

# **Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası Anonim Şirketi**

**Independent Auditor's Audit Report, Unconsolidated Financial  
Statements And Notes For The Period Ended 1 January-31 March 2019  
with Independent Auditor's Limited Review Report**

**(Convenience translation of unconsolidated financial statements and  
independent auditor's audit report originally issued in Turkish)**

*(Convenience translation of the auditor's report originally issued in Turkish ~ See Note I of Section Three)*

## REVIEW REPORT ON UNCONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**To the Board of Directors of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş.**

### *Introduction*

We have reviewed the unconsolidated statement of financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. (the “Bank”) at March 31, 2019 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders’ equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the unconsolidated financial statements for the three-month-period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated of interim financial information in accordance with the “Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents” published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency(“BRSA”) and circulars and interpretations published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Authority (together referred as BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation) and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” principles for those matters not regulated by BRSA Legislation; together referred as “BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation”. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these unconsolidated interim financial information based on our review.

### *Scope of Review*

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity”. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards of Turkey and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion

### *Conclusion*

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the unconsolidated financial position of Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. at March 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its unconsolidated cash flows for the three-month-period then ended in all material aspects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

### ***Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements***

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section VIII, are not consistent, in all material respects, with the reviewed unconsolidated financial statements and disclosures.

### ***Other Matter***

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank as at 31 December 2018 and 31 March 2018 were audited and reviewed by another audit firm, which expressed an unqualified opinion and an unqualified conclusion in their reports issued on 26 February 2019 and 15 May 2018, respectively.

### ***Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English***

As explained in detail in Note I of Section Three, the effects of differences between accounting principles and standards set out by regulations in conformity with “BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation” and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) have not been quantified in the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi  
*A Member Firm of Ernst&Young Global Limited*

  
Emre Çelik, SMMM  
Associate Partner

9 May 2019  
İstanbul, Turkey

## Index

### Section One General information

I.	History of the Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status	1
II.	Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Bank belongs to	1
III.	Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the bank	1
IV.	Information on qualified shareholders	2
V.	Explanations of the Bank's services and field of operations	2
VI.	Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Parent Bank and its subsidiaries	2

### Section Two The unconsolidated financial statements

I.	Balance sheet (Statement of financial position)	3
II.	Statement of off-balance sheet items	5
III.	Income Statement	6
IV.	Statement of income/expense items accounted under shareholder's equity	7
V.	Statement of changes in shareholders' equity	8
VI.	Statement of cash flows	9

### Section Three Accounting principles

I.	Explanations on basis of presentation	10
II.	Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions	13
III.	Information on subsidiaries and associates	13
IV.	Explanations on forward transactions and option contracts and derivative instruments	14
V.	Explanations on profit share income and expense	14
VI.	Explanations on fees and commission income and expenses	15
VII.	Explanations on financial assets	15
VIII.	Explanations on offsetting of financial assets and liabilities	17
IX.	Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities	17
X.	Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and related liabilities	17
XI.	Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets	17
XII.	Explanations on tangible assets	18
XIII.	Explanations on leasing transactions	18
XIV.	Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities	21
XV.	Explanations on liabilities relating to employee benefits	21
XVI.	Explanations on taxation	21
XVII.	Explanations on additional disclosures on borrowings	23
XVIII.	Explanations on share certificates issued	23
XIX.	Explanations on acceptances and availed drafts	23
XX.	Explanations on government grants	23
XXI.	Explanations on segment reporting	23
XXII.	Explanations on other matters	23

### Section Four Information related to financial position and risk management of the Bank

I.	Explanations on equity items	24
II.	Explanations on currency risk	27
III.	Explanations related to stock position risk	29
IV.	Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio	30
V.	Explanations on leverage ratio	35
VI.	Explanations on hedge accounting practices	37
VII.	Explanations on risk management	38
VIII.	Securitization positions	39
IX.	Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions	39
X.	Explanations on business segments	39

### Section Five Explanations and notes on the unconsolidated financial statements

I.	Explanations and notes related to assets	41
II.	Explanations and notes related to liabilities	54
III.	Explanations and notes related to off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments	62
IV.	Explanations and notes related to the statement of income	62
V.	Explanations and notes related to cash flow statement	67
VI.	Explanations and notes related to the risk group of the Bank	68
VII.	Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date	69

### Section Six Other Explanations

I.	Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet	70
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### Section Seven Independent Limited Review Report

I.	Explanations on the limited review report	70
II.	Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor	70

### Section Eight Interim Report

I.	Explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager	70
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**THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT OF KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş.  
FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD THEN ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

Address of the head office : Büyükdere Cad. No: 129/1 34394 Esentepe / İSTANBUL  
Phone and facsimile number : 0212 354 11 11 - 0212 354 12 12  
Web page : www.kuveytturk.com.tr  
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The unconsolidated interim financial report for the three-month period prepared in accordance with the Communiqué of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Announced to Public by Banks as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is comprised of the following sections:

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK
- UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE PERIOD
- INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK
- DISCLOSURES AND EXPLANATIONS ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- OTHER EXPLANATIONS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' LIMITED REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

The unconsolidated financial statements for the three-month period and related disclosures and footnotes that are subject to independent review, are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related statements and guidance, and in compliance with the financial records of our Bank and, unless stated otherwise, presented in thousands of Turkish Lira.

<hr/> <b>Adnan ERTEM</b> Vice Chairman of BOD and Head of the Audit Committee	<hr/> <b>Ahmad S A A AL KHARJI</b> Member of the Audit Committee	<hr/> <b>Mohamad AL-MIDANI</b> Member of the Audit Committee
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<hr/> <b>Ufuk UYAN</b> General Manager	<hr/> <b>Ahmet KARACA</b> Chief Financial Officer	<hr/> <b>İsmail Hakkı YEŞİLYURT</b> Budget and Management Reporting
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Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

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**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION ONE**

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

**1. History of the Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

**2. Shareholding structure, shareholders jointly or individually having direct or indirect control over the management and supervision of the Bank and the disclosures on any related changes in the current period, if any, and information about the Group that the Bank belongs to:**

As of 31 March 2019, 62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by The Public Institution For Social Security in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

**3. Explanations regarding the chairman and the members of board of directors, audit committee members, general manager and assistant general managers and their shares in the bank :**

Name	Title	Date of the assignment	Date of Audit Committee assignment	Educational degree	Ownership Percentage
Hamad Abdulmohsen AL MARZOUQ	Head of the BOD	25/06/2014		Master	-
Dr. Adnan ERTEM	Vice Chairman of the BOD and Head of the Audit Committee	10/10/2002	19/10/2010	Doctorate	-
Nadir ALPASLAN	Member of BOD	15/04/2011		Bachelor	-
Khaled Nasser Abdulaziz AL FOUZAN	Member of BOD	02/08/2006		Bachelor	-
Fawaz KHE AL SALEH	Member of BOD	20/10/2006		Bachelor	%0.0105
Mazin S.A.S AL NAHEDH	Member of BOD	29/09/2015		Bachelor	-
Mohamad Al-MIDANI	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	05/05/2015	15/05/2015	Master	-
Ahmad S. A.A. AL KHARJI	Member of BOD and Audit Committee	26/03/2014	24/09/2014	Master	-
Ufuk UYAN	Member of BOD and General Manager	10/05/1999		Master	%0.0556
Ahmet KARACA	Assistant General Manager, Chief Financial Officer	12/07/2006		Master	%0.0002
Ahmet Süleyman KARAKAYA	Assistant General Manager, Corporate and Commercial Banking	14/01/2003		Bachelor	-
Bilal SAYIN	Assistant General Manager, Lending	20/08/2003		Bachelor	%0.0035
İrfan YILMAZ	Assistant General Manager, Banking Services	27/10/2005		Bachelor	%0.0156
Dr. Ruşen Ahmet ALBAYRAK	Assistant General Manager, Treasury and International Banking	05/05/2005		Doctorate	%0.0091
Nurettin KOLAÇ	Assistant General Manager, Legal and Risk Follow Up	20/04/2010		Bachelor	%0.0007
Aslan DEMİR	Assistant General Manager, Strategy	08/10/2012		Bachelor	%0.0047
Mehmet ORAL	Assistant General Manager, Retail Banking	01/10/2012		Bachelor	%0.0029
Abdurrahman DELİPOYRAZ	Assistant General Manager, SME Banking	09/01/2015		Bachelor	%0.0028

Chairman and members of the Board of Directors, members of auditing committee, general manager and assistant general managers own 0.11% of the Bank's share capital (31 December 2018 – 0.11%).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4. Information on qualified shareholders**

<b>Name / Commercial Name</b>	<b>Share amount (Nominal)</b>	<b>Shareholding percentage</b>	<b>Paid shares (Nominal)</b>	<b>Unpaid shares</b>
Kuwait Finance House	2,178,444	%62.24	2,178,444	-
Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları	655,174	%18.72	655,174	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,833,618</b>	<b>%80.96</b>	<b>2,833,618</b>	<b>-</b>

As of 31 March 2019, the shares of parent shareholder of Bank, Kuwait Finance House (“KFH”) are 51.95% publicly traded; 24.08% of KFH belongs to Kuwait Investment Authority and 10.48% belongs to Public Authority for Minors Affairs.

**5. Explanations of the Bank’s services and field of operations**

The Bank’s field of operations includes corporate banking, international banking services, and retail banking and credit card services. The Bank’s core business is operating in accordance with the principles of interest-free banking as a participation bank by collecting funds through current and profit/loss sharing accounts, and lending such funds to its customers. As of 31 March 2019, the Bank is operating through 419 domestic branches (31 December 2018 – 414) with 5,867 employees (31 December 2018 – 5,871). Summary of some of the Bank’s operations described in the Articles of Association are as follows:

- To collect funds through “Current Accounts” and “Profit/Loss Sharing Accounts” and special fund pools in line with the regulations;
- To allocate funds to the economy and provide all kinds of cash, non-cash loans within the principles of non-interest banking;
- To offer financial and operational leasing;
- To handle all kinds of deposits and payments, including travelers’ checks, credit cards and other payment instruments, provide member business services (POS), consulting, advisory, and safe deposit box services;
- To purchase financial instruments on money and capital markets in cash or installments, sell and mediate the sale and trade on the stock exchange in accordance with legislation and principles of non-interest banking;
- To purchase, acquire and construct any kind of real estate and if necessary lease or transfer ownership to other persons;
- To act as a representative, deputy or agent for corporations and enterprises (including insurance companies);
- To provide socially responsible aid for the benefit of the community in the light of the legislations.

The Bank’s activities are not limited to the list above. If another transaction is decided to be beneficial to the Bank, the transaction must be recommended by the Board of Directors, approved by the General Assembly and authorized by relevant legal authorities after whom it also needs to be approved by the Ministry of Customs and Trade since it constitutes an amendment of the Article of Association. Decisions that have been approved through all these channels will be included to the Article of Association.

**6. Current or likely actual legal barriers to immediate transfer of equity or repayment of debts between Bank and its subsidiaries:**

None.

## **SECTION TWO**

### **UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- I. Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Statement of Off-Balance Sheet Items
- III. Income Statement (Statement of Profit/Loss)
- IV. Statement of Income/Expense and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Statement of Cash Flows

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1. BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

		Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2019			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2018		
ASSETS	Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>I. FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>2,852,175</b>	<b>24,910,901</b>	<b>27,763,076</b>	<b>3,647,527</b>	<b>19,934,154</b>	<b>23,581,681</b>
<b>1.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>		<b>867,053</b>	<b>15,618,822</b>	<b>16,485,875</b>	<b>1,160,217</b>	<b>15,594,242</b>	<b>16,754,459</b>
1.1.1 Cash and Balances with Central Bank	(5.1.1.)	879,060	9,167,245	10,046,305	1,183,109	9,252,979	10,436,088
1.1.2 Banks	(5.1.3.)	13,121	6,502,100	6,515,221	14,736	6,404,912	6,419,648
1.1.3 Money Markets		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.4 Expected Credit Loss (-)		25,128	50,523	75,651	37,628	63,649	101,277
<b>1.2 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss</b>		<b>88,067</b>	<b>1,636,511</b>	<b>1,724,578</b>	<b>292,978</b>	<b>96,168</b>	<b>389,146</b>
1.2.1 Government Debt Securities		6,867	1,556	8,423	18,327	11,770	30,097
1.2.2 Equity Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.3 Other Financial Assets		81,200	1,634,955	1,716,155	274,651	84,398	359,049
<b>1.3 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	(5.1.4.)	<b>1,880,856</b>	<b>7,525,997</b>	<b>9,406,853</b>	<b>2,164,849</b>	<b>4,231,216</b>	<b>6,396,065</b>
1.3.1 Government Debt Securities		1,774,356	6,910,163	8,684,519	2,065,421	3,804,519	5,869,940
1.3.2 Equity Instruments		13,510	21,507	35,017	10,502	17,046	27,548
1.3.3 Other Financial Assets		92,990	594,327	687,317	88,926	409,651	498,577
<b>1.4 Derivative Financial Assets</b>	(5.1.2.)	<b>16,199</b>	<b>129,571</b>	<b>145,770</b>	<b>29,483</b>	<b>12,528</b>	<b>42,011</b>
1.4.1 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		16,199	129,571	145,770	29,483	12,528	42,011
1.4.2 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>2. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED WITH AMORTISED COSTS (Net)</b>	(5.1.5.)	<b>31,180,812</b>	<b>19,876,868</b>	<b>51,057,680</b>	<b>31,029,723</b>	<b>14,804,843</b>	<b>45,834,56</b>
<b>2.1 Loans</b>		<b>31,712,405</b>	<b>16,683,621</b>	<b>48,396,026</b>	<b>31,238,479</b>	<b>14,109,856</b>	<b>45,348,335</b>
<b>2.2 Leasing Receivables</b>	(5.1.10.)	<b>1,433,058</b>	<b>1,092,088</b>	<b>2,525,146</b>	<b>1,439,955</b>	<b>1,010,744</b>	<b>2,450,699</b>
<b>2.3 Other Financial Assets Measured At Amortized Cost</b>	(5.1.6.)	<b>-</b>	<b>2,469,786</b>	<b>2,469,786</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
2.3.1 Government Debt Securities		-	2,469,786	2,469,786	-	-	-
2.3.2 Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>2.4 Expected Credit Loss (-)</b>		<b>1,964,651</b>	<b>368,627</b>	<b>2,333,278</b>	<b>1,648,711</b>	<b>315,757</b>	<b>1,964,468</b>
<b>III. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS(NET)</b>		<b>340,004</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>340,004</b>	<b>270,382</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>270,382</b>
3.1 Held For Sale		340,004	-	340,004	270,382	-	270,382
3.2 Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT VENTURES</b>		<b>547,950</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>547,950</b>	<b>547,950</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>547,950</b>
<b>4.1 Investments in Associates (Net)</b>	(5.1.7.)	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
4.1.1 Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2 Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>4.2 Investment in Subsidiaries (Net)</b>	(5.1.8.)	<b>522,950</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>522,950</b>	<b>522,950</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>522,950</b>
4.2.1 Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		499,270	-	499,270	499,270	-	499,270
4.2.2 Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		23,680	-	23,680	23,680	-	23,680
<b>4.3 Investment in Joint Ventures (Net)</b>	(5.1.9.)	<b>25,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>25,000</b>
4.3.1 Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		25,000	-	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
4.3.2 Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>V. TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>984,115</b>	<b>1,096</b>	<b>985,211</b>	<b>688,685</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>688,888</b>
<b>VI. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)</b>		<b>135,882</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>135,926</b>	<b>136,931</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>136,979</b>
6.1 Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2 Other		135,882	44	135,926	136,931	48	136,979
<b>VII. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Net)</b>		<b>25,266</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>25,266</b>	<b>25,305</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>25,305</b>
<b>VIII. CURRENT TAX ASSETS</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>IX. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS</b>	(5.1.12.)	<b>332,653</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>332,653</b>	<b>346,640</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>346,640</b>
<b>X. OTHER ASSETS</b>	(5.1.13.)	<b>283,871</b>	<b>2,098,283</b>	<b>2,382,154</b>	<b>817,583</b>	<b>1,982,351</b>	<b>2,799,934</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>36,682,728</b>	<b>46,887,192</b>	<b>83,569,920</b>	<b>37,510,726</b>	<b>36,721,599</b>	<b>74,232,325</b>

In the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 and numbered 30673, the notification on the Amendment to thenotification on the Financial Statements to be Announced to Public by Banks and the Disclosures and Disclosures Related to these, as well as the Financial Statement formats announced by the Banks were changed. Based on this amendment, the prior year financial statements are restated in order to be comparable with the current period financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1. BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)**

					Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2019			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2018
LIABILITIES		Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
I.	FUNDS COLLECTED	(5.2.1.)	23,599,501	39,912,117	63,511,618	22,520,320	31,465,958	53,986,278
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(5.2.3.)	1,976,281	8,322,348	10,298,629	2,038,900	8,103,989	10,142,889
III.	MONEY MARKETS		-	-	-	188,003	-	188,003
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
V.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		24,843	122,010	146,853	21,045	148,288	169,333
6.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(5.2.2.)	24,843	13,582	38,425	21,045	41,936	62,981
6.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(5.2.6.)	-	108,428	108,428	-	106,352	106,352
VII.	LEASE PAYABLES	(5.2.5.)	283,668	21,593	305,261	-	-	-
VIII.	PROVISIONS	(5.2.7.)	585,465	212,947	798,412	615,510	180,385	795,895
8.1	Restructuring Provision		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.2	Reserves For Employee Benefits		196,811	339	197,150	228,323	318	228,641
8.3	Insurance For Technical Provision (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
8.4	Other Provisions		388,654	212,608	601,262	387,187	180,067	567,254
IX.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	(5.2.8.1.)	45,437	-	45,437	175,685	-	175,685
X.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(5.2.9.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.1	Held For Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
XII.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(5.2.10.)	-	1,986,689	1,986,689	-	1,901,210	1,901,210
12.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
12.2	Other Debt Instruments		-	1,986,689	1,986,689	-	1,901,210	1,901,210
XIII.	OTHER LIABILITIES	(5.2.4.)	673,335	120,583	793,918	1,282,540	151,939	1,434,479
XIV.	SHAREHOLDERS` EQUITY	(5.2.11.)	5,761,328	(78,225)	5,683,103	5,489,985	(51,432)	5,438,553
14.1	Paid-in Capital		3,497,322	-	3,497,322	3,497,322	-	3,497,322
14.2	Capital Reserves		22,933	-	22,933	22,933	-	22,933
14.2.1	Share Premiums		22,933	-	22,933	22,933	-	22,933
14.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.3	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(13,296)	-	(13,296)	(13,296)	-	(13,296)
14.4	Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(11,822)	(78,225)	(90,047)	(29,522)	(51,432)	(80,954)
14.5	Profit Reserves		1,106,836	-	1,106,836	1,107,196	-	1,107,196
14.5.1	Legal Reserves		184,578	-	184,578	184,578	-	184,578
14.5.2	Statutory Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-
14.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		923,536	-	923,536	923,536	-	923,536
14.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		(1,278)	-	(1,278)	(918)	-	(918)
14.6	Profit or Loss		1,159,355	-	1,159,355	905,352	-	905,352
14.6.1	Prior Years' Profits or Losses		905,352	-	905,352	35,540	-	35,540
14.6.2	Current Period Net Profit or Loss		254,003	-	254,003	869,812	-	869,812
14.7	Minority Shares	(5.2.12.)	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			32,949,858	50,620,062	83,569,920	32,331,988	41,900,337	74,232,325

In the Official Gazette dated 1 February 2019 and numbered 30673, the notification on the Amendment to the notification on the Financial Statements to be Announced to Public by Banks and the Disclosures and Disclosures Related to these, as well as the Financial Statement formats announced by the Banks were changed. Based on this amendment, the prior year financial statements are restated in order to be comparable with the current period financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**  
**AS OF 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**2. STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**

		Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2019			Audited Prior Period 31.12.2018		
	Note	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
<b>A.</b>	<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (I+II+III)</b>	<b>59,321,651</b>	<b>36,850,504</b>	<b>96,172,155</b>	<b>57,546,517</b>	<b>29,226,698</b>	<b>86,773,215</b>
<b>I.</b>	<b>GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES</b>	<b>6,712,019</b>	<b>5,700,808</b>	<b>12,412,827</b>	<b>6,416,633</b>	<b>5,451,457</b>	<b>11,868,090</b>
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee	6,506,166	4,172,248	10,678,414	6,206,886	4,182,512	10,389,398
1.1.1	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law	211,809	102,232	314,041	217,252	174,971	392,223
1.1.2	Guarantees Given For Foreign Trade Operations	375,076	170,355	545,431	371,535	167,020	538,555
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee	5,919,281	3,899,661	9,818,942	5,618,099	3,840,521	9,458,620
1.2	Bank Loans	16,931	44,377	61,308	17,516	56,582	74,098
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptances	16,931	44,377	61,308	17,516	56,582	74,098
1.2.2	Other Bank Acceptances	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3	Letters of Credit	9,143	1,338,003	1,347,146	11,512	1,068,364	1,079,876
1.3.1	Documentary Letters of Credit	314	273,005	273,319	367	215,062	215,429
1.3.2	Other Letters of Credit	8,829	1,064,998	1,073,827	11,145	853,302	864,447
1.4	Guaranteed Refinancing	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.1	Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Other Endorsements	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.6	Other Guarantees	179,779	146,180	325,959	180,719	143,999	324,718
1.7	Other Warranties	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>II.</b>	<b>COMMITMENTS</b>	<b>50,907,663</b>	<b>2,135,371</b>	<b>53,043,034</b>	<b>50,194,084</b>	<b>1,327,223</b>	<b>51,521,307</b>
2.1	Irrevocable Commitments	4,218,865	2,135,371	6,354,236	3,572,418	1,327,223	4,899,641
2.1.1	Forward Asset Purchase and Sales Commitments	405,344	2,092,546	2,497,890	345,756	1,327,223	1,672,979
2.1.2	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3	Loan Granting Commitments	271,332	-	271,332	214,413	-	214,413
2.1.4	Securities Underwriting Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5	Commitments For Reserve Deposits Requirements	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6	Payment Commitments For Checks	1,435,409	-	1,435,409	1,136,474	-	1,136,474
2.1.7	Tax and Fund Liabilities From Export Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8	Commitments For Credit Card Expenditure Limits	2,086,980	-	2,086,980	1,858,018	-	1,858,018
2.1.9	Commitments For Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions	2,043	-	2,043	-	-	-
2.1.10	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11	Payables For Short Sale Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12	Other Irrevocable Commitments	17,757	42,825	60,582	17,757	-	17,757
2.2	Revocable Commitments	46,688,798	-	46,688,798	46,621,666	-	46,621,666
2.2.1	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments	46,688,798	-	46,688,798	46,621,666	-	46,621,666
2.2.2	Other Revocable Commitments	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>III.</b>	<b>DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS</b>	<b>1,701,969</b>	<b>29,014,325</b>	<b>30,716,294</b>	<b>935,800</b>	<b>22,448,018</b>	<b>23,383,818</b>
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments Held For Risk Management	-	2,322,555	2,322,555	-	2,165,533	2,165,533
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedges	-	2,322,555	2,322,555	-	2,165,533	2,165,533
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.	Held For Trading Transactions	1,701,969	26,691,770	28,393,739	935,800	20,282,485	21,218,285
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions	731,002	1,976,571	2,707,573	652,622	1,755,501	2,408,123
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy Transactions	418,594	938,560	1,357,154	347,631	862,093	1,209,724
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Sell Transactions	312,408	1,038,011	1,350,419	304,991	893,408	1,198,399
3.2.2	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions	970,967	24,715,199	25,686,166	283,178	18,526,984	18,810,162
3.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>B.</b>	<b>CUSTODY AND PLEDGES SECURITIES (IV+V+VI)</b>	<b>339,736,954</b>	<b>154,978,814</b>	<b>494,715,768</b>	<b>316,497,679</b>	<b>142,487,425</b>	<b>458,985,104</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY</b>	<b>11,501,476</b>	<b>10,711,975</b>	<b>22,213,451</b>	<b>10,816,866</b>	<b>5,644,771</b>	<b>16,461,637</b>
4.1	Customers' Securities Held	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2	Investment Securities Held in Custody	2,289,671	292,291	2,581,962	2,159,381	156,528	2,315,909
4.3	Checks Received for Collection	7,628,975	974,857	8,603,832	7,157,340	906,367	8,063,707
4.4	Commercial Notes Received for Collection	1,582,830	260,008	1,842,838	1,500,145	242,668	1,742,813
4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.7	Other Items Under Custody	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8	Custodians	-	9,184,819	9,184,819	-	4,339,208	4,339,208
<b>V.</b>	<b>PLEDGED ITEMS</b>	<b>328,223,839</b>	<b>144,200,883</b>	<b>472,424,722</b>	<b>305,669,174</b>	<b>136,780,695</b>	<b>442,449,869</b>
5.1	Marketable Securities	187,134	105,412	292,546	185,945	99,786	285,731
5.2	Guarantee Notes	101,681	2,273,417	2,375,098	101,681	2,133,522	2,235,203
5.3	Commodity	6,828,237	673,092	7,501,329	6,094,405	633,381	6,727,786
5.4	Warranty	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.5	Properties	118,617,346	2,882,230	121,499,576	112,015,122	2,715,023	114,730,145
5.6	Other Pledged Items	202,489,441	138,266,732	340,756,173	187,272,021	131,198,983	318,471,004
5.7	Pledged Items-Depository	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VI.</b>	<b>ACCEPTED GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES</b>	<b>11,639</b>	<b>65,956</b>	<b>77,595</b>	<b>11,639</b>	<b>61,959</b>	<b>73,598</b>
<b>TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)</b>		<b>399,058,605</b>	<b>191,829,318</b>	<b>590,887,923</b>	<b>374,044,196</b>	<b>171,714,123</b>	<b>545,758,319</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**UNCONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (STATEMENT OF PROFIT/LOSS)**  
**AS OF 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**3. INCOME STATEMENT**

			Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2019	Reviewed Prior Period 31.03.2018
	Note			
<b>I. PROFIT SHARE INCOME</b>	(5.4.1.)		<b>1,763,288</b>	<b>1,197,046</b>
1.1 Profit Share on Loans			1,465,499	1,031,797
1.2 Profit Share on Reserve Deposits			26,967	18,431
1.3 Profit Share on Banks			57,482	16,773
1.4 Profit Share on Money Market Placements			-	-
1.5 Profit Share on Marketable Securities Portfolio			131,783	79,385
1.5.1 Fair Value Through Profit or Loss			6,867	1,563
1.5.2 Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income			113,517	77,822
1.5.3 Measured at Amortised Cost			11,399	-
1.6 Finance Lease Income			61,654	45,875
1.7 Other Profit Share Income			19,903	4,785
<b>II. PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE</b>			<b>982,674</b>	<b>523,543</b>
2.1 Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts	(5.4.4.)		728,634	360,018
2.2 Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed	(5.4.2.)		237,159	149,168
2.3 Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings			2,514	14,357
2.4 Expense on Securities Issued			-	-
2.5 Profit Share Expense on Lease			14,367	-
2.6 Other Profit Share Expense			-	-
<b>III. NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)</b>			<b>780,614</b>	<b>673,503</b>
<b>IV. NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE</b>			<b>112,398</b>	<b>77,095</b>
4.1 Fees And Commissions Received			184,044	119,350
4.1.1 Non-Cash Loans			35,741	29,069
4.1.2 Other			148,303	90,281
4.2 Fees And Commissions Paid			71,646	42,255
4.2.1 Non-Cash Loans			6	5
4.2.2 Other			71,640	42,250
<b>V. DIVIDEND INCOME</b>	(5.4.13.)		<b>803</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>VI. NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS</b>	(5.4.3.)		<b>235,622</b>	<b>28,682</b>
6.1 Capital Market Transaction Gains/Losses	(5.4.5.)		13,013	5,494
6.2 Gains/Losses From Derivative Financial Instruments			212,097	(34,432)
6.3 Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses			10,512	57,620
<b>VII. OTHER OPERATING INCOME</b>			<b>361,344</b>	<b>161,571</b>
<b>VIII. NET OPERATING INCOME / LOSS (III+IV+V+VI+VII+ VIII)</b>	(5.4.6.)		<b>1,490,781</b>	<b>940,851</b>
<b>IX. EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)</b>			<b>648,135</b>	<b>314,347</b>
<b>X. OTHER PROVISIONS (-)</b>	(5.4.7.)		<b>47,139</b>	<b>11,413</b>
<b>XI. PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)</b>	(5.4.8.)		<b>282,575</b>	<b>213,283</b>
<b>XII. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)</b>			<b>194,304</b>	<b>143,645</b>
<b>XIII. NET OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (IX-X-XI)</b>			<b>318,628</b>	<b>258,163</b>
<b>XIV. EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER INCOME / (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BASED ON EQUITY METHOD</b>			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XV. INCOME / (LOSS) ON NET MONETARY POSITION PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAXES (XII+...+XV)</b>			<b>318,628</b>	<b>258,163</b>
<b>XVIII. TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)</b>	(5.4.9.)		<b>(64,625)</b>	<b>(55,075)</b>
18.1 Current Tax Provision	(5.4.10.)		(45,410)	(51,422)
18.2 Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)			194,309	16,012
18.3 Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)			175,094	12,359
<b>CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM CONTINUED OPERATIONS (XV±XVI)</b>			<b>254,003</b>	<b>203,088</b>
<b>XX. INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>	(5.4.11.)		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
20.1 Income on Non-Current Assets Held For Sale			-	-
20.2 Income on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)			-	-
20.3 Income on Other Discontinued Operations			-	-
<b>XXI. EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)</b>			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
21.1 Expenses From Non-Current Assets Held For Sale			-	-
21.2 Expenses From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries And Jointly Controlled Entities (Joint Vent.)			-	-
21.3 Expenses From Other Discontinued Operations			-	-
<b>PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XVIII-XIX)</b>			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XXII. TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)</b>			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
23.1 Current Tax Provision			-	-
23.2 Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)			-	-
23.3 Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)			-	-
<b>CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX±XXI)</b>			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>XXV. NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVII+XXII)</b>			<b>254,003</b>	<b>203,088</b>
25.1 Group's Income/Loss	(5.4.12.)		254,003	203,088
25.2 Minority Interest Income/Loss (-)			-	-
25.3 Earnings Per Share Income/Loss			-	-

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS ACCOUNTED**  
**UNDER SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4. STATEMENT OF INCOME/EXPENSE ITEMS ACCOUNTED UNDER SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

	Reviewed Current Period 31.03.2019	Reviewed Prior Period 31.03.2018
<b>I. CURRENT PROFIT (LOSS)</b>	<b>254,003</b>	<b>203,088</b>
<b>II. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>	<b>(9,093)</b>	<b>15,250</b>
2.1 <b>Other Comprehensive Income Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss</b>	-	-
2.1.1 Property And Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2 Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3 Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	-
2.1.4 Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	-	-
2.1.5 Taxes Related to Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2 <b>Other Comprehensive Income Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss</b>	<b>(9,093)</b>	<b>15,250</b>
2.2.1 Foreign Currency Translation Difference	-	-
2.2.2 Valuation And/Or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(6,424)	(6,773)
2.2.3 Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	(7,897)	26,324
2.2.4 Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.5 Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6 Taxes Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit Or Loss	5,228	(4,301)
<b>III. TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)</b>	<b>244,910</b>	<b>218,338</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

## UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 31 MARCH 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### 5. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

					Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			Accumulated Other Income or Loss That Will Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss					Net Prft/Loss for the Period	Total Shareholders' Equity Less Minority Shares	Minority Shares)	Total Shareholders' Equity	
	Note	Paid-in Capital	Share Premiums	Share cancellation profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)				
Prior Period (01/01/2018 – 31/03/2018)																	
I.	Prior Period Ending Balance	3,097,322	22,933	-	-	-	(26,947)	-	-	(10,583)	(4,582)	839,017	673,991	-	4,591,151	-	4,591,151
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,540	-	35,540	-	35,540
2.1	Effect Of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,540	-	35,540	-	35,540
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	3,097,322	22,933	-	-	-	(26,947)	-	-	(10,583)	(4,582)	839,017	709,531	-	4,626,691	-	4,626,691
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,283)	20,533	-	-	203,088	218,338	-	218,338
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	669,097	(673,991)	-	(4,894)	-	(4,894)
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,894)	-	(4,894)	-	(4,894)
11.2	Transfers To Legal Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	669,097	(669,097)	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)		3,097,322	22,933	-	-	-	(26,947)	-	-	(15,866)	15,951	1,508,114	35,540	203,088	4,840,135	-	4,840,135
Current Period (01/01/2019 – 31/03/2019)																	
I.	Prior Period Ending Balance	3,497,322	22,933	-	-	-	(13,296)	-	-	(117,150)	36,196	1,107,196	905,352	-	5,438,553	-	5,438,553
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect Of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect Of Changes In Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	3,497,322	22,933	-	-	-	(13,296)	-	-	(117,150)	36,196	1,107,196	905,352	-	5,438,553	-	5,438,553
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,933)	(6,160)	-	-	254,003	244,910	-	244,910
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Paid in Capital Inflation Adjustment Difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Share	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Increase / Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(360)	-	-	(360)	-	(360)
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.1	Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers To Legal Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances at end of the period (III+IV+.....+X+XI)		(5.2.11.) 3,497,322	22,933	-	-	-	(13,296)	-	-	(120,083)	30,036	1,106,836	905,352	254,003	5,683,103	-	5,683,103

1.Accumulated Revaluation Increase / Decrease of Fixed Assets

2.Accumulated Remeasurement Gain / Loss of Defined Benefit Pension Plan

3.Other (Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Not Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

4.Foreign Currency Transition Differences

5.Accumulated Revaluation and/or Remeasurement Gain/Loss of the Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

5.Other (Cash Flow Hedge Gain/Loss, Shares of Investments Valued by Equity Method in Other Comprehensive Income Classified Through Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Other Profit or Loss)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 31 MARCH 2019

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

### 6. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Reviewed Current Period	Reviewed Prior Period
	Note	01.01.2019- 31.03.2019	01.01.2018- 31.03.2018
<b>A.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS</b>		
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Operating Profit Before Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations</b>	<b>1,012,693</b>	<b>985,906</b>
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received	2,269,960	1,154,228
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid	(897,362)	(383,766)
1.1.3	Dividends Received	-	-
1.1.4	Fees And Commissions Received	187,268	123,275
1.1.5	Other Income	103,294	188,603
1.1.6	Collections From Previously Written Off Loans	178,108	166,059
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel And Service Suppliers	(379,049)	(235,323)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid	(175,659)	(70,908)
1.1.9	Others	(273,867)	43,738
<b>1.2</b>	<b>Changes in Assets And Liabilities From Banking Operations</b>	<b>3,589,710</b>	<b>(1,619,837)</b>
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease Held For Trading Financial Assets	(1,361,058)	48,407
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(780,388)	403,696
1.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due From Banks And Other Financial Institutions	(3,980,507)	(5,006,635)
1.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans	1,033,931	(47,868)
1.2.5	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	(235,612)	(98,340)
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits	9,708,849	3,052,877
1.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits	-	-
1.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed	122,531	609,294
1.2.9	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables	-	-
1.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	(918,036)	(581,268)
<b>I.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Banking Operations</b>	<b>4,602,403</b>	<b>(633,931)</b>
<b>B.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>II.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Investing Activities</b>	<b>(5,963,121)</b>	<b>811,267</b>
2.1	Cash Paid For Purchase Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries	-	-
2.2	Cash Obtained From Sale of Jointly Controlled Operations, Associates And Subsidiaries	-	-
2.3	Fixed Assets Purchases	(481,661)	(16,146)
2.4	Fixed Assets Sales	1,392	1,998
2.5	Cash Paid For Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(3,073,103)	(769,126)
2.6	Cash Obtained From Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	58,984	1,607,726
2.7	Cash Paid For Purchase of Investment Securities	(2,469,786)	-
2.8	Cash Obtained From Sale of Investment Securities	-	-
2.9	Other	1,053	(13,185)
<b>C.</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>III.</b>	<b>Net Cash Provided From / (Used in) Financing Activities</b>	<b>(15,612)</b>	<b>(4,894)</b>
3.1	Cash Obtained From Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued	-	-
3.2	Cash Used For Repayment of Funds Borrowed And Securities Issued	-	-
3.3	Capital Increase	-	-
3.4	Dividends Paid	(15,612)	(4,894)
3.5	Payments For Finance Leases	-	-
3.6	Other	-	-
<b>IV.</b>	<b>Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash And Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(5.5.4)</b>	<b>301,732</b>
<b>V.</b>	<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash And Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(1,074,598)</b>	<b>86,270</b>
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Cash And Cash Equivalents at The Beginning of The Period</b>	<b>(5.5.1)</b>	<b>6,680,124</b>
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Cash And Cash Equivalents at The End of The Period</b>	<b>(5.5.1)</b>	<b>5,605,526</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**SECTION THREE**

**EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**1. Explanations on Basis of Presentation**

**1.1. The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents:**

The Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the “Regulation On The Procedures And Principles For Accounting Practices And Retention Of Documents By Banks” published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with numbered 26333, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) as well as the circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA. For matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations, the Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation, which comprises the terms of the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority.

**Additional paragraph for convenience translation**

The differences between the standards set out by BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have not been quantified in the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and changes in financial position and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

**1.2. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements:**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, and the financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income that are measured at fair values.

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the Bank management to make assumptions and estimates with respect to the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent issues outstanding as of the balance sheet date. These assumptions and estimates mainly consist of calculations of the fair values of financial instruments and the impairment on assets. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed regularly and, when necessary, appropriate corrections are made and the effects of such corrections are reflected on the income statement.

**1.3. Changes in accounting estimates, errors and classifications**

If changes in accounting estimates are related to only one period, they are applied in the current period in which the change is made, and if they are related to future periods, they are applied both prospectively and in the future periods. There were no significant changes in the accounting estimates of the Bank in the current year. Significant accounting errors are applied retrospectively and prior period financial statements are restated.

**1.4. Preparation of the financial statements as regards to the current purchasing power of money:**

Until 31 December 2004, the financial statements of the Bank were subject to inflation adjustments in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard No: 29 “Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies” (“TAS 29”). As per the BRSA decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and the BRSA circular dated 28 April 2005 it was stated that the indicators for the application of inflation accounting were no longer applicable. Consequently as of 1 January 2005, the inflation accounting has not been applied.

**1.5. Disclosures Regarding TFRS 9 Financial Instruments:**

TFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”, which is effective as at 1 January 2018 is published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”) in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 dated 19 January 2017. As of 1 January 2018, the application of TFRS 9 replaced “TAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.” standard.

TFRS 9 also includes new principles for general hedge accounting which aims to harmonize hedge accounting with risk management applications. In the admission of the accounting policies, TFRS 9 presents the option of postponing the adoption of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continuing to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39. Within this context, the Bank continues to apply the hedge accounting provisions of TAS 39.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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All recognized financial assets that are within the scope of TFRS 9 are required to be initially measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under TFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

Dividends obtained from such investments are accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss unless they are evidently a part of the recoverable cost of investment.

As a result of the combination of contractual cash flow characteristics and business models, the differences in the classification of financial assets are reflected in the financial statements compared to the current classification in TAS 39.

During the first recognition of a financial asset into the financial statements, business model determined by the Parent Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration.

**Classification And Measurement of Financial Instruments:**

According to TFRS 9 requirements, classification and measurement of financial assets will depend on the business model within which financial assets are managed and their contractual cash flow characteristics whether the cash flows represent “solely payments of principal and profit share” (SPPI).

As per TFRS 9, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets available for sale and financial assets held to maturity which are the financial instrument categories under TAS 39; are replaced with financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets measured at amortised cost; respectively.

Upon initial recognition each financial asset shall be classified as either fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”) amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”). As for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, the application of the existing terms of TAS 39 remain largely unchanged under TFRS 9.

**Explanations on Expected Credit Loss :**

As of 1 January 2018, the Bank will recognize provisions for impairment in accordance with the TFRS 9 requirements according to the “Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside” published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 numbered 29750. In this framework, as of 31 December 2017, method of provisions for impairment as set out in accordance with the related legislation of BRSA as mentioned in the Section 3 Part VIII of Explanation on Accounting Policies will be changed by applying the expected credit loss model under TFRS 9. The expected credit loss estimates are required to be unbiased, probability-weighted and should include supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Prior to TFRS 9, modeling studies were carried out on the principal components of the Expected Loan Loss calculation and the default probability (CTR) models were developed on various loan portfolios. Credit portfolios are determined according to customer segments that form the basis of banking activities. The cyclical default probabilities generated by these models developed for use in the Internal Rating Based Approach (IDD) are translated into the Instantaneous Default Probabilities and these instantaneous default probabilities are used when calculating the Expected Loan Loss on TFRS 9. Calculation on Default (CPI) calculation reflects the legal deduction rates and the Bank's past collection performance on unsecured loans. Default Amount (TT) corresponds to the balance used in cash at the reporting date for cash loans, non-cash loans and balance after application of the loan to commitment risks.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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Macroeconomic scenarios affect TO and THK values. The amount of credit losses expected with 3 different scenarios, Base and Good and Bad scenario, is calculated. The probability of default of the debtors and the loss rates in default vary with each scenario.

The Bank applies a ‘three-stage’ impairment model depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition

**Stage 1:** Includes financial assets not having significant increase in their credit risk from initial recognition till the following reporting date or financial assets having low credit risk at the reporting date. It is recognized 12-month expected credit losses for such financial assets.

**Stage 2:** Includes financial assets having significant increase in their credit risk subsequent to the initial recognition, but not having objective evidence about impairment. It is recognized life time expected credit losses for such financial assets.

In this context; The basic considerations that are taken into account in determining the significant increase in the credit risk of a financial asset and its transfer to Phase 2 are, but are not limited to, the following.

- Delayed by more than 30 days as of the reporting date
- Restructuring
- Close Monitoring
- Evaluation of distortion in Rating Note

The rating of the rating is calculated by using the Bank's rating ratings based on the internal rating of the Bank by using the rating of the credit rating. For the loan, the rating rating calculated on the reporting date exceeds the determined threshold values and is considered as a distortion in the rating.

**Stage 3:** Includes financial assets having objective evidence about impairment at the reporting date. It is recognized life time expected credit losses for such financial assets.

#### **1.6 Revenue from TFRS 15 Customer Contracts:**

TFRS 15 Revenue from Customer Contracts provides a single, comprehensive model and guidance on the recognition of revenue and is recorded in accordance with TFRS 15.

#### **1.7 Explanations on IFRS 16 Leases Standard**

“TFRS 16 Leases” Standard was published in the Official Gazette dated 16 April 2018 and numbered 29826, to be applied in the accounting periods beginning after 31 December 2018. With the TFRS 16 Leases Standard effective from 1 January 2019, the difference between operating lease and leasing is eliminated. After that, the leasing transactions have been started to be shown by the tenants as liabilities in assets and leasing transactions as assets (use right). TFRS 16 Standard eliminates the dual accounting model for leasing of financial leasing transactions and the presentation of operating leases directly on the balance sheet. The current application for the lessor continues similarly.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

As of January 1, 2019, the Bank has applied TFRS 16 Leases standard. The simplified model was preferred in the application of this standard to the financial statements at the date of initial application. In this context, for the leases classified as operating leases in accordance with TAS 17, the Bank reflects the existence of a lease obligation and a right of use to the financial statements at the date of initial application. The Bank measures the leasing liability on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at their present value using the alternative borrowing cost ratio at the date of initial application of the Bank. In addition, the Bank measures the existence of the right to use of such right at an amount equal to the lease obligation, which is reflected in the statement of financial position immediately after the first application date, adjusted for the amount of all prepaid or accrued lease payments.

