_
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	1,944,075	1,189,404
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)	9,229,272	8,121,764
Tier II Capital		
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA	2,721,700	2,073,399
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA (Covered By Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Amounts Explained In The First Paragraph Of The Article 8 Of The Regulation On Bank Capital)	588,984	595,205
Tier II Capital before deductions	3,310,684	2,668,604
Deductions From Tier II Capital	_	_
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier II Capital (-)	-	_
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks And Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Tier II Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 8 Of The Regulation	_	
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial		
Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital And Tier II		
Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	
Total Deductions From Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	3,310,684	2,668,604
Total Equity (Total Tier I And Tier II Capital)	12,539,956	10,790,368

^(*) TL 5 of Tier II capital issue amounting to TL 2,721,705 issued via KT Sukuk Company Limited has been withdrawn and is deducted from equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Total Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital (Total Equity)		
Loans Granted Against The Articles 50 And 51 Of The Banking Law (-)	_	_
Net Book Values Of Movables And Immovables Exceeding The Limit Defined In The Article 57, Clause 1 Of The		
Banking Law And The Assets Acquired Against Overdue Receivables And Held For Sale But Retained More		
Than Five Years (-)	11,875	5,505
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	214,077	116,449
Items To Be Deducted From The Sum Of Tier I And Tier II Capital (Capital) During The Transition Period		
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And		
Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10%		
Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital		
As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	_
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And		
Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10%		
Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital As Per The		
Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital, Of The Net Deferred Tax Assets		
Arising From Temporary Differences And Of The Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted From Tier I Capital		
As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) And (2) And Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The		
Regulation (-)	_	_
Capital		
Total Capital (Total Of Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital)	12,314,004	10,668,414
Total Risk Weighted Assets	57,060,112	56,262,955
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	12.77	12.32
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	16.18	14.44
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	21.58	18.96
Buffers		
Bank-Specific Total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.50	2.50
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	2.50
Systemic Significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	-	-
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According To The Article 4 Of Capital		
Conservation And Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	8.27	7.82
Amounts Lower Than Excesses As Per Deduction Rules		
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And		
Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And		
Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences	-	_
Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation	-	_
General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand)	588,984	595,205
General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets	588,984	595,205
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of		
Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	_
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of		
Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	
Debt Instruments Covered By Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)		
Upper Limit For Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	_
Upper Limit For Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	······ i ···	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Information on debt instruments to be included in equity calculation:			
Issuer	KT SUKUK COMPANY LIMITED	KT ONE COMPANY LIMITED	KT AT One Company Limited
Mean Code (CUSIP, ISIN vb.)	XS1323608635	XS2028862998	XS2227803819
Legislation to which the mean is subject	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity	BRSA regulation on Shareholders ' Equity
Consideration In Equity Calculation			
Subject to consideration application reduced by 10% from $1/1/2015$	Not being subject	Not being subject	Not being subject
Validity on a consolidated or unconsolidated basis or both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis	Current on both consolidated and unconsolidated basis
Means Type	Subordinated Sukuk	Subordinated Sukuk	Subordinated Sukuk
Amount taken into account in equity calculation (as of last reporting date-TL million)	2,722	1,555	389
Nominal value of the mean (TL million))	2,722	1,555	389
The account in which the mean is followed accounting	3470103	3470003	3470003
Export date of the mean	02/17/2016	06/17/2019	09/28/2020
Maturity structure of the mean (demand/term))	Term	Demand	Demand
Initial maturity of the mean	10 Years (Maturity Date : 02/17/2026)	Demand	Demand
Whether the issuer has the right to refund subject to BRSA approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date of repayment option, contingent repayment options and amount to be paid back	02/17/2021 – Complete	07/16/2024 – Complete	09/28/2025 - Complete
Subsequent repayment option dates	02/17/2021	07/16/2024	09/28/2025
Dividend payments			
Fixed or variable dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments	Fixed dividend payments
Dividend ratio and index value for dividend ratio	7.90%	9.13%	9.95%
Whether there are any restrictions that stop paying dividends	None	None	None
The ability to be completely optional, partially optional or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Whether there is an element to encourage repayment, such as a dividend rate hike	None	None	None
Non-accumulative or cumulative property	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Ability to convert to stock			
Trigger events/events that would cause conversion if converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.
Fully or partially convert property if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.
If it can be converted to stock, the conversion rate	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.
Forced or optional conversion property, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.
Types of convertible means, if convertible to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.
Issuer of the debt instrument to be converted, if it can be converted to stock	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.	Cannot be converted into stock.
Value reduction feature			
Trigger events/events to cause reduction if value reduction is enabled	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If it has a value reduction feature, it has a total or partial value reduction feature	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value reduction property is continuous or transient	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
If the value can be temporarily reduced, the value increment mechanism	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction	No Value Reduction
In the case of liquidation, which is in the order in respect of the right of receivables (the instrument which is located just above this instrument of borrowing))	Primary Unsecured Sukuk	Tier - 1	Tier - 1
Whether or not the provisions of Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders 'equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None
Which of the conditions contained in Articles 7 and 8 of the regulation on the shareholders' equity of the banks are not met	None	None	None

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities:

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, componenets and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the bank, and to provide the availability od adequate capital in order to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Parenst Banks' growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Group is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

2. Explanations on consolidated currency risk

Foreign currency risk represents the Group's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method.

The Parent monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 30 September 2020, the Group has a long position amounting to TL 24,022 (31 December 2019 – TL 446,838 long position), consisting of a balance sheet short position amounting to TL 20,230,160 (31 December 2019 – TL 8,378,733 long position) and an off-balance long position amounting to 20,254,182 (31 December 2019 – TL 7,931,895 short position).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank as of 30 September 2019 and the previous five working days are as follows (full TL):

	23/09/2020	24/09/2020	25/09/2020	28/09/2020	29/09/2020	Balance Sheet Valuation Rate
USD	7.681	7.65277	7.58626	7.77289	7.82037	7.7763
EURO	8.98232	8.91378	8.84042	9.05792	9.14489	9.10906
GBP	9.76777	9.74993	9.67144	9.98583	10.05734	9.98122
CHF	8.3417	8.27212	8.18222	8.38174	8.47536	8.43152
JPY	0.0731	0.07261	0.07197	0.07376	0.07404	0.07361

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Parent Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL):

	Monthly average FC purchase rate
USD	7.53738
EURO	8.88932
GBP	9.77054
CHF	8.24205
JPY	0.07140

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Consalidated currency risk of the Group:

	Euro	USD	Other FC	Total
Current period				
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased)				
and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (***)	6,993,842	8,307,025	5,486,943	20,787,810
Banks(****)	967,089	295,760	3,711,941	4,974,790
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	283,931	77,664	6,689,586	7,051,181
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,938,407	5,108,253	_	8,046,660
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	14,226,549	14,941,123	132,422	29,300,094
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	-	-		-
Financial assets at amortized cost	3,942,019	2,435,834	_	6,377,853
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes		-,,	_	-
Tangible assets	14,379	1,325	_	15,704
Intangible assets	80,536	3	_	80,539
Other assets (****)	155,685	234,750	84,886	475,321
other assets ()	133,003	231,730	01,000	173,321
Total assets	29,602,437	31,401,737	16,105,778	77,109,952
Liabilities				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	398,859	174,482	233,035	806,376
Current and profit sharing accounts FC (***)	15,469,593	37,197,048	31,413,662	84,080,303
Money market borrowings	-		-	
Funds provided from other financial institutions	295,419	7,217,710	-	7,513,129
Marketable securities issued	-	3,567,293	-	3,567,293
Miscellaneous payables	197,410	381,159	11,048	589,617
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (****)	243,533	509,679	30,182	783,394
Total liabilities	16,604,814	49,047,371	31,687,927	97,340,112
	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
			(15,582,149	
Net balance sheet position	12,997,623	(17,645,634))	(20,230,160)
Net off-balance sheet position	(13,306,303)	17,974,376	15,586,109	20,254,182
Financial derivative assets	707,145	25,825,956	17,126,752	43,659,853
Financial derivative liabilities	14,013,448	7,851,580	1,540,643	23,405,671
Non-cash loans (**)	2,141,073	2,447,892	655,331	5,244,296
Prior period				
Total assets	32,421,730	25,771,122	11,237,311	69,430,163
Total liabilities	12,507,749	36,360,587	12,183,094	61,051,430
Net balance sheet position	12,307,749	(10,589,465)	(945,783)	8,378,733
*			930,027	
Net off-balance sheet position	(20,055,210)	11,193,288		(7,931,895)
Financial derivative assets	371,647	19,860,378	1,463,898	21,695,923
Financial derivative liabilities	20,426,857	8,667,090	533,871	29,627,818
Non-cash loans (**)	1,883,918	2,503,577	576,420	4,963,915

^(*) Includes expected credit loss of TL 1,400,363 (31 December 2019 - TL 640,235) in the balance sheet and foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 2,268,491 (December 31, 2019 - TL 2,662,329) followed as TL on the balance sheet

Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below;

- Derivative financial assets held for trading TL 459,215 (31 December 2019 TL 163,236)
- Prepaid expenses: TL 2,108 (31 December 2019 1,217 TL)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading: TL 331,376 (31 December 2019 TL 164,719)
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: (26,908) (31 December 2019 TL 82,154)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging: None (31 December 2019 TL 129,728)

^(**) Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

^(***) Precious metals are included in "Other FC" column.

^(****) Other liabilities at fair value through TL 4,696 in the calculation of profit / loss of securities are not included in the foreign currency risk of impairment provisions. It also includes a provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 177,835

^(*****) Includes provisions for expected losses amounting to TL 385 in the balance sheet

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions that are amounting to;

- Forward foreign currency purchase transactions TL 1,159,377 (31 December 2019 TL 907,180)
- Forward foreign currency sale transactions: TL 1,647,152 (31 December 2019 TL 983,763)
- Precious metals purchase transactions TL 16,556,317 (31 December 2019 TL 15,348)
- Precious metals sale transactions TL 892,190 (31 December 2019 TL 322,394)

Sensitivity to exchange rate risk

The group is largely exposed to exchange rate risk in Euros, US dollars and Gold.

The following table shows the group's sensitivity to a 10% increase in US Dollar, Euro and gold exchange rates.

	Change in exchange rate %		ffect on profit / loss	Effect	on equity
		Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
USD	10%	32,874	60,382	32,874	60,382
EUR	10%	(30,868)	(14,123)	(30,868)	(14,123)
GOLD	10%	10,448	3,545	10,448	3,545

3. Explanations on stock position risk arising from banking accounts

3.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analyzing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes:

The Group's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

3.2. Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value:

	Current Period		Comparison	
	Equity Securities (shares) investments (*)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value
1	Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income Quoted Securities	27,371	-	-
2	Investments in Associates	- -	- -	- -
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
3	Investment in Subsidiaries	23,680	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
4	Other	55,797	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
	Prior Period		Comparison	
	Equity Securities (shares) investments (*)	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Market Value
1	Securities Available-for-Sale	33,077	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
2	Investments in Associates	-	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
3	Investment in Subsidiaries	23,680	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
4	Other	40,381	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

3.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals:

None.