	01/01/2019	
	Real Estate	Vehicle
Operational lease commitments		
Contracts excluded from TFRS 16 (-)	-	-
Total rental liability	498,719	24,154
<b>Discounted lease obligation (1 January 2019)</b>	<b>298,513</b>	<b>21,740</b>

TL 17,582 of the assets that have been put into use consists of the classification of rent expenses, which are accounted under prepaid expenses before applying TFRS 16, to the right to use assets.

## 2. Explanations on Strategy of Using Financial Instruments And Foreign Currency Transactions

The Bank follows an asset-liability management strategy that mitigates risk and increases earnings by balancing the funds borrowed and the investments in various financial assets. The main objective of asset-liability management is to limit the Bank's exposure to liquidity risk, currency risk and credit risk while increasing profitability and strengthening the Bank's equity. The assets-liabilities committee (ALCO) manages the assets and liabilities within the trading limits on the level of exposure placed by the Executive Risk Committee.

Gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions have been recorded in the period in which the transaction took place. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are valued with the period end exchange rates published by the Central Bank of Turkey converting them into Turkish Lira and valuation differences of foreign currencies have been recognized in the income statement under the net foreign exchange income/expense account.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial instruments into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement. There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Bank.

## 3. Investments in Associates And Subsidiaries

Turkish currency denominated associates and subsidiaries are measured at cost value in accordance with the "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" ("TAS 27") and then deducted by provisions for impairment losses, if any, reflected to the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**4. Explanations on Forward Transactions And Option Contracts And Derivative Instruments**

The Bank enters into forward agreements to decrease its currency risk and to manage its foreign currency liquidity. In accordance with TFRS 9, derivative instruments are classified as ‘hedging derivative financial asset’ and ‘derivative financial assets/liabilities at fair value profit or loss’. The Bank classifies its derivative instruments as “Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Hedging Purposes” and “Derivative Financial Instruments Held for Trading” in accordance with TAS 39. Even though some derivative transactions economically hedge risk, since all necessary conditions for hedge accounting are not met, they are accounted for as “held for trading” within the framework of TAS 39, and are reflected in the “Derivative Financial Assets/liabilities at fair value profit or loss” account in the balance sheet. The Bank has no derivative financial assets/liabilities for hedging purposes as of balance sheet date.

The payables and receivables arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet accounts at their notional amounts.

Fair values of foreign currency forward transactions and swaps are calculated by using the discounted cash flow model. Differences resulting from the changes in the fair values of derivatives held for trading are accounted under ‘Trading Income/Loss’ line in the income statement.

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are accounted as derivative instruments in-line with TAS 39. If the embedded derivatives are closely related with the host contract, embedded derivatives are accounted for in-line with the relevant standard applicable for the host contract.

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting and continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 as a policy choice. Accordingly, the Bank will continue to apply hedge accounting in accordance with TAS 39 in this context. In addition, it performs swap transactions in order to hedge the cash flow risk of fixed-rate financial instruments. In cash flow hedge accounting, the effective portion of the fair value change of the hedging instrument is accounted for under “Hedging Funds” under equity, and the ineffective portion is accounted in the income statement. In the periods in which the cash flows from the hedged item affect profit or loss, the profit / loss of the hedging instrument is also removed from equity and reflected to the income statement.

The Bank performs effectiveness test at the beginning of the hedge accounting period and at each reporting period. The effectiveness tests are carried out using the “Dollar off-set model” and the hedge accounting is applied as long as the test results are between the range of 80%-125% of effectiveness. The hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires, is exercised, sold or no longer effective. When discontinuing fair value hedge accounting, the cumulative fair value changes in carrying value of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk are amortised to income statement over the life of the hedged item from that date of the hedge accounting is discontinued.

While discontinuing cash flow hedge accounting, the cumulative gains/losses recognised in shareholders’ equity and presented under hedging reserves are continued to be kept in the account of “Hedge Funds”. When the cash flows of hedged item are recognised in income statement, the gain/losses accounted for under shareholders’ equity, are recognised in income statement.

**5. Explanations on Profit Share Income And Expense**

Profit share income is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the method of internal rate of return and is accounted under profit share income account in the financial statements. While applying the internal rate of return method, the Bank amortizes the fees included in the account of the effective profit rate over the expected life of the financial instrument. If the financial asset is impaired and classified as a non-performing loan, profit accruals and rediscount calculations for these customers are continued within the scope of TFRS 9 Financial Instruments Standard.

The Bank calculates expense accrual in accordance with the unit value calculation method on profit/loss sharing accounts and reflects these amounts in “Funds Collected” account on the balance sheet.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**6. Explanations on Fees And Commission Income And Expenses**

Other than fees and commission income and expenses received from certain banking transactions that are recorded as income or expense in the period they are collected, fees and commission income and expenses are recognized in the income statement depending on the duration of the transaction. Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Except for certain fees related with certain banking transactions and recognized when the related service is given, fees and commissions received or paid, and other fees and commissions paid to financial institutions are accounted under accrual basis of accounting throughout the service period. The income derived from agreements or asset purchases from real-person or corporate third parties are recognized as income when realized.

In accordance with the provisions of TAS, commission and fees collected in advance for loans granted are deferred and reflected to the income statement by using the internal rate of return method. Unearned portion of the commission and fees relating to the future periods are recorded to the “Unearned Revenues” account under “Other Liabilities” on the balance sheet.

**7. Explanations on Financial Assets**

The Bank classifies and accounts for its financial assets as ‘Fair Value Through Profit/Loss’, ‘Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income,’ or ‘Amortized Cost.’ Such financial assets, are recognized and derecognized as per the terms of “Recognition and Derecognition in Financial Statements” under the section three of the “TFRS 9 Financial Instruments” regarding the classification and measurements of financial instruments, published in the Official Gazette numbered 29953 and dated 19 January 2017 by Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”). When financial assets are included in the financial statements for the first time, they are measured at fair value. Transaction costs are initially added to fair value or deducted from fair value at the initial measurement of financial assets other than the “Fair Value at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss”.

The Bank recognizes a financial asset in the financial statements only when it becomes a party to the contractual terms of a financial instrument. During the initial recognition of a financial asset, the business model determined by Bank management and the nature of contractual cash flows of the financial asset are taken into consideration. When the business model determined by the Bank management is changed, all affected financial assets are reclassified and this reclassification is applied prospectively. In such cases, no adjustments is made to gains, losses or profit shares that were previously recorded in the financial statements.

**7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:**

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are managed within a business model other than the business model whose objective is achieved by holding contractual cashflows for collection and the business model whose objective is achieved by collecting and selling contractual cash flows. Also, in case that the contractual terms of financial assets do not give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, such assets are those that are, obtained with the aim of providing profit from the short-term price or other factor fluctuations in the market or are part of a portfolio aiming to obtain short-term profit, regardless of the reason of acquisition.

**7.2 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:**

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income when the asset is managed within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, as well as when the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition costs that reflect the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Profit share income calculated with effective profit share method regarding the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to income statement. "Unrealized gains and losses," which is the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, or the impairment of the asset. "Unrealized gains and losses" are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity.

Equity securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value, in the case that the securities have a quoted market price in an active market and/or the fair values of the securities can be reliably measured. In contrary case, the securities are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

During initial recognition an entity can make an irrevocable election regarding the presentation of the subsequent changes in the fair value of the investment in an equity instrument, that is not held for trading purposes, in the other comprehensive income. In the case that the entity elects to present the changes as described, dividends arising from the investment is accounted in the financial statements as profit or loss.

**7.3 Financial assets measured at amortized cost:**

In the case that a financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and that the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit share on the principal amount, the financial asset is classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost.

Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost; are financial assets, other than loans and receivables, which are held for the purpose of custody until maturity, with conditions necessary for such assets to be held until contractual maturity met, including funding ability; and which have fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method. Profit share income related to Financial Assets measured at amortized cost is reflected in the income statement. As of the balance sheet date, the Bank does not have any financial assets to be held until maturity.

**7.4 Derivative financial assets:**

The major derivative instruments utilized by the Bank are foreign currency swaps, cross currency swaps and currency forwards.

Payables and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are recorded in the off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual values.

Derivative transactions are valued at their fair values subsequent to their acquisition. In accordance with the classification of derivative financial instruments, the fair value amounts are classified as "Derivative Financial Assets Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss." The fair value differences of derivative financial instruments are recognized in the income statement under trading profit/loss line in profit/loss from derivative financial transactions. The fair value of derivative instruments is calculated by taking into account the market value of the derivatives or by using the discounted cash flow model.

**7.5 Loans:**

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**8. Explanations on Offsetting of Financial Assets And Liabilities**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay the related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**9. Explanations on Sale And Repurchase Agreements And Lending of Securities**

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (“CBRT”) made some changes on orders for open market transactions (“OMT”) and prepared an additional frame contract for participation banks in order to present rent certificates to open market operations of CBRT in accordance with the principles of participation banks. According to this agreement; a new type of transaction was formed which enables participation banks to resell or repurchase rent certificates on their portfolio to CBRT when they are in need of funding or in attempt to evaluate the excess liquidity. In this content, initial OMT transaction was performed with CBRT on 14 June 2013 by selling Treasury Rent Certificates that are recognized in the assets of the Bank in return for conditional repurchasing. From this date on, the Bank performs sale transactions of treasury rent certificates that are recognized in the assets of the balance sheet in return for conditional repurchasing by tendering to purchase auctions held by CBRT with various maturities; and thusly raises funds.

As of 31 March 2019, the Bank does not have a sales transaction with the promise of repurchase. (31 December 2018 –TL 188,003).

**10. Explanations on Assets Held For Sale And Discontinued Operations And Related Liabilities**

As mandated by the Banking Act 5411 Article 57 “banks cannot participate in commercial real-estate and commodity trade with the exception of real-estate and commodity based agreements within the scope of Capital Markets Act No. 2499, and precious metal trade as seen appropriate by the board, and cannot participate in partnerships with firms whose main business activity is commercial real-estate, with the exception of real-estate investment partnerships and companies that finance mortgaged residential estates. The rules and procedures regarding the sales of real-estate and commodities that were acquired due to receivables and debtors’ obligations to the bank are determined by the board.”

Assets that meet the criteria for classification as assets held for sale are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any costs to be incurred for disposal. Assets held for sale are not amortized and presented in the financial statements separately. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan by the management regarding the sale of the asset (or the disposal group) together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also the asset (or the disposal group) should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan. Various events and conditions may extend the completion period of the disposal over one year. If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or disposal group) can remain to be classified as assets (or disposal group) held for sale. Extension of the period necessary to complete the sale, does not avoid the classification of the related asset (or disposal group) to be classified as asset held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale. Discontinued operations are presented separately in the income statement. The Bank has no discontinued operations.

**11. Explanations on Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less provision for impairment, if any, and accumulated amortization and amortized with straight-line method.

The other intangible assets of the Bank comprise mainly computer software. The useful lives of such assets acquired prior to 2004 have been determined as 5 years and for the year 2004 and forthcoming years, as 3 years.

The amortization period of the licenses is determined on the basis of the duration of the license agreements.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**12. Explanations on Tangible Assets**

Fixed assets are stated at cost adjusted for inflation until 31 December 2004, less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The annual rates used for amortization are as follows:

Property	2%
Movables, leased assets	6.67% - 20%

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis for the assets that have been placed in use for less than one year as of the balance sheet date. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the term of the lease agreements by straight-line method.

If the recoverable amount (the higher of value in use and fair value) of a tangible asset is less than its carrying value, impairment loss is provided and the carrying value is written down to its recoverable amount.

Gains or losses resulting from disposals of the fixed assets are recorded in the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value of the asset.

Expenses for repair costs are capitalized if the expenditure increases economic life of the asset; other repair costs are expensed as incurred.

The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalized on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product, or to decrease the costs.

Property held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

The Bank is able to sell and lease back the real estates registered to its assets by issuing the rent certificate. At the end of the lease period, the asset is taken back by paying the sale price. For the real estates within this scope, it applies 2% depreciation over the new value starting from the date of the transaction. According to the public oversight authority (POA) dated 17/09/2018 and numbered 64088382-045-E.1648, transactions are recorded.

**13. Explanations on Leasing Transactions**

For contracts concluded prior to 1 January 2019, the Bank assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction.

(a) The right to obtain almost all of the economic benefits from the use of the leased asset and,

(b) Whether the leased asset which has the right to manage its use is evaluated

As of 1 January 2019 that is the first application date of TFRS 16, the Bank has not reassessed whether the contract has the nature of a lease or does not include a lease as a facilitator application. The Bank elected to apply the standard to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying TAS 17 and TFRIC 4. This standard has not been applied to the contracts that are not included in the lease process.

Therefore, there is no need to revise the consolidated financial statements of previous years. Financial statements are presented in accordance with TAS 17 and TFRIC 4.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Bank recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. Lease payments are discounted by using the Bank's alternative borrowing interest rate.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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The Bank has recognized the right to lease assets equal to the lease obligation by restating the previously paid or accrued lease payments.

**Facilitator Applications**

- The Bank applied a single discount rate for the portfolio that has reasonably similar characteristics features and consisted of rents.
- As an alternative to reviewing the impairment, the Bank has applied TAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets before the date of initial application to determine whether leases are disadvantaged in terms of its economy.
- For contracts with rights to extend or terminate lease term, the Bank has used past experience when determining the lease term.
- In accordance with TFRS 16, the Bank has preferred not to use the short-term exceptions from 12 months and 12 months for vehicle rental and exceptions of the underlying assets with low value for the office equipment.
- As an facilitator, the lessee chose not to separate the non-leasing components from the leasing components on the basis of the underlying asset class and instead to account for each lease component and its associated leasing components as a single leasing component.
- The Bank did not apply TFRS 16 Leases Standard for intangible assets leases.

**Leases**

At the beginning of a contract, the Bank assesses whether the contract has a lease qualification or include a lease transaction. In the event that the contract is transferred for a certain period of time to the right to control the use of the asset defined for a price, this contract of a rental nature or includes a lease transaction. The following conditions are considered when assessing whether a contract has transferred its right to control the use of an asset defined for a specified period of time.

- (a) The contract contains an asset defined.
- (b) A functional part of the asset is physically separate or represents almost the entire capacity of the asset. The asset is not defined if the lessor has a substantive right to substitute to asset and provides an economic benefit from it.
- (c) The right to obtain nearly all of the economic benefits that will be provided from the use of the asset defined.
- (d) The right to manage the use of the asset defined.

**The right of the use asset**

The Bank reflects the existence of a right of use and a lease obligation to the financial statements at the date the lease is commenced.

**The right to use asset is recognized first by cost method and includes the following:**

- (a) The first measurement amount of the lease obligation,
  - (b) The amount obtained by deducting all rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the date of the rental.
- The total cost of the estimated costs to be incurred by the Bank relating to the restoration of all initial direct costs incurred by the Bank and the restoration of the underlying asset or the restoration of the underlying location or the restoration of the underlying asset by the terms and conditions of the underlying asset is included in the total amount of both the financial statements and the right to use assets, as it does not have an important amount, it is not added to the cost of usage rights.

When the Bank applying cost method, the existence of the right of use:

- (a) Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- (b) Measures the restatement of the lease obligation over the adjusted cost.

The Bank applies depreciation provisions in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment standard while depreciating in the right of use.

The Bank determines whether the right of use has been impaired and recognizes any identified impairment losses in accordance with TAS 36 – Impairment of Assets.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**Lease Obligation**

At the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Bank's alternative borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability at the date of the lease's actual start date shall be made for the right of use during the lease term of the underlying asset and consist of the payments which have not been paid at the date of the rental:

- (a) Fixed payments less any lease incentives receivables
- (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees.
- (c) Payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Bank exercising the option to terminate.

After the effective date of the lease, the Bank measures the lease obligation as follows:

- (a) Increase the book value to reflect the interest on the lease obligation.
- (b) Reduces the book value to reflect the lease payments made and
- (c) Remeasures the book value to reflect revaluations and reconstructions, or to reflect rental payments that are fixed at the revised basis.

The interest on the lease liability for each period of the lease term is the amount found by applying a fixed periodic interest rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability. Periodic interest rate is the Bank's borrowing interest rate.

After the beginning of a contract, the Bank remeasures its lease liability to reflect changes in lease payments. The Bank reflects the restatement amount of the lease obligation to the financial statements as revised in the presence of the right of use.

The Bank measures the lease obligation by discounting the revised lease payments on a revised discount rate when any of the following conditions occur:

- A change in the rental period.
- The Bank determines revised rent payments based on revised lease term.
- The Bank determines the revised discount rate for the remaining portion of the lease term as the alternative borrowing interest rate at the date of Bank's revaluation.

In case of any of the following situations, the Bank measures the lease obligation by discounting the revised lease payments:

- A change in lease payments as a result of a change in an index or a rate used to determine future lease payments.
- The Bank reassessed its lease obligation when only a change in its cash flows that reflect the revised lease payments.
- The Bank determines the revised lease payments that related to the remaining lease term according to the revised contractual payment by using non-revised discount rate.
- The Bank recognizes the lease restructuring as a separate lease if both of the following conditions are met:
  - (a) The structuring shall extend the scope of the lease by including the right of use of one or more underlying assets and
  - (b) The increase in the rental price by the price alone and by the corresponding adjustments to the price of the respective contract alone to reflect the terms of the contract.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**14. Explanations on Provisions And Contingent Liabilities**

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted for in accordance with “Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets” (TAS 37).

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

As per the “Matching Principle,” a provision is provided for the liabilities arising as a result of past events in the period they arise, if it is probable that the liability will be settled and a reliable estimate for the liability amount can be made.

When a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, the obligation is considered as a “Contingent” liability and is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

**15. Explanations on Liabilities Relating to Employee Benefits**

**15.1 Defined benefit plans:**

In accordance with existing social legislation, the Bank is required to make severance pay to each employee who has completed over one year of service with the Bank and who retires or quits the employment to receive old age or disability benefits, to fulfill the compulsory military service, because of the marriage (for females) or because of the other compulsive reasons as defined in the laws and whose employment is terminated due to reasons other than resignation or misconduct.

Liabilities amount which is related to “Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits” (“TAS 19”) is reflected accompanying financial statements and these liabilities are calculated by an independent actuary firm.

Bank is accounted all actuarial profit and loss under Statement of other Comprehensive Income.

The Bank’s employees are not members of any pension fund, foundations, union or other similar entities.

**15.2 Defined contribution plans:**

The Bank pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees as mandated by the Social Security Association. The Bank has no further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

**15.3 Short term benefits to employees:**

In accordance with “TAS 19”, vacation pay liabilities are defined as “Short Term Benefits to Employees” and accrued as earned.

Bank management calculates bonus accrual if it foresees that the budgeted year-end figures approved by the Board of Directors are attainable.

**16. Explanations on Taxation**

***Current Tax***

As per the terms of the provisional article 10 added to the Law No. 5520 by the Article 91 of the Law No. 7061, it was established that the rate of 20%, as disclosed in the first paragraph of the Article 32 of the Corporate Tax Law No. 5520, shall be applied as 22% over the corporation income for the tax periods of the years 2018, 2019, 2020 (and for entities that are appointed with special accounting period, for the accounting periods beginning within the relevant year). Council of Ministers is entitled to lower the rate of 22% as disclosed in the first paragraph to a limit of 20%.

Under this scope, corporate tax with the rate of 22% shall be calculated over the corporate income of the corporate taxpayers for the accounting periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020. In addition, as per provisions of the Income Tax Law, advance tax with the rate of 22% shall be paid by the taxpayers in the aforementioned periods in order to be offset from the corporate tax for the aforementioned tax periods.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

---

The corporate tax rate will be applied as 22% for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020. This rate is applied on taxable income which is calculated by adjusting the income before tax for certain disallowable expenses, tax exempt income and other allowances. No further tax is applicable unless the profit is distributed. According to the tax legislations, advance tax amount shall also be calculated using a rate of 20% for each quarter over tax base and shall be paid, then the advance taxes paid within the year shall be offset from the corporate tax calculated over the yearly corporate tax return for that year.

Withholding taxes is not applied to dividends distributed to companies resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey. With the Council of Minister's decision numbered 2009/14593 and 2009/14594 which are published in official gazette numbered 27130 and dated 3 February 2009, some deduction rates in 15<sup>th</sup> and 30<sup>th</sup> articles of the corporate tax law numbered 5520 were re-determined. In accordance with this, dividends distributed to companies other than companies resident in Turkey or companies who earn income in Turkey through their resident representatives in Turkey are subject to 15% withholding taxes. Double tax treaty agreements are also taken into consideration during the application of withholding taxes on dividends distributed to real persons and to foreign-based taxpayers. Addition of profit to share capital is not considered as dividend distributed therefore no withholding taxes is applied.

With the aforementioned amendment to the law, entities calculate advance tax using a rate of 22% over the quarterly financial income, for the years 2018-2019-2020 and advance tax returns are filed by the fourteenth day of the second month following the related period and taxes are paid by the seventeenth day. Advance taxes are paid within the year belong to that year, and the paid advance taxes are offset from the corporate tax liability calculated over the corporate tax returns in the subsequent year. Any remaining amount of paid advance taxes after the offset can be paid back in cash or it can be deducted from financial loans to the government.

For the purpose of issuance of certificate of leasing immovables to resource institutions, with the sale of asset leasing companies, the scope of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies Law No.6361, dated 21 November 2012 in order to lease it back and in case of taking back at the end of the contract, with the sale of financial leasing companies and asset leasing by asset leasing companies, for profit from the sale of the immovable property inherited from the institution applies this rate as 100% and for the immovable is not compulsory to be in assets at least for a period of two years. But the mentioned immovable's; except in case of failure to fulfill the obligations arising from the source institution, the lesser or leasing agreement, immovable in question by the asset leasing company, in case of selling a third person or institutions, these immovable's with the carrying value before its transfer to resource institution or asset leasing in lesser or asset leasing company, in mentioned institutions taking into consideration the total amount of depreciation is taxable for corporation engaged in the sale.

Corporate tax returns are filed by the twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes is paid in one installment by the end of that month.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. However, losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments.

### ***Deferred Tax***

For taxable temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts, as per the provisions of "Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"), the Bank calculates deferred tax liability over all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax asset over taxable temporary differences, apart from the provisions for Expected Credit Losses for 12-Months (Stage 1) and for Lifetime Credit Losses (Stage 2) with significant increase in the credit risk after initial recognition, to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available in subsequent periods. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis. The tax effect regarding the items directly accounted in equity are also reflected in equity. The rate is used in the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities was 22% over temporary timing differences expected to be reversed in 2018, 2019 and 2020, and 20% over temporary timing differences expected to be reversed in 2021 and the following years (2017: 22%-20%).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**17. Explanations on Additional Disclosures on Borrowings**

Borrowings other than funds collected are measured at amortized cost using the internal rate of return method after the initial recognition. The Bank does not apply hedging techniques on related borrowings.

The Bank has not issued convertible bonds.

**18. Explanations on Share Certificates Issued**

There is no significant amount of transaction costs on Bank about share certificates.

**19. Explanations on Acceptances And Aailed Drafts**

Acceptances and aailed drafts are realized simultaneously with the payment dates of the customers and they are presented as commitments in off-balance sheet accounts.

**20. Explanations on Government Grants**

There are no government grants received by the Bank.

**21. Explanations on Segment Reporting**

The Bank operates in three main segments; Corporate and Commercial Banking; Retail Banking; International Banking, Treasury and Investment Banking. Each segment operates with unique products, and the operational results are followed based on these segments.

Segment reporting is disclosed in Section Four, Note 10.

**22. Explanations on Other Matters**

There are no other matters to be disclosed by the Bank.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION FOUR**

**INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK**

**1. Explanations on Equity Items**

Total capital and Capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the “Regulation on Equity of Banks” and “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks”. As of 31 March 2019 Bank’s total capital has been calculated as TL 7,885,292 (31 December 2018: TL 7,463,883), capital adequacy ratio is 16.43% (31 December 2018: 17.68%).

**1.1. Components of Total Capital:**

	<i>Current Period Amount</i>	<i>Prior Period Amount</i>
<b>COMMON EQUITY TIER I CAPITAL</b>		
Paid-In Capital To Be Entitled For Compensation After All Creditors	3,500,000	3,500,000
Share Premium	22,933	22,933
Reserves	1,106,836	1,107,196
Other Comprehensive Income According to TAS	-	-
Profit	1,159,355	905,352
Current Period Profit	254,003	869,812
Prior Period Profit	905,352	35,540
Bonus Shares From Associates, Affiliates And Joint-Ventures Not Accounted In Current Period's Profit	-	-
<b>Common Equity Tier I Capital Before Deductions</b>	<b>5,789,124</b>	<b>5,535,481</b>
<b>Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>		
Valuation Adjustments Calculated As Per The Article 9. (I) Of The Regulation On Bank Capital	-	-
Current And Prior Periods' Losses Not Covered By Reserves, And Losses Accounted Under Equity According To TAS (-)	91,470	88,537
Leasehold Improvements On Operational Leases (-)	56,725	54,010
Goodwill Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-
Other Intangible Assets Netted With Deferred Tax Liabilities Except Mortgage Servicing Rights	128,651	129,685
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability (-)	-	-
Differences Arise When Assets And Liabilities Not Held At Fair Value, Are Subjected To Cash Flow Hedge Accounting	1,423	7,583
Total Credit Losses That Exceed Total Expected Loss Calculated According To The Regulation On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Securitization Gains	-	-
Unrealized Gains And Losses From Changes In Bank's Liabilities' Fair Values Due To Changes In Creditworthiness	-	-
Net Amount Of Defined Benefit Plans	13,296	13,296
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier I Capital (-)	2,678	2,678
Shares Obtained Against Article 56, Paragraph 4 Of The Banking Law (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Amount Exceeding The 15% Threshold Of Tier I Capital As Per The Article 2, Clause 2 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital (-)	-	-
Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted (-)	-	-
Excess Amount Arising From Deferred Tax Assets From Temporary Differences (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	-
Deductions From Tier I Capital In Cases Where There Are No Adequate Additional Tier I Or Tier II Capitals (-)	-	-
<b>Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>294,243</b>	<b>295,789</b>
<b>Total Common Equity Tier I Capital</b>	<b>5,494,881</b>	<b>5,239,692</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

<b>Additional Tier I Capital Before Deductions</b>	-	
<b>Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital</b>		
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Additional Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks Or Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Additional Tier I Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 7 Of The Regulation	-	
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital (-)	-	
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	
<b>Items To Be Deducted From Tier I Capital During The Transition Period</b>		
Goodwill And Other Intangible Assets And Related Deferred Taxes Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	
Net Deferred Tax Asset/Liability Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation On Measurement And Assessment Of Capital Adequacy Of Banks (-)	-	
Deduction From Additional Tier I Capital When There Is Not Enough Tier II Capital (-)	-	
<b>Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital</b>	-	
<b>Total Additional Tier I Capital</b>	-	
<b>Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital= Common Equity Tier I Capital + Additional Tier I Capital)</b>	<b>5,494,881</b>	<b>5,239,692</b>
<b>Tier II Capital</b>		
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA	1,969,331	1,847,727
Debt Instruments And The Related Issuance Premiums Defined By The BRSA (Covered By Temporary Article 4)	-	
Provisions (Amounts Explained In The First Paragraph Of The Article 8 Of The Regulation On Bank Capital)	503,505	460,610
<b>Total Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>	<b>2,472,836</b>	<b>2,308,337</b>
<b>Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>		
Direct And Indirect Investments Of The Bank On Its Own Tier II Capital (-)	-	
Investments In Equity Instruments Issued By Banks And Financial Institutions Invested In Bank's Tier II Capital And Having Conditions Stated In The Article 8 Of The Regulation	-	
Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital (-)	-	
The Total Of Net Long Position Of The Direct Or Indirect Investments In Additional Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Tier I Capital (-)	-	
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	-	
<b>Total Deductions From Tier II Capital</b>	-	
<b>Total Tier II Capital</b>	<b>2,472,836</b>	<b>2,308,337</b>
<b>Total Equity (Total Tier I And Tier II Capital)</b>	<b>7,967,717</b>	<b>7,548,029</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

<b>Total Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital (Total Equity)</b>		
Loans Granted Against The Articles 50 And 51 Of The Banking Law (-)	-	-
Net Book Values Of Movables And Immovables Exceeding The Limit Defined In The Article 57, Clause 1 Of The Banking Law And The Assets Acquired Against Overdue Receivables And Held For Sale But Retained More Than Five Years (-)	-	-
Other Items To Be Defined By The BRSA (-)	82,425	84,146
<b>Items To Be Deducted From The Sum Of Tier I And Tier II Capital (Capital) During The Transition Period</b>		
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Tier I Capital, Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Of The Issued Share Capital Exceeding The 10% Threshold Of Above Tier I Capital Not Deducted From Additional Tier I Capital Or Tier II Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
The Portion Of Net Long Position Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or More Of The Issued Share Capital, Of The Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences And Of The Mortgage Servicing Rights Not Deducted From Tier I Capital As Per The Temporary Article 2, Clause 2, Paragraph (1) And (2) And Temporary Article 2, Clause 1 Of The Regulation (-)	-	-
<b>Capital</b>		
Total Capital ( Total Of Tier I Capital And Tier II Capital )	7,885,292	7,463,883
Total Risk Weighted Assets	48,006,364	42,206,862
<b>Capital Adequacy Ratios</b>		
CET1 Capital Ratio (%)	11.45	12.41
Tier I Capital Ratio (%)	11.45	12.41
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16.43	17.68
<b>Buffers</b>		
Bank-Specific Total CET1 Capital Ratio	2.50	1.88
Capital Conservation Buffer Ratio (%)	2.50	1.88
Systemic Significant Bank Buffer Ratio (%)	-	-
Additional CET1 Capital Over Total Risk Weighted Assets Ratio Calculated According To The Article 4 Of Capital Conservation And Counter-Cyclical Capital Buffers Regulation	5.45	6.41
<b>Amounts Lower Than Excesses As Per Deduction Rules</b>	-	-
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Equity Items Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Total Of Net Long Positions Of The Investments In Tier I Capital Of Unconsolidated Banks And Financial Institutions Where The Bank Owns More Than 10% Or Less Of The Issued Share Capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets Arising From Temporary Differences	-	-
<b>Limits For Provisions Used In Tier II Capital Calculation</b>	-	-
General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach (Before Limit Of One Hundred And Twenty Five Per Ten Thousand)	503,505	460,610
General Loan Provisions For Exposures In Standard Approach Limited By 1.25% Of Risk Weighted Assets	503,505	460,610
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach	-	-
Total Loan Provision That Exceeds Total Expected Loss Calculated According To Communiqué On Calculation Of Credit Risk By Internal Ratings Based Approach, Limited By 0.6% Risk Weighted Assets	-	-
Debt Instruments Covered By Temporary Article 4 (Effective Between 1.1.2018-1.1.2022)	-	-
Upper Limit For Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier I Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Upper Limit For Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4	-	-
Amount Of Additional Tier II Capital Items Subject To Temporary Article 4 That Exceeds Upper Limit	-	-
Geçici Madde 4 hükümlerine tabi borçlanma araçları (1 Ocak 2018 ve 1 Ocak 2022 arasında uygulanmak üzere)	-	-
Geçici Madde 4 hükümlerine tabi ilave ana sermaye kalemlerine ilişkin üst sınır	-	-
Geçici Madde 4 hükümlerine tabi ilave ana sermaye kalemlerinin üst sınırı aşan kısmı	-	-
Geçici Madde 4 hükümlerine tabi katkı sermaye kalemlerine ilişkin üst sınır	-	-
Geçici Madde 4 hükümlerine tabi katkı sermaye kalemlerinin üst sınırı aşan kısmı	-	-

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.2 Approaches applied to assess the adequacy of internal capital requirement in terms of current and future activities:**

Internal evaluation process is established for continuously evaluating and maintaining the types, components and distribution of the adequate level of capital in order to provide for various risks exposed to or to be exposed to. The final purpose of the evaluation process of the internal capital requirement, is to define and evaluate all the risks included or not in the calculations of the legal capital requirements, within the frame of the activities of the bank, and to provide the availability of adequate capital in order to cover these risks and the application of the risk management techniques. The results obtained in this evaluation process by taking into consideration, the Banks' growth strategy, assets-liabilities structure, funding sources, liquidity position, foreign currency position, the effect of the price and market fluctuations on the capital, which are among the variables of the economy, aim to provide the continuity of the mentioned capital adequacy level at the determined level in compliance with the Banks' risk profile and risk appetite.

Within this scope, capital structure is reviewed as based on the frame of the activities and risks exposed to, and the internal capital requirement, probable to occur within the direction of targets and strategies of the Bank is evaluated. This evaluation includes interest rate risk, concentration risk, liquidation risk, reputation risk, residual risk, country risk and strategic risk arising of the banking books as well as market, credit and operational risks. Capital requirement internal evaluation is evaluated to be a developing process and the development areas for the future period are determined and plans are prepared.

**2. Explanations on currency risk**

Foreign currency risk represents the Bank's exposure to loss due to the changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All foreign currency assets, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are considered in calculation of capital to be employed for foreign currency risk according to standard method.

The Bank monitors daily the designated limits set by the Board of Directors and additionally observes the possible value changes in foreign currency positions. The limits are determined and followed both for the net foreign currency position and for the cross exchange rate risk within the position. As a tool of foreign currency risk management, foreign currency forward transactions are used when necessary to mitigate the risk.

As of 31 March 2019, the Bank carries a net foreign currency short position of TL 1,065,981 (31 December 2018 – TL 655,043 long position) comprising of TL 1,132,933 balance sheet short position (31 December 2018 - TL 692,847 long position) and TL 66,952 off balance sheet short position (31 December 2018 – TL 37,804 long position).

The announced current foreign exchange buying rates of the Bank as of 31 March 2019 and the previous five working days are as follows (full TL):

	24/03/2019	25/03/2019	26/03/2019	27/03/2019	28/03/2019	Balance sheet evaluation rate
<b>USD</b>	5.6382	5.50467	5.40242	5.5336	5.62666	5.62666
<b>EURO</b>	6.37841	6.22721	6.08731	6.22181	6.31907	6.31907
<b>GBP</b>	7.44031	7.2725	7.13379	7.27448	7.35178	7.35178
<b>CHF</b>	5.67378	5.54263	5.43254	5.557	5.65089	5.65089
<b>JPY</b>	0.05121	0.0499	0.0489	0.05017	0.05081	0.05081

The simple arithmetic averages of the major current foreign exchange buying rates of the Bank for the thirty days preceding the balance sheet date are as follows (full TL):

	Monthly average FC purchase rate
USD	5.4709
EURO	6.1830
GBP	7.2044
CHF	5.4684
JPY	0.0492

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**Currency risk of the Bank:**

	<b>Euro</b>	<b>USD</b>	<b>Other FC</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Current period</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	2,710,041	3,590,472	2,866,732	9,167,245
Banks(****)	4,339,890	312,557	1,799,130	6,451,577
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	7,300	1,629,211	1,636,511
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,096,995	4,429,002	-	7,525,997
Loans and finance lease receivables (*)	6,816,107	15,071,836	55,054	21,942,997
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (**)	445,754	-	-	445,754
Financial assets at amortized cost	1,903,534	566,252	-	2,469,786
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	-	1,096	-	1,096
Intangible assets	-	44	-	44
Other assets	2,076,889	19,183	1,618	2,097,690
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>21,389,210</b>	<b>23,997,742</b>	<b>6,351,745</b>	<b>51,738,697</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Current account and funds collected from Banks via participation accounts	52,385	145,890	157,675	355,950
Current and profit sharing accounts FC (****)	9,226,814	23,929,225	6,400,128	39,556,167
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions	274,248	8,942,767	1,113,615	10,330,630
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	20,754	36,371	925	58,050
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities (*****)	94,038	201,699	76,182	371,919
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>9,668,239</b>	<b>33,255,952</b>	<b>7,748,525</b>	<b>50,672,716</b>
Net balance sheet position	11,720,971	(9,258,210)	(1,396,780)	1,065,981
Net off-balance sheet position	(11,823,095)	9,310,965	1,379,197	(1,132,933)
Financial derivative assets	494,609	12,796,884	1,695,476	14,986,969
Financial derivative liabilities	12,317,704	3,485,919	316,279	16,119,902
Non-cash loans (***)	1,758,299	3,222,060	720,449	5,700,808
<b>Prior period</b>				
Total assets	16,533,817	21,029,390	5,016,721	42,579,928
Total liabilities	7,468,581	27,940,303	6,516,001	41,924,885
Net balance sheet position	9,065,236	(6,910,913)	(1,499,280)	655,043
Net off-balance sheet position	(9,093,399)	6,923,802	1,476,750	(692,847)
Financial derivative assets	418,581	9,417,560	1,705,056	11,541,197
Financial derivative liabilities	9,511,980	2,493,758	228,306	12,234,044
Non-cash loans (***)	1,720,497	3,064,977	665,983	5,451,457

(\*) Includes foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 4,535,915 (31 December 2018 – TL 5,425,809) followed as TL on the balance sheet and expected loss provisions amounting to TL 351,216.

(\*\*) TL 445,754 (31 December 2018 - TL 445,754) of the subsidiaries amounting to TL 547,950 in the balance sheet includes foreign currency subsidiary and subsidiary.

(\*\*\*) Does not have any effect to the net off-balance sheet position.

(\*\*\*\*) Precious metals are included in "Other FC" column.

(\*\*\*\*\* Other liabilities at fair value through TL 1,994 in the calculation of profit / loss of securities are not included in the foreign currency risk of impairment provisions. It also includes a provision for foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 98,433.

(\*\*\*\*\* Includes provisions for expected losses amounting to TL 50,523 in the balance sheet

Foreign currency amounts that are not included in the currency risk table due to the legislation related to calculation of foreign currency net position to equity standard ratio, are explained by their gradation in the financial statements below;

- Derivative financial assets held for trading TL 129,571 (31 December 2018 – TL 12,528)
- Prepaid expenses : TL 593 (31 December 2018 - 706 TL)
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading : TL 13,582 (31 December 2018 – TL 41,936 )
- Marketable securities of FC revaluation reverse: (96,593) ( 31 December 2018 - TL (51,432) )
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging : TL 108,428 (31 December 2018 - TL 106,352 )

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Receivables/Payables related to derivative financial instruments include foreign currency purchase/sale transactions that are amounting to;

- Forward foreign currency purchase transactions TL 919,977 (31 December 2018 – TL 538,844 )
- Forward foreign currency sale transactions: TL 1,172,569 (31 December 2018 – TL 788,379 )

**3. Explanations related to stock position risk**

**3.1 Relation of risks with gains accounted under equity and analyzing according to their aims including strategic reasons and the accounting policies applied and general information about valuation techniques with assumptions in this application, the elements that manipulate valuation and important changes:**

The Bank's non-quoted securities are accounted for fair value. When the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the cost method is used.

**3.2. Carrying value of share investments, for fair value and quoted securities, comparison with market value if market value is significantly different from fair value:**

<b>Current Period</b>		<b>Comparison</b>		
<b>Equity Securities (shares) investments (*)</b>		<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Market Value</b>
1	<b>Securities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>35,017</b>	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
2	<b>Investments in Associates</b>	-	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
3	<b>Investment in Subsidiaries</b>	<b>522,950</b>	-	<b>74,580</b>
	Quoted Securities	53,416	-	74,580
4	<b>Other</b>	<b>25,000</b>	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
<b>Prior Period</b>		<b>Comparison</b>		
<b>Equity Securities (shares) investments (*)</b>		<b>Carrying Value</b>	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Market Value</b>
1	<b>Securities Available-for-Sale</b>	<b>27,548</b>	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
2	<b>Investments in Associates</b>	-	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-
3	<b>Investment in Subsidiaries</b>	<b>522,950</b>	-	<b>80,520</b>
	Quoted Securities	53,416	-	80,520
4	<b>Other</b>	<b>25,000</b>	-	-
	Quoted Securities	-	-	-

(\*) Related equity investments are accounted on a cost basis in the accompanying financial statements since the fair value of these investments can not be measured reliably.

**3.3 Realized gains/losses, revaluation surplus, unrealized gains/losses on equity securities and results included in core and supplementary capitals:**

None.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**4. Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio**

The liquidity risk of the Bank is the risk of being unable to fulfill its payment obligations on time due to not having enough cash sources or cash inflows to finance its cash outflows fully and on time due to cash flow instabilities. It has been evaluated in two main categories:

**Funding Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which does not meet the any unexpected loss and non defaulting debts and liabilities.

**Market Liquidity Risk:** It is a kind of risk which consists of the position that cannot be sold without affecting market price due to insufficient market depth or market conditions' deterioration or that cannot be completed with the position of market price for any reasons.

**4.1 Information on risk capacity of the Bank, Responsibilities and structure of liquidity risk management, the Bank's internal liquidity risk reporting, communication between the Board of Directors and business lines on liquidity risk strategy, policy and application:**

The applications and responsibilities related to the liquidity risk has been determined according to the Treasury Liquidity and Market Management Policies and Practices approved by Board of Directors. The Bank's liquidity and funding policy is to own sufficient liquidity reserve and funding opportunities to meet its liabilities even in cases of stress, resulting from the market conditions or other conditions specific to the Bank.

The Bank has a strong capital structure and is supported by its main shareholder is Kuwait Finance House; also its current and participation accounts are spread to the base and are stable, and its sources of foreign borrowing are diversified. Hence, by the virtue of the aforementioned facts, the Bank has a high risk capacity. In addition, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio of the Bank which insures its cash outflows with the high-quality liquid assets is deemed high. The Bank also has limits available for use at Central Bank of Turkey and other financial institutions.

Indicators regarding the liquidity position are analyzed and liquidity risk is evaluated at the ALCO meetings attended by the senior management. Furthermore, the Board of Directors are informed through the Audit Committee.

For the management of liquidity risk, the Risk Management Department follows the funding and liquidity risks, market conditions, in the participating accounts, the distribution of different currencies, maturity, cost and expected future cash flow requirements (particularly with regard to large deposits). Reports on the liquidity gap analysis prepared weekly by Budget and Management Reporting and monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee. These units also estimate the possible liquidity needs of the Bank in case of urgent situations and generate action plans based on these estimates. Risk Management Department follows the limits on liquidity risk determined by the Board of Directors. Risk Management Department, in addition to these, is implementing monthly liquidity stress tests to measure the effects of negative scenarios on liquidity position of the Bank. The Treasury Group Management manages the liquidity risk and funding risk in order to prevent insufficiencies of funding relating to any time or any source and makes reports related with the liquidity position to Asset and Liability Committee regularly. External Reporting Directorate tracks the liquidity coverage ratio and the results are reported to the BRSA.

**4.2. Information on the centralization degree of liquidity management and funding strategy and the functioning between the Bank and the Bank's subsidiaries:**

The Bank's liquidity management is performed by the Asset and Liability Management. Depending on the Bank's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to liquidity risk is managed in-house, but the necessary communication and coordination within the Assistant General Manager in charge of Treasury and International Banking are provided.