4. Consolidated Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio

The liquidity risk of the Group is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

Funding Liquidity Risk: It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

Market Liquidity Risk: It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

Liquidity risk is managed by the Asset - Liability Committee (ALC) and related business units within the framework of the Liquidity Risk Policy and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors. In liquidity risk management, the measures to be taken and the practices to be carried out are determined by taking into account normal economic conditions and stress conditions. The Bank defines liquidity risk, measures risks with liquidity risk measurement methods in accordance with international standards, monitors them and periodically presents them to the interested parties. Liquidity risk stress tests are performed during monthly periods. An emergency funding plan (liquidity contingency plan) has been created to regulate the procedures and principles for the bank to maintain and maintain adequate liquidity levels under stress conditions.

The Group's liquidity risk ratios are well above the legal limits. The Group maintains its liquidity buffer at high levels, taking into account periods when liquidity risk may increase. Due to this approach, it is evaluated that the negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the global level do not have a significant impact on the Group's liquidity needs.

4.1 Information on risk capacity of the Group, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determied according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Groups's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Group.

The Group has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and paticipation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Group has a high risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Group which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets is deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Turkey and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analyzed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALC meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Group in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Group. The Treasury Group Managemant manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. Official and international Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.2. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Group and the Group's subsidiaries:

The Group's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Parent Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

4.3 Information on the Group's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities:

Group's spread to the base of current and partiplication accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

4.4 Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Group's total liabilities:

Almost all liabilities of the Group are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Group is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilites denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantialy.

4.5. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

4.6. Information on the use of stress tests:

In order to analyze the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether comformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relavant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Group, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both of the situations. Stress tests telated with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

4.7. General information on emergency funding plan:

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Emergency Funding Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the Executive Risk Committee. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Emergency Funding Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

4.8. Presentation of financial liabilities according to contractual maturities

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Liquidity coverage ratio

Current Period		Total Unweig (Averag		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)		
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
HI	GH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	33,710,274	19,410,009	31,457,435	17,157,169	
CA	SH OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	57,649,198	13,472,514	5,077,722	1,347,251	
3	Stable deposits	13,743,947	_	687,197	_	
4	Less stable deposits	43,905,251	13,472,514	4,390,525	1,347,251	
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	22,625,380	15,431,237	12,498,882	8,822,263	
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	
7	Non-operational deposits	17,933,685	11,619,688	7,807,187	5,010,714	
8	Unsecured funding	4,691,695	3,811,549	4,691,695	3,811,549	
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-	
10	Other cash outflows of which:	21,070,657	13,504,100	21,070,657	13,504,100	
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	21,070,657	13,504,100	21,070,657	13,504,100	
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	-	-	-	-	
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	_	-	-		
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	_	_	-		
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	17,393,917	5,124,491	1,418,961	281,155	
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			40,066,222	23,954,769	
CA	SH INFLOWS					
17	Secured receivables	_	_	_	_	
18	Unsecured receivables	15,335,113	9,290,577	12,009,255	8,793,504	
19	Other cash inflows	21,040,077	20,571,775	21,040,077	20,571,775	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	36,375,190	29,862,352	33,049,332	29,365,279	
				Upper Limit Applied Value		
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK			31,457,435	17,157,169	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			10,016,556	5,988,692	
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			314.05	286.49	

^(*) The average of last three months' liquidity coverage ratio calculated by monthly simple averages.

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios for the period between 1 January – 30 September 2020:

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
TL+FC	397.95	28/01/2020	233.35	28/04/2020	325.07
FC	495.60	31/01/2020	196.65	14/06/2020	311.89

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high quality liquid assets held by the parent bank to its one month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the CBRT, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows, because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)

Prior Period		Total Unweigl (Averag		Total Weighted Value (Average) ^(*)		
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
н	GH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	25,272,325	22,026,474	25,124,149	21,878,298	
CA	SH OUTFLOWS					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	46,310,797	14,182,034	4,066,501	1,418,203	
3	Stable deposits	11,291,580	-	564,579	-	
4	Less stable deposits	35,019,217	14,182,034	3,501,922	1,418,203	
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	16,772,002	11,695,643	9,399,904	6,911,683	
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	
7	Non-operational deposits	13,256,946	8,617,440	5,884,848	3,833,480	
8	Unsecured funding	3,515,056	3,078,203	3,515,056	3,078,203	
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-	
10	Other cash outflows of which:	12,550,258	12,180,971	12,550,258	12,180,971	
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	12,550,258	12,180,971	12,550,258	12,180,971	
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	-	-	-	-	
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-	
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-	
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	16,207,218	4,972,052	1,161,643	273,377	
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			27,178,306	20,784,234	
CA	SH INFLOWS					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-	
18	Unsecured receivables	18,201,958	12,419,370	15,337,019	11,801,428	
19	Other cash inflows	12,642,247	6,676,898	12,642,247	6,676,898	
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	30,844,205	19,096,268	27,979,266	18,478,326	
				Upper Limi	t Applied Values	
21	TOTAL HQLA STOCK			25,124,149	21,878,298	
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			6,794,577	5,196,059	
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)			369.77	421.06	

^(*) The average of the calculated liquidity coverage ratio for the last three months based on the monthly simple arithmetic average.

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios for 31 December 2019:

Prior Period:

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
TL+FC	406.63	21/10/2019	240.00	28/03/2019	321.01
FC	484.90	21/10/2019	266.24	28/03/2019	359.10

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high quality liquid assets of the bank to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the aforementioned ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher and they may show variability over time.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

Current period	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 Months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	Over 5 years	Unallocated (**)	Tota
Current periou	Demand	month	Withins	montais	Tears	5 years	()	100
Assets Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the								
Republic of Turkey	5,133,383	16,930,883	-	-	-	-	-	22,064,26
Banks(*) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	4,318,579	850,748	1,657,056	6,221,050	220.244	-	506,828	5,975,63 8,354,38
• •	-	630,746	555,418	0,221,030	220,344	-	300,828	0,334,30
Money market placements Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
income	-	11,212,393	3,925,608	3,744,614	13,484,790	-	129,093	32,496,49
Loans (**)	-	9,797,101	8,223,056	27,582,199	29,274,600	5,108,518	(2,654,813)	77,330,66
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	-	-	3,656,288	2,694,150	-	287,276	6,637,71
Other assets (***)	510,790	1,020,376	328,616	89,906	733,907	-	3,463,945	6,147,54
Total assets	9,962,752	39,811,501	14,689,754	41,294,057	46,407,791	5,108,518	1,732,329	159,006,70
Liabilities Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts Current and profit-sharing accounts Funds provided from other financial	831,058 68,816,680	40,016,205	7,437,741	5,420,522	1,234,643	1,860	- -	831,05 122,927,65
institutions	-	515,685	590,147	1,974,930	1,780,261	3,164,030	-	8,025,05
Money market borrowings	-	8,224,602	-	-	-	-	-	8,224,60
Marketable securities issued	-	256,649	283,500	1,008,745	3,577,581	-	-	5,126,47
Miscellaneous payables	767,824	180,106	-	-	-	-	-	947,93
Other Liabilities (****)	-	1,481,911	381,398	11,830	-	-	11,048,794	12,923,93
Total Liabilities	70,415,562	50,675,158	8,692,786	8,416,027	6,592,485	3,165,890	11,048,794	159,006,70
Net liquidity gap	(60,452,810)	(10,863,657)	5,996,968	32,878,030	39,815,306	1,942,628	(9,316,465)	
Prior period								
Prior period Total assets	16,456,130	25,029,166	8,599,635	21,375,011	33,237,258	2,911,169	1,393,209	109,001,57
•	16,456,130 37,304,079	25,029,166 42,377,871	8,599,635 6,494,668	21,375,011 5,242,158	33,237,258 5,061,569	2,911,169 2,239,399	1,393,209 10,281,834	109,001,57 109,001,57

Presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.
Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss
Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets.

^(****) The other unallocated liabilities column consists mainly of equity and provision balances.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

5. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio

5.1 Disclosure of leverage ratio template

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks" published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

	On-balance sheet assets (*)	Current Period	Prior Period
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	152 752 060	102 (12 007
2	but including collateral) (Assets amounts deducted in determining Passel III Tien I Conital)	152,752,960	103,613,007
	(Assets amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier I Capital)	(394,618)	(274,081)
3	Total amount on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	152,358,342	103,338,926
	Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	946,692	288,592
5	The potential amount of credit risk with derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	387,809	390,743
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	1,334,501	679,335
	Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)		
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	1,652,136	572,070
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	1,652,136	572,070
	Other off-balance sheet transactions		
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	68,394,174	65,620,425
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(42,905,808)	(42,603,597)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	25,488,366	23,016,828
	Capital and total risks		
13	Tier I Capital	9,091,457	7,716,781
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	180,833,345	127,607,159
	Leverage ratio		
15	Leverage ratio	5.03	6.05

^(*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

The leverage ratio calculated on the basis of the arithmetic average of the the amounts realized at the end of each month for the past three-month period as of the Group's consolidated balance sheet date was %5.03 (31 December 2019 - 6.05%). The main reason for the changes from the previous period is that the increase in the items related to the finance transactions secured by securitisation instruments and goods is higher compared to the increase in other items. Accordingly, main capital increased by 18% on profit for the period, while on-balance sheet risk increased by 47% and off-balance sheet increased by 11%. Accordingly, there is a decrease of 102 basis points in the current period leverage ratio compared to the previous period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

6. Explanations on fair value of consolidated financial assets and liabilities

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

7. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

8. Explanations on consolidated hedge accounting practices

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting principles and permits the companies continue to apply hedge accounting principles of TAS 39 as a policy choice. In this context, while the Bank continues to apply TAS 39 policy for the hedge accounting, Cash Flow Hedge ("CFH") accounting ended as of 30 September 2020.

The contractual amounts of the derivative financial instruments as of September 30, 2020 and the net fair values of the financial instruments are summarized in the table below:

		Current Period			Prior Period		
	Principal*	Asset	Liability	Principal*	Asset	Liability	
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Cross currency swap transactions (CFH)	-	-	-	1,289,330	-	129,728	
Total	-	-	-	1,289,330	-	129,728	

(*) Only the "sell" legs of the related derivative financial instruments are presented. As of 30 September 2020, there is no balance in the Statement of off-balance Sheet for these derivative transactions. Including the purchase legs of TL 1,162,576 on 31 December 2019, the total amount of these derivative transactions Derivative financial instrument principal total of TL 2,451,906 is accounted for in off-balance sheet under "Derivative financial instruments held for risk management" line item

When the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked;

• The hedging gains and losses that were previously recognized under equity are transferred to profit or loss when the cash flows of the hedged item a re realized,

In case the hedged item is derecognized, hedge accounting is discontinued and within context of fair value hedge accounting, adjustments made to the value of the hedged item are accounted in income statement.

In accordance with TAS, the replacement or rollover of a hedging instrument into another hedging instrument is not an expiration or termination if such replacement or rollover is part of the entity's documented hedging strategy.

Net investment hedge:

The Group applies a net investment hedge strategy to hedge its foreign currency risk due to its net investment of EUR 107,374,082 (Full Amount) of its subsidiary KT Bank AG. The same portion of the Group's foreign currency denominated participation funds is designated as hedging instrument. The effective portion of the exchange rate changes of the foreign currency participation funds in this scope is accounted for under hedging funds account under equity.

Hedging funds account under equity and other comprehensive income regarding net investment hedges have been accounted net (TL 371,332) and net (TL 185,896), respectively in the current period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Cash flow hedge:

As of 31 December 2020, The Parent Bank, convert Malaysian Ringgit (RM) 800,000 MYR borrowings to USD loan with cross currency swap and this fund was evaluating in profit share-yielding assets in USD. In this context, the Bank has started to implement cash flow hedge accounting on August 1, 2014 to protect itself with cross currency swap against cash flow risks due to the changes in MYR/TL foreign exchange rates on borrowings and changes in USD/TL foreign exchange rates on profit share-yielding assets.

In this context, the derivative financial instruments which are determined as hedging instruments are cross currency swaps and the hedged items are funds borrowed and profit share-yielding assets. However, the accounting of CFH applied by the Bank has ended as of September 30, 2020.

In the below table, the effect of accounting of CFH (current and prior period) is explained:

Current Period								
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liablity) (**)	Nature of hedged risks		value of the	Amount in hedging funds (*)			
			Asset	Liability				
Swap Transactions		Cash flow risk of exchange rate changes	-	-	-			

Prior Period							
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liablity) (**)	Nature of hedged risks	Net fair value of the hedging instrument				Amount in hedging funds (*)
			Asset	Liability			
Swap Transactions	II cans received and profit share assets	Cash flow risk of exchange rate changes	1	1.162.576	(11,514)		

^(*) Includes the deferred tax effect. As of prior period deferred tax effect amounting to TL 2,533

At the inception date, the Parent Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the CFH accounting application in accordance with TAS 39 and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same way. Effectiveness tests have been selected according to the methods that are allowed by TAS 39 in reliance to the risk strategies of the Participation Bank. Also, effectiveness tests have been performed at the end of every month and the effectiveness of the risk relationships have been measured.

As of September 30, 2020, the Parent Bank does not have any cash flow hedge transaction.

^(**) Bank's subsidiary KT Kira Sertifikaları A.Ş. Securities issued by the Parents Bank and presented in the "Securities Issued (net)" line in the financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

9. Explanations On Consolidated Risk Management

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee ("ALC") and the Risk Management Department ("RMD") which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Parent Bank is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Parent Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Parent Bank's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank's future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

9.1. Explanations on Risk Management and Risk Weighted Amounts:

9.1.1. Overview of risk weighted amounts:

		Risk Weighte	ed Amounts	Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period 30/09/2020	Restated Prior Period 31/12/2019	Current Period 30/09/2020
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	46,882,542	47,393,051	3,750,603
2	Standardised approach (SA)	46,904,748	47,417,649	3,752,380
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	213,972	198,727	17,118
5	Standardised approach for counterpary credit			
	risk (SA-CCR)	213,972	198,727	17,118
6	Internal model method (IMM)	-	-	=
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the			
	banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies - look-through			
	approach	22,206	24,598	1,776
9	Investments made in collective investment companies - mandate-			
	based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies - 1250% risk			
	weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	2,335,051	2,978,934	186,804
17	Standardised approach (SA)	2,335,051	2,978,934	186,804
18	Internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	7,606,341	5,667,645	608,507
20	Basic indicator approach	7,606,341	5,667,645	608,507
21	Standardised approach	-		=
22	Advanced measurement approach	-		=
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital			
	(subject to 250% risk weight)	-		-
24	Floor adjustment	-		-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	57,060,112	56,262,955	4,564,808

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

9.3.4. Guarantees used for counterparty credit risk:

None.

9.3.5. Credit derivatives:

None.

9.3.6. Risks to the central counterparty ("CCT:):

None.

10. Securitization Positions

None.

11. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions

The Group does not perform purchases, sales and custody services in the name of others. The Group has no fiduciary-based transaction agreements.

12. Explanations on consolidated business segments

The Parent Bank operates in Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking: to meet the financial needs of the customers', unique cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail and Enterprise Banking includes fund collection, installment commercial loans, business loans, non cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, Trade Finance, Checks, POS services, Credit Cards, ATM services, Online Banking and Mobile Banking in these fields.

In International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified "corporate" customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long-term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the Sukuk for the Group, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Turkey. The Treasury in addition to monitoring foreign currency position and liquidity of the Group, also conducts spot and forward transactions in TL or foreign currencies, performs derivative transactions (forward, swap) with banks and customers, trades of gold within the context of membership of Istanbul Gold Exchange, trades share certificates in BIST and international markets and conducts Murabaha transactions with foreign banks.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

Specific balance sheet and income statement items according to segments:

Current Period 1 January 2020-30 September 2020	Retail Banking	Corporate and Commercial banking	Treasury and international banking	Unallocated	Bank's total operation
		6			
Operating income	3,840,155	4,974,283	876,743	-	9,691,181
Operating expenses (-)	3,222,036	1,510,902	623,831	2,641,663	7,998,432
Transfers between segments	1,711,150	(325,131)	(1,386,019)	-	-
Net operating income(loss)	2,329,269	3,138,250	(1,133,107)	(2,641,663)	1,692,749
Income from associates	-	-	-	15,416	15,416
Income (loss) before tax	2,329,269	3,138,250	(1,133,107)	(2,626,247)	1,708,165
Provision for taxation (-)	-	_	-	355,768	355,768
Net income for the period	2,329,269	3,138,250	(1,133,107)	(2,982,015)	1,352,397
Current Period					
30 September 2020					
Segment assets	30,045,222	43,483,234	81,510,500	-	155,038,956
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	79,477	79,477
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	3,888,269	3,888,269
Total assets	30,045,222	43,483,234	81,510,500	3,967,746	159,006,702
Segment liabilities	109,330,154	22,649,900	13,537,115	_	145,517,169
Undistributed liabilities	-	,,,,,,,,	-	5,942,887	5,942,887
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	7,546,646	7,546,646
Total liabilities	109,330,154	22,649,900	13,537,115	13,489,533	159,006,702

Prior Period	Retail	Corporate and Commercial	Treasury and international		Bank's total
<u>1 January 2019 – 30 September 2019</u>	Banking	banking	banking	Unallocated	operation
Operating income	4,188,482	2,879,658	743,844	1,066,142	8,878,126
Operating expenses (-)	3,480,340	1,757,591	179,703	2,417,140	7,834,774
Transfers between segments	2,170,458	(558,572)	(1,611,886)		-,00 .,77
Net operating income(loss)	2,878,600	563,495	(1,047,745)	(1,350,998)	1,043,352
Income from associates	_,-,-,-,	-	-	9,850	9,850
Income (loss) before tax	2,878,600	563,495	(1,047,745)	(1,341,148)	1,053,202
Provision for taxation (-)	-	_	-	220,708	220,708
Net income for the period	2,878,600	563,495	(1,047,745)	(1,561,856)	832,494
Prior Period					
31 December 2019					
Segment assets	19,680,015	35,203,430	50,268,046	-	105,151,491
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	64,061	64,061
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	3,786,026	3,786,026
Total assets	19,680,015	35,203,430	50,268,046	3,850,087	109,001,578
Prior Period					
31 December 2019					
Segment liabilities	73,909,898	14,083,077	9,251,721	_	97,244,696
Undistributed liabilities		- 1,000,011		4,564,009	4,564,009
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	7,192,873	7,192,873
Total liabilities	73,909,898	14,083,077	9,251,721	11,756,882	109,001,578

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets:

1.1. Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey:

1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey:

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Cash/foreign currency	547,206	2,514,591	613,156	1,838,246	
The Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	570,475	16,930,959	1,155,591	14,498,131	
Other (*)	158,775	1,342,260	-	1,111,168	
Total	1,276,456	20,787,810	1,768,747	17,447,545	

^(*) As of 30 September 2020, precious metal account amounting to TL 1,029,266 (31 December 2019 - TL 1,111,144) and money in transit amounting to TL 471,769 (31 December 2019 - TL 24) are presented in this line.

1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Unrestricted demand deposit	557,816	76	730,347	3,201,221	
Unrestricted time deposit	-	-	425,000	-	
Restricted time deposit	12,659	16,930,883	244	11,296,910	
Total	570,475	16,930,959	1,155,591	14,498,131	

In accordance with the "Communiqué no. 2013/15 on Reserve Requirements", the Parent Bank is required to maintain reserves in CBRT for TL and foreign currency liabilities. The reserve requirements can be maintained as TL, USD, EUR and standard gold. CBRT started paying interest on reserve balances held in USD starting from May 2015 and held in TL starting from November 2014. The reserve rates for TL liabilities vary between 1 % and 4 % for TL deposits and other liabilities according to their maturities as of 30 September 2020 (31 December 2019: %1 ile % 7 for all TL liabilities). The reserve rates for foreign currency liabilities vary between 5% and 21% for deposit and other foreign currency liabilities according to their maturities as of 30 September 2020 (31 December 2019: 5% and 21% for all foreign currency liabilities). The reserve rates for precious metal funds vary between 16% and 22% (31 December 2019: 5% and 21% for all precious metal funds liabilities).