**4.3 Information on the Bank's funding strategy including the policies on funding types and variety of maturities:**

Bank spread to the base of current and participation accounts and that a stable, long-term diversification and aims to be the source of the funds used. Ratio of liquid assets to total assets ratio and risk indicators related to liquidity, credit and the ratio of funds, issues such as the concentration in collected funds are being closely monitored.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**4.4 Information on liquidity management on the basis of currencies constituting a minimum of five percent of the Bank's total liabilities:**

Almost all liabilities of the Bank are denominated in Turkish Lira, American Dollar, Euro or Gold. The TL denominated liquidity of the Bank is managed through the open market transactions implemented by the Central Bank of the Turkish Republic and interbank operations. Liabilities denominated in TL are used in order to fund assets that are denominated in TL, assets denominated in TL are generated through foreign exchange based funds with swap operations if necessary. Foreign currency funds are provided with the foreign sourced credits denominated in foreign currency and sukuk-financial certificates issued. Liquidity denominated in foreign currency is kept at the interbank operations and accounts of the corresponding bonds within the limits. Liabilities denominated in Gold are kept at the required reserve accounts of the Central Bank of the Turkish substantially.

**4.5. Information on liquidity risk mitigation techniques:**

Liquidity risk is mitigated by using techniques such as maintaining high quality liquid asset buffer to cover possible fund outflows, diversification of funding sources so far as possible and inclusion to the base, homogenizing the maturity distribution of repayments as far as possible, obtaining limits from funding institutions to use when necessary and ensuring that a determined portion of funding sources are comprised of deposits. In addition, core deposit analysis is performed and concentration on collected funds are closely monitored.

**4.6. Information on the use of stress tests:**

In order to analyze the source of the possible liquidity insufficiencies and whether conformably move exists on existing off-balance sheet and balance sheet positions relevant with liquidity risk expectation, 3 types liquidity stress tests are applied by Risk Management Directorate. These includes stress test scenarios are special to the Bank, related with the overall market or scenarios take in consideration both of the situations. Stress tests related with liquidity risk are repeated at monthly periods. Results are tracked with key risk indicators and monitored by Senior Management.

**4.7. General information on urgent and unexpected liquidity situation plans:**

Necessary strategy and procedures for the management of possible liquidity crisis are determined with the Liquidity Contingency Plan, which is approved and reviewed every year by the Executive Risk Committee. The actions to be taken favor the benefits of depositors, creditors of the Bank and shareholders. Indicators of Liquidity Contingency Plan were determined, in case of unexpected progress at the liquidity situation occur or at situations trigger of other indicators, plan is put into use. After Liquidity Contingency Plan is put into use, Liquidity Contingency Management Committee is responsible from the determination of actions to be taken.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**Liquidity coverage ratio**

<i>Current Period</i>		<b>Total Unweighted Value (Average) <sup>(*)</sup></b>		<b>Total Weighted Value (Average) <sup>(*)</sup></b>	
		<b>TL+FC</b>	<b>FC</b>	<b>TL+FC</b>	<b>FC</b>
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	13,380,563	11,538,376	13,266,686	11,424,499
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	41,316,204	24,060,791	3,630,176	2,406,079
3	Stable deposits	10,028,885	-	501,444	-
4	Less stable deposits	31,287,319	24,060,791	3,128,732	2,406,079
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	11,793,191	7,737,838	5,905,635	3,658,753
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	10,787,000	7,517,150	4,899,444	3,438,065
8	Unsecured funding	1,006,191	220,688	1,006,191	220,688
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	9,362,136	8,618,559	9,362,136	8,618,559
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	8,963,862	8,618,559	8,963,862	8,618,559
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	398,274	-	398,274	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	15,595,583	5,516,428	1,142,520	408,402
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>20,040,467</b>	<b>15,091,793</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	14,344,298	11,119,447	12,407,262	10,548,569
19	Other cash inflows	9,295,550	8,301,593	9,295,550	8,301,593
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>23,639,848</b>	<b>19,421,040</b>	<b>21,702,812</b>	<b>18,850,162</b>
				Upper Limit Applied Value	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA</b>			<b>13,266,686</b>	<b>11,424,499</b>
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>5,010,117</b>	<b>3,772,948</b>
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>264.80</b>	<b>302.80</b>

(\*) The average of last three months' liquidity coverage ratio calculated by monthly simple averages.

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios for the period between 1 January – 31 March 2019:

	<b>Highest</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Lowest</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Average</b>
<b>TL+FC</b>	295.89	01/03/2019	244.26	11/01/2019	264.03
<b>FC</b>	339.75	01/03/2019	273.42	11/01/2019	302.04

The liquidity coverage rate is calculated by the proportion of high quality liquid assets held by the bank to its one month maturity cash outflows. Important balance sheet items that determine the rate; Compulsory provisions held by the TCMB, repo / non-repurchase securities, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds from abroad and receivables from banks. These items have more impact on the liquidity coverage ratio than the liquidity assets and net cash outflows, because they have a high share of the current cointegration, high concentration and variability over time.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**Liquidity risk management and liquidity coverage ratio (continued)**

Prior Period		Total Unweighted Value (Average) (*)		Total Weighted Value (Average) (*)	
		TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
<b>HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS</b>					
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	10,508,441	8,795,462	10,488,821	8,775,842
<b>CASH OUTFLOWS</b>					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	39,025,039	21,661,571	3,389,442	2,166,157
3	Stable deposits	10,261,242	-	513,062	-
4	Less stable deposits	28,763,797	21,661,571	2,876,380	2,166,157
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	10,237,486	6,333,153	5,244,979	3,132,932
6	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-
7	Non-operational deposits	9,329,972	6,111,483	4,337,465	2,911,262
8	Unsecured funding	907,514	221,670	907,514	221,670
9	Secured wholesale funding			-	-
10	Other cash outflows of which:	8,432,694	7,464,267	8,432,694	7,464,267
11	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	8,007,192	7,464,267	8,007,192	7,464,267
12	Outflows related to restructured financial Instruments	425,502	-	425,502	-
13	Payment commitments and other off-balance sheet commitments granted for debts to financial markets	-	-	-	-
14	Other revocable off-balance sheet commitments and contractual obligations	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable off-balance sheet obligations	15,380,687	5,760,329	1,017,528	306,640
16	<b>TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>18,084,643</b>	<b>13,069,996</b>
<b>CASH INFLOWS</b>					
17	Secured receivables	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured receivables	14,676,955	11,138,438	12,592,834	10,612,342
19	Other cash inflows	8,518,216	8,076,938	8,518,216	8,076,938
20	<b>TOTAL CASH INFLOWS</b>	<b>23,195,171</b>	<b>19,215,376</b>	<b>21,111,050</b>	<b>18,689,280</b>
				Upper Limit Applied Value	
21	<b>TOTAL HQLA</b>			<b>10,488,821</b>	<b>8,775,842</b>
22	<b>TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS</b>			<b>4,521,161</b>	<b>3,267,499</b>
23	<b>LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)</b>			<b>231.99</b>	<b>268.58</b>

(\*) The average of the calculated liquidity coverage ratio for the last three months based on the monthly simple arithmetic average,

The table below presents highest, lowest and average liquidity coverage ratios for 31 December 2018:

**Prior Period:**

	Highest	Date	Lowest	Date	Average
<b>TL+FC</b>	311.34	20/07/2018	215.70	19/10/2018	248.32
<b>FC</b>	422.71	16/02/2018	251.08	28/12/2018	331.97

The liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by the ratio of the high quality liquid assets of the bank to the net cash outflows within the one-month maturity window. Important balance sheet items which are influential over the aforementioned ratio may be specified as required reserves held in the presence of TC Central Bank, securities not subject to repo/assurance, institutional qualified participation accounts, funds of foreign origins and receivables from banks. These items have a higher influence over the liquidity coverage ratio as their amounts have a higher share of liquid assets and net cash outflows, their consideration rate is higher and they may show variability over time.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:**

Current period	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 Months	3-12 months	1-5 Years	Over 5 years	Unallocated (**)	Total
<b>Assets</b>								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, Cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	2,881,166	7,165,139	-	-	-	-	-	10,046,305
Banks	6,439,570	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,439,570
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	35,930	25,841	20,755	1,642,052	-	-	1,724,578
Money market placements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	280,350	351,887	387,718	7,794,061	468,086	124,751	9,406,853
Loans (*)	-	11,017,868	5,589,439	15,180,283	15,343,401	2,354,594	(897,691)	48,587,894
Loans measured at amortised cost	-	-	-	-	2,469,786	-	-	2,469,786
Other assets (**)	59,003	2,297,516	15,775	-	332,653	-	2,189,987	4,894,934
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>9,379,739</b>	<b>20,796,803</b>	<b>5,982,942</b>	<b>15,588,756</b>	<b>27,581,953</b>	<b>2,822,680</b>	<b>1,417,047</b>	<b>83,569,920</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	300,651	61,352	-	-	-	-	-	362,003
Current and profit sharing accounts	25,193,841	31,762,857	4,545,326	1,606,807	40,784	-	-	63,149,615
Funds provided from other financial institutions	-	829,086	3,685,607	1,680,443	4,103,493	1,986,689	305,261	12,590,579
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	203,978	127,132	-	-	-	-	-	331,110
Other Liabilities (***)	-	492,034	51,617	3,019	108,428	-	6,481,515	7,136,613
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>25,698,470</b>	<b>33,272,461</b>	<b>8,282,550</b>	<b>3,290,269</b>	<b>4,252,705</b>	<b>1,986,689</b>	<b>6,786,776</b>	<b>83,569,920</b>
Net liquidity gap	(16,318,731)	(12,475,658)	(2,299,608)	12,298,487	23,329,248	835,991	(5,369,729)	-
<b>Prior period</b>								
Total assets	10,418,405	20,761,571	6,307,308	14,845,579	18,515,472	2,689,247	694,743	74,232,325
Total liabilities	22,289,365	28,792,696	5,243,863	5,780,662	3,990,081	1,901,210	6,234,448	74,232,325
Net liquidity gap	(11,870,960)	(8,031,125)	1,063,445	9,064,917	14,525,391	788,037	(5,539,705)	-

(\*) Includes receivables from leasing transactions and presented with netting off with the expected credit loss.

(\*\*) Certain assets in the balance sheet that are necessary for the banking operations but cannot be readily convertible into cash in the near future, such as tangible assets, investments in associates and subsidiaries, stationary supplies and prepaid expenses are included under unallocated assets.

(\*\*\*) The unallocated other liabilities consists of equity and provisions balances.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**5. Explanations on leverage ratio**

**Disclosure of leverage ratio template**

The leverage ratio table prepared in accordance with the communiqué “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage Ratios of Banks” published in the Official Gazette no. 28812 dated 5 November 2013 is presented below:

<b>On-balance sheet assets (*)</b>		<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives but including collateral)	79,871,578	73,486,996
2	(Assets deducted in determining Tier I Capital)	(268,617)	(250,604)
3	Total on-balance sheet risks (sum of lines 1 and 2)	79,602,961	73,236,392
<b>Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives</b>			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	75,996	125,968
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivative instruments and credit derivatives	283,605	134,811
6	Total risks of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 5)	359,601	260,779
<b>Securities or commodity financing transactions (SCFT)</b>			
7	Risks from SCFT assets (excluding on-balance sheet)	700,270	863,204
8	Risks from brokerage activities related exposures	-	-
9	Total risks related with securities or commodity financing transactions (sum of lines 7 to 8)	700,270	863,204
<b>Other off-balance sheet transactions</b>			
10	Gross notional amounts of off-balance sheet transactions	64,058,235	61,704,440
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(42,040,368)	(40,649,139)
12	Total risks of off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 10 and 11)	22,017,867	21,055,301
<b>Capital and total risks</b>			
13	Tier I Capital	5,457,130	5,313,980
14	Total risks (sum of lines 3, 6, 9 and 12)	102,680,699	95,415,676
<b>Leverage ratio</b>			
15	Leverage ratio	5.31	5.57

(\*) Amounts in the table are three-month average amounts.

The leverage ratio calculated on the basis of the arithmetic average of the the amounts realized at the end of each month for the past three-month period as of the Bank's solo balance sheet date was 5.31% (31 December 2018 - 5.57%). The main reason for the changes from the previous period is that the increase in the items related to the finance transactions secured by securitisation instruments and goods is higher compared to the increase in other items. Therefore, the core capital decreased by 3% due to the profit for the period, balance-sheet risks increased by 9%, and off balance sheet items decreased by 5%. Accordingly, the leverage ratio of the current period compared to the previous year shows a decrease of 26 basis points.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**6. Explanations on hedge accounting practices**

TFRS 9 permits to defer application of TFRS 9 hedge accounting principles and permits the companies continue to apply hedge accounting principles of TAS 39 as a policy choice. In this context, the Bank continue to apply TAS 39 policy for the hedge accounting.

The Bank uses cash flow hedge (CFH) accounting as of the balance sheet date.

The contractual amounts of the derivative financial instruments as of March 31, 2019 and the net fair values of the financial instruments are summarized in the table below:

	Current Period			Prior Period		
	Principal*	Asset	Liability	Principal*	Asset	Liability
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cross currency swap transactions (CFH)	1,219,875	-	108,428	1,144,549	-	106,352
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,219,875</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>108,428</b>	<b>1,144,549</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>106,352</b>

(\*) Only the “sell” legs of the related derivatives are presented with the addition of the “buy” legs of these derivatives amounting to TL 1,102,680 (December 31, 2018: TL 1,020,984) the total notional of derivative financial assets amounting to TL 2,322,555 (December 31, 2018: TL 2,165,533) is accounted for in off-balance sheet under “Derivative financial instruments held for risk management” line item.

When the hedging instrument expires, is executed or sold and when the hedge relationship becomes ineffective or is discontinued as a result of the hedge relationship being revoked;

- The hedging gains and losses that were previously recognized under equity are transferred to profit or loss when the cash flows of the hedged item are realized,
- Adjustments made to the carrying amount of the hedged item are transferred to profit and loss with straight line method for portfolio hedges or with effective interest rate method for micro hedges.

In case the hedged item is derecognized, hedge accounting is discontinued and within context of fair value hedge accounting, adjustments made to the value of the hedged item are accounted in income statement.

In accordance with TAS, the replacement or rollover of a hedging instrument into another hedging instrument is not an expiration or termination if such replacement or rollover is part of the entity's documented hedging strategy.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**Cash flow hedge:**

The Bank, convert Malaysian Ringgit (MYR) 800,000 MYR borrowings to USD loan with cross currency swap and this fund is evaluated in profit share-yielding assets in USD. In this context, the Bank has started to implement cash flow hedge accounting on August 1, 2014 to protect itself with cross currency swap against cash flow risks due to the changes in MYR/TL foreign exchange rates on borrowings and changes in USD/TL foreign exchange rates on profit share-yielding assets.

In this context, the derivative financial instruments which are determined as hedging instruments are cross currency swaps and the hedged items are funds borrowed and profit share-yielding assets. In the below table, the effect of accounting of CFH is explained:

Current Period					
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability) (**)	Nature of hedged risks	Net fair value of the hedging instrument		Amount in hedging funds (*)
			Asset	Liability	
Swap Transactions	Loans received and profit share assets	Cash flow risk of exchange rate changes	-	1,102,680	1,825

(\*) Includes the deferred tax effect. As of prior period deferred tax effect amounting to TL (402).

(\*\*) Subsidiary of the Participation Bank KT Kira Certifikaları A.Ş. Securities issued by the Bank and presented in the "Loans Received" line in the financial statements.

Prior Period					
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability) (**)	Nature of hedged risks	Net fair value of the hedging instrument		Amount in hedging funds (*)
			Asset	Liability	
Swap Transactions	Loans received and profit share assets	Cash flow risk of exchange rate changes	-	1,020,984	9,722

(\*) Includes the deferred tax effect. As of prior period deferred tax effect amounting to (TL 2,139)

(\*\*) Bank's subsidiary KT Kira Sertifikaları A.Ş. Securities issued by the Bank and presented in the "Loans Received" line in the financial statements.

At the inception date, the Participation Bank documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the CFH accounting application in accordance with TAS 39 and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same way. Effectiveness tests have been selected according to the methods that are allowed by TAS 39 in reliance to the risk strategies of the Participation Bank. Also, effectiveness tests have been performed at the end of every month and the effectiveness of the risk relationships have been measured.

As of March 31, 2019 cash flow hedge transactions have been determined as effective.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**7. Explanations On Risk Management**

Risk Management System refers to the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee, the Risk Management Committee, Asset-Liability Committee (“ALCO”) and the Risk Management Department (“RMD”) which has been composed in order to manage systemic risks that the Bank is exposed. The Board of Directors is the owner of the Bank's Risk Management System and ensures the establishment of an effective, sufficient and appropriate risk management system as well as the continuity of the system. The main objective of the Bank's Risk Management System is to identify, measure, monitor and control the risks that the Bank is exposed to, by determining the policies, limits and procedures to control, to monitor, and if necessary to change the risk-return structure of the Bank's future cash flows and the level & the quality of related activities.

		Risk Weighted Amounts		Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period 31/03/2019	Prior Period 31/12/2018	Current Period 31/03/2019
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	40,036,873	36,698,184	3,202,950
2	Of which standardised approach (SA)	40,082,364	36,757,533	3,206,589
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	198,043	91,242	15,843
5	Of which standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	198,043	91,242	15,843
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity position in banking book under basic risk weighting or internal rating-based	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds – look-through approach	45,491	59,345	3,639
9	Equity investments in funds – mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Equity investments in funds – 1250% risk weighting Approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB supervisory formula approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	2,140,610	1,070,340	171,249
17	Of which standardised approach (SA)	2,140,610	1,070,340	171,249
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	5,585,346	4,287,751	446,828
20	Of which basic indicator approach	5,585,346	4,287,751	446,828
21	Of which standardised approach	-	-	-
22	Of which advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction from capital (subject to 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	<b>Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)</b>	<b>48,006,363</b>	<b>42,206,862</b>	<b>3,840,509</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**8. Securitization Positions**

None.

**9. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf and account of other persons, fiduciary-based transactions**

The Bank does not perform purchases, sales and custody services in the name of others. The Bank has no fiduciary-based transaction agreements.

**10. Explanations on business segments**

The Bank operates in Retail Banking, Corporate and Commercial Banking, International Banking sectors.

Corporate and Commercial Banking: to meet the financial needs of the customers', unique cash flow and financial solutions are provided to customers through loans, non-cash loans, foreign trade financing services and similar customized products. Domestic and foreign business opportunities are supported by using different corporate banking instruments to serve the sustainability of the production of entities.

Retail and Enterprise Banking includes fund collection, installment commercial loans, business loans, non cash loans, consumer financing and credit cards. The Bank serves in the range of products areas of profit share accounts creation, banking services, Trade Finance, Checks, POS services, Credit Cards, ATM services, Online Banking and Mobile Banking in these fields.

In International Banking, the relationships with foreign correspondent banks and investment institutes are executed directly or via branches abroad, representative offices and agencies. The firms, which are exceed size limits, are classified "corporate" customers and directed to the Corporate Banking. The products are the same with the Commercial Banking. The aim of international banking is to enable foreign trade financing and develop mutual long term financing agreements with foreign banks. Besides supplying syndicated loans and issue the Sukuk for the Bank, investment banking also supplies syndicated loans in corporate basis for the firms and groups in Turkey. The Treasury in addition to monitoring foreign currency position and liquidity of the Bank, also conducts spot and forward transactions in TL or foreign currencies, performs derivative transactions (forward, swap) with banks and customers, trades of gold within the context of membership of Istanbul Gold Exchange, trades share certificates in BIST and international markets and conducts Murabaha transactions with foreign banks.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**Selected balance sheet and income statement items according to segments:**

<b>Current Period</b> <b>1 January 2019-31 March 2019</b>	<b>Retail and enterprise Banking</b>	<b>Commercial banking</b>	<b>Corporate and international banking</b>	<b>Unallocated</b>	<b>Bank's total operation</b>
Operating income	1,367,378	817,195	313,389	-	2,497,962
Operating expenses (-)	1,382,163	245,986	90,045	461,140	2,179,334
Transfers between segments	727,435	(137,909)	(589,526)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>712,650</b>	<b>433,300</b>	<b>(366,182)</b>	<b>(461,140)</b>	<b>318,628</b>
Income from associates	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>712,650</b>	<b>433,300</b>	<b>(366,182)</b>	<b>(461,140)</b>	<b>318,628</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	64,625	64,625
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>712,650</b>	<b>433,300</b>	<b>(366,182)</b>	<b>(525,765)</b>	<b>254,003</b>
<b>Current Period</b>					
<b>31 March 2019</b>					
Segment assets	18,346,999	30,345,126	30,468,635	-	79,160,760
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	547,950	547,950
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	3,861,210	3,861,210
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>18,346,999</b>	<b>30,345,126</b>	<b>30,468,635</b>	<b>4,409,160</b>	<b>83,569,920</b>
Segment liabilities	48,627,801	14,883,277	12,737,972	-	76,249,050
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	1,637,767	1,637,767
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	5,683,103	5,683,103
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>48,627,801</b>	<b>14,883,277</b>	<b>12,737,972</b>	<b>7,320,870</b>	<b>83,569,920</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>1 January 2018 – 31 March 2018</b>					
Operating income	829,358	635,584	41,707	-	1,506,649
Operating expenses (-)	567,202	165,052	182,133	334,099	1,248,486
Transfers between segments	372,649	(321,624)	(51,025)	-	-
<b>Net operating income(loss)</b>	<b>634,805</b>	<b>148,908</b>	<b>(191,451)</b>	<b>(334,099)</b>	<b>258,163</b>
Income from associates	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Income (loss) before tax</b>	<b>634,805</b>	<b>148,908</b>	<b>(191,451)</b>	<b>(334,099)</b>	<b>258,163</b>
Provision for taxation (-)	-	-	-	55,075	55,075
<b>Net income for the period</b>	<b>634,805</b>	<b>148,908</b>	<b>(191,451)</b>	<b>(389,174)</b>	<b>203,088</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>31 December 2018</b>					
Segment assets	18,471,406	27,461,414	23,753,809	-	69,686,629
Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	547,950	547,950
Undistributed assets	-	-	-	3,997,746	3,997,746
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>18,471,406</b>	<b>27,461,414</b>	<b>23,753,809</b>	<b>4,545,696</b>	<b>74,232,325</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>					
<b>31 December 2018</b>					
Segment liabilities	42,407,218	11,578,738	12,401,757	-	66,387,713
Undistributed liabilities	-	-	-	2,406,059	2,406,059
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	5,438,553	5,438,553
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>42,407,218</b>	<b>11,578,738</b>	<b>12,401,757</b>	<b>7,844,612</b>	<b>74,232,325</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION FIVE**

**EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES ON THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Explanations and notes related to assets:**

**1.1. Information regarding the cash assets and the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey:**

**1.1.1 Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/foreign currency	375,095	840,748	491,059	1,348,617
The Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	431,544	7,179,514	692,050	6,947,252
Other (*)	72,421	1,146,983	-	957,110
<b>Total</b>	<b>879,060</b>	<b>9,167,245</b>	<b>1,183,109</b>	<b>9,252,979</b>

(\*) As of 31 March 2019, precious metal account amounting to TL 989,735 (31 December 2018 - TL 957,110 and money in transit amounting to TL 229,669 (31 December 2018 - None) are presented in this line.