1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

As of 30 September 2020, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase transactions, given as a collateral or blocked (31 December 2019 – None).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets:

Financial assets at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Cui	Current period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	16,913	29,617	14,949	3,045
Swap transactions	1,212,086	429,598	3,821	160,191
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	1,228,999	459,215	18,770	163,236

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.3 Information on Banks:

1.3.1. Information on Banks:

	Current period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	1,001,482	4,975,175	924,323	7,507,605
Domestic	1,001,189	141,658	924,294	3,771,051
Foreign	293	4,833,517	29	3,736,554
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-
Total	1,001,482	4,975,175	924,323	7,507,605

1.3.2 Information on foreign banks account:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	32,712,835	12,288,314
Quoted on stock exchange	32,712,835	12,288,314
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	_
Share certificates	106,441	180,226
Quoted on stock exchange	82,981	94,539
Not quoted on stock exchange	23,460	85,687
Impairment provision	(322,778)	(13,286)
Total	32,496,498	12,455,254

1.4.1. Information on Given Collateral or Blocked Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

As of the balance sheet date, there is given colleteral financial assets amounting to TL 7,541,601 (31 December 2019: TL 3,362,194) at fair value through other comprehensive income

1.4.2. Information on Subject to Repurchase Agreement Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

As of the balance sheet date, there is a repurchase agreement financial assets amounting to TL 8,246,679 (31 December 2019: None) at fair value through other comprehensive income

1.5 Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group:

	Current period		Prior peri	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	4,822	8,474	1,868	7,206
Corporate shareholders	-	8,434	-	7,190
Real person shareholders	4,822	40	1,868	16
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	61,916	663	780,512	723
Loans granted to employees	27,435	638	19,920	619
Total	94,173	9,775	802,300	8,548

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.2 Information on standart loans, loans underclose monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring:

		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring			
Current Period			Restructured Loans and Receivables		
Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables	Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance	
Loans	67,868,725	4,318,355	2,766,848	-	
Export Loans	5,503,383	311,435	-	-	
Import Loans	1,963,317	53,344	-	-	
Corporation Loans	34,589,486	3,308,851	2,685,942	-	
Consumer Loans	12,869,105	365,748	63,390	-	
Credit Cards	1,164,440	126,745	17,516	-	
Loans given to financial sector	1,855,780	-	-	1	
Other	9,923,214	152,232	-	-	
Other Receivables	4,409	138,811	8,917	-	
Total	67,873,134	4,457,166	2,775,765	-	

		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring				
Prior Period			Restructured Loan	ns and Receivables		
riioi reliou		Loans and	Loans and			
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	Receivables Not	Receivables with	Refinance		
Cash Loans	and Other	Subject to	Revised Contract	Keimance		
	Receivables	Restructuring	Terms			
Loans	49,298,335	3,556,702	2,264,742	-		
Export Loans	4,531,667	319,767	-	-		
Import Loans	951,591	42,549	-	-		
Corporation Loans	20,627,346	2,652,310	2,194,384	-		
Consumer Loans	7,717,979	304,840	47,325	-		
Credit Cards	950,450	117,001	23,033	-		
Loans given to financial sector	8,820,174	-	-	-		
Other	5,699,128	120,235	-	-		
Other Receivables	2,697	15,292	11,199	-		
Total	49,301,032	3,571,994	2,275,941	-		

Information on standart loans and loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring regarding provision:

	Standard Loans	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring	Standard Loans	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring
	Current	Current Period		
	Period (*)	(*)	Prior Period	Prior Period
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	1,111,050	-	488,598	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	2,034,556	-	996,886
Total	1,111,050	2,034,556	488,598	996,886

^(*) Includes expected credit loss of other financial assets measured at amortized cost amounting TL 1,697 (31 December 2019 – TL 767)

1.5.3 Distribution of cash loans and other receivables according to their maturities:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.5.4 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards:

Current Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	75,329	12,870,841	12,946,170
Real Estate Loans	18,699	10,999,794	11,018,493
Vehicle Loans	29,232	1,480,327	1,509,559
Consumer Loans	21,941	226,666	248,607
Other	5,457	164,054	169,511
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	· -	, <u>-</u>	, -
Real Estate Loans	-	-	_
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	_	_
Consumer Loans-FC	5	325,567	325,572
Real Estate Loans	- -	257,317	257,317
Vehicle Loans	-	38,127	38,127
Consumer Loans	-	30,123	30,123
Other	5	-	5
Retail Credit Cards-TL	545,514	70	545,584
With Installment	121,360	70	121,430
Without Installment	424,154	-	424,154
Retail Credit Cards-FC	3,383	_	3,383
With Installment	3,383		3,383
Without Installment	5,363	_	3,303
Personnel Loans-TL	2,088	24,413	26,501
Real Estate Loans	2,000	2 4,413 2,124	2,124
Vehicle Loans	694	15,816	16,510
Consumer Loans	1,393		
Other	1,393	6,473	7,866 1
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed	1	-	1
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Loans-FC	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	14,379	21	14,400
With Installment	5,141	21	5,162
Without Installment	9,238	-	9,238
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	-
Total	640,698	13,220,912	13,861,610
1000	U 1 U,U20	13,440,714	13,001,010

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards: (continued)

Prior Period	Short term	Medium and long term	Total
Consumer Loans-TL	75,033	7,726,981	7,802,014
Real Estate Loans	22,116	6,470,571	6,492,687
Vehicle Loans	31,568	963,169	994,737
Consumer Loans	20,214	219,628	239,842
Other	1,135	73,613	74,748
Consumer Loans-FC Indexed	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Consumer Loans-FC	-	249,220	249,220
Real Estate Loans	-	216,395	216,395
Vehicle Loans	-	373	373
Consumer Loans	-	28,626	28,626
Other	-	3,826	3,826
Retail Credit Cards-TL	456,724	73	456,797
With Installment	98,257	73	98,330
Without Installment	358,467	-	358,467
Retail Credit Cards-FC	1,650	-	1,650
With Installment	1,650	_	1,650
Without Installment	-	_	-
Personnel Loans-TL	1,912	16,998	18,910
Real Estate Loans	-,	1,410	1,410
Vehicle Loans	596	12,096	12,692
Consumer Loans	1,315	3,492	4,807
Other	1	-	1
Personnel Loans-FC Indexed	-	-	-
Real Estate Loans	_	_	_
Vehicle Loans	_	_	_
Consumer Loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Loans-FC	_	_	_
Real Estate Loans	_	_	_
Vehicle Loans	_	_	_
Consumer Loans	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_
Personnel Credit Cards-TL	11,025	60	11,085
With Installment	4,229	60	4,289
Without Installment	6,796	00	6,796
Personnel Credit Cards-FC	0,790	-	0,790
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	-
Total	546,344	7,993,332	8,539,676

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.5 Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:

		Medium and	
Current Period	Short term	long term	Total
Commercial Installment Loans-TL	402,354	8,921,629	9,323,983
Business Loans	7,004	2,004,434	2,011,438
Vehicle Loans	321,986	4,400,773	4,722,759
Consumer Loans	73,364	2,516,422	2,589,786
Other	-	-	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed	527	626,680	627,207
Business Loans	527	91,320	91,847
Vehicle Loans	=	17,138	17,138
Consumer Loans	_	518,222	518,222
Other	_	-	310,222
Commercial Installment Loans-FC	282,620	3,477,455	3,760,075
Business Loans	202,020	594,878	594,878
Vehicle Loans	414	91,520	91,934
Consumer Loans	-	71,520	71,754
Other	282,206	2,791,057	3,073,263
	745,334	2,791,037	745,334
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	The state of the s	-	· ·
With Installment	288,465	-	288,465
Without Installment	456,869	-	456,869
Corporate Credit Cards-FC	-	-	-
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)	_	-	
Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)	-	-	
Total	1,430,835	13,025,764	14,456,599
		Medium and	
Prior Period	Short term	long term	Total
Commercial Installment Loans-TL	248,040	4,929,680	5,177,720
Business Loans	18,447	1,248,841	1,267,288
Vehicle Loans	194,640	2,385,462	2,580,102
Consumer Loans	34,953	1,295,377	1,330,330
Other	· -	· · ·	-
Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed	3,221	844,575	847,796
Business Loans	3,221	183,927	187,148
Vehicle Loans	-	71,904	71,904
Consumer Loans	_	588,744	588,744
Other	_	-	500,711
Commercial Installment Loans-FC	127,905	2,043,461	2,171,366
Business Loans	31,456	686,563	718,019
	96,449	81,449	
Vehicle Loans	90,449	81,449	177,898
Consumer Loans	-	1 275 440	1 275 440
Other	-	1,275,449	1,275,449
Corporate Credit Cards-TL	620,612	=	620,612
With Installment	207,219	-	207,219
Without Installment	413,393	-	413,393
Corporate Credit Cards-FC			
-	340	-	340
With Installment		-	340 340
-	340	- - -	
With Installment Without Installment	340	- - -	
With Installment Without Installment Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)	340 340 -		
With Installment	340 340	- - - - 7,817,716	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.6 Breakdown of loans by user:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.5.7 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans:

	Current period	Prior period	
Domestic loans Foreign loans	70,197,839 4,908,226	46,697,875 8,451,092	
Total	75,106,065	55,148,967	

1.5.8 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

	Current period	Prior period	
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	51	182	
Total	51	182	

1.5.9 Specific provisions for loans or default (Third Stage) provisions:

	Current period	Prior period
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	5,663	209,492
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	506,115	228,439
Uncollectible loans and receivables	1,594,272	1,119,658
Total	2,106,050	1,557,589

1.5.10 Information on non-performing loans (Net):

1.5.10.1 Information on Loans and Other Receivables Included in Loans under Follow-Up Account, Which are Restructured or Rescheduled

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and		
	Receivables with	Loans and Receivables	
	Limited	with Doubtful	Uncollectible Loans
	Collectibility	Collectibility	and Receivables
Current Period:		61,218	
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	-	-	-
Restructured Loans and Receivables	-	61,218	-
Prior Period:		65,699	
(Gross Amount Before Specific Provisions)	-	-	-
Restructured Loans and Receivables	-	65,699	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.10.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectabil ity	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2019	250,407	318,133	1,541,141
Additions in the current period (+)	199,066	408,371	245,093
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	8,521	401,386	412,034
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	400,538	412,008	9,395
Collections in the current period (-)	18,369	24,254	173,687
Write offs (-)	· -	-	-
Sold Porfolio (-)(*)	-	-	153,338
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	153,338
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Ending balance of the current period	39,087	691,628	1,861,848
Specific provisions (-)	11,978	506,115	1,587,957
Net balances on balance sheet	27,109	185,513	273,891

^(*) The group has sold a portion of its non-performing loan portfolio which 100% provision is provided and amounting to TL 153,338 to the asset management company at a cost of TL 50,000.