**1.1.2 Balances with the Central Bank of Turkey:**

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	418,896	56	677,230	53
Restricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted time deposit	12,648	7,179,458	14,820	6,947,199
<b>Total</b>	<b>431,544</b>	<b>7,179,514</b>	<b>692,050</b>	<b>6,947,252</b>

In accordance with the “Communiqué no. 2013/15 on Reserve Requirements”, the Bank is required to maintain reserves in CBRT for TL and foreign currency liabilities. The reserve requirements can be maintained as TL, USD, EUR and standard gold. CBRT started paying interest on reserve balances held in USD starting from May 2015 and held in TL starting from November 2014. The reserve rates for TL liabilities vary between 1 % and 7 % for TL deposits and other liabilities according to their maturities as of 31 March 2019 (31 December 2018: % 1.5 ile % 8 for all TL liabilities). The reserve rates for foreign currency liabilities vary between 4 % and 20% for deposit and other foreign currency liabilities according to their maturities as of 31 March 2018 (31 December 2017: 4% and 20% for all foreign currency liabilities).

**1.2 Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:**

As of 31 March 2019, there are no financial assets at fair value through profit and loss subject to repurchase transactions, given as a collateral or blocked (31 December 2018 - None).

Positive differences related to marketable derivative financial assets:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	11,551	4,648	29,120	1,799
Swap transactions	4,648	124,923	363	10,729
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>16,199</b>	<b>129,571</b>	<b>29,483</b>	<b>12,528</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.3 Information on Banks:**

	Current period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	13,121	6,502,100	14,736	6,404,912
Domestic	13,000	4,018,681	14,631	3,608,271
Foreign	121	2,483,419	105	2,796,641
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>13,121</b>	<b>6,502,100</b>	<b>14,736</b>	<b>6,404,912</b>

Information on foreign bank accounts:

	Current period		Prior Period	
	Unrestricted Amount	Restricted Amount	Unrestricted Amount	Restricted Amount
EU Countries	719,204	-	1,160,613	-
USA and Canada	1,380,862	-	1,344,351	-
OECD Countries (*)	17,877	-	13,458	-
Off-shore Banking Regions	904	-	567	-
Other	364,693	-	277,757	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,483,540</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,796,746</b>	<b>-</b>

(\*) OECD countries other than European Union countries, USA and Canada.

**1.4 Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:**

	Current period	Prior Period
Debt Securities	9,488,862	6,432,017
Quoted on stock exchange	9,488,862	6,432,017
Not quoted on stock exchange	-	-
Share certificates	112,432	128,489
Quoted on stock exchange	62,940	60,764
Not quoted on stock exchange	49,492	67,725
Impairment provision	(194,441)	(164,441)
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,406,853</b>	<b>6,396,065</b>

**1.5 Explanations on financial assets measured at amortized cost:**

1.5.1 All types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	Current period		Prior period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	1,402	2,477	1,034	398
Corporate shareholders	-	2,461	-	398
Real person shareholders	1,402	16	1,034	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	591,868	534	204,988	520
Loans granted to employees	17,194	6	16,311	6
<b>Total</b>	<b>610,464</b>	<b>3,017</b>	<b>222,333</b>	<b>924</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.5.2 Information on standart loans, loans underclose monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring:**

Current Period		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables		Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Loans</b>	<b>41,908,291</b>	<b>3,417,392</b>	<b>1,404,730</b>	<b>-</b>
Export Loans	23,856	8,188	3	-
Import Loans	1,850,359	49,159	-	-
Corporation Loans	22,651,072	2,905,913	1,364,602	-
Consumer Loans	6,682,425	238,441	5,676	-
Credit Cards	852,806	48,700	34,449	-
Loans given to financial sector	5,932,385	-	-	-
Other	3,915,388	166,991	-	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>	<b>4,346</b>	<b>115,532</b>	<b>12,392</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>41,912,637</b>	<b>3,532,924</b>	<b>1,417,122</b>	<b>-</b>

Prior Period		Loans and other receivables under close monitoring		
		Loans and Receivables Not Subject to Restructuring	Restructured Loans and Receivables	
Cash Loans	Standard Loans and Other Receivables		Loans and Receivables with Revised Contract Terms	Refinance
<b>Loans</b>	<b>39,786,672</b>	<b>3,533,527</b>	<b>731,716</b>	<b>-</b>
Export Loans	26,872	506	2	-
Import Loans	1,867,353	81,466	-	-
Corporation Loans	21,773,227	3,034,533	710,335	-
Consumer Loans	6,483,386	225,107	3,883	-
Credit Cards	746,572	46,666	16,975	-
Loans given to financial sector	5,435,072	-	-	-
Other	3,454,190	145,249	521	-
<b>Other Receivables</b>	<b>5,432</b>	<b>110,414</b>	<b>807</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>39,792,104</b>	<b>3,643,941</b>	<b>732,523</b>	<b>-</b>

Information on standart loans and loans under close monitoring and restructured loans under close monitoring regarding provision:

Current Period (*)	Standard Loans	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	361,468	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	871,789

(\*) Includes expected credit loss of other financial assets measured at amortized cost amounting TL 6,446.

Prior Period	Standard Loans	Loans and other receivables under close monitoring
12 Month Expected Credit Losses	437,198	-
Significant Increase in Credit Risk	-	655,489

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.5.3 Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards:**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>82,933</b>	<b>6,727,838</b>	<b>6,810,771</b>
Housing Loans	19,770	5,851,100	5,870,870
Vehicle Loans	42,292	592,670	634,962
Consumer Loans	19,932	177,632	197,564
Other	939	106,436	107,375
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>22</b>
Housing Loans	-	22	22
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>102,972</b>	<b>102,972</b>
Housing Loans	-	57,733	57,733
Vehicle Loans	-	14	14
Consumer Loans	-	36,375	36,375
Other	-	8,850	8,850
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>412,083</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>412,158</b>
With Installment	90,094	75	90,169
Without Installment	321,989	-	321,989
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>1,344</b>	<b>11,433</b>	<b>12,777</b>
Housing Loans	-	951	951
Vehicle Loans	524	7,080	7,604
Consumer Loans	818	3,402	4,220
Other	2	-	2
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>10,522</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>10,592</b>
With Installment	4,223	70	4,293
Without Installment	6,299	-	6,299
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>506,882</b>	<b>6,842,410</b>	<b>7,349,292</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards: (continued)

<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Consumer Loans-TL</b>	<b>73,283</b>	<b>6,511,422</b>	<b>6,584,705</b>
Housing Loans	20,865	5,729,170	5,750,035
Vehicle Loans	30,836	480,515	511,351
Consumer Loans	19,859	181,876	201,735
Other	1,723	119,861	121,584
<b>Consumer Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>38</b>
Housing Loans	-	38	38
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Consumer Loans-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>116,935</b>	<b>116,935</b>
Housing Loans	-	49,281	49,281
Vehicle Loans	-	20	20
Consumer Loans	-	57,746	57,746
Other	-	9,888	9,888
<b>Retail Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>345,849</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>345,924</b>
With Installment	66,190	75	66,265
Without Installment	279,659	-	279,659
<b>Retail Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-TL</b>	<b>1,133</b>	<b>9,565</b>	<b>10,698</b>
Housing Loans	-	1,096	1,096
Vehicle Loans	340	4,712	5,052
Consumer Loans	791	3,757	4,548
Other	2	-	2
<b>Personnel Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Loans-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Housing Loans	-	-	-
Vehicle Loans	-	-	-
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>8,779</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>8,849</b>
With Installment	3,306	70	3,376
Without Installment	5,473	-	5,473
<b>Personnel Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Installment based	-	-	-
Without-installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Real Person)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Real Person)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>429,044</b>	<b>6,638,105</b>	<b>7,067,149</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.5.4 Information on commercial installment loans and corporate credit cards:**

<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>280,816</b>	<b>4,404,250</b>	<b>4,685,066</b>
Business Loans	38,095	1,160,904	1,198,999
Vehicle Loans	195,404	1,733,391	1,928,795
Consumer Loans	47,317	1,509,955	1,557,272
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>3,841</b>	<b>1,393,380</b>	<b>1,397,221</b>
Business Loans	2,556	302,411	304,967
Vehicle Loans	1,128	205,663	206,791
Consumer Loans	157	885,306	885,463
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>2,732</b>	<b>113,608</b>	<b>116,340</b>
Business Loans	-	69,539	69,539
Vehicle Loans	2,732	44,069	46,801
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>513,205</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>513,205</b>
With Installment	171,249	-	171,249
Without Installment	341,956	-	341,956
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>800,594</b>	<b>5,911,238</b>	<b>6,711,832</b>
<b>Prior Period</b>	<b>Short term</b>	<b>Medium and long term</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-TL</b>	<b>255,142</b>	<b>4,395,428</b>	<b>4,650,570</b>
Business Loans	19,741	1,226,572	1,246,313
Vehicle Loans	191,863	1,615,884	1,807,747
Consumer Loans	43,538	1,552,971	1,596,509
Other	-	1	1
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC Indexed</b>	<b>14,884</b>	<b>1,559,774</b>	<b>1,574,658</b>
Business Loans	11,441	372,631	384,072
Vehicle Loans	3,112	245,751	248,863
Consumer Loans	331	941,392	941,723
Other	-	-	-
<b>Commercial Installment Loans-FC</b>	<b>3,827</b>	<b>149,701</b>	<b>153,528</b>
Business Loans	-	110,540	110,540
Vehicle Loans	3,827	39,161	42,988
Consumer Loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-TL</b>	<b>455,440</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>455,440</b>
With Installment	160,745	-	160,745
Without Installment	294,695	-	294,695
<b>Corporate Credit Cards-FC</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
With Installment	-	-	-
Without Installment	-	-	-
<b>Overdraft Account-TL (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Overdraft Account-FC (Legal Entity)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>729,293</b>	<b>6,104,903</b>	<b>6,834,196</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.5.5 Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans:**

	Current period	Prior period
Domestic loans	46,510,390	43,830,656
Foreign loans	352,293	337,912
<b>Total</b>	<b>46,862,683</b>	<b>44,168,568</b>

**1.5.6 Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:**

	Current period	Prior period
Loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates (*)	112,910	121,040
Loans granted indirectly to subsidiaries and associates	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>112,910</b>	<b>121,040</b>

(\*) The amount of loans granted directly to subsidiaries and associates is presented under "Banks" in financial statements.

**1.5.7 Specific provisions for loans or default (Third Stage) provisions:**

	Current period	Prior period
Loans and receivables with limited collectability	145,666	89,643
Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	360,049	243,531
Uncollectible loans and receivables	594,306	507,882
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,100,021</b>	<b>841,056</b>

**1.5.8 Information on non-performing loans (Net):**

**1.5.8.1 Information on non-performing loans and other receivables restructured or rescheduled:**

None (31 December 2018-None).

**1.5.8.2 Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:**

	Group III Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Group IV Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Group V Uncollectible loans and receivables
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2018</b>	142,629	310,520	726,618
Additions in the current period (+)	264,902	180,402	16,758
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans(+)	57,221	162,078	137,443
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	162,168	137,394	57,180
Collections in the current period (-)	8,953	31,620	67,913
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	-	-	-
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)</b>	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	293,631	483,986	755,726
Specific provisions (-)	145,666	360,049	594,306
	<b>147,965</b>	<b>123,937</b>	<b>161,420</b>
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>			

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
<b>Prior Period</b>			
<b>Ending balance of prior period 31.12.2017</b>	<b>158,589</b>	<b>117,234</b>	<b>438,307</b>
Additions in the current period (+)	322,009	271,152	286,259
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	260,125	298,008
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans (-)	259,090	299,043	-
Collections in the current period (-)	78,879	38,948	192,814
<b>Write offs (-)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>103,142</b>
<b>Sold Portfolio (-)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit Cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance of the current period</b>	<b>142,629</b>	<b>310,520</b>	<b>726,618</b>
Specific provisions (-)	89,643	243,531	507,882
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>52,986</b>	<b>66,989</b>	<b>218,736</b>

**1.5.8.3** Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
<b>Current period:</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	31,299	8,865	-
Provision amount (-)	15,860	1,551	-
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>15,439</b>	<b>7,314</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Prior period:</b>			
Ending balance of the current period	19,793	-	-
Provision amount (-)	2,547	-	-
<b>Net balance at the balance sheet</b>	<b>17,246</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**1.5.8.4** Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups:

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans and receivables with limited collectability	Loans and receivables with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans and receivables
<b>Current period (Net)</b>	<b>147,965</b>	<b>123,937</b>	<b>161,420</b>
Loans granted to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	293,631	483,986	755,726
Specific provision (-)	145,666	360,049	594,306
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>147,965</b>	<b>123,937</b>	<b>161,420</b>
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-
<b>Prior period (net) 31.12.2018</b>	<b>52,986</b>	<b>66,989</b>	<b>218,736</b>
Loans to real persons and legal entities (Gross)	142,629	310,520	726,618
Specific provision (-)	89,643	243,531	507,882
<b>Loans to real persons and legal entities (Net)</b>	<b>52,986</b>	<b>66,989</b>	<b>218,736</b>
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (Net)	-	-	-

The Bank has collaterals such as cash, mortgages, pledges, and checks of customer issued for non-performing loans.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.5.8.5 Information on profit share accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences computed for non-performing loans and their provision:**

	<b>III. Group</b>	<b>IV. Group</b>	<b>V. Group</b>
	Loans and Other Receivables with Limited Collectibility	Loans and Other Receivables with Doubtful Collectibility	Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables
<b>Current Period (Net)</b>	<b>2,192</b>	<b>6,596</b>	<b>5,514</b>
Profit share accruals, rediscount and valuation differences	3,378	25,894	22,057
Provision (-)	1,186	19,298	16,543

**1.5.9 Main guidelines for liquidation process of uncollectible loans and other receivables:**

Loans and other receivables, which were deemed uncollectible according to the “Principles and Procedures for the Determination of the Quality of Loans and Other Receivables and Reserves to be provided for these Loans” published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated 1 November 2006 and for which a full impairment provision has been made, are written-off per the decision of the Bank’s top management. The Parent Bank has no receivables written off from records during the year of 2019. (31 December 2018 – 103,142 TL).

**1.5.10 Information on the write-off policy:**

The Bank ‘s write-off policy is to write-off the loan receivables that have been already transferred to legal follow-up and fully provided for and for which there is no possibility of collection through legal process and for which there is no collateral. Such loans are written off as per the decision of top management.

**1.6 Information on other financial assets measured at amortised cost:**

**1.6.1 Information on Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
<b>Debt Securities</b>	<b>2,469,786</b>	<b>-</b>
Quoted on a Stock Exchange	2,469,786	-
Not Quoted	-	-
<b>Impairment Provision (-)</b>	<b>(6,446)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,463,340</b>	<b>-</b>

**1.6.2 Movements of Other Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost During The Year**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Opening Balance	-	-
Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss	-	-
Purchases During the Year	2,469,786	-
Disposals Through Sales and Redemptions	-	-
Impairment Provision (-)	(6,446)	-
<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>2,463,340</b>	<b>-</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.7 Information on investment in associates (Net):**

**1.7.1** The 1.54% ownership of the shares of Kredi Garanti Fonu A.Ş. amounting to TL 4,897 (31 December 2018 – TL 4,897), 8.36% ownership of the shares of Islamic International Rating Agency amounting to TL 714 (31 December 2018 – TL 714), and 6.99% ownership of the shares of Neova Sigorta A.Ş. amounting to TL 5,936 (31 December 2018 – TL 5,201), Swift shares amounting to TL 390 (31 December 2018 – TL 390) and 0.0035% ownership of the shares traded in Borsa İstanbul A.Ş amounting to TL 15 (31 December 2018 – TL 15) and VISA Inc. shares amounting to TL 10,648 (31 December 2018 – TL 7,055), 4.55% ownership of the shares of Ulusal Derecelendirme A.Ş.

amounting to TL 2,273 (31 December 2018 – TL 0), are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income since the Bank's ownership in these entities is less than 10% and the Parent Bank does not have a significant influence on these entities.

**1.7.2** Information about investments in unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2018 – None).

**1.7.3** Information related to consolidated associates: None (31 December 2018 – None).

**1.8 Information on subsidiaries (Net):**

**1.8.1** Although the Bank has control power over the management and capital of its non-financial subsidiaries, Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San. Ve Tic. A.Ş does not confirm to the definition of financial subsidiary in accordance with "Regulation related to the Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements by Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006; hence this subsidiary has not been consolidated. The Bank has reflected its subsidiary at restated cost less any provision for impairment in its financial statements until 31 December 2004.

**1.8.2** Information on subsidiaries:

Title	Address (City/Country)	Bank's share percentage, if different-voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group share percentage (%)
Körfez Tatil Beldesi Turistik Tesisler ve Devremülk İşletmeciliği San.ve Tic. A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/Turkey	99.99%	99.99%
Körfez Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	75.00%	97.61%
KT Sukuk Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
KT Bank AG (*)	Frankfurt/Germany	100%	100%
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. (****).	İstanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
Architech Bilişim Sistemleri ve Pazarlama Tic A.Ş. (**)	İstanbul/Turkey	100%	100%
KT Sukuk Company Limited (***)	George Town/ Cayman Islands	100%	100%

Information on subsidiaries in the order presented in the above table:

Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Profit share income	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss	Fair value
27,984	26,996	-	-	-	(400)	31,529	-
145,392	145,392	1,651	-	-	(3,174)	(1,523)	-
153,835	635	-	-	-	136	191	-
8,720,923	226	-	-	-	47	(6)	-
2,588,041	726,693	7,875	-	-	(31)	(9,695)	-
63,231	15,094	2,925	-	-	(626)	888	-
1,986,690	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

(\*) As of 31 March 2019, financial figures for this entity in the table above are based on the financial information prepared in accordance with the local regulations of the country in which this entity operates.

(\*\*) These figures are shown per Turkish Commercial Law financial statements as at 31 March 2019.

(\*\*\*) KT Sukuk Company Limited is established in Cayman Islands on 31 July 2015, for the need of a second subordinated loan at the Bank. According to relevant article of TFRS 10, it is described as a subsidiary.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Movement regarding the subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the year	522,950	377,647
Movements during the year	-	145,303
Purchases	-	152,061
Transfers from subsidiaries	-	(5,000)
Bonus shares	-	-
Dividends from current year income	-	-
Sales	-	(5,000)
Revaluation increase (*)	-	3,242
Impairment	-	-
Capital commitment payments	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>522,950</b>	<b>522,950</b>
Capital commitments	-	-
Share percentage at the end of the year (%)	-	-

(\*) It expresses reversel of impairment loss.

Sectoral information on consolidated subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current period	Prior period
Banks	445,754	445,754
Insurance Companies	-	-
Factoring Companies	-	-
Leasing Companies	-	-
Finance Companies	-	-
Other Financial Subsidiaries	53,516	53,516
Subsidiaries that are quoted on the stock exchange		

	Current Period	Prior Period
Quoted in Domestic Stock Exchange	53,416	53,415
Quoted in Foreign Stock Exchange	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>53,416</b>	<b>53,415</b>

**1.8.3** Information on capital adequacies of major subsidiaries:

The shareholder's equity of KT Bank AG, the bank's subsidiary in Germany, calculated as of March 31, 2019 is EUR 84,333,419 and the capital adequacy ratio is %28.95%.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.9 Information on joint ventures (business partnerships) (Net)**

	Bank's share percentage	Total assets	Equity	Total fixed assets	Current period profit/loss	Prior period profit /loss
Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat A.Ş. (*) (**)	%50	1,848,598	40,000	12,085	6,413	3,318
KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. (***)	50%	7,707	7,113	155	329	(175)

(\*) These figures are shown per Turkish Trade Law financial statements as of 31 March 2019.

(\*\*) In accordance with decision of the Bank's Board of Directors on 25 April 2013, Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. decided to establish the Pension Company in line with main shares. Bank decided to establish that pension company with the equal share amounts with Albaraka Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. and that pension company is registered with the trade name "Katılım Emeklilik ve Hayat Anonim Şirketi", 895027 registry numbered dated 17 December 2013 by İstanbul Ticaret Sicil Müdürlüğü.

(\*\*\*) The Bank signed a deal with KFH Capital Investment Company on 5 October 2017 about transferring 50% of the share of KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.(Subsidiary) to KT Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. As of 20 July 2018, 50 % of the capital amount of subsidiary which is TL 10,000 transferred to KFH Capital Investment Company with the amounting TL 16,901. On 27 March 2019,a deal signed with KFH Capital Investment Company about repurchasing at same price 50 % of transferring share on 27 January 2019. The transfer completed on 2 April 2019.The Bank will follow it subsidiary in the status of subsidiaries as of 30 June 2019.