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Prior Period	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2018	142,629	310,520	732,691
Additions in the current period (+)	806,015	991,658	532,018
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	100,972	677,421	1,374,788
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	676,683	1,374,976	101,522
Collections in the current period (-)	112,153	129,774	189,767
Write offs (-)	10,373	156,716	807,067
Sold Porfolio (-)	-	-	_
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Ending balance of the current period	250,407	318,133	1,541,141
Specific provisions (-)	209,492	228,439	1,119,658
Net balance at the balance sheet	40.915	89,694	421,483

1.5.10.3 Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Current period:			
Ending balance of the current period	17,778	211,475	114,035
Provision amount (-)	7,993	142,243	97,009
Net balance at the balance sheet	9,785	69,232	17,026
Prior period			
Ending balance of the current period	79,218	5,454	127,352
Provision amount (-)	48,407	4,640	69,392
Net balance at the balance sheet	30,811	814	57,960

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.10.4 Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and	Loans and	Uncollectible
	receivables with	receivables with	loans and
	limited collectability	doubtful collectability	receivables
Current period (Net)	27,109	185,513	273,891
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	39,087	691,628	1,861,848
Specific provision (-)	11,978	506,115	1,587,957
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)	27,109	185,513	273,891
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
Prior period (net) 31.12. 2019	40,915	89,694	421,483
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	250,407	318,133	1,541,141
Specific provision (-)	209,492	228,439	1,119,658
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)	40,915	89,694	421,483
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

1.5.10.5 In terms of financial instrument classes, the aging analysis of past due but not impaired financial assets is as follows:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.5.10.6 Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	Uncollectible
	Receivables with	Receivables with	Loans
	Limited	Doubtful	and Other
	Collectibility	Collectibility	Receivables
Current Period (Net)	423	34,750	26,247
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	868	92,636	233,425
Provision (-)	445	57,886	207,178

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans and Other	Loans and Other	Uncollectible
	Receivables with	Receivables with	Loans
	Limited	Doubtful	and Other
	Collectibility	Collectibility	Receivables
Prior Period (Net)	7,824	8,150	43,927
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	18,748	25,908	207,675
Provision (-)	10,924	17,758	163,748

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.5.10.7 Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.5.10.8 Information on the write-off policy:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.6 Information on other financial assets measured at amortised cost:

1.6.1 Information on Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	6,637,714	3,212,924
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	6,350,438	2,859,381
Not Quoted	287,276	353,543
Impairment Provision (-)	1,697	767
Total	6,636,017	3,212,157

1.6.2 Movements of Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost During The Year

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening Balance	3,212,924	485,068
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	-	-
Purchases During the Year	2,301,312	4,101,976
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	1,123,478	1,374,120
Impairment Provision (-)	1,697	767
Ending Balance	6,636,017	3,212,157

1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net):

- 1.7.1 The 1.49% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 7,659 (31 December 2019 TL 7,659), 1.15% ownership of the shares of Islamic International Rating Agency amounting to TL 33 (31 December 2019 TL 33), Swift shares amounting to TL 390 (31 December 2019 TL 390) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa İstanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2019 TL 15), 2.86% ownership of the shares of Ulusal Derecelendirme A.Ş. amounting to TL 2,755 (31 December 2019 TL 0), are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the Bank's ownership in these entities is less than 10% and the Parent Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.
- 1.7.2 Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2019 None).
- **1.7.3** Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2019 None).
- 1.7.3 Sector information on consolidated associates and their recorded amounts: None (31 December 2019 None)
- **1.7.3** Consolidated associates quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2019 None)

1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net):

1.8.1 Although the Parent Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with "Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated. The Bank has reflected its subsidiary at restated cost less any provision for impairment in its financial statements until 31 December 2004.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.8.2 Information on subsidiaries:

	Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
1	Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/Türkiye	99.99	99.99
2	Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	75.00	83.26
3	KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00
4	KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00
5	KT Bank AG (*)	Frankfurt/Almanya	100.00	100.00
6	Architecht Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş (**)	İstanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00
7	KT Sukuk Company Limited (***)	George Town/Cayman Adaları	100.00	100.00
8	KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00
9	Neova Sigorta A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	100.00	100.00

Information on subsidiaries in the order presented in the above table

			Total	Profit	Income from	Current	D	
	T-4-14-	T '4	fixed	share	marketable	period	Prior period	F 1
	Total assets	Equity	assets	income	securities	profit/loss	profit /loss	Fair value
1	38,227	35,182	-	ı	-	5,750	477	-
2	132,012	118,046	5	-	-	4,229	1,513	-
3	657	644	-	-	-	6	140	-
4	6,123,575	319	-	-	-	26	97	-
5	6,027,067	1,267,585	14,293	ı	-	6,433	(6,258)	-
6	77,478	50,191	5,373	ı	-	32,163	7,931	-
7	2,747,616	2	ı	ı	-	1	-	-
8	23,127	21,551	219	1	-	8,866	2,753	-
9	2,775,281	593,364	12,410	72,264	64,390	110,762	308,847	-

^(*) As of 30 September 2020, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

These figures are shown per Turkish Commercial Law financial statements as at 30 September 2020.

Movement regarding the subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the year	23,680	23,680
Movements during the year	-	
Purchases	-	-
Transfers from subsidiaries	-	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increase	-	-
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	23,680	23,680
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	_

KT Sukuk Company Limited is established in Cayman Islands on 31 July 2015, for the need of a second subordinated loan at the Bank. According to relevant article of TFRS 10, it is described as a subsidiary.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	610,120	445,754
Insurance Companies (*)	751,796	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	75,419	75,419
Total	1,437,335	521,173

^(*)The Bank has obtained the necessary legal permissions as of 5 May 2020, Neova Sigorta A.Ş. completed the share transfer transactions and concluded the purchase. Neova Sigorta A.Ş., which has purchased 78,864,212 shares by paying 745,860 TL with the purchase transaction, and 7% before sales increased its partnership share to 100% by owning all the shares.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	53,418	53,418
Total	53,418	53,418

1.8.3 Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries:

The shareholder's equity of KT Parent Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of September 30, 2020 is EUR 108,877,546 and the capital adequacy ratio is %22.6.

1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*)	50%	3,744,827	105,813	15,058	30,831	19,699

^(*) In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş, and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by İstanbul Ticaret Sicil Müdürlüğü.

1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)

1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases:

		Current Period		Prior Period
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	2,171,623	1,727,851	1,227,784	886,869
1 to 4 years	2,728,118	2,546,326	1,572,914	1,445,267
More than 4 years	636,145	609,512	384,461	375,384
Total	5,535,886	4,883,689	3,185,159	2,707,520

1.10.2 Net investments in finance leases:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases Unearned finance lease income (-) Unearned finance lease income (-)	5,535,885 (652,196)	3,185,159 (477,639)
Net receivable from finance leases	4,883,689	2,707,520

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts:

The Group determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Group gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfill its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the Bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 67,797 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2019 – TL 48,391).

1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes: None (31 December 2019 – None).

1.12 Information on tangible asset

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.13 Explanations on intangible asset

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

1.14 Explanations on investment properties:

	Current period	Previous period
Opening Balance	37,646	29,671
Acquisition Are The Ones	1,303	9,277
Disposals (-), Net	-	-
AmortizationCost (-)	1,422	1,302
Closing Net Book Value	37,527	37,646

1.15 Information on deferred tax asset

As of 30 September 2020, deferred tax is offset as TL 712,336 in the balance sheet. In accordance with the related regulations deferred tax asset calculated as of 30 September 2020 is TL 1,027,857 (31 December 2019 – TL 458,716) and deferred tax liability is TL 315,521 (31 December 2019 – TL 41,863 TL).

	Cari Dönem	Önceki Dönem
Reserve for employee benefits	36,968	41,047
Retirement pay liability	27,705	23,220
Deferred income	75,854	56,469
Impairment provision for subsidiaries, fixed assets and assets held for sale	2,146	2,523
Rediscounts for derivative instruments held for trading (net)	-	52,909
TFRS 9 Provisions	496,238	214,057
Precious metals valuation difference	226,758	1,454
Transferred financial losses	89,181	43,503
Difference in valuation of securities	36,062	-
Other	36,945	23,534
Deferred tax asset	1,027,857	458,716
Derivative Transactions Valuation Differences	(289,530)	-
The difference between the registered value of tangible assets and tax value	(10,044)	(9,665)
Revaluation difference of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(11,985)	(28,833)
Other	(3,962)	(3,365)
Deferred tax liability	(315,521)	(41,863)
Deferred tax asset, (net)	712,336	416,853

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

Table of deferred tax asset movement:

	Cari Dönem	Önceki Dönem
As of January 1	401,782	380,683
Effect of changes in accounting policy	15,071	12,439
Deferred tax (expense)/income	116,480	103,478
Deferred tax accounted under other comprehensive income	158,393	(79,747)
Exchange rate conversion differences	20,610	-
Ertelenmiş vergi varlığı	712,336	416,853

1.16 Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations:

	Current period	Prior period
Opening Balance	473,326	270,382
Acquisition Are The Ones	128,786	270,818
Transfers From Property, Plant And Equipment	-	-
Disposals (-), Net	110,532	67,874
Tangible Assets Transfer	-	-
Amortization Cost (-)	-	-
Provision For Impairment (-)	-	
Closing Net Book Value	491,580	473,326

1.17 Information on other assets:

As of balance sheet date, the Group's other assets amount to TL 2,026,103 (31 December 2019 – TL 2,283,185). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

SECTION FIVE

2. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities

2.1 Information on funds collected

2.1.1 Information on maturity structure of funds collected:

Current period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
I. Real persons current accounts-TL	11,399,905								11,399,905
II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL	11,399,905	- 002.062	0.425.055	- 	-	040 (22	1 200 000	- 22.012	
	-	6,902,963	9,425,075	583,971	-	848,622	1,288,090	22,813	19,071,534
III. Other current accounts-TL	5,710,187	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,710,187
Public sector	184,489	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	184,489
Commercial sector	5,443,048	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,443,048
Other institutions	57,970	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,970
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	24,680	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,680
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	24,375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,375
Participation banks	305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	305
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL	-	812,053	1,406,082	45,589	-	302,378	124,289	13	2,690,404
Public sector	_	335	803	629	-	7,917	_	_	9,684
Commercial sector	_	731,085	1,242,539	37,233	-	281,913	122,437	13	2,415,220
Other institutions	_	80,284	161,362	7,727	_	12,510	493	_	262,376
Commercial and other institutions	_	349	1,378	_	_	38	1.359	_	3,124
Banks and participation banks	_	-	-,	_	_	-	-,	_	-,
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	19,114,164	_	_	_			_	-	19,114,164
VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC		6,402,868	9,141,577	1,164,847	_	2,266,020	2.598.507	3,211	21,577,030
VII. Other current accounts-FC	10,858,512	0,102,000	-,11,0,,	1,101,017	_	_,_00,020	_,0,0,00,	5,211	10,858,512
Commercial residents in Turkey	8,823,298		_	_	_		_		8,823,298
Commercial residents in Abroad	1,428,200	_	_	_			_	_	1,428,200
Banks and participation banks	607,014	_	_	_	_		_		607,014
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	007,014	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	007,014
Domestic banks	1.002	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	1.002
Foreign banks	604,506	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	604,506
Participation banks		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	1,506	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,506
VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC	-	-	1 500 (0)	120 (54	-	150 (40	160 610	-	2 522 010
Public sector	-	663,312	1,589,686	120,654	-	179,648	169,619	-	2,722,919
Commercial sector	-	21	1 276 476	-	-	24 210	-	-	21
	-	606,151	1,376,476	47,767	-	34,319	68,603	-	2,133,316
Other institutions	-	22,022	136,395	72,875	-	144,808	101,016	-	477,116
Commercial and other institutions	-	35,118	76,815	12	-	521	-	-	112,466
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Precious metal funds	22,564,970	4,552,806	2,818,482	375,036	-	291,195	11,367	198	30,614,054
X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

There are no 7 days notification accounts of the Group.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

								Accumulated	
		Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 9	Up to	1 year and	profit sharing	
Prior period	Demand	month	Months	months	months	1 year	over	accounts	Total
I. Real persons current accounts-TL	7,951,114	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,951,114
II. Real persons profit sharing accounts-TL	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7 232 001	11,223,102	725,113	_	610,209	911,230	22,190	20,723,845
III. Other current accounts-TL	4,390,638	7,202,001	11,220,102	720,110	_	010,207	711,250	22,170	4,390,638
Public sector	200,309	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	200,309
Commercial sector	4.146.563	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,146,563
Other institutions	32,529		_		_	_	_	_	32,529
Commercial and other institutions	52,527	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	52,527
Banks and participation banks	11,237	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,237
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	11,207	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,207
Domestic banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Foreign banks	10,913	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,913
Participation banks	324	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	324
Others	32-		_		_	_	_	_	324
IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL	_	592,927	1,108,842	103,271	_	235,942	60,845	_	2,101,827
Public sector	_	373	68	611	_	3,046	-		4,098
Commercial sector	_	546,923	1.007.502	79.737	_	225,544	59,133	_	1,918,839
Other institutions	_	44,940	100,133	22,873		7,312	457		175.715
Commercial and other institutions	_	691	1.121	50	_	40	1,255	_	3,157
Banks and participation banks	_	071	18	-			1,233		18
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	12,896,518		10						12.896.518
VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC	12,070,310	5,792,299	9,758,724	1,405,912		1,516,213	1,822,399	1.803	20,297,350
VII. Other current accounts-FC	6,032,043	3,194,499	9,730,724	1,403,912		1,510,215	1,022,399	1,603	6,032,043
Commercial residents in Turkey	4,547,539	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,547,539
Commercial residents in Turkey Commercial residents in Abroad	1,216,989	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	1,216,989
Banks and participation banks	267,515	_	_		_	_	_	-	267,515
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	207,313	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	207,515
Domestic banks	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Foreign banks	267,170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	267.170
Participation banks	345	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	345
Others	343	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	343
VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC	-	593,559	2,356,951	97,624	-	114,694	66,878	_	3,229,706
Public sector	-	10	2,330,931	97,024	-	114,094	00,070	-	10
Commercial sector	-	520,552	2,112,990	35,707	-	45,383	50,331		2,764,963
Other institutions	-	41,158	152,018	61,908	-	68,914	16,461	-	340,459
Commercial and other institutions	-	31,831	84,336	9	-	397	10,401	-	116,573
	-	31,031	7,607	9	-	397	86	-	7,701
Banks and participation banks	- 		1.846.409	207.182	-	112 244	4.703		. ,
IX. Precious metal funds X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL	5,757,301	2,444,094	1,040,409	207,102	-	113,344	4,703	61	10,373,094
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	37,027,614	16,654,880	26,294,028	2,539,102	-	2,590,402	2,866,055	24,054	87,996,135

There are no 7 days notification of the Group.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

- **2.1.2** Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund:
- **2.1.2.1** Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund:

	Under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance		Exceeding the limit Deposit	t of saving
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Real persons current and profit sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities				
TL accounts	18,726,740	17,752,145	11,748,364	10,782,495
FC accounts	28,615,095	16,294,727	37,623,633	24,484,448
Foreign branches' deposits				
under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions'				
under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 150.000 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

2.1.2.2 If the headquarters of the Parent Bank is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained:

The headquarters of the Parent Bank is in Turkey.

2.1.2.3 Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund:

The Parent Bank has no current or profit sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first degree relatives.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' profit sharing accounts and other accounts	_	_
Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit		
sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of		
Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	11,103	9,044
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived		
from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Turkey in order to engage in off-shore banking activities solely	-	-

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

	Cu	rrent Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Forward transactions	33,185	16,601	13,191	974	
Swap transactions	17,769	314,775	116,499	163,745	
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-	
Options	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total	50,954	331,376	129,690	164,719	

2.3. Information on funds borrowed:

2.3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	130,368	18,360	160,847	172,998
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	44,605	2,734,327	-	113,380
Total	174,973	2,752,687	160,847	286,378

2.3.2 Information on maturity structure of borrowings:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	174,973	2,738,821	160,847	286,378
Medium and Long-Term	-	13,866	-	-
Total	174,973	2,752,687	160,847	286,378

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2.3.4 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Parent Bank's major liabilities:

There is no risk concentration of the Parent Bank's current and profit sharing accounts.

Most of the loans received by the Parent Bank consist of foreign currency loans.

2.4. Information on securities issued

The Group has issued sukuks, detailed below. The average return on securities issued is 11% for Turkish Lira and 5% for USD. The maturity of sukuk issued in Turkish Lira is between January 2020 and February 2020; Maturity of sukuk issued in USD is between November 2021.

Current Period	TL		FC	
Current Period	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	2,128,000	-	-	3,888,150
Remaining Income Distribution	55,647	1	•	300,098
Book Value	1,559,182	-	-	3,567,293

Davies Davied		TL FC		FC
Perior Period	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term	Short Term	Medium and Long-Term
Nominal	750,000	-	-	4,046,277
Remaining Income Distribution	17,808	-	•	894,662
Book Value	735,743	-	•	3,906,422

2.5 Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables:

As of 30 September 2020, other liabilities amount to TL 1,473,182 (31 December 2019 – TL 1,111,061), sundry creditors amount to TL 947,930 (31 December 2019 - TL 388,179), both of them do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

2.6 Information on finance lease payables (net):

	Current Period			Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	
Less than 1 year	146,198	90,695	124,506	87,233	
1 to 4 years	255,914	189,574	294,798	169,220	
More than 4 years	127,494	96,273	139,376	97,598	
Total	529,606	376,542	558,680	354,051	

The Group used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit at 1 January 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 1 January 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee used a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

2.6.1. Explanations on contract changes and the new obligations these changes bring to the Group:

None (31 December 2019 – None).

2.6.1.1. Explanations on financial leasing obligations

None (31 December 2019 – None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2.6.1.2. Explanations on operating lease:

Leasing is classified as an operating lease in which the lessor holds all the risks and benefits of that asset. Such transactions include lease agreements belonging to branches, which can be cancelled with prior notice.

There are no significant obligations imposed by the changes in the contract related to the operating lease to the Group.

The group registers its lease payments based on operating lease agreements with equal amounts of expenses during the lease term.

2.7 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedge	-	_	_	_
Cash flow hedge	-	-	-	129,728
Hedge of net investment in foreign operations	-	-	-	-
Total				129,728

2.8 Information on provisions:

2.8.1 Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans: As of 30 September 2020, effect of decrease in exchange rates on foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 181 (31 December 2019 – TL 5) and TL 34 for leasing receivables (31 December 2019 – TL 192) is offset against loans and receivables.

2.8.2 Information on other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
		422.274
Specific provisions for non cash loans that are not indemnified converted into cash	441,989	422,274
General Provisions for non-cash loans	185,830	127,145
Provision for profits will be allocated to partipation accounts	379,425	150,934
Credit cards of banking services applications	2,839	2,332
Other (*)	114,744	96,212
Total	1,124,827	798,897

^(*) The other part of the main period amounting to TL 36,850 (December 31, 2019 - TL 25,573) is TL 2,008 (31 December 2019 - TL 6,500) for the expense of TL 75,886 (31 December 2019 - TL 60,976) is the amount for other provision.

2.8.3 Information on provisions for employee benefits:

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 145,171 (31 December 2019 – TL 122,748), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 7,302 (31 December 2019 – TL 712), performance premium amounting to TL 90,806 (31 December 2019 – TL 124,414), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 66,098 (31 December 2019 – TL 56,931), committee fee amounting to TL 11,152 (31 December 2019 – TL 12,321) and other fees amounting to TL 1,326 (31 December 2019 – TL 196).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Parent Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 6,730.15 (full amount) (31 December 2019 – TL 6,379.86) for each year of service. The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Group arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	12.10	12.10
Inflation rate (%)	8.00	8.00
Salary increase rate (%)	13.50	25.00

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period	
Balance at the beginning of the period	116,242	89,508	
Effect of changes in accounting policy	6,506	3,816	
Provisions recognized during the period	26,573	30,957	
Paid during the period	(4,150)	(7,319)	
Actuarial loss	-	5,786	
Balances at the end of the period	145,171	122,748	

2.9 Explanations on tax liability:

2.9.1 Explanations on current tax liability:

2.9.1.1 Information on tax provisions: TL 175,095. (31 December 2019 – TL 255,397)

2.9.1.2 Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Taxation of marketable securities	38,559	39,489
Taxation of immovable property	950	1,796
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	25,361	29,327
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	78,038	4,532
Value Added Tax Payable	1,700	2,663
Income tax deducted from wages	14,259	12,624
Other	1,564	4,059
Total	160,431	94,490

2.9.1.3 Information on premiums (*):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employee	8,497	7,430
Social Security Premiums-Employer	9,136	8,000
Unemployment insurance-Employee	608	532
Unemployment insurance-Employer	1,434	1,263
Total	19,675	17,225

^(*) Included in sundry creditors line item on the balance sheet.

2.9.1.4 Information on deferred tax liability:

None (31 December 2018 - None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2.10 Information on payables related to assets held for sale:

None (31 December 2018 – None).

2.11 Information on subordinated loans:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

2.12 Information on shareholders' equity:

2.12.1 Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common shares	4,600,000	4,000,000
Preferrence shares	-,500,500	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(4,869)	(4,234)
Total	4,595,131	3,995,766

^(*) It represents the Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

2.12.2 Amount of Paid-in Capital, Disclosure on whether the Bank Applies the Registered Share Capital System, and, if so, the Ceiling Amount of the Registered Share Capital:

Registered capital system is not applied in the Parent Bank.

2.12.3 Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period:

Date Of Increase	Amount Of Increase	Cash	Profit Reserves Subject To Increase
30-March-20	600,000	-	600,000

The Parent Bank has made a capital increase of 600,000 TL in accordance with the decision numbered 7 at the ordinary general assembly meeting held on 26 March 2020. 599,611 TL of the capital increase has been covered by the Bank's profit in 2019, and 389 TL of this amount that it was covered by the profit of the period obtained under Law No. 5746 and transferred to other reserves in 2019.

2.12.4 Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period:

None

2.12.5 Possible effect of estimations made for the Group's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties:

Based on the evaluation made considering the Group's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

2.12.6 Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital:

None (31 December 2019- None).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

2.12.7 Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control				
(Joint Vent.)	_	_	-	-
Valuation Difference (*)	(126,023)	4,250	136,954	82,154
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
Total	(126,023)	4,250	136,954	82,154

^(*) Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet

2.13 Information on minority shares:

30 September 2020 - TL 29,512. (31 December 2019 - TL 28,461).

3. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments

3.1. Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts:

3.1.1 Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments:

Commitment for credit card limits, as of 30 September 2020 amounts to TL 324,278 (31 December 2019 – TL 2,656,398); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 1,378,013 (31 December 2019 – TL 1.305,235).