**1.10 Information on finance lease receivables (Net)**

**1.10.1 Presentation of remaining maturities of net finance leases:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	1,128,767	811,604	1,674,227	1,307,276
1 to 4 years	1,453,058	1,341,693	910,320	854,221
More than 4 years	382,748	371,849	297,345	289,202
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,964,573</b>	<b>2,525,146</b>	<b>2,881,892</b>	<b>2,450,699</b>

**1.10.2 Net investments in finance leases:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Gross receivable from finance leases	2,964,573	2,881,892
Unearned finance lease income (-)	(439,427)	(431,193)
Unearned finance lease income (-)	-	-
<b>Net receivable from finance leases</b>	<b>2,525,146</b>	<b>2,450,699</b>

**1.10.3 Information on finance lease contracts:**

The Bank determines the settlements of the financial lease agreements in accordance with related legislations. Payment terms and amounts may be rearranged with additional agreements upon customers' requests. On the agreements, the Bank gives the customer the option to buy the related property. According to the Financial Lease Law, if a customer does not fulfill its obligations until 60 days, the Bank sends a notice to the customer and the Bank takes legal action against the customer if necessary. Non performing finance lease receivables amounting to TL 33,575 are included in the non-performing loans in the balance sheet (31 December 2018 – TL 9,493).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.11 Information on derivative financial assets for hedging purposes:** None (31 December 2018 – None).

**1.12 Information on deferred tax asset**

As of 31 March 2019, deferred tax is offset as TL 332,653 in the balance sheet. In accordance with the related regulations deferred tax asset calculated as of 31 March 2019 is TL 350,561 (31 December 2018 – TL 362,096) and deferred tax liability is TL 17,908 (31 December 2018 – TL 15,456 TL).

	Current period	Prior period
Reserve for employee benefits	22,891	31,297
Retirement pay liability	18,756	17,412
Deferred income	57,918	55,507
Impairment provision for subsidiaries, fixed assets and assets held for sale	3,142	-
Rediscounts for derivative instruments held for trading (net)	287	30,080
TFRS 9 Provisions	205,502	192,935
Precious metals valuation difference	669	2,031
Other	41,396	32,834
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>350,561</b>	<b>362,096</b>
The difference between the registered value of tangible assets and tax value	(7,276)	(7,293)
Revaluation difference of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(5,639)	(3,691)
Other	(4,993)	(4,472)
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>	<b>(17,908)</b>	<b>(15,456)</b>
<b>Deferred tax asset, (net)</b>	<b>332,653</b>	<b>346,640</b>

Table of deferred tax asset movement:

	Current period	Prior period
As of January 1	346,640	138,710
Deferred tax (expense)/income	(19,215)	(3,653)
Deferred tax accounted under other comprehensive income	5,228	(4,066)
TFRS 9 opening effect	-	(8,986)
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>332,653</b>	<b>122,005</b>

**1.13 Information on other assets:**

As of balance sheet date, the Bank's other assets amount to TL 2,382,154 (31 December 2018 – TL 2,799,934). Other assets balance does not exceed 10% of the total assets on the balance sheet excluding off balance sheet commitments.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION FIVE**

**2. Explanations and notes related to liabilities**

**2.1 Information on funds collected**

**2.1.1 Information on maturity structure of funds collected:**

Current period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>5,157,649</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>5,157,649</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts TL</b>	-	4,987,642	7,683,556	454,613	-	248,304	277,687	16,947	13,668,749
<b>III. Other current accounts-TL</b>	<b>3,001,206</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>3,001,206</b>
Public sector	113,648	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113,648
Commercial sector	2,858,579	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,858,579
Other institutions	22,944	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,944
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	<b>6,035</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>6,035</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	5,834	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,834
Foreign banks	201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201
Participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	421,156	864,643	104,484	-	301,343	80,271	-	1,771,897
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	130	1,483	-	-	2,982	-	-	4,595
Public sector	-	364,204	796,293	94,806	-	285,952	78,123	-	1,619,378
Commercial sector	-	56,670	66,092	9,625	-	12,357	1,918	-	146,662
Other institutions	-	152	758	53	-	51	230	-	1,244
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	17	-	-	1	-	-	18
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>9,646,810</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>9,646,810</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>4,664,001</b>	<b>7,818,958</b>	<b>1,061,000</b>	-	<b>654,391</b>	<b>488,097</b>	<b>1,295</b>	<b>14,687,742</b>
<b>VII. Other current accounts-FC</b>	<b>4,575,044</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>4,575,044</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	4,216,526	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,216,526
Commercial residents in Abroad	190,243	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	190,243
Banks and participation banks	<b>168,275</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>168,275</b>
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	168,162	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	168,162
Participation banks	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	498,974	4,282,024	165,163	-	19,221	20,551	-	4,985,933
Public sector	-	46	5,860	-	-	-	-	-	5,906
Commercial sector	-	464,155	3,733,842	163,507	-	19,053	20,465	-	4,401,022
Other institutions	-	20,633	432,155	1,137	-	108	-	-	454,033
Commercial and other institutions	-	8,500	54,609	519	-	60	-	-	63,688
Banks and participation banks	-	5,640	55,558	-	-	-	86	-	61,284
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>3,113,783</b>	<b>1,403,041</b>	<b>1,303,832</b>	<b>130,356</b>	-	<b>62,922</b>	<b>2,626</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>6,016,588</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>25,494,492</b>	<b>11,974,814</b>	<b>21,953,013</b>	<b>1,915,616</b>	-	<b>1,286,181</b>	<b>869,232</b>	<b>18,270</b>	<b>63,511,618</b>

There are no 7 day notification and accumulative deposit accounts of the Bank.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Prior period	Demand	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
<b>I. Real persons current accounts-TL</b>	<b>4,753,832</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>4,753,832</b>
<b>II. Real persons profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>4,802,842</b>	<b>7,316,485</b>	<b>424,115</b>	-	<b>229,178</b>	<b>266,378</b>	<b>17,002</b>	<b>13,056,000</b>
<b>III. Other current accounts-TL</b>	<b>3,092,182</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>3,092,182</b>
Public sector	186,809	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	186,809
Commercial sector	2,851,256	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,851,256
Other institutions	46,276	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,276
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	7,841	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,841
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	7,708	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,708
Participation banks	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IV. Profit sharing accounts-TL</b>	-	<b>423,645</b>	<b>761,309</b>	<b>112,589</b>	-	<b>246,581</b>	<b>74,182</b>	-	<b>1,618,306</b>
Public sector	-	146	2,285	-	-	1,388	-	-	3,819
Commercial sector	-	380,225	698,953	102,196	-	233,421	72,119	-	1,486,914
Other institutions	-	43,258	60,055	10,342	-	11,763	1,859	-	127,277
Commercial and other institutions	-	16	-	51	-	8	204	-	279
Banks and participation banks	-	-	16	-	-	1	-	-	17
<b>V. Real persons current accounts-FC</b>	<b>8,080,999</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>8,080,999</b>
<b>VI. Real persons profit sharing accounts-FC</b>	-	<b>3,923,178</b>	<b>6,085,488</b>	<b>961,802</b>	-	<b>537,731</b>	<b>339,707</b>	<b>993</b>	<b>11,848,899</b>
<b>VII. Other current accounts-FC</b>	<b>3,593,287</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>3,593,287</b>
Commercial residents in Turkey	3,254,669	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,254,669
Commercial residents in Abroad	242,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	242,275
Banks and participation banks	96,343	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96,343
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	96,238	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96,238
Participation banks	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	105
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VIII. Profit sharing accounts- FC</b>	-	<b>443,390</b>	<b>2,174,742</b>	<b>208,184</b>	-	<b>16,061</b>	<b>9,678</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>2,852,418</b>
Public sector	-	39	3	-	-	-	-	-	42
Commercial sector	-	409,203	2,007,121	203,238	-	15,935	9,592	363	2,645,452
Other institutions	-	16,693	68,699	106	-	103	-	-	85,601
Commercial and other institutions	-	17,448	71,143	4,840	-	23	-	-	93,454
Banks and participation banks	-	7	27,776	-	-	-	86	-	27,869
<b>IX. Precious metal funds</b>	<b>2,588,233</b>	<b>1,020,239</b>	<b>1,205,547</b>	<b>212,397</b>	-	<b>61,746</b>	<b>2,174</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>5,090,355</b>
<b>X. Profit sharing accounts special funds - TL</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>XI. Profit sharing accounts special funds - FC</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>22,108,533</b>	<b>10,613,294</b>	<b>17,543,571</b>	<b>1,919,087</b>	-	<b>1,091,297</b>	<b>692,119</b>	<b>18,377</b>	<b>53,986,278</b>

There are no 7 day notification and accumulative deposit accounts of the Bank.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**2.1.2** Information's on current and profit share accounts that are in the scope of Saving Deposit/Saving Deposit Insurance Fund:

**2.1.2.1** Current and Participation Accounts Attributable to Real Entities/Persons under the Guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund Exceeding the Limit of the Deposit Insurance Fund:

	Under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance		Exceeding the limit of saving Deposit	
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Real persons current and profit sharing accounts that are not subject to commercial activities				
TL accounts	11,208,437	10,848,810	7,485,297	6,836,543
FC accounts	10,331,396	8,572,475	19,475,473	15,911,931
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions' under foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except for foreign branches) through current and profit share accounts which are opened by real persons and denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency with a limit of maximum of TL 100 (including both capital and profit shares) for each person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law No. 5411 which issued in official gazette no. 25893 on 1 November 2005.

**2.1.2.2** If the headquarters of the Bank is abroad and the deposit account in its Turkish branch is in the scope of the insurance policy in the country of the headquarter of the Bank is founded, it should be explained:

The headquarters of the Bank is in Turkey.

**2.1.2.3** Current and Profit Share Accounts of the real persons who are not in the scope of Saving Deposits Insurance Fund:

The Bank has no current or profit sharing accounts which are not under the guarantee of the Saving Deposit Insurance Fund except for the current and profit sharing accounts of shareholders, member of Board of Directors, CEO, the Vice Presidents and their first degree relatives.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' profit sharing accounts and other accounts	-	-
Profit sharing accounts and other accounts of controlling shareholders and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Profit sharing account and other accounts of President and Members of Board of Directors, CEO and Vice Presidents and profit sharing accounts of their mother, father, spouse and children in care	8,053	5,677
Profit sharing account and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law No:5237 dated 26 September 2004	-	-
Profit sharing accounts in participation banks which are established in Turkey in order to engage in off-shore banking activities solely	-	-

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**2.2 Information on derivative financial liabilities held for trading:**

Derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	12,814	4,726	20,764	1,362
Swap transactions	12,029	8,856	281	40,574
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>24,843</b>	<b>13,582</b>	<b>21,045</b>	<b>41,936</b>

**2.3. Information on funds borrowed:**

**2.3.1 Information on banks and other financial institutions:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
From Domestic Banks and Institutions	1,976,281	7,066,288	2,038,900	6,657,758
From Foreign Banks, Institutions and Funds	-	1,256,060	-	1,446,231
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,976,281</b>	<b>8,322,348</b>	<b>2,038,900</b>	<b>8,103,989</b>

**2.3.2 Information on maturity structure of borrowings:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	1,976,281	4,218,855	2,038,900	4,254,863
Medium and Long-Term	-	4,103,493	-	3,849,126
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,976,281</b>	<b>8,322,348</b>	<b>2,038,900</b>	<b>8,103,989</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**2.3.3 Explanations related to the concentrations of the Bank's major liabilities:**

All of the borrowings consist of foreign currency loans and majorly they are formed by the transactions with the off-shore financial institutions.

There is no risk concentration of the Bank's current and profit sharing accounts.

**2.4 Information on other liabilities and miscellaneous payables:**

As of 31 March 2019, other liabilities amount to TL 462,808 (31 December 2018 – TL 1,172,585), sundry creditors amount to TL 331,110 (31 December 2018 - TL 261,894), both of them do not exceed 10% of the balance sheet total.

**2.5 Information on finance lease payables (net):**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	124,705	119,021	-	-
1 to 4 years	239,587	147,837	-	-
More than 4 years	127,290	38,403	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>491,582</b>	<b>305,261</b>	-	-

The Participation Bank used FTP (Fund Transfer Pricing) rates as an alternative borrowing rate of profit at 1 January 2019. Relevant ratios are revised and revised in 2-week periods after 1 January 2019. The change in Participation Bank payments uses an unmodified discount rate unless the variable profit share rate is related. If the change in the lease payments results from variable profit share rates (LIBOR, EURIBOR), the lessee will use a revised discount rate reflecting changes in the profit share rate.

**2.6 Information on hedging derivative financial liabilities:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedge	-	-	-	-
Cash flow hedge	-	108,428	-	106,352
Hedge of net investment in foreign operations	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>108,428</b>	-	<b>106,352</b>

**2.7 Information on provisions:**

**2.7.1 Information on provisions related with foreign currency evaluation difference of foreign currency indexed loans:**  
As of 31 March 2019, effect of decrease in exchange rates on foreign currency indexed loans amounting to TL 7,431 (31 December 2018 – TL 4,654) and TL 707 for leasing receivables (31 December 2018 – TL 1,266) is offset against loans and receivables.

**2.7.2 Information on other provisions:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non Cash Loans That Are Not Converted Into Cash	289,696	240,373
Special Provisions for non-cash loans	80,034	145,911
General Provisions for non-cash loans	169,789	129,152
Provision for Profits will be Allocated to Participation Accounts	2,043	1,778
Other (*)	59,700	50,040
<b>Total</b>	<b>601,262</b>	<b>567,254</b>

(\*) The other part of the main period amounting to TL 16,333 (December 31, 2018 - TL 13,780) is TL 5,166 (31 December 2018 - TL 6,500) for the expense of TL 36,118 (31 December 2018 - TL 29,761) other provision, TL 2,083 (31 December 2018 0 TL) is the amount for impairment loss.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**2.7.3 Information on provisions for employee benefits:**

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 93,101 (31 December 2018 – TL 86,381), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 24,675 (31 December 2018 – TL 585), performance premium amounting to TL 20,062 (31 December 2018 – TL 86,617), retirement bonuses on payment of TL 46,049 (31 December 2018 – TL 44,014), committee fee amounting to TL 13,076 (31 December 2018 – TL 10,869) and other fees amounting to TL 187 (31 December 2018 – TL 175).

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the Bank is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed at least one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or retires or earns the right to retire.

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of TL 6,017.60 (full amount) (31 December 2017 – TL 5,434.42 for each year of service. The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from the retirement of its employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation for such benefits. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	16.30	16.30
Inflation rate (%)	12.00	12.00
Salary increase rate (%)	25.00	13.00

Movements in the reserve for employment termination benefits during period are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	86,381	83,942
Provisions recognized during the period	9,936	23,362
Paid during the period	(3,216)	(3,859)
Actuarial loss	-	(17,064)
<b>Balances at the end of the period</b>	<b>93,101</b>	<b>86,381</b>

**2.8 Explanations on tax liability:**

**2.8.1 Explanations on current tax liability:**

**2.8.1.1 Information on tax provisions:** As of 31 March 2019, the Bank has current tax liability after deducting temporary taxes paid during the period from the provision for corporate income tax amounting to TL 45,437.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for corporate income tax (*)	45,410	454,141
Prepaid taxes	27	(278,456)
<b>Total (*)</b>	<b>45,437</b>	<b>175,685</b>

(\*) Related amount is presented in the current tax liability line, under liabilities.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**2.8.1.2 Information on taxes payable:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Taxation of marketable securities	43,754	21,252
Taxation of immovable property	1,885	1,569
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax (BITT)	30,608	32,461
Value Added Tax Payable	1,798	1,904
Income tax deducted from wages	10,521	9,675
Other	1,373	1,130
<b>Total</b>	<b>89,939</b>	<b>67,991</b>

**2.8.1.3 Information on premiums (\*):**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social Security Premiums-Employee	16,050	5,640
Social Security Premiums-Employer	17,348	6,075
Unemployment insurance-Employee	1,149	404
Unemployment insurance-Employer	2,646	952
<b>Total</b>	<b>37,193</b>	<b>13,071</b>

(\*) Included in sundry creditors line item on the balance sheet.

**2.8.1.4 Information on deferred tax liability: None (31 December 2018 - None).**

**2.9 Information on payables related to assets held for sale:**

None (31 December 2018 – None).

**2.10 Information on subordinated loans:**

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
To be included in the calculation of additional capital	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt instruments	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments to be included in contribution capital calculation	-	1,986,689	-	1,901,210
Subordinated loans	-	1,986,689	-	1,901,210
Subordinated debt instruments	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>- 1,986,689</b>		<b>- 1,901,210</b>	

Kuwait Turkish Participation Bank, on 17 February 2016 Cayman Islands' as resident Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) KT Sukuk Company Limited with over 350 million US dollars worth of sukuk issued by the BRSA by the issue in the Regulation on the Capital Adequacy requirements having a contribution, it has provided capital loans. BRSA dated 2 September 2015 and 20008792101.01[93]E.12819 Letter of Conformity No included in the loan be included in the calculation of capital contribution to the Bank / sukuk annual rate of return is 7.90%, 5 year maturity and repayment option at the end of the Bank 10 it is determined as years. Sukuk returns under the said payment, the implementation of the transfer price of the assets, expressed as a yearly rate of return will be calculated by and principal will be made in two equal installments on 17 July and 17 February each year.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**2.11 Information on shareholders' equity:**

**2.11.1 Presentation of paid-in capital:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common shares	3,500,000	3,500,000
Preference shares	-	-
Repurchased shares amount (*)	(2,678)	(2,678)
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,497,322</b>	<b>3,497,322</b>

(\*) It represents the Bank's acquisition of its own shares as a result of the Bank's shareholders not using their right of preference according to the commitment made in the capital increase in the Bank.

**2.11.2** Amount of Paid-in Capital, Disclosure on whether the Bank Applies the Registered Share Capital System, and, if so, the Ceiling Amount of the Registered Share Capital: Registered capital system is not applied in the Bank.

**2.11.3** Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital shares in the current period:

None.

**2.11.4** Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period:

**2.11.5** Possible effect of estimations made for the Bank's revenues, profitability and liquidity on equity considering prior period indicators and uncertainties:

Based on the evaluation made considering the Bank's prior and current period indicators related to net profit share and commission income, it is observed that the Bank continues its operations profitably.

**2.11.6** Summary of privileges given to shares representing the capital:

None. (31 December 2018- None)

**2.11.7** Information on marketable securities value increase fund:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From Associates, Subsidiaries and Entities Under Common Control (Joint Vent.)	-	-	-	-
Valuation Difference (*)	(17,233)	(96,593)	(37,105)	(51,432)
Foreign Exchange Difference	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>(17,233)</b>	<b>(96,593)</b>	<b>(37,105)</b>	<b>(51,432)</b>

(\*) Valuation difference is calculated taking the tax effect of the rent certifications in the account, which are classified as "Government Debt Securities" and "Other Marketable Securities" under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the balance sheet.

**2.12 Information on minority shares:**

None (31 December 2018 – None).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**3. Explanations and notes related to off-balance sheet contingencies and commitments**

**3.1. Explanations on off-balance sheet accounts:**

**3.1.1** Types and amounts of irrevocable commitments: Commitment for credit card limits, as of 31 March 2019 amounts to TL 2,086,980 (31 December 2018 – TL 1,858,018); payment commitments for cheque books amounts to TL 1,435,409 (31 December 2018 – TL 1,136,474).

**3.1.2** Types and amounts of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items including below items:

**3.1.2.1** Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letter of credits:

As of 31 March 2019, the Bank has guarantees and surety ships constituting of TL 10,678,414 (31 December 2018 – TL 10,389,398) of letters of guarantee; TL 61,308 (31 December 2018 – TL 74,098) of acceptances and TL 1,347,146 (31 December 2018 – TL 1,079,876) of letters of credit. Also, banks has other acceptances amounting to TL 325,959 (31 December 2018 – TL 324,718).

**3.1.2.2** Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies: There are no other than those explained in 2.i.)

**3.1.3** Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current period	Prior period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	-	-
With original maturity of 1 year or less	-	-
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	12,412,827	11,868,090
<b>Total</b>	<b>12,412,827</b>	<b>11,868,090</b>

**4. Explanations and notes related to the statement of income**

**4.1 Information on profit share income:**

**4.1.1** Information on profit share received from loans:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
<b>Profit share on loans</b>	<b>1,309,351</b>	<b>156,148</b>	<b>969,920</b>	<b>61,877</b>
Short term loans	425,561	30,587	242,611	6,774
Medium and long term loans	878,788	125,561	723,248	55,103
Profit share on non-performing loans	5,002	-	4,061	-
Premiums received from resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-

**4.2** Information on profit share received from banks:

	Current period		Prior period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	-	-	-	-
Foreign Banks	3,730	53,404	-	16,773
Branches and head office abroad	-	348	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,730</b>	<b>53,752</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16,773</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4.1.3 Information on profit share income from securities portfolio:**

The Bank has received TL 131,783 of profit share income from rent certificates (sukuk) which is given the details in information of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (1 January - 31 March 2018 - TL 79,385).

**4.1.4 Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries:**

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries	155	78

**4.2 Information on profit share expenses:**

	<b>Current period</b>		<b>Prior period</b>	
	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>	<b>TL</b>	<b>FC</b>
Banks				
The Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	2,832	3,050	658	2,269
Foreign banks	-	4,340	1,409	4,842
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other Institutions	90,972	135,965	40,809	99,181
<b>Total</b>	<b>93,804</b>	<b>143,355</b>	<b>42,876</b>	<b>106,292</b>

**4.2.1 Profit share expense given to associates and subsidiaries:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
Profit share expenses given to associates and subsidiaries	190,011	84,624

**4.2.2 Profit share expense paid to securities issued:**

None (1 January - 31 March 2018: None).