- **3.1.2** Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items:
- **3.1.2.1** Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits:

As of 30 September 2020, the Group has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 9,859,857 (31 December 2019 – TL 9,708,470) of letters of guarantee; TL 56,047 (31 December 2019 – TL 55,035) of acceptances and TL 1,648,911 (31 December 2019 – TL 1,374,009) of letters of credit. Also, Parent Bank has other acceptances amounting to TL 544,472 (31 December 2019 – TL 465,739).

3.1.2.2 Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies: There are no other than those explained in 2.i

3.1.3 Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	12.592	
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	13,583	-
With original maturity of 1 year or less	13,583	-
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	12,095,704	11,603,253
Total	12,109,287	11,603,253

3.1.4. Information on sector-based risk concentration in non-cash loans:

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

3.1.5. Information on non-cash loans classified in Group I and II:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

3.2. Explanations on derivative transactions:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

3.3. Explanations on credit derivatives and their risks:

None.

3.4. Explanations on contingent liabilities and assets:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

3.5. Explanations on services provided to others names and accounts:

None.

3.6. Summary information on the rating of the Parent Bank to international rating agencies

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

4. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statement of income

4.1 Information on profit share income:

4.1.1 Information on profit share received from loans:

	Current period		Prior po	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Profit share on loans	3,782,353	765,470	4,037,042	576,661
Short term loans	773,834	139,655	1,179,282	138,738
Medium and long term loans	2,975,209	624,044	2,822,492	437,919
Profit share on non-performing loans	33,310	1,771	35,268	4
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	
Total	3,782,353	765,470	4,037,042	576,661

4.1.2 Information on profit share received from banks:

	Current period			Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	_	-	
Domestic Banks	66,989	-	64,793	-	
Foreign Banks	38,196	57,149	41,757	147,112	
Branches and head office abroad	-	335	-	1,000	
Total	105,185	57,484	106,550	148,112	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio:

Profit share of TL 1,860,639 was obtained from the Securities in the group's assets as of the period. (1 January -30 September 2019 - TL 630,164)

4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	178	37

4.2 Information on profit share expenses:

4.2.1 Information on profit share given to loans used:

	Current period			Pirior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
Banks	19,403	17,774	11,582	21,185	
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	
Domestic banks	18,893	3,925	11,582	7,759	
Foreign banks	510	13,849	-	13,426	
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-	
Other Institutions	-	246,143	-	157,179	
Total	19,403	263,917	11,582	178,364	

4.2.2 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current period	Pirior period
Profit share expenses given to associates and subsidiaries	1,026	2,353

4.2.3 Profit share expense paid to securities issued:

As of the period, 257,756 TL profit-share has been paid for the issued securities included in the Group's liabilities. (1 January - 30 September 2019: 486,120).

4.3 Information on dividend income:

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds:

Current period			Profit Sh	aring Accou	ints			
Account name	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 month	Up to 6 month	Up to 9 month	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through								
current and profit share accounts	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Real person's non-trading profit sharing								
account	394,187	595,938	38,501	-	45,085	69,126	902	1,143,739
Public sector profit sharing account	17	12	37	-	21	´ -	_	87
Commercial sector profit sharing account	33,318	66,273	3,411	-	1,477	1,010	_	105,489
Other institutions profit sharing account	3,453	8,142	765	-	308	113	-	12,781
Total	430,975	670,365	42,714	-	46,891	70,249	902	1,262,096
FC								
Banks	15	543	27					585
	15	545	21	-	-	-	-	383
Real person's non-trading profit sharing account	29,998	60,563	7,261		7,569	10,657	16	116,064
Public sector profit sharing account	29,990	00,505	7,201		7,309	10,037	10	110,004
Commercial sector profit sharing account	2,755	8,686	318	-	370	88	-	12,217
Other institutions profit sharing account	2,733	1,073	109	_	62	-	_	1,531
Precious metal accounts	6,780	5,273	705	-	677	_	-	13,435
	0,,00	c, _ .5	. 33		0.7			10,.00
Total	39,835	76,138	8,420	-	8,678	10,745	16	143,832
Grand Total	470,810	746,503	51,134	-	55,569	80,994	918	1,405,928

Prior period		P	rofit Sharin	g Accounts				
Account name	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 month	Up to 6 month	Up to 9 month	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through								
current and profit share accounts	_	144	_	_	_	_	_	144
Real person's non-trading profit								
sharing account	637,943	989,273	57,119	-	32,507	36,710	2,158	1,755,710
Public sector profit sharing account	20	102	25	-	6	· -	,	153
Commercial sector profit sharing account	45,567	80,556	12,222	-	1,941	1,316	-	141,602
Other institutions profit sharing account	5,689	8,997	1,275	-	376	143	-	16,480
Total	689,219	1,079,072	70,641	-	34,830	38,169	2,158	1,914,089
FC								
Banks	60	1,947	_	_	_	_	_	2,007
Real person's non-trading profit sharing	00	1,5						2,007
account	90,853	164,375	22,259	_	13,587	12,359	46	303,479
Public sector profit sharing account.	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	14
Commercial sector profit sharing account	8,119	53,783	2,689	_	211	203	-	65,005
Other institutions profit sharing account	634	8,441	68	_	77	-	-	9,220
Precious metal accounts	14,331	13,720	1,603	-	707	-	-	30,361
Total	113,997	242,280	26,619	-	14,582	12,562	46	410,086
Grand Total	803,216	1,321,352	97,260	-	49,412	50,731	2,204	2,324,175

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net):

	Current period	Pirior period
Net	1,122,181	899,005
Income	38,213,987	30,890,450
Gain on capital market transactions	63,274	38,548
Gain on derivative financial instruments	5,934,813	2,437,555
Foreign exchange profit	32,215,900	28,414,347
Losses (-)	(37,091,806)	(29,991,445)
Losses on capital market transactions	(13,204)	(11,613)
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(5,626,244)	(1,482,269)
Foreign exchange losses	(31,452,358)	(28,497,563)

4.6 Information on other operating income:

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Group.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reversal of prior period provisions	1,180,638	1,507,623
Income from sale of assets	64,887	33,155
Rental income.	5,089	2,245
Other Income	39,671	29,278
Total	1,290,285	1,572,301

4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank:

	Current Period(*)	Prior Period
Expected Credit Loss	2,654,574	2,157,472
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	656,398	15,959
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	1,061,065	605,279
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	937,111	1,536,234
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	16,805	864
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	16,805	864
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	- -	-
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	_
Joint Ventures	-	-
Other (**)	221,424	42,430
Total	2,892,803	2,200,766

^(*) Includes the provisions in the "Other Provision Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

^(**)Includes free provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation. .

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.8 Information on other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Personnel expenses	964,706	819,352
Provision for employee termination	22,423	21,583
Depreciation expenses of fixed assets	157,943	141,243
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	35,366	38,740
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Other operating expenses	321,336	286,401
Rent expenses	9,722	8,065
Maintenance expenses	51,399	73,826
Advertisement expenses	18,788	27,517
Communication expenses	47,497	38,917
Heating, electricity and water expenses	20,140	19,510
Cleaning expenses	6,293	5,833
Vehicle expenses	6,845	7,612
Stationery expenses	7,916	7,258
Other expenses	152,736	97,863
Losses on sales of assets	280	984
Deposit insurance fund expenses	231,401	118,537
Other	908,488	860,997
Total	2,641,943	2,287,837

^(*)Includes the provisions in the" Personnel Expenses "line in the Income Statement.

4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes:

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations:

Current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL (472,248) (1 January-30 September 2019 - TL (210,554)), deferred tax expense of TL 192,641 (1 January-30 September 2019 - TL 196,731) and TL 309,121 (1 January-30 September 2019 - TL 186,577) deferred tax income is recognized.

4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations:

There is no profit/loss arising from discontinued operations within the operating profit/loss after tax.

4.12 Information on net income/loss:

- **4.12.1** The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Group's performance for the period: As of 30 September 2020, net profit share income is TL 4,630,150 (1 January-30 September 2019 TL 2,792,288) net fees and commission income is TL 184,811 (1 January-30 September 2019 TL 265,439).
- **4.12.2** Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods:

None (1 January - 30 September 2020 - None).

4.12.3 Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit / (Loss) of Minority Shares	9,535	(18,140)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statement:

As of 30 September 2020, other fees and commissions received is TL 504,669 (1 January - 30 September 2019 – TL 472,234), TL 100,879 of this amount is related with credit card fees and commissions (1 January - 30 September 2019 – TL 152,377) and TL 83,950 of this amount is related with POS machine commissions (1 January - 30 September 2019 – TL 112,130).

As of 30 September 2020, other fees and commissions given is TL 443,213 (1 January - 30 September 2019 – TL 329,528), TL 77,127 (1 January - 30 September 2019 – TL 133,293) of this amount is related with POS clearing commissions and installation expenses, TL 25,641 (1 January - 30 September 2019 – TL 18,946) of this amount is related with fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

5. Explanations and Notes Related to the Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

6. Explanations and Notes Related to Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

This footnote has not been prepared in accordance with Article 25 of the Communiqué on the financial statements about disclosures to be announced to public by the banks.

7. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Parent Bank:

7.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Parent Bank, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period:

Current period:

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associate subsidiaries and joi ventures (busine partnershi			ct and indirect rs of the Bank	Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	182	18,827	1,868	7,206	780,512	723
Balance at end of period	51	17,068	4,822	8,474	61,916	663
Profit share and commission income	-	178	158	63	3,993	-

^(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

Prior period:

Investment in associates,					Other	real or legal	
	subsidiaries and joint ventures			t and indirect	persons included in		
Risk group of the Bank (*)	(business)	partnerships)	shareholde	rs of the Bank	tl	ne risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	
Loans and other receivables							
Balance at beginning of period	35	13,666	1,034	398	204,988	520	
Balance at end of period	182	18,527	1,868	7,206	780,512	723	
Profit share and commission income	-	-	145	-	10,066	1,531	

^(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

7.2 Information on current and profit sharing accounts of the Parent Bank's risk group:

Risk group of the Group (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct a	and indirect of the Bank	Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Current period	Current period	Current Period	Current period	Current period
Current and profit sharing accounts						
Balance at beginning of period	54,178	34,808	151,321	35,032	390,698	255,239
Balance at end of period	15,714	54,178	85,835	151,321	207,298	390,698
Profit share expense	1,026	2,353	832	1,824	304	29,491

^(*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 541

7.3 Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Parent Bank:

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct a	and indirect	Other real or legal persons included in the risk group		
	Current Period	Current period	Current period	Current Period	Current period	Current period	
Transactions at Fair Value through Profit or Loss							
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	607,498	287,483	_	-	
Balance at end of period	-	-	650,588	607,498	-	-	
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	(9,654)	1	-	-	
Hedging Transactions							
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance at end of period	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Profit / Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	

7.4 Information on loans received from the Parent Bank's risk group:

Risk group of the Bank	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
_	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Borrowings			40.40.4	002.400		
Balance at beginning of period	-	-	68,696	802,108	-	-
Balance at end of period	-	-	777,641	68,696	-	-
Profit share expense	-	-	11	38,735	-	-

^(*) The subordinated Tier-II sukuk worth USD 350,000,000 (full amount) issued by the Bank on 17/02/2016 for USD 1,450,000 (full amount) amount part to Kuwait Finance House; the part of the amount of USD 50,000,000 (full amount) belongs to Islamic Development Bank.