**4.3 Information on dividend income:**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
FV at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	-
Fair Value Difference FV Reflected on Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Other	803	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>803</b>	<b>-</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4.4 Distribution of profit share on funds based on maturity of funds:**

Current period		Profit Sharing Accounts						
Account name	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 month	Up to 6 month	Up to 9 month	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	192,763	303,836	17,818	-	9,500	11,002	700	535,619
Public sector profit sharing account	5	68	-	-	4	-	-	77
Commercial sector profit sharing account	14,920	31,523	4,351	-	661	425	-	51,880
Other institutions profit sharing account	2,124	2,666	420	-	207	84	-	5,501
Total	209,812	338,093	22,589	-	10,372	11,511	700	593,077
FC								
Banks	6	607	-	-	-	-	-	613
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	30,616	50,775	8,076	-	4,450	3,489	14	97,420
Public sector profit sharing account	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	6
Commercial sector profit sharing account	2,882	21,712	922	-	68	65	-	25,649
Other institutions profit sharing account	252	3,144	26	-	1	-	-	3,423
Precious metal accounts	3,657	3,989	592	-	208	-	-	8,446
Total	37,413	80,233	9,616	-	4,727	3,554	14	135,557
Grand Total	247,225	418,326	32,205	-	15,099	15,065	714	728,634

Prior period		Profit Sharing Accounts						
Account name	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 month	Up to 6 month	Up to 9 month	Up to 1 year	Above 1 year	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
TL								
Collected funds from banks through current and profit share accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	89,938	146,833	10,788	-	5,702	5,153	-	258,414
Public sector profit sharing account	69	1,048	-	-	-	-	-	1,117
Commercial sector profit sharing account	9,115	21,157	3,890	-	339	256	-	34,757
Other institutions profit sharing account	860	2,210	267	-	90	46	-	3,473
Total	99,982	171,248	14,945	-	6,131	5,455	-	297,761
FC								
Banks	8	42	-	-	-	-	-	50
Real person’s non-trading profit sharing account	12,656	23,398	5,039	-	2,424	1,399	-	44,916
Public sector profit sharing account.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial sector profit sharing account	1,506	8,250	448	-	936	32	-	11,172
Other institutions profit sharing account	455	837	144	-	6	-	-	1,442
Precious metal accounts	920	3,311	285	-	161	-	-	4,677
Total	15,545	35,838	5,916	-	3,527	1,431	-	62,257
Grand Total	115,527	207,086	20,861	-	9,658	6,886	-	360,018

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4.5 Information on trading income/loss (Net):**

	<b>Current period</b>	<b>Prior period</b>
<b>Net</b>	<b>235,622</b>	<b>28,682</b>
<b>Income</b>	<b>8,390,906</b>	<b>2,967,942</b>
Gain on capital market transactions	18,077	7,320
Gain on derivative financial instruments	619,544	303,760
Foreign exchange profit	7,753,285	2,656,862
<b>Losses (-)</b>	<b>(8,155,284)</b>	<b>(2,939,260)</b>
Losses on capital market transactions	(5,064)	(1,826)
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(407,447)	(338,192)
Foreign exchange losses	(7,742,773)	(2,599,242)

**4.6 Information on other operating income:**

The details of other operating income are presented below. There are no unusual items in the other operating income which materially affect the income of the Bank.

	<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
Reversal of prior period provisions	357,456	149,950
Income from sale of assets	1,781	9,550
Income from the real estate sales' gains by rent certificates	724	637
Other Income	1,383	1,434
<b>Total</b>	<b>361,344</b>	<b>161,571</b>

**4.7 Provisions for loan losses and other receivables of the Bank:**

	<b>Current Period(*)</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
<b>Expected Credit Loss</b>	<b>648,135</b>	<b>314,347</b>
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	30,926	142
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	237,768	64,545
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	379,441	249,660
Marketable Securities Impairment Expense	3,486	733
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	933	733
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	2,553	-
Impairment losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities	-	-
Securities Value Decrease	-	-
Investments in Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint Ventures	43,653	10,680
<b>Total</b>	<b>695,274</b>	<b>325,760</b>

(\*)Includes the provisions in the "Other Provision Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

(\*\*)Includes free provisions that can be allocated from profit to be distributed to participation accounts according to provisions regulation. ¶

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4.8 Information on other operating expenses:**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Personnel expenses	275,855	207,458
Provision for retirement pay liability	6,720	5,825
Depreciation expenses of fixed assets	44,741	15,241
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of intangible assets	10,012	6,882
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Other operating expenses	75,394	75,290
Rent expenses	1,718	29,856
Maintenance expenses	13,163	9,410
Advertisement expenses	12,223	1,280
Communication expenses	12,351	8,755
Heating, electricity and water expenses	6,275	3,900
Cleaning expenses	1,953	1,415
Vehicle expenses	2,205	1,702
Stationery expenses	2,532	2,220
Other expenses	22,974	16,752
Losses on sales of assets	131	24
Deposit insurance fund expenses	15,739	22,829
Other	48,287	23,379
<b>Total</b>	<b>476,879</b>	<b>356,928</b>

(\*)Includes the provisions in the "Personnel Expenses" line in the Income Statement.

**4.9 Information on profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations before taxes:**

Income before tax amounting to TL 318,628 increased by %23.42 as compared to the prior period (1 January – 31 March 2018 – TL 258,163). Income before tax includes TL 780,614 (1 January – 31 March 2018 – TL 673,503) net profit share income and TL 112,398 (1 January – 31 March 2018 – TL 77,095) net fees and commission income. Other operating expense amount is TL 194,304 (1 January – 31 March 2018 – TL 143,645).

**4.10 Information on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations:**

Current period tax provision for the period amounting to TL 45,410 (1 January-31 March 2018 - TL 51,422), deferred tax expense of TL 194,309 (1 January-31 March 2018 - TL 16,012) and TL 175,094 (1 January-31 March 2018 - TL 12,359) deferred tax income is recognized.

**4.11 Information on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations:**

There is no income or loss for discontinued operation in net operating income after tax.

**4.12 Information on net income/loss:**

**4.12.1** The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Bank's performance for the period: As of 31 March 2019, net profit share income is TL 780,614 (1 January-31 March 2018 – TL 673,503), net fees and commission income is TL 112,398 (1 January-31 March 2018 – TL 77,095).

**4.12.2** Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any for subsequent periods:

None (1 January - 31 March 2018 – None).

**4.12.3** Profit/Loss attributable to minority interest:

None (1 January - 31 March 2017 – None).

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**4.13 Details of sub accounts comprising at least 20% of other items in income statement, exceeding 10% of total income statement:**

As of 31 March 2019, other fees and commissions received is TL 148,303 (1 January - 31 March 2018 – TL 90,281), TL 46,287 of this amount is related with credit card fees and commissions (1 January - 31 March 2018 – TL 21,141) and TL 35,265 of this amount is related with POS machine commissions (1 January - 31 March 2018 – TL 16,676).

As of 31 March 2019, other fees and commissions given is TL 71,640 (1 January - 31 March 2018 – TL 42,250), TL 41,491 (1 January - 31 March 2018 – TL 18,862) of this amount is related with POS clearing commissions and installation expenses, TL 5,148 (1 January - 31 March 2018 – TL 3,705) of this amount is related with fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

**5. Explanations and notes related to cash flow statement**

**5.1 Information regarding the balances of cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period:**

**5.1.1 Components of cash and cash equivalents and accounting policy applied in their determination:**

“Cash” is defined as cash in vault and foreign currency cash, cash in transit, checks purchased, unrestricted amount in the Central Bank and demand deposits in Banks. “Cash equivalents” is defined as money market placements, investments in securities and time deposits in banks with original maturity less than three months.

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period:

	Current period	Prior period
<b>Cash</b>	<b>6,680,124</b>	<b>4,078,048</b>
Cash in TL/foreign currency, others	882,566	606,825
Demand deposits at banks	5,797,558	3,471,223
<b>Cash equivalents</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Interbank money markets	-	-
Time deposits at banks	-	-
Marketable securities	-	-
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>6,680,124</b>	<b>4,078,048</b>

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period:

	Current period	Prior period
<b>Cash</b>	<b>5,605,526</b>	<b>4,164,318</b>
Cash in TL/foreign currency, others	226,108	537,302
Demand deposits at banks	5,379,418	3,627,016
<b>Cash equivalents</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Interbank money markets	-	-
Time deposits at banks	-	-
Marketable securities	-	-
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>5,605,526</b>	<b>4,164,318</b>

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**5.2 Cash and cash equivalent items which are restricted for the usage of the Bank by legal or other limitations:**

None.

**5.3 Information on other account in cash flow statement**

“Other items” amounting to TL (553,192) (1 January – 31 March 2018: TL 43,738) in “Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities” consists of fees and commissions paid and other operating expenses except for collection from non-performing loans and personnel expenses.

“Net increase/decrease in other liabilities” amounting to TL (1,223,297) (1 January – 31 March 2018: TL (581,268)) in “Changes in operating assets and liabilities” consists of changes in sundry creditors, other liabilities and taxes and other duties payables.

“Net increase/decrease in other assets” amounting to TL (3,701,182) (1 January – 31 March 2018: TL (47,868)) in “Changes in operating assets and liabilities” consist of changes in prepaid rent expense and other asset.

**5.4 Effects of the change in foreign currency rates on cash and cash equivalents:**

Effect of the changes in foreign currency rates on cash and cash equivalents has been calculated approximately TL 301,732 as of 31 March 2019 (31 March 2018 – TL (86,172)). The effect of the exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents is calculated by multiplying the foreign exchange difference between the date of entry of the cash and the balance sheet date by the related cash amount.

**6. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Bank:**

**6.1 The volume of transactions related to the risk group of the Bank, the loans and funds collected which have not been completed at the end of the period and the income and expenses related to the period:**

Current period:						
Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	121,040	19,092	1,034	398	204,988	520
Balance at end of period	112,910	19,517	1,402	2,477	591,868	534
Profit share and commission income	130	25	19	3	7,102	1

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

Prior period:						
Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of period	19	1,253	1,030	786	150,924	917
Balance at end of period	121,040	19,092	1,034	398	204,988	520
Profit share and commission income	-	78	15	-	3,085	1

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 5411.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

Information on current and profit sharing accounts of the Bank's risk group:

Risk group of the Bank (*)	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Current period	Current period	Current Period	Current period	Current period
Current and profit sharing accounts						
Balance at beginning of period	62,800	33,887	35,032	60,187	255,239	417,813
Balance at end of period	159,141	62,800	52,596	35,032	392,813	255,239
Profit share expense	277	256	967	1,168	4,372	5,023

(\*) Defined in the Subsection 2, Article 49 of the Banking Law No. 541

Forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with the risk group of the Bank:

None.

Information on loans received from the Bank's risk group:

Risk group of the Bank	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Borrowings						
Balance at beginning of period	5,646,443	7,063,526	802,108	2,175,759	-	-
Balance at end of period	10,707,250	5,646,443	862,277	802,108	-	-
Profit share expense	189,734	84,368	17,208	19,656	-	-

## 6.2 Information on remunerations provided to top management:

As of 1 January - 31 March 2019, the Bank has paid TL 23,989 to top management (1 January - 31 March 2017- TL 17,967).

## 7. Significant events and matters arising subsequent to balance sheet date

At the ordinary general assembly meeting held on April 3, 2019, the Bank has decided to reserve TRY 43,491 of primary reserve, transferring TRY 71,861 obtained from real estate sales to other reserves instead of distributing to shareholders, not to make dividend payments in cash to shareholders, to make TRY 6,546 of dividend payment to management, TRY 499,681 to be used in the capital increase to be made from the internal sources without being distributed to the shareholders and to be given to the shareholders in the form of bonus shares proportionate to the shareholding shares in the capital, to allocate the secondary reserve amounting to TL 655 and to leave the remaining TL 247,261 as extraordinary reserves; to support the research and development activities numbered 5746, TRY 319 support received for development activities shall be distributed to the other reserves without being distributed.

The Bank signed a contract with KFH Capital Investment Company on 5 October 2017 for the transfer of 50% of the shares of KT Asset Management (Subsidiary) to KFH Capital Investment Company on 20 July 2018 with a price of TL 16,901. Decided to withdraw 50% of the shares transferred at the same price on 27 January 2019 and a contract was signed with KFH Capital Investment Company on 27 March 2019.

The Bank has issued sukuk with nominal value of TL 410,000 thousand, 101 days maturity and 21.50% cost via KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

The Bank has issued sukuk with nominal value of TL 300,000 thousand, 95 days maturity and 20.61% cost via KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**SECTION SIX**

**OTHER EXPLANATIONS**

- 1. Other matters which must be explained in terms of explicitness, interpretability and understandability of the balance sheet :** None.

**SECTION SEVEN**

**LIMITED REVIEW REPORT**

- 1. Explanations on the limited review report:**

The unconsolidated financial statements have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (A Member Firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited) and the independent auditors' limited review report dated 9 May 2019 is presented preceding the financial statements.

- 2. Notes and disclosures prepared by the independent auditor:** None.

**SECTION EIGHT**

**INTERIM REPORT**

- 1. Explanations on interim annual report including the evaluations of interim activities of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and General Manager**

**1.1 About Kuveyt Türk**

Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("The Bank") was incorporated with the approval of the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) on 28 February 1989 and commenced its operations on 31 March 1989, with the name of Kuveyt Türk Evkaf Finans Kurumu A.Ş. To comply with the Banking Act 5411, the title of the Bank has been changed to Kuveyt Türk Katılım Bankası A.Ş. with a change in the Articles of Association which was approved in the annual general meeting dated 26 April 2006. Main field of operation is, in addition to the Bank's equity, to collect funds from domestic and foreign customers through "Current Accounts" and "Profit/ Loss Sharing Accounts" and allocate such funds to the economy, to perform all kinds of financing activities in accordance with the regulations, to encourage the investments of all individuals and legal entities operating in agricultural, industrial, trading and service industries, participating into the operations of these entities or individuals and to form joint business partnerships and to perform all these activities in a non-interest environment.

62.24% of the Bank's shares are owned by Kuwait Finance House located in Kuwait, 18.72% by Vakıflar Genel Müdürlüğü Mazbut Vakıfları, 9.00% by The Public Institution For Social Security in Kuwait and 9.00% by Islamic Development Bank whereas the remaining 1.04% of the shares are owned by other real persons and legal entities.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)

**1.2 Financial Informations Summary:**

<b>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET</b>	<b>31 March 2019</b>	<b>31 December 2018</b>
CASH BALANCES AND CENTRAL BANK	10,046,305	10,436,088
BANKS	6,515,221	6,419,648
LOANS	48,396,026	45,348,335
FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (Net)	2,525,146	2,450,699
TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	985,211	688,888
OTHER ASSETS	15,102,011	8,888,667
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>83,569,920</b>	<b>74,232,325</b>
FUND COLLECTED	63,511,618	53,986,278
FUNDS BORROWED	10,298,629	10,142,889
MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)	-	-
FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	305,261	-
SUBORDINATED LOANS	1,986,689	1,901,210
OTHER LIABILITIES	1,784,620	2,763,395
EQUITY	5,683,103	5,438,553
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>83,569,920</b>	<b>74,232,325</b>

<b>UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS</b>	<b>31 March 2019</b>	<b>31 March 2018</b>
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	1,763,288	1,197,046
PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	982,674	523,543
NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME/EXPENSE	780,614	673,503
NET FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME/EXPENSE	112,398	77,095
PERSONNEL EXPENSES	282,575	213,283
DIVIDEND INCOME	803	-
NET TRADING INCOME / LOSS	235,622	28,682
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	361,344	161,571
EXPECTED LOSS PROVISIONS (-)	648,135	314,347
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	47,139	11,413
INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX	194,304	143,645
TAX CHARGE	318,628	258,163
PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(64,625)	(55,075)
<b>CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSSES</b>	<b>254,003</b>	<b>203,088</b>

	<b>31 March 2019</b>	<b>31 December 2018</b>
Total Loans/Total Assets*	60.93%	64.39%
Total Loans/Fund Collected*	80.18%	88.54%
Average Equity Profit **	18.27%	17.34%
Average Assets Profit **	1.29%	1.32%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	16.43%	17.68%

\* Finance Lease Receivables is included in total loans.

\*\*Related ratios calculated by included in interim periods' profit amounts to year-end balances.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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**1.3 Message from the Chairman**

Developments followed closely by financial markets in the first quarter of 2019; monetary policy decisions of the central banks of developed countries, positive progressive negotiations to end trade wars between the US and China, uncertainties in the Brexit process, concerns about global economic growth and upward movements in oil prices.

In the first quarter of 2019, leading indicators of slowing economic activity, particularly in Europe and China, indicated that global economic growth would slow down. Moreover, the fact that the Brexit process has not reached its final clarity has caused the uncertainty in the European economy to not dissipate. On the other hand, labor force data and leading growth indicators that are above expectations in the US indicate that economic activity can be distinguished positively compared to Europe and China.

Following the downward revision of economic growth forecasts, the central banks of developed countries have made changes in their monetary policies. While the Fed lowered the interest rate increase expectation from 2 to zero, the European Central Bank stated that it would not increase its interest rate until the end of the year.

In Turkey, in the first quarter of the year, economic activity slowed down compared to last year, in line with global trends, the improvement in the trade balance and inflation are seen as relatively experienced in the table as a positive step forward. The Consumer Confidence Index and Real Sector Confidence Index, which had a downward trend in the last quarter of 2018, recorded a recovery in the first quarter of 2019. CBRT's message that it will maintain its tight monetary policy until the general price stabilization is achieved is a positive indicator for inflation in the coming period.

The strong capital structure of the banking sector, which is among the most important sectors of the Turkish economy, reduces the fragility in the face of economic fluctuations. While banking sector assets increased by 7% compared to the year-end of 2018, the funds utilized increased by 5.8 percent to TL 2,755 billion. It is noteworthy that the recovery in demand for financing has decreased since September of last year. In the same period, participation banks continued their growth in the sector, increasing their total assets by 9.7 percent and the funds they extended by 6.1 percent. With the economic stabilization in the coming period, it is expected that the increase in the volume of finance in the Banking Sector is expected to accelerate, especially due to the revival in the demand for commercial finance.

**1.4 Message from the General Manager**

In the first three months of 2019, the effects of the economic fluctuation experienced both in our country and around the world continued in 2018. The local election agenda, the slowdown in world economic growth and the Brexit uncertainty in the European Union have shaped the markets. New Economic Program (NEP) within the framework of Turkey's economy has entered a rebalancing process to succeed.

Kuveyt Türk, celebrating its 30th anniversary, continued to grow steadily by increasing its profitability in the first quarter of 2019 and increased its net profit by 25.07 percent to 254 million TL compared to the same period of the previous year. Kuveyt Türk's total fund size reached TL 63.5 billion with an increase of 17.6 percent compared to the end of 2018, while the fund size increased by 6.5 percent to TL 50.9 billion. Kuveyt Türk maintained its own assets at TL 5.6 billion, and its total assets at TL 83.6 billion, maintaining its top position among participation banks in terms of asset size.

Kuveyt Türk continued its efforts to support the real economy and sustainability of its operations through products and services developed in line with the principles of participation banking. In order to support exports in the year 2019 and increase the foreign exchange inflow to the country, the export fee will be valid in registered transactions and has entered the Export Support Package. In addition, in order to contribute to the 2019 targets of the tourism sector, before the summer season, which is called as high season, it created a privileged package for tourism enterprises. In this context, tourism-based tourism financing and flexible payment credit card services were offered to the tourism sector. Furthermore, with the Online Supplier Financing product, which is a first in the field of participation banking, the suppliers were offered the opportunity to collect before the maturity of the invoice, and to offer the buyer flexible payment facility. Thus, both parties have been able to regulate their cash flows and allow them to continue their activities in a stable manner without being in a difficult situation.

**KUVEYT TÜRK KATILIM BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ**  
**NOTES AND DISCLOSURES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019**

*(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated.)*

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Kuveyt Turk put its signature under many first's in gold banking sector in Turkey. In accordance with that, Kuveyt Turk became the first institution from Turkey to be accepted to Shanghai Gold Exchange. As one of the 74 international members of the Shanghai Gold Exchange, Kuveyt Turk is expected to increase the volume of its international transactions, which account for 20 percent of its annual gold trading volume, to an even higher level.

Kuveyt Türk has continued to add new awards to international awards, and has received two awards at the IFN Awards organized by Islamic Finance News, one of the leading financial markets. The Bank, with its main shareholder (Kuwait Finance House) received award of "the Project and Infrastructure Financing of the Year " with the funding of 1915 Çanakkale Bridge, which was a participation of € 200 million corresponding to 8.8 percent of its total financing. In addition, The first corporate sukuk issuance of telecommunications sector has been provided to Turkcell Superonline. The bank received award "the transaction of the year in Turkey" because of this transaction.

Kuveyt Turk, with its strong capital and liquidity position, high asset quality, dynamic approach to corporate governance, continuous improvement focused on customer service model, ongoing investment in technology, accelerate the digital transformation efforts and overseas expansion, aims continue to be the leading company in the participation banking sector in Turkey.

#### **1.5 Financial Position, Performance and Assessment of the Prospects for the Future**

As of 31 March 2019, unconsolidated financial statements asset size is TL 83 million 570 thousand, amount of the utilization of funds is TL 49 million 338 thousand and funds collected amount is TL 63 million 512 thousand. Due to the effect of the first three months'profit of TL 254 thousand, the ratio of shareholder equity increased 4.50% by reaching TL 5 million 683 thousand. As of 31 March 2019, unconsolidated capital adequacy ratio has been realized as 16,43%.

The expectations for growth and profitability will continue in the development line.

#### **1.6 Announcement regarding important developments during the period**

The Bank has issued sukuk with a total nominal value of TL 1,521,000 thousand with seven separate transactions over KT Kira Sertifikaları Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. with a minimum 19.73% and maximum 21.40% cost in different maturity periods.

The Bank signed a contract with KFH Capital Investment Company on 5 October 2017 for the transfer of 50% of the shares of KT Asset Management (Subsidiary) to KFH Capital Investment Company on 20 July 2018 with a price of TL 16,901. On 27 January 2019 a contract was signed with KFH Capital Investment Company on the date of 27 January 2019. The transfer completed on 2 April 2019.

#### **1.7 Assessment of the expectations related to the subsequent interim period**

The Bank continues to open new branches after the subsequent interim. The number of branches is planned to reach 430 by the end of 2019.