7.5 Information on remunerations provided to top management:

As of 1 January - 30 September 2020, the Bank has paid TL 57,991 to top management (1 January - 30 September 2019- TL 45,492).

8. Information about the branches of the group in domestic, foreign and coastal banking regions and their representative offices abroad

^(*) The entire subordinated Tier-I sukuk amounting to USD 200,000,000 (full amount) issued by the Bank on 16/07/2019 and the subordinated Tier-I (full amount) amounting to USD 50,000,000 (full amount) issued by the Bank on 28/09/2020 belongs to Kuwait Finance House

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

9. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 198,370 on 27 October 2020 and a maturity of 94 days with a cost of 13.07%

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 500,000 on 11 November 2020 and a maturity of 63 days with a cost of 13.32%

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION SIX

OTHER EXPLANATIONS

1. Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet: None.

SECTION SEVEN

LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

1. Explanations on the limited review report:

The consolidated financial statements have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 24 November 2020 is presented preceding the financial statements.

2. Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor: None.

SECTION EIGHT CONSOLIDATED INTERIM REPORT

1. The Parent Bank explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager

1.1 About Kuveyt Türk

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by Wafra International Investment Company in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

 $(Amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands\ of\ Turkish\ Lira\ (TL)\ unless\ otherwise\ stated.)$

1.2 Financial Informations Summary:

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET	30.09.2020	31.12.2019
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	22,064,266	19,216,292
BANKS	5,976,657	8,431,928
SECURITIES	47,488,600	19,927,849
LOANS	77,698,628	57,258,648
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	4,883,689	2,707,520
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS	5,252,678	3,046,078
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	862,205	846,343
OTHER ASSETS	5,285,335	3,659,076
TOTAL ASSETS	159,006,702	109,001,578
FUND COLLECTED	123,758,709	87,996,135
FUNDS BORROWED	2,927,660	447,225
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	5,126,475	4,642,165
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	376,542	354,051
SUBORDINATED LOANS	4,720,851	3,380,983
OTHER LIABILITIES	14,549,819	4,988,146
EQUITY	7,546,646	7,192,873
TOTAL LIABILITIES	159,006,702	109,001,578
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS	30.09.2020	30.09.2019
COMPONENTIAL OFFICE AND A STAT	00.02.2020	0010212022
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	6,878,846	5,840,046
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	2,248,696	3,047,758
NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	4,630,150	2,792,288
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	184,811	265,439
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	987,129	840,450
DIVIDEND INCOME	68	2,922
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	1,122,181	899,005
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	1,290,285	1,572,301
EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	2,654,574	2,157,472
OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	238,229	43,294
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	1,654,814	1,447,387
PROFIT / LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY ACCOUNTING	15,416	9,850
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX	1,708,165	1,053,202
TAX CHARGE	(355,768)	(220,708)
CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSSES	1,352,397	832,494
	30.09.2020	31.12.2019
Total Loans/Total Assets*	51.94%	55.01%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	66.73%	68.15%
Average Equity Profit **	24.47%	20.20%
Average Assets Profit **	1.35%	1.38%
	21.58%	18.96%

^{*} Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

 $^{{\}bf **} Related\ ratios\ calculated\ by\ included\ in\ interim\ periods'\ profit\ amounts\ to\ year-end\ balances.$

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

1.3 Message from the Chairman

Global economic activity, which gained a relatively stable appearance on a global scale in the first half of 2020 with the developments that led to the end of protectionist policies, was limited by the new type of coronavirus (SARS-COV-2) epidemic, which had an impact as of the first quarter of the year and increased rapidly in the second quarter. As a matter of fact, the risks faced by the economies of the country in terms of employment, supply chains, and production capacity due to the epidemic made it necessary to take comprehensive monetary and financial measures on a global scale.

Interest cuts, asset purchase programs, and loan support packages led by central banks and public authorities of developed and developing countries alleviated the impact of the epidemic on economic activity. In this direction, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) has revised its forecast of 5.2 percent contraction for 2020 in its Global Economic Outlook Report to 4.4 percent positively. It was stated that the prediction in question was developed depending on the earlier than expected recovery in economic activity with the decrease in quarantine measures and this improvement is an indicator of a stronger recovery.

While the FED maintains the policy rate at 0.25 percent, it continues its asset purchase programs with a monthly volume of 120 billion dollars. Following the second quarter of 2020, which was recorded as the worst quarter in terms of economic performance and the negative impact of the new type of coronavirus (SARS-COV-2) epidemic on the economy was felt intensely, the US economy recorded a record growth of 33.1 percent on an annual basis in the third quarter.

The European Central Bank, on the other hand, did not change the current monetary policy at its meeting held in October and left the policy rate unchanged at 0 percent. It was stated that the asset purchase program, which started in March and reached a volume of 1.35 trillion Euros in total, could be expanded. In the third quarter of 2020, where the normalization process accelerated, the regional economy recorded a record growth of 12.7 percent on a quarterly basis and contracted by 4.3 percent on an annual basis.

The banking sector, which plays an active role in the process of fighting the epidemic, continues it's supported at the real economy in this process. Kuveyt Türk Participation in the financial sector, as well as one of the most important actors, will continue to contribute to sustainable growth in Turkey's economy.

With its fast and solution-oriented technological infrastructure, Kuveyt Türk has shaped its main focus within the framework of the health of its customers and employees in the new period dominated by epidemic conditions. In the third quarter of 2020 within the scope of the fight against the epidemic, which continued its support for the real sector without compromising the measures taken Kuveyt Türk, prioritizing human health in the last quarter of the year also continues to support Turkey's economy.

Hamad Abdulmohsen ALMARZOUQ Head of the BOD

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1.4 Message from the General Manager

The new type of coronavirus (SARS-COV-2) outbreak was an important factor affecting the global macroeconomic outlook as of the first quarter of 2020. Following the losses in the first half of the year, the third quarter has been a period in which the normalization process accelerated and strong signs of recovery were observed in economic activity. Comprehensive actions, including monetary and financial support, led by central banks and public authorities, have become the most important factors in balancing the economy and transition to the new normal process.

Kuveyt Türk, which has been serving for more than 30 years with its products and services developed in line with the principles of participation finance, increased its profitability in the third quarter of 2020 and increased its net profit by 33.3% compared to the same period of the previous year and reached 1 billion TL. The size of the funds collected by Kuveyt Türk reached 119.3 billion TL with an increase of 39.6% compared to the end of 2019, while the size of the funds provided increased by 36.3% to 78.9 billion TL. Having increased its equities to 7.5 billion TL and its asset size to 153 billion TL, Kuveyt Türk maintained its first place among participating financial institutions in terms of asset size.

Turkey's leading participation of financial institutions with Kuveyt Türk, Great Place to Work, organized by the Institute and one of the world's most prestigious organization in the field of human resources "Europe's Best Employers 2020" has entered the list. The first financial institutions that fall under this list from Turkey to Kuveyt Türk also achieved the success of being the first bank in Europe to get its name listed in the field of Islamic finance.

Increasing its support to the real sector, Kuveyt Türk started the second phase in the third quarter with the machine finance campaign launched in February and continued until the end of April for its commercial customers to contribute to production and investment. Providing financial support to its commercial customers with attractive profit rates, Kuveyt Türk provided financing support of up to TL 1 billion to businesses with maturity options of up to 60 months, 6 months grace period. Thus, the support given to production and investment at the end of the two campaigns reached approximately 1.8 billion TL in total.

At the Kuveyt Turk Banking School, which Kuveyt Türk launched in 2017 by signing a first in the sector, the training for employees continued online during the epidemic process. Kuveyt Turkish Banking School, where employees receive training in many areas such as the Data Analyst Training Program, the Data Scientist Training Program, and the Digital Competence Development Program, as well as professional and competency development training, Excellence Awards organized by Brandon Hall Group, one of the most prestigious consultancy companies, as a result of its successful work. He was awarded 10 awards, 4 of which were gold.

Kuveyt Turk, strong capital and liquidity position, high asset quality, dynamic approach to corporate governance, continuous improvement focused on the customer service model, technology continued investment in, the digital conversion work and overseas expansion to accelerate the coming period leading provider of the contribution of the financial sector in Turkey aims to continue to be.

Ufuk UYAN Member of BOD and General Manager

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1.5 Financial Position, Performance and Assessment of the Prospects for the Future

As of 30 September 2020, consolidated financial statements asset size is TL 159 million 7 thousand, amount of the utilization of funds is TL 82 million 582 thousand and funds collected amount is TL 123 million 759 thousand. Due to the effect of the first nine months' profit of TL 1 million 352 thousand, the ratio of shareholder equity increased 4,92% by reaching TL 7 million 547 thousand. As of 30 September 2020, consolidated capital adequacy ratio has been realized as 21,58%.

The expectations for growth and profitability will continue in the development line.

1.6 Significant Events and Transactions Occurring During the Three Month Period

The Parent Bank has issued sukuk with a total nominal value of TL 1,850,000 thousand with five separate transactions over KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. with a minimum 8.28% and maximum 8.78% cost in different maturity periods.

On 28 September 2020, within the scope of the "Regulation on the Equity of Banks", the Parent Bank has purchased KT AT One Company Ltd with the option to buy back after 5 years, with an expected annual lease return of 9.95%, has issued a rent certificate of 50 million USD that can be included in the main capital.

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 300,000 on 1 July 2020 and a maturity of 210 days with a cost of 7.89%

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 275,000 on 17 July 2020 and a maturity of 208 days with a cost of 8.09%

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 253,000 on 27 July 2020 and a maturity of 92 days with a cost of 7.89%

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 450,000 on 12 August 2020 and a maturity of 196 days with a cost of 9.37%

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 350,000 on 26 August 2020 and a maturity of 189 days with a cost of 10.16%

The Parent Bank, KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. has issued sukuk with a nominal value of TL 500,000 on 23 September 2020 and a maturity of 91 days with a cost of 11.10%

1.7 Assessment of the expectations related to the subsequent interim period

The Parent Bank continues to open new branches after the subsequent interim. The number of branches is planned to reach 440 by the end of 2020